

Assignment 1

1) Read the adult.csv file available in the **data** folder on the KNIME Hub. The data are provided by the [UCI Machine Learning Repository](#).

2) Calculate the count and average age of women with income >50K

3) Calculate the averages of all numerical columns for each one of the 4 groups defined by sex and income values

4) Calculate

- the number of missing values in the occupation column
- the number of non-missing rows in the occupation column
- the number of rows in the occupation column
- the number of rows in the marital-status column

Notice that the last two aggregations should provide the same numbers!

Step 1: Read CSV File “adult.csv”

This node dialog is not supported here.

[Open dialog](#)

#	RowID	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education-num	marital-status	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capital-gain	capital-loss	hours-per-week
1	Row0	39	State-gov	77516	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Adm-clerical	Not-in-family	White	Male	2174	0	40
2	Row1	50	Self-employed	83311	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Husband	White	Male	0	0	18
3	Row2	38	Private	215646	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Handlers-cleaner	Not-in-family	White	Male	0	0	40
4	Row3	53	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Handlers-cleaner	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	40
5	Row4	28	Private	338459	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Wife	Black	Female	0	0	40
6	Row5	37	Private	284542	Masters	14	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managers	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40
7	Row6	48	Private	160187	9th	5	Married-spouse-absent	Other-service	Not-in-family	Black	Female	0	0	16
8	Row7	53	Cust-priv-academy	247364	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	White	Female	0	0	40

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Step 2: Filter Row for Women with income >50K

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow interface. On the left, there's a vertical toolbar with icons for Home, Recent, Scripts, Models, and Help. The main workspace contains a 'Row Filter' node, a 'CSV Reader' node, and several 'GroupBy' nodes. A 'Row Filter' node is connected to a 'GroupBy' node, which then connects to another 'GroupBy' node. The 'CSV Reader' node also connects to the first 'GroupBy' node. A 'Filter' dialog is open on the right, showing a single criterion: 'Filter column: sex' set to 'Equal' with the value 'Female'. Below the dialog are 'Discard', 'Apply and Execute', and 'Apply' buttons. At the bottom of the screen, there's a table view showing the filtered data.

workclass	fnlgt	education	education_num	marital_status	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capital_gain	capital_loss	hours-per-week	native_country	income
Private	45781	Masters	14	Never-married	Prof-specialty	Not-in-family	White	Female	14388	0	50	United-States	>50K
Self-employed-inc	292175	Masters	14	Divorced	Exec-managers	Unmarried	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	>50K
Private	31626	Preschool	15	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Wife	White	Female	0	1602	60	Honduras	>50K
Private	149540	HS-grad	8	Married-civ-spouse	Adm-clerical	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	>50K
Private	342591	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Craft-repair	Not-in-family	White	Female	14344	0	40	United-States	<50K
Federal-gov	472667	Doctorate	16	Never-married	Prof-specialty	Non-in-family	White	Female	0	0	50	United-States	>50K
Private	287028	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managers	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	>50K

Step 3: Use GroupBy node to calculate the count and average age of women with income >50K

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow interface similar to the previous one. It includes a 'GroupBy' node, a 'Row Filter' node, a 'CSV Reader' node, and other 'GroupBy' nodes. A 'GroupBy' dialog is open on the right, stating 'This node dialog is not supported here.' Below the dialog are 'Open dialog' and 'OK' buttons. At the bottom of the screen, there's a table view showing the results of the grouping.

#	RowID	Count(age)	Mean(age)
1	Row0	1179	42.126

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Step 4: Use GroupBy node to calculate the average of all numerical column for each of the 4-group defined by sex and income value

The KNIME workflow consists of the following steps:

- A CSV Reader node is connected to a Row Filter node.
- The output of the Row Filter node is connected to two GroupBy nodes.
- The output of the first GroupBy node is connected to a second GroupBy node.
- The output of the second GroupBy node is connected to a third GroupBy node.
- The third GroupBy node is connected to a result table.

The resulting table has 4 rows and 7 columns:

#	RowID	sex	income	Mean(age)	Mean(capital-gain)	Mean(capital-loss)
1	Row0	Female	<=50K	38.211	121.988	47.264
2	Row1	Female	>50K	42.126	4,200.388	173.649
3	Row2	Male	<=50K	37.147	165.724	56.807
4	Row3	Male	>50K	44.626	3,971.786	198.78

The table also includes columns for Mean(education-num) and Mean(hours-per-week).

Step 5: Use GroupBy node to calculate Missing value count for occupation, non-missing value count for occupation, no of rows in occupation column, no of rows in martial-status

The KNIME workflow consists of the following steps:

- A CSV Reader node is connected to a Row Filter node.
- The output of the Row Filter node is connected to two GroupBy nodes.
- The output of the first GroupBy node is connected to a second GroupBy node.
- The output of the second GroupBy node is connected to a third GroupBy node.
- The third GroupBy node is connected to a result table.

The resulting table has 1 row and 4 columns:

#	RowID	Missing value count(occupation)	Count(occupation)	Count(martial-status)
1	Row0	0	32561	32561

Assignment 2

1) Read the adult.csv file available in the **data** folder on the KNIME Hub. The data are provided by the [UCI Machine Learning Repository](#).

2) Calculate the average age and count for each one of the 4 groups defined by sex and income values

3) Join the two aggregated values to the original table

Step 1: Read the adult.csv file

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow titled "Local - Assignment 2". The workflow consists of three main components:

- CSV Reader (Left):** This node reads the "adult.csv" file. A tooltip provides instructions for reading CSV files, mentioning "Autodetect format" and "Advanced Settings". It also notes that the node dialog is not supported here.
- CSV Reader (Right):** This node is used to read the aggregated data from Step 2. A tooltip states: "This node dialog is not supported here." and includes a "Open dialog" button.
- Joiner (Center):** This node joins the two datasets. A "GroupBy" node is connected to both the input ports of the Joiner. The "GroupBy" node has a "Count" output port which is connected to the Joiner's left input port. The Joiner's right output port is connected to a "Table View" node.

The "Table View" node displays the joined dataset with 32043 rows and 15 columns. The columns include RowID, age, workclass, fnlwgt, education, education-num, marital-status, occupation, relationship, race, and sex. The data shows various demographic and socioeconomic information for individuals.

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Step 2: Calculate the average age and count for each one of the 4 groups defined by sex and income values

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow interface. On the left, there is a 'GroupBy' node configuration panel with detailed instructions about grouping rows by unique values in selected columns. The main workspace shows a flow from a 'CSV Reader' node to a 'GroupBy' node, then to a 'Simplify' node, and finally to a 'Joiner' node. A preview table on the right displays four rows of data grouped by 'sex' and 'income' categories, showing the mean age and count for each group.

#	RowID	sex (TString)	income (TString)	Mean(age) (TNumber)	Count(age) (TNumber)
1	Row1	Female	<=50K	36.211	9592
2	Row1	Female	>50K	42.126	1179
3	Row2	Male	<=50K	37.147	15128
4	Row2	Male	>50K	44.426	8662

Step 3: Join the two aggregated values to the original value

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow interface. On the left, there is a 'Joiner' node configuration panel with instructions on how to combine two tables based on matching criteria. The main workspace shows a flow from a 'CSV Reader' node to a 'GroupBy' node, then to a 'Joiner' node. A preview table on the right shows the final joined dataset, which includes the original data from the CSV file along with the aggregated 'Mean(age)' and 'Count(age)' columns from the previous step.

#	RowID	sex (TString)	capital-gain (TNumber)	capital-loss (TNumber)	hours-per-week (TNumber)	native-country (TString)	income (TString)	sex (Right) (TString)	income (Left) (TString)	AverageAge (TNumber)	CountAge (TNumber)
1	Row1	Male	2774	0	40	United-States	<=50K	Female	<=50K	36.211	9592
1	Row1	Male	0	0	13	United-States	>50K	Female	>50K	42.126	1179
1	Row2	Male	0	0	40	United-States	>50K	Male	>50K	37.147	15128
1	Row2	Male	0	0	40	United-States	<=50K	Male	<=50K	44.426	8662

Assignment 3

- 1) Read the adult.csv file available in the **data** folder on the KNIME Hub. The data are provided by the [UCI Machine Learning Repository](#).
- 2) Extract people with age between 20 and 40 (both included) and working in a workclass starting with "S"
- 3) Extract people with age between 40 and 60 (both included) and working in a workclass starting with "P"
- 4) Concatenate both subsets into a single data table

Step 1: Read the adult.csv file

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow interface. On the left, the node palette lists various nodes like CSV Reader, Row Filter, and Concatenate. The main workspace shows a workflow starting with a 'CSV Reader' node (orange icon). Its output connects to two 'Row Filter' nodes (yellow icons), which then connect to a 'Concatenate' node (yellow icon). The 'Concatenate' node's output leads to a 'Table' view window. The 'Table' view displays the first 10 rows of the 'adult' dataset, showing columns such as 'age', 'workclass', 'education', 'occupation', and 'income'. The 'Table' view has a toolbar with buttons for 'Table', 'Statistics', and 'Q & A'.

#	RowID	age	workclass	fnltgt	education	educationn	marital_st	occupation	relations	race	sex	capital_g	capital_l	hours_per
1	Row0	39	State-gov	77518	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Adm-clerical	Not-in-family	White	Male	2174	0	40
2	Row1	50	Self-emp-not-inc	83311	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Husband	White	Male	0	0	13
3	Row2	38	Private	215648	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Handlers-cleaner	Not-in-family	White	Male	0	0	40
4	Row3	52	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Handlers-cleaner	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	40
5	Row4	20	Private	338409	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Wife	Black	Female	0	0	40
6	Row5	37	Private	384582	Masters	14	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40
7	Row6	49	Private	160187	9th	5	Married-spouse	Other-service	Not-in-family	Black	Female	0	0	16
8	Row7	52	Self-emp-not-inc	201642	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40
9	Row8	31	Private	45781	Masters	14	Never-married	Prof-specialty	Not-in-family	White	Female	14004	0	10
10	Row9	42	Private	199499	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Husband	White	Male	2170	0	40

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Step 2: Extract people with age between 20 and 40 (both included) and working in a work class starting with "S"

```

graph LR
    CSVReader[CSV Reader] --> RowFilter1[Row Filter]
    RowFilter1 --> Concatenate[Concatenate]
    Concatenate --> RowFilter2[Row Filter]
    RowFilter2 --> CSVWriter[CSV Writer]
    
```

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow titled "Local - Assignment 3". It starts with a "CSV Reader" node, followed by a "Row Filter" node with the condition "age >= 20". The output goes to a "Concatenate" node, then another "Row Filter" node with the condition "workclass startsWith 'S'". The final output is written to a "CSV Writer" node.

Data View:

#	RowID	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education-num	marital-status	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capital-gain	capital-loss	hours-per-week
1	Row0	28	State-gov	23510	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Adm-clerical	Not-in-family	White	Male	2178	0	40
2	Row11	33	State-gov	14127	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	Asian-Pac-Islander	Male	0	0	40
3	Row15	25	Self-emp-not-inc	176796	HS-grad	9	Never-married	Farming-fishing	Own-child	White	Male	0	0	35
4	Row54	22	State-gov	311832	Some-college	10	Married-civ-spouse	Other-service	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	35
5	Row72	29	Self-emp-not-inc	162258	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Sales	Husband	White	Male	0	0	35
6	Row10	32	Self-emp-inc	317680	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Craft-repair	Husband	White	Male	7688	0	40
7	Row12	29	State-gov	267989	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	White	Male	0	0	50
8	Row13	38	Self-emp-not-inc	120985	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Craft-repair	Husband	White	Male	4286	0	35
9	Row17	28	State-gov	175325	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Protective-serv	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40
10	Row17	28	State-gov	149614	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40

Step 3: Extract People with age between 40 and 60 (both included) and working in a work class starting with "P"

```

graph LR
    CSVReader[CSV Reader] --> RowFilter1[Row Filter]
    RowFilter1 --> Concatenate[Concatenate]
    Concatenate --> RowFilter2[Row Filter]
    RowFilter2 --> CSVWriter[CSV Writer]
    
```

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow titled "Local - Assignment 3". It starts with a "CSV Reader" node, followed by a "Row Filter" node with the condition "age >= 40". The output goes to a "Concatenate" node, then another "Row Filter" node with the condition "workclass startsWith 'P'". The final output is written to a "CSV Writer" node.

Data View:

#	RowID	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education-num	marital-status	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capital-gain	capital-loss	hours-per-week
1	Row3	52	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Handlers-cleaners	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	40
2	Row6	48	Private	160137	8th	5	Married-spouse	Other-service	Not-in-family	Black	Female	0	0	16
3	Row9	42	Private	156449	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Exec-managerial	Husband	White	Male	8178	0	40
4	Row21	54	Private	302146	HS-grad	9	Separated	Other-service	Unmarried	Black	Female	0	0	20
5	Row23	43	Private	117037	11th	7	Married-civ-spouse	Transport-moving	Husband	White	Male	0	2542	40
6	Row24	59	Private	109015	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Tech-support	Unmarried	White	Female	0	0	40
7	Row29	49	Private	193566	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Craft-repair	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40
8	Row32	45	Private	285940	Bachelors	13	Divorced	Exec-managers	Own-child	White	Male	0	1408	40
9	Row35	48	Private	242406	11th	7	Never-married	Machine-op-inspct	Unmarried	White	Male	0	0	40
10	Row43	49	Private	94638	HS-grad	9	Separated	Adm-clerical	Unmarried	White	Female	0	0	40

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Step 4: Concatenate both subsets into a single data

The screenshot shows a KNIME workflow titled "Local - Assignment 3". It consists of two parallel paths starting from a "CSV Reader" node. Each path contains a "Row Filter" node followed by a "Concatenate" node. The top path's output goes to an "Add comment" node, while the bottom path's output goes directly to the "Concatenate" node. The "Concatenate" node has a "How to combine input columns" dropdown set to "Union" and a "RowID handling" dropdown set to "Create new". The resulting table has 15 columns and 10 rows, matching the data shown below.

#	RowId	age	(in years)	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education-	marital-st.	occupation	relations-	race	ses	capital-g-	capital-l-	hours-per-
							(in years)	(in years)	(in years)	(in years)			(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in hours)
1	Row0	39	State-gov	77916	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Adm-clerical	Not-in-family	White	Male	2174	0	40	
2	Row1	30	State-gov	141297	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	Asian-Pac-isian	Male	0	0	40	
3	Row2	25	Self-emp-not-inc	170756	HS-grad	9	Never-married	Farming-fishing	Own-child	White	Male	0	0	35	
4	Row3	21	State-gov	311512	Some-college	10	Married-civ-spouse	Other-service	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	18	
5	Row4	29	Self-emp-not-inc	182298	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Sales	Husband	White	Male	0	0	70	
6	Row5	32	Self-emp-inc	317600	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Craft-repair	Husband	White	Male	7888	0	40	
7	Row6	29	State-gov	267889	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	White	Male	0	0	50	
8	Row7	38	Self-emp-not-inc	123985	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Craft-repair	Husband	White	Male	4386	0	35	
9	Row8	28	State-gov	175325	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spouse	Protective-serv	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40	
10	Row9	38	State-gov	149624	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spouse	Prof-specialty	Husband	White	Male	0	0	40	