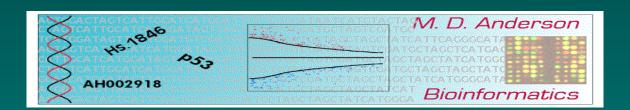
The Importance of Reproducibility in High-Throughput Biology: Case Studies in Forensic Bioinformatics

Keith A. Baggerly
Bioinformatics and Computational Biology
UT M. D. Anderson Cancer Center

kabagg@mdanderson.org

Cambridge, 4 September 2010



Why is RR So Important in H-TB?

Our intuition about what "makes sense" is very poor in high dimensions. To use "genomic signatures" as biomarkers, we need to know they've been assembled correctly.

Without documentation, we may need to employ *forensic* bioinformatics to infer what was done to obtain the results.

Let's examine some case studies involving an important clinical problem: can we predict how a given patient will respond to available chemotherapeutics?

Using the NCI60 to Predict Sensitivity

Genomic signatures to guide the use of chemotherapeutics

Anil Potti^{1,2}, Holly K Dressman^{1,3}, Andrea Bild^{1,3}, Richard F Riedel^{1,2}, Gina Chan⁴, Robyn Sayer⁴, Janiel Cragun⁴, Hope Cottrill⁴, Michael J Kelley², Rebecca Petersen⁵, David Harpole⁵, Jeffrey Marks⁵, Andrew Berchuck^{1,6}, Geoffrey S Ginsburg^{1,2}, Phillip Febbo^{1–3}, Johnathan Lancaster⁴ & Joseph R Nevins^{1–3}

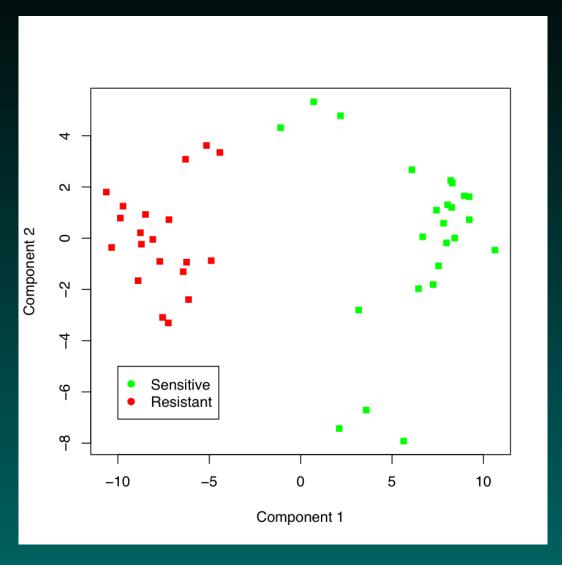
Potti et al (2006), Nature Medicine, 12:1294-1300.

The main conclusion is that we can use microarray data from cell lines (the NCI60) to define drug response "signatures", which can be used to predict whether patients will respond.

They provide examples using 7 commonly used agents.

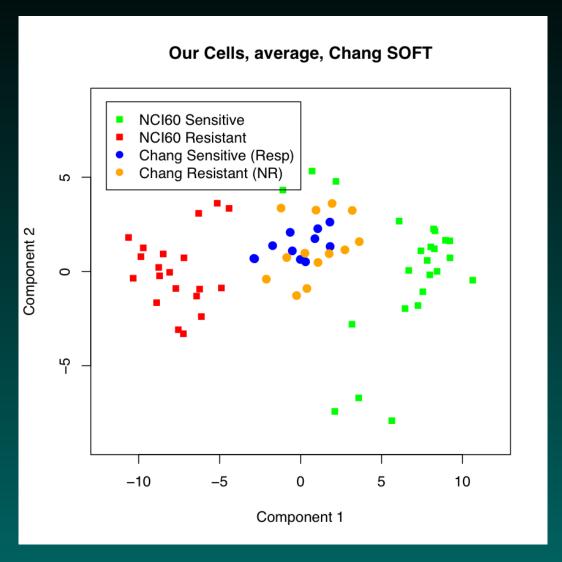
This got people at MDA very excited.

Fit Training Data



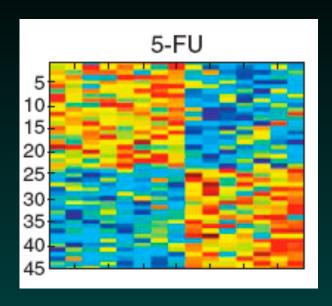
We want the test data to split like this...

Fit Testing Data



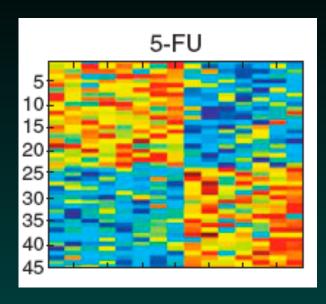
But it doesn't. Did we do something wrong?

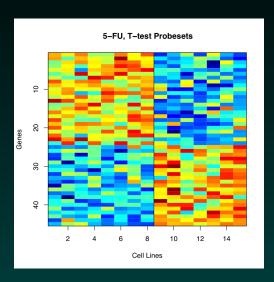
5-FU Heatmaps



Nat Med Paper

5-FU Heatmaps

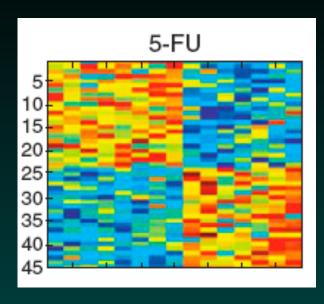


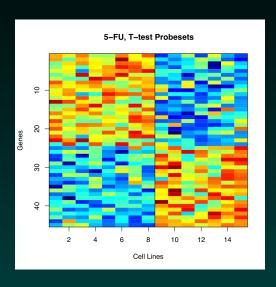


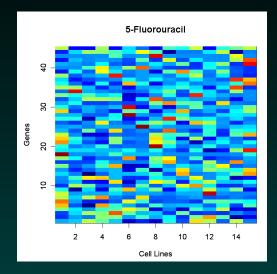
Nat Med Paper

Our t-tests

5-FU Heatmaps







Nat Med Paper

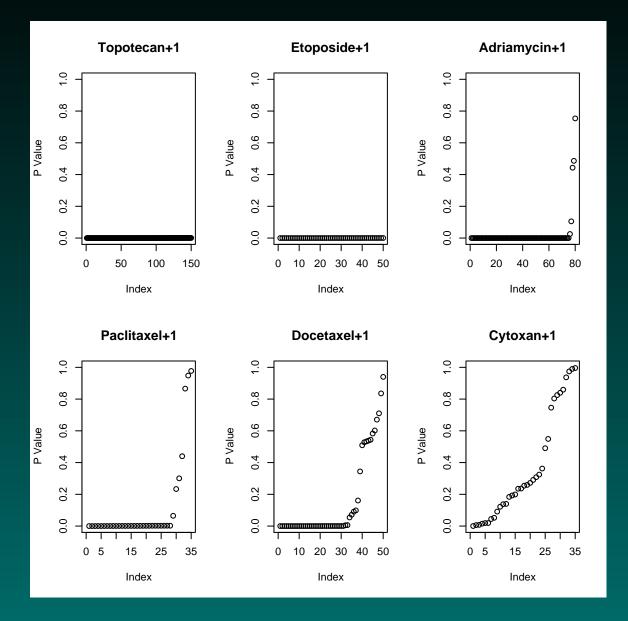
Our t-tests

Reported Genes

Their List and Ours

```
> temp <- cbind(
    sort (rownames (pottiUpdated) [fuRows]),
    sort(rownames(pottiUpdated)[
          fuTQNorm@p.values <= fuCut]);</pre>
> colnames(temp) <- c("Theirs", "Ours");</pre>
> temp
     Theirs
                    Ours
[3,] "1881<u>a</u>t"
                    "1882<u>g</u>at"
[4,] "31321_at" "31322_at"
[5,] "31725_s_at" "31726_at"
[6,] "32307_r_at" "32308_r_at"
```

Offset P-Values: Other Drugs



Using Their Software

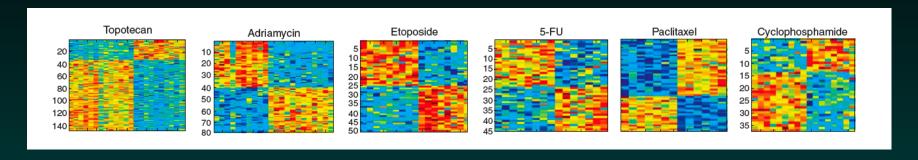
Their software requires two input files:

- 1. a quantification matrix, genes by samples, with a header giving classifications (0 = Resistant, 1 = Sensitive, 2 = Test)
- 2. a list of probeset ids in the same order as the quantification matrix. This list must not have a header row.

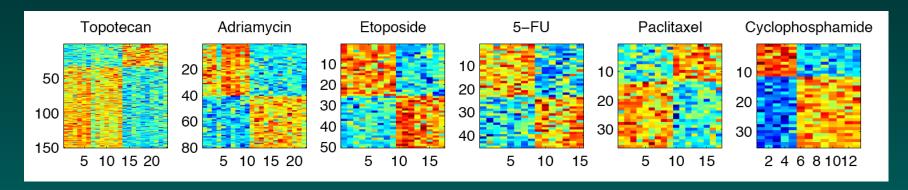
What do we get?

Heatmaps Match Exactly for Most Drugs!

From the paper:

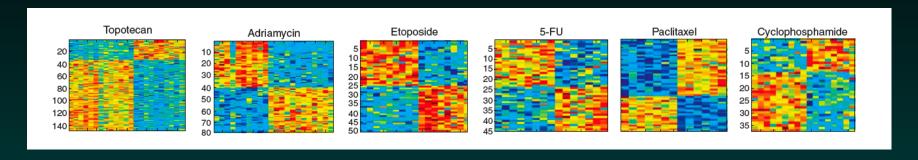


From the software:

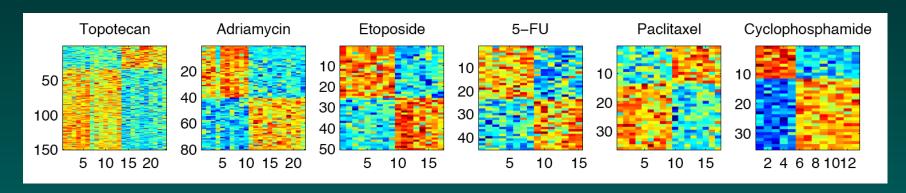


Heatmaps Match Exactly for Most Drugs!

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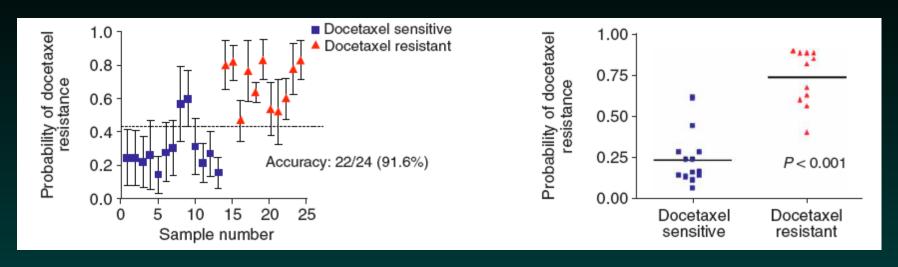


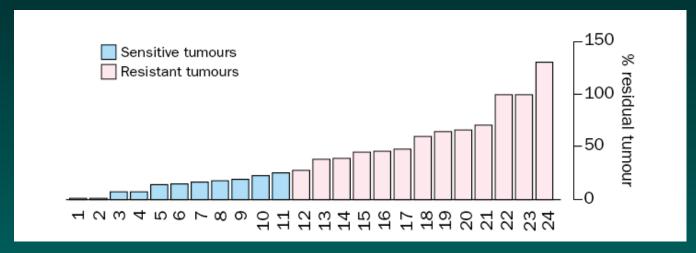
From the software:



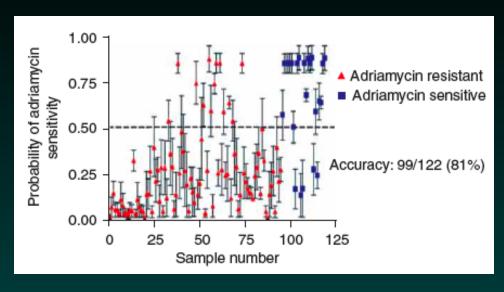
We match heatmaps but not gene lists? We'll come back to this, because their software also gives *predictions*.

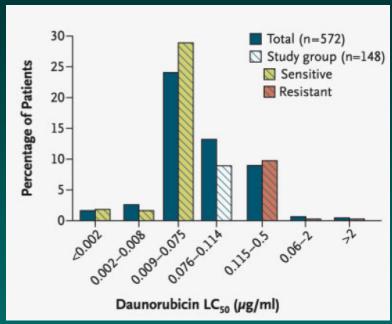
Predicting Docetaxel (Chang 03)





Predicting Adriamycin (Holleman 04)





There Were Other Genes...

The 50-gene list for docetaxel has 19 "outliers".

The initial paper on the test data (Chang et al) gave a list of 92 genes that separated responders from nonresponders.

Entries 7-20 in Chang et al's list comprise 14/19 outliers.

The others: ERCC1, ERCC4, ERBB2, BCL2L11, TUBA3. These are the genes named to explain the biology.

RR Theme: Don't Take My Word For It!

Read the paper! Coombes, Wang & Baggerly, Nat Med, Nov 6, 2007, 13:1276-7, author reply 1277-8.

Try it yourselves! All of the raw data, documentation*, and code* is available from our web site (*and from Nat Med):

http://bioinformatics.mdanderson.org/ Supplements/ReproRsch-Chemo.

Potti/Nevins Reply (Nat Med 13:1277-8)

Labels for Adria are correct – details on their web page.

They've gotten the approach to work again. (Twice!)

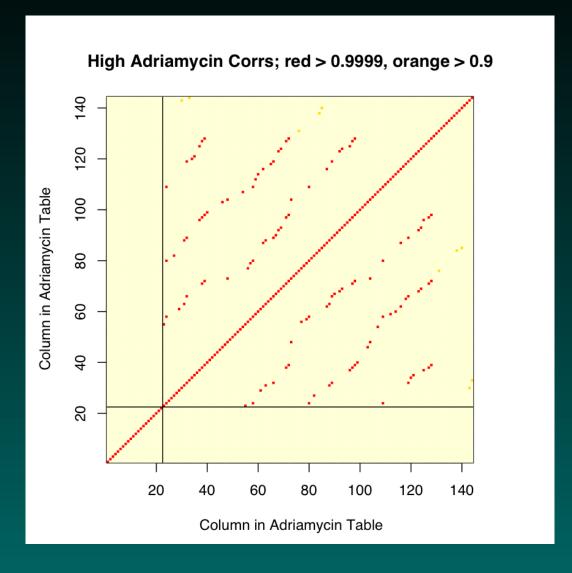
Pharmacogenomic Strategies Provide a Rational Approach to the Treatment of Cisplatin-Resistant Patients With Advanced Cancer

David S. Hsu, Bala S. Balakumaran, Chaitanya R. Acharya, Vanja Vlahovic, Kelli S. Walters, Katherine Garman, Carey Anders, Richard F. Riedel, Johnathan Lancaster, David Harpole, Holly K. Dressman, Joseph R. Nevins, Phillip G. Febbo, and Anil Potti

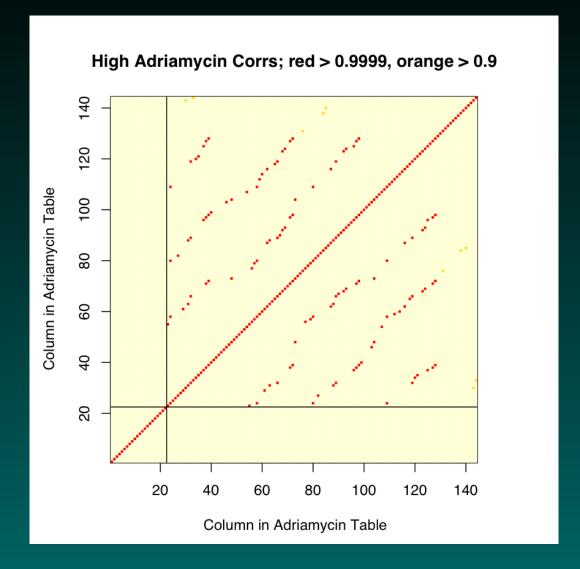
Validation of gene signatures that predict the response of breast cancer to neoadjuvant chemotherapy: a substudy of the EORTC 10994/BIG 00-01 clinical trial

Hervé Bonnefoi, Anil Potti, Mauro Delorenzi, Louis Mauriac, Mario Campone, Michèle Tubiana-Hulin, Thierry Petit, Philippe Rouanet, Jacek Jassem, Emmanuel Blot, Véronique Becette, Pierre Farmer, Sylvie André, Chaitanya R Acharya, Sayan Mukherjee, David Cameron, Jonas Bergh, Joseph R Nevins, Richard D Iggo

Adriamycin 0.9999+ Correlations (Reply)



Adriamycin 0.9999+ Correlations (Reply)



Redone in Aug 08, "using only the 95 unique samples"

The First 20 Files Now Named

San	nple II	D Res	ponse			
1	GSM443	303	RES	11	GSM9694	RES
2	GSM443	304	RES	12	GSM9695	RES
3	GSM96	53	RES	13	GSM9696	RES
4	GSM96	53	RES	14	GSM9698	RES
5	GSM96	54	RES	15	GSM9699	SEN
6	GSM96	55	RES	16	GSM9701	RES
7	GSM96	56	RES	17	GSM9708	RES
8	GSM96	57	RES	18	GSM9708	SEN
9	GSM965	58	SEN	19	GSM9709	RES
10	GSM965	58	SEN	20	GSM9711	RES

15 duplicates; 6 inconsistent. (61R, 13S, 6B) vs (22,48,10).

Validation 1: Hsu et al

Pharmacogenomic Strategies Provide a Rational Approach to the Treatment of Cisplatin-Resistant Patients With Advanced Cancer

David S. Hsu, Bala S. Balakumaran, Chaitanya R. Acharya, Vanja Vlahovic, Kelli S. Walters, Katherine Garman, Carey Anders, Richard F. Riedel, Johnathan Lancaster, David Harpole, Holly K. Dressman, Joseph R. Nevins, Phillip G. Febbo, and Anil Potti

J Clin Oncol, Oct 1, 2007, 25:4350-7.

Same approach, using Cisplatin and Pemetrexed.

For cisplatin, U133A arrays were used for training. ERCC1, ERCC4 and DNA repair genes are identified as "important".

With some work, we matched the heatmaps. (Gene lists?)

The 4 We Can't Match (Reply)

```
203719_at, ERCC1,
210158_at, ERCC4,
228131_at, ERCC1, and
231971_at, FANCM (DNA Repair).
```

The last two probesets are special.

These probesets aren't on the U133A arrays that were used. They're on the U133B.

Some Timeline Here...

Nat Med Nov 06*, Nov 07*, Aug 08. JCO Lung Oct 07*. Lancet Oncology Breast Dec 07*. (* errors reported)

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May/June 2009: we learn clinical trials had begun.

2007: pemetrexed vs cisplatin, pem vs vinorelbine.

2008: docetaxel vs doxorubicin, topotecan vs dox (Moffitt).

Some Timeline Here...

Nat Med Nov 06*, Nov 07*, Aug 08. JCO Lung Oct 07*. Lancet Oncology Breast Dec 07*. (* errors reported)

May/June 2009: we learn clinical trials had begun.

2007: pemetrexed vs cisplatin, pem vs vinorelbine.

2008: docetaxel vs doxorubicin, topotecan vs dox (Moffitt).

Sep 1. Paper submitted to *Annals of Applied Statistics*.

Sep 14. Paper online at *Annals of Applied Statistics*.

Sep-Oct: Story covered by *The Cancer Letter*, Duke starts internal investigation, suspends trials.

So, what happened next?

Jan 29, 2010

CASCER LETTER

PO Box 9905 Washington DC 20016 Telephone 202-362-1809

Duke In Process To Restart Three Trials Using Microarray Analysis Of Tumors

By Paul Goldberg

Duke University said it is in the process of restarting three clinical trials using microarray analysis of patient tumors to predict their response to chemotherapy.

Their investigation's results "strengthen ... confidence in this evolving approach to personalized cancer treatment."

Why We're Unhappy...

"While the reviewers approved of our sharing the report with the NCI, we consider it a confidential document" (Duke). A future paper will explain the methods.

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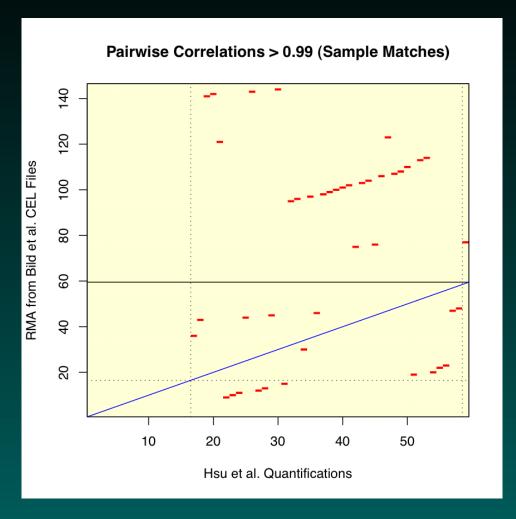


oh, there's just one more thing...

In mid-Nov (mid-investigation), the Duke team posted new data for cisplatin and pemetrexed (in trials since '07).

These included quantifications for 59 ovarian cancer test samples (from GSE3149) used for predictor validation.

We Tried Matching The Samples



We correlated the 59 vectors with all samples in GSE3149. 43 samples are mislabeled; 16 don't match at all.

FOI(L)A!

April 7: Paul Goldberg of the Cancer Letter requests "access to and copies of the report (and attendant data)" from the NCI under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

May 3: redacted report supplied.

FOI(L)A!

April 7: Paul Goldberg of the Cancer Letter requests "access to and copies of the report (and attendant data)" from the NCI under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).

May 3: redacted report supplied.

"we were unable to identify a place where the statistical methods were described in sufficient detail to independently replicate the findings of the papers." – review panel

The report makes no mention of the problems with cisplatin/pemetrexed that arose during the investigation.

May 14, 2010

NCI Raises New Questions About Duke Genomics Research, Cuts Assay From Trial

By Paul Goldberg

In a new setback to a controversial group of genomics researchers at Duke University, NCI officials eliminated a biomarker test from an ongoing phase III clinical trial.

"We have asked [CALGB] to remove the Lung Metagene Score from the trial, because we were unable to confirm the score's utility" – *Jeff Abrams, CTEP director*

(The NCI doesn't directly sponsor the resumed trials.)

July 16, 2010

CALCER LETTER

PO Box 9905 Washington DC 20016 Telephone 202-362-1809

Prominent Duke Scientist Claimed Prizes He Didn't Win, Including Rhodes Scholarship

By Paul Goldberg

July 19, 2010

"Duke administrators accomplished something monumental: they triggered a public expression of outrage from biostatisticians."

```
A Baron, K Bandeen-Roche, D Berry, J Bryan,
V Carey, K Chaloner, M Delorenzi, B Efron,
R Elston, D Ghosh, J Goldberg, S Goodman,
F Harrell, S Hilsenbeck, W Huber, R Irizarry,
C Kendziorski, M Kosorok, T Louis, JS Marron,
M Newton, M Ochs, G Parmigiani*, J Quackenbush,
G Rosner, I Ruczinski, Y Shyr*, S Skates,
TP Speed, JD Storey, Z Szallasi, R Tibshirani,
S Zeger
```

Req to Varmus, DoD, ORI, Duke: suspend trials.

Subsequent Events, and a Caveat

Duke announces trials resuspended
NPR blog, Science blog, Nature blog, NYT blog, article
Lancet Oncology issues Expression of Concern
Varmus & Duke request IOM Involvement
Questions raised about NEJM paper
JCO launches investigation
More awards found to be wrong, COI claims

http://groups.google.com/group/reproducible-research Correspondence to Nature

Subsequent Events, and a Caveat

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http://groups.google.com/group/reproducible-research Correspondence to Nature

We've seen problems like these before. CAMDA 2002. Proteomics 2003-5. TCGA current. Others at MDA.

Some Observations

The most common mistakes are simple.

Confounding in the Experimental Design

Mixing up the sample labels
Mixing up the gene labels
Mixing up the group labels
(Most mixups involve simple switches or offsets)

This simplicity is often hidden.

Incomplete documentation

Unfortunately, we suspect *The most simple mistakes are common.*

What Should the Norm Be?

For papers?

Things we look for:

- 1. Data (often mentioned, given MIAME)
- 2. Provenance
- 3. Code
- 4. Descriptions of Nonscriptable Steps
- 5. Descriptions of Planned Design, if Used.

For clinical trials?

Some Lessons

Is our own work reproducible?

Literate Programming. For the past two years, we have required reports to be prepared in Sweave.

Reusing Templates.

Report Structure.

Executive Summaries.

Appendices. Some things we want to know all the time: SessionInfo, Saves, and File Location.

The buzz phrase is *reproducible research*.

Some Acknowledgements

Kevin Coombes

Shannon Neeley, Jing Wang

David Ransohoff, Gordon Mills

Jane Fridlyand, Lajos Pusztai, Zoltan Szallasi

MDACC Ovarian SPORE, Lung SPORE, Breast SPORE

Now in the *Annals of Applied Statistics!* Baggerly and Coombes (2009), 3(4):1309-34.

http://bioinformatics.mdanderson.org/ Supplements/ReproRsch-All

Validation 2: Bonnefoi et al

Validation of gene signatures that predict the response of breast cancer to neoadjuvant chemotherapy: a substudy of the EORTC 10994/BIG 00-01 clinical trial

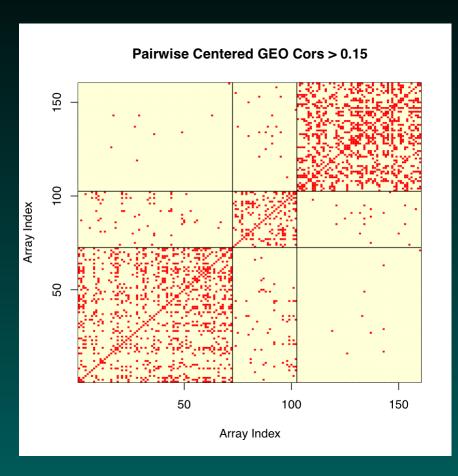
Hervé Bonnefoi, Anil Potti, Mauro Delorenzi, Louis Mauriac, Mario Campone, Michèle Tubiana-Hulin, Thierry Petit, Philippe Rouanet, Jacek Jassem, Emmanuel Blot, Véronique Becette, Pierre Farmer, Sylvie André, Chaitanya R Acharya, Sayan Mukherjee, David Cameron, Jonas Bergh, Joseph R Nevins, Richard D Iggo

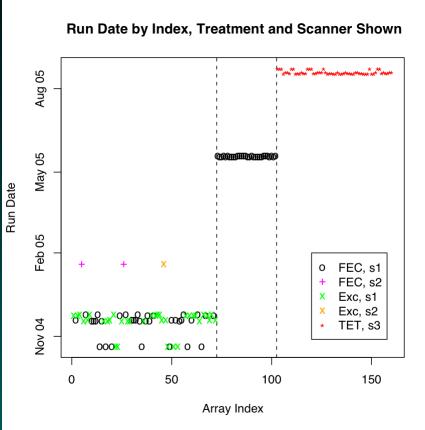
Lancet Oncology, Dec 2007, 8:1071-8. (early access Nov 14)

Similar approach, using signatures for Fluorouracil, Epirubicin Cyclophosphamide, and Taxotere to predict response to combination therapies: FEC and TET.

Potentially improves ER- response from 44% to 70%.

We Might Expect Some Differences...





High Sample Correlations after Centering by Gene

Array Run Dates

How Are Results Combined?

Potti et al predict response to TFAC, Bonnefoi et al to TET and FEC. Let P() indicate prob sensitive. The rules used are as follows.

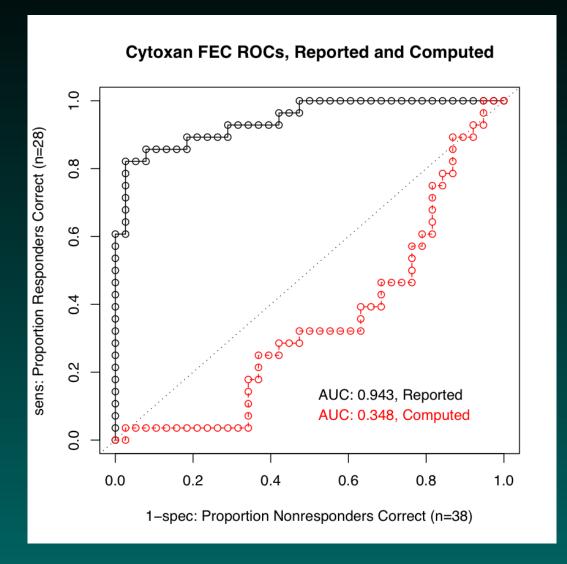
$$P(TFAC) = P(T) + P(F) + P(A) + P(C) - P(T)P(F)P(A)P(C).$$

$$P(ET) = \max[P(E), P(T)].$$

$$P(FEC) = \frac{5}{8}[P(F) + P(E) + P(C)] - \frac{1}{4}.$$

Each rule is different.

Predictions for Individual Drugs? (Reply)



Does cytoxan make sense?

What About Blinded Validation?

"Data was made available to us, blinded. All we got was the gene expression data. We ran the predictions and sent it back to the EORTC investigators" – *Joe Nevins, Oct 2.*

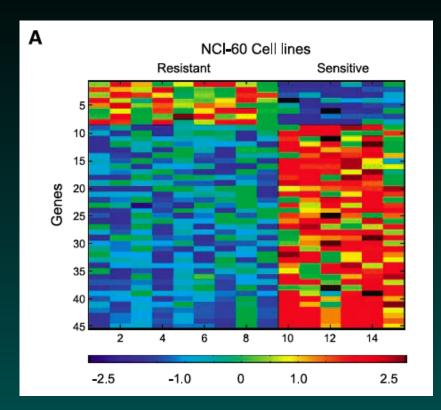
What About Blinded Validation?

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```
Sample info supplied:
Arm, Composite label
A, npCR Ep P- T3 N1 HB01 ...
A, pCR Ep Pp T2 N1 HB04
```

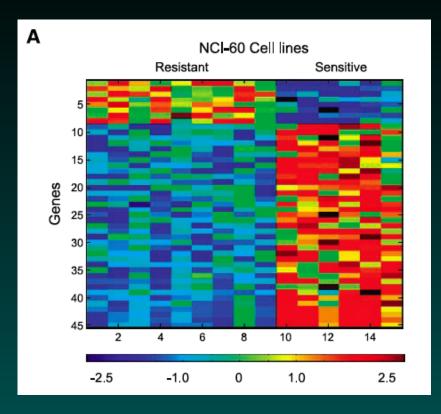
The data weren't blinded.

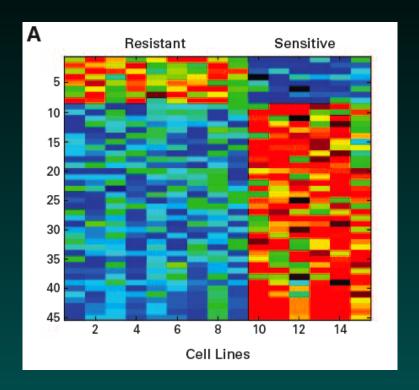
Temozolomide Heatmaps



Augustine et al., 2009, *Clin Can Res*, **15**:502-10, Fig 4A. Temozolomide, NCI-60.

Temozolomide Heatmaps





Augustine et al., 2009, *Clin Can Res*, **15**:502-10, Fig 4A.

Temozolomide, NCI-60.

Hsu et al., 2007, *J Clin Oncol*, **25**:4350-7, Fig 1A. Cisplatin, Gyorffy cell lines.

Index

Title

Cell Line Story

- 1. Trying it Ourselves
- 2. Matching Features
- 3. Using Software/Making Predictions
- 4. The Reply
- 5. Adriamycin Followup
- 6. Hsu et al (Cisplatin)
- 7. Bonnefoi et al (Combination Therapy)
- 8. More Recent (Temozolomide)
- 9. Timeline, Trials, Cancer Letter
- 10. Trial Restart and Objections
- 11. FOIA
- 12. Final Lessons