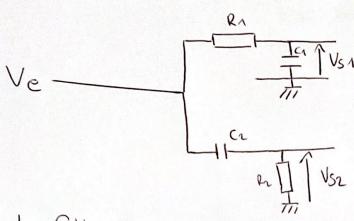
Projet de synthèse 6



1. filtre passe-bas · Diviseur tension

$$VS1 = \frac{2c_1}{2R_1 + 2c_1} = VS1 = IH = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2R_1}{2c_1}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + JR_1C_1W}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + J\frac{W}{W0}}$$

$$H_1 = \frac{1}{1 + J\frac{W}{W0}}$$

$$\frac{2R_1 = R_1}{2c_1} = R_1$$

$$\frac{2R_1 = R_1}{3C_1W} = 2\pi F_0$$

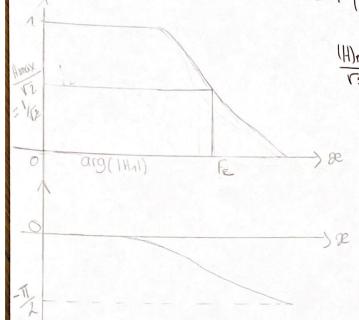
$$W = 2\pi F$$

$$H_{1} = \frac{1}{1+3\left(\frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon_{0}}\right)}$$

 $\frac{2R_1 = R_1}{2C_1 = \frac{1}{3C_1 W}}$

Nochule:
$$|H_1| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\left(\frac{F}{F_0}\right)^2}}$$
 $\mathscr{R} = \frac{F}{F_0}$

oHrgument
$$g$$
 arg (H_1) = arg (Λ) - arg $(\Lambda + \frac{F}{Fo})$
= arctan (Λ) - arctan $(\frac{F}{Fo})$ 1 est négligeable
= arctan $(\frac{F}{Fo})$



$$\frac{\text{(H)}_{max}}{\text{(F2)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{F_{c}}{F_{o}}\right)^{2}}} = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{F_{c}}{F_{o}}\right)^{2}}$$

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On a
$$W_0 = \frac{\Lambda}{R_1C_1} = R_1F_0$$

$$R_1C_1 = \frac{\Lambda}{2\pi F_0}$$

$$R_1C_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi F_0}$$

$$R_1C_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi X_{200}}$$

$$R_1C_2 = \frac{1}{2\pi X_{200}} \simeq 8,0 \times 10^{-4}$$

On prend C = 8UF => R=100 ks

$$V_{32} = \frac{\epsilon_R}{\epsilon_{R+2c}} V_e = D H = \frac{V_{32}}{V_e} = \frac{\Lambda}{\Lambda_1 \frac{\epsilon_C}{\epsilon_R}}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{J^{2} c RW}} = \frac{1}{1 + J \frac{1}{J^{2} c RW}} = \frac{1}{1 - J \frac{1}{R c W}}$$

$$W_0 = \frac{1}{RC}$$
 et $W_0 = 2\pi F_0$
 $W = 2\pi F$

$$H = \frac{1}{1 - 1\frac{\omega_0}{\omega}} = \frac{1}{1 - 1\frac{\varepsilon_0}{\varepsilon}}$$

$$|H| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{f_0}{F}\right)^2}} \qquad \mathcal{X} = \frac{F}{f_0} = 0 \quad \frac{f_0}{F} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$|H| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2e}\right)^2}}$$

ument: arg (1) - arg (1-
$$\frac{Fo}{F}$$
) = $\frac{H_{00}}{42}$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{f_0}{f_0}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{f_0}{f_0}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{$$

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It iltre actif du second ordre ?
 Calcul de la fonction de transfert
 2'A 0 est considere parfait (E=0 et rasitance
d'entrée est infinie). E=0=V-V, V-Vs (V-et Us sent reliés
par un fil donc V+= Vs.
 La relation entre Vs et V1 est ;
\begin{cases} V_s = \frac{t_3}{2_3 + t_1} \cdot V_1 \\ i_1 = i_2 + i_u \end{cases}
 l_1 = y_1 (Ve - V_1) awec y_1 l'admittance <math>y_1 = \frac{1}{21}
 \hat{l}_2 = y_2 (v_1 - v_5)
 [4 = Yu (V1-V5)
 V_S = \frac{23}{23+22} V_1 = > V_1 = \frac{23+22}{23} V_S
V_1 = \frac{y_{y_3} + y_{y_2}}{y_{y_3}} \cdot v_5 V_1 = \frac{v_5 (y_2 + v_3)}{y_2}
 Y_1(V_2-V_1) = Y_2(V_1-V_5) + Y_u(V_1-V_5)
 4, Ve = 42 (V1-V5)+44 (V1-V5)
 Yave = V1 (41+12+14)-42. Vs-14. Vs
 Yave = Us (42+43)(41+42+44) - 42 Vs- Yuls
 \frac{Ve}{VS} = \frac{1/142 + 1/143 + 1/2^2 + 1/243 + 1/244 + 1/314 - 1/2^2 - 1/244}{1/142}
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Pour réduire l'expression ci-dessus on par : $Y_2 = Y_1$ et $Y_4 = Y_3$

$$H = \frac{V_5}{Ve} = \frac{Y_1 Y_2}{Y_1 Y_2 + Y_1 Y_3 + Y_2 Y_3 + Y_3 Y_4}$$

$$H = \frac{y_1^2}{(y_1 + y_3)^2} = \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{y_3}{y_1})^2}$$

Y1 Y2 + Y1 Y3 + Y2 Y3 + Y3 Y4 ovec Y2 = Y1 et Y4 = 43

Le filtre achif du premier ordre ne peut pas être passe-hourt donc on se tourne vers un fiftre achif du second ordre.

Fiftre passe-hout:

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{R}$$

$$|H| = \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{1}{3})^2} = \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{100})^2} = \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{100})^2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\left(1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}RCW}\right)^2}=\frac{1}{\left(1+\frac{1\times 1}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3}RCW}\right)^2}=\frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}^2RCW}\right)^2}$$

$$H = \frac{Vs}{Ve} = \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{J}{RCW}\right)^2}$$

$$H = \frac{1}{(1-)\frac{\omega_0}{\omega})^2} \qquad \omega_0 = \frac{1}{R.C} \qquad \omega_0 = 2\pi F_0$$

$$F_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi R}$$

La fonction de transfert obtenue est similaire à celle du filtre passe hout passif

$$H = \frac{1}{(1 - 2\frac{\omega}{\omega})} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 - 2\frac{\omega}{\omega})}$$

Module:
$$|H| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega})^2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega})^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega})^2}}$$

L'ordre du litre est 2

L'a Hénvahion est 20dB x orone = 20 dB x 2 = 40 dB/décade