

MAE/ECE-5320 LAB 04: DC MOTOR FEEDFORWARD CONTROL AND ENCODER READING

Excise 1: control motor direction

- A. Switch pin 2 to ON/OFF, and pin 3 to ON/OFF. Face the motor shaft and observe the rotation direction and complete the following table. (put *clockwise*, *counterclockwise* and *stationary*)

Switch 1	Switch 2	Direction
1	0	Counterclockwise
0	1	Clockwise
1	1	Stationary
0	0	stationary

- B. Using switch 1 = 1 and switch 2 = 0, List the power voltage you used and describe the speed at each duty cycle value

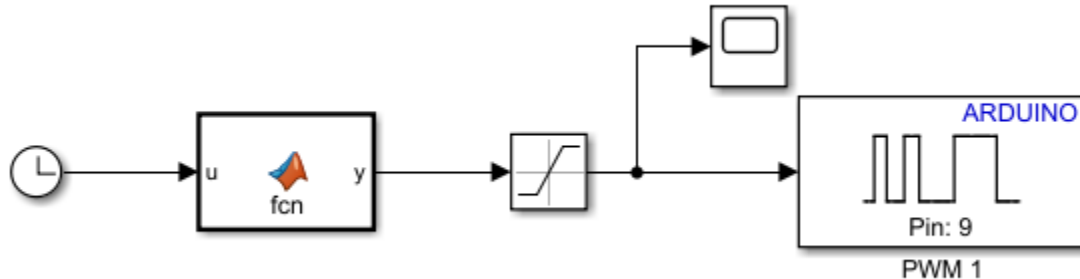
Power Voltage	5V
Duty Cycle Value	Description
0	no movement
50	No movement
150	slow
255	faster

Power Voltage	11V
Duty Cycle Value	Description
0	no movement
50	slow
150	faster
255	Very fast

MAE/ECE-5320 LAB 04: DC MOTOR FEEDFORWARD CONTROL AND ENCODER READING

Excise 2: Open-loop speed control

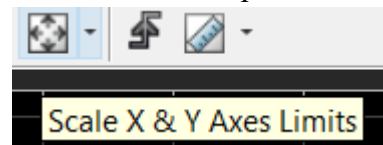
Construct the Simulink model using MATLAB Function block, saturation, and scope. Set the upper limit of saturation to 255, and lower limit to 0.



Try to write a MATLAB function script to generate the duty cycle function so that open-loop motor speed following $\dot{\theta} = \omega_{max} \sin(0.2 * t)$. (Hint: duty cycle 255 is corresponding to maximum rotation speed.)

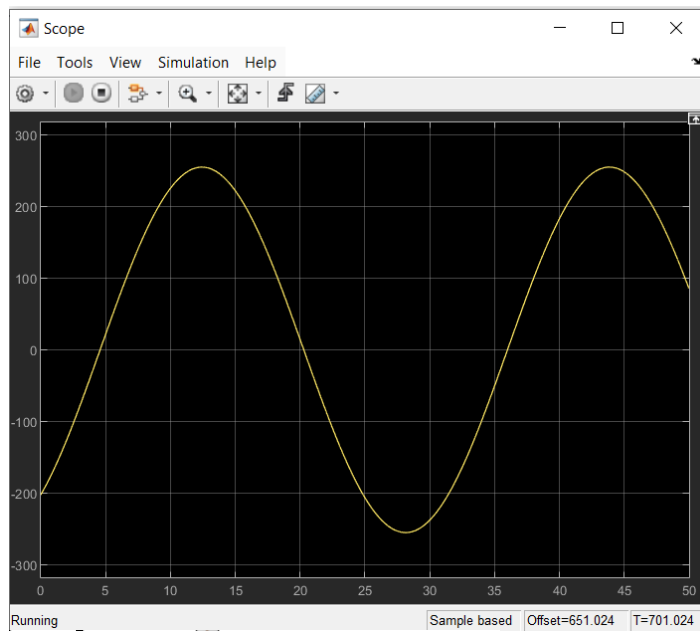
Attach your MATLAB Function script, block diagram, and scope response. Describe in 2-3 sentences how your motor is acting with respect to the scope in terms of speed amount, timing, and rotation direction.

★ Set scope settings: View=> Configuration Properties => Time. In time span select “<user-defined>” then click on the “<user-defined>” words and type in 50. Set “Time span orverrun

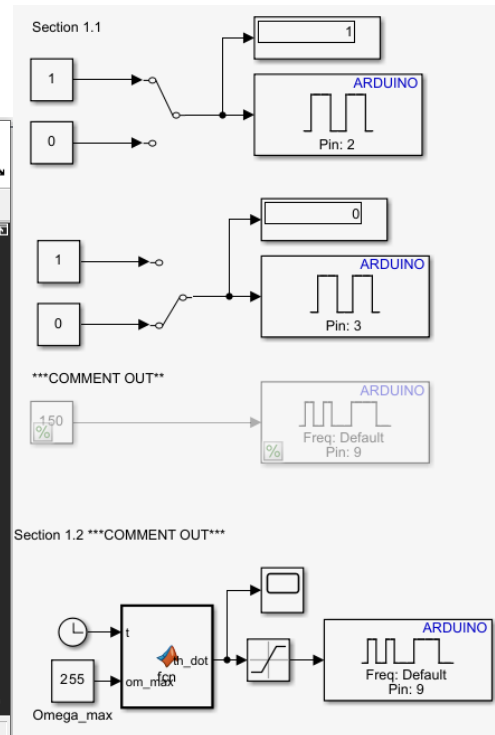


action to “Scroll”. Apply the changes. Use the scaling button on the main scope page to see the full function.

MAE/ECE-5320 LAB 04: DC MOTOR FEEDFORWARD CONTROL AND ENCODER READING



```
function th_dot = fcn(t,om_max)
    th_dot = om_max*sin(0.2*t);
end
```



The motor rotates counter clockwise when the scope sinusoid is positive and is stationary otherwise. The motor speed increases with sinusoid amplitude.