

SREE VIDYANIKETHAN ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu)

I B.Tech I Semester (SVEC-19) Regular Examinations December - 2019**DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS**

[Civil Engineering, Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Mechanical Engineering,
Electronics and Communication Engineering, Computer Science and Engineering,
Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering, Information Technology,
Computer Science and Systems Engineering]

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer One Question from each Unit
All questions carry equal marks

UNIT-I

1. a) Solve the differential equation $(D^3 - 6D^2 + 11D - 6)y = e^{-2x} + e^{-3x}$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
PO2
b) Solve the differential equation $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 1 - 4x^3$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
PO2

(OR)

2. a) Using the method of variation of parameters solve $(D^2 + 1)y = x \cos x$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
PO2
b) Change the differential equation $x^3 \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 2x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2y = 10 \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)$ into linear equation with constant coefficients and find the general solution. 6 Marks L2 CO1 PO1
PO2

UNIT-II

3. a) Construct the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function from the relation $Z = f(x + at) + g(x - at)$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
b) Find the complete solution of the partial differential equation $p + q = \sin x + \sin y$. 6 Marks L1 CO1 PO1
PO2

(OR)

4. a) Solve the partial differential equation $4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 16 \log(x + 2y)$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
PO2
b) Applying the method of separation of variables, solve $3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0, u(x, 0) = 4e^{-x}$. 6 Marks L3 CO1 PO1
PO2

UNIT-III

5. a) Find $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$; if $u = f(y - z, z - x, x - y)$. 6 Marks L1 CO2 PO1
b) Evaluate $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(u, v, w)}$; if $x + y + z = u, y + z = uv, z = uvw$. 6 Marks L5 CO2 PO1
PO2

(OR)

6. a) Investigate the maxima and minima, if any, of the function $f(x, y) = x^3 y^2 (1 - x - y)$. 6 Marks L5 CO2 PO1
PO2
b) Calculate the maximum value of $x^m y^n z^p$, given $x + y + z = a$ using Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers. 6 Marks L3 CO2 PO1
PO2

UNIT-IV

7. a) Evaluate $\iint_R y \, dx \, dy$ where R is the region bounded by the parabolas $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$. 6 Marks L5 CO2 PO1
PO2

- b) Using change the order of integration, evaluate $\int_0^{4a} \int_{\frac{x^2}{4a}}^{2\sqrt{ax}} dy \, dx$. 6 Marks L3 CO2 PO1
PO2

(OR)

8. a) Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^z \int_{x-z}^{x+z} (x + y + z) \, dx \, dy \, dz$. 6 Marks L5 CO2 PO1

- b) By changing into polar coordinates, evaluate $\int_{y=0}^1 \int_{x=y}^a \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \, dx \, dy$. 6 Marks L3 CO2 PO1
PO2

UNIT-V

9. a) Find $\text{div } \vec{F}$ and $\text{curl } \vec{F}$ at the point (1,2,3) given $\vec{F} = \text{grad} (x^3y + y^3z + z^3x - x^2y^2z^2)$. 6 Marks L1 CO3 PO1
PO2

- b) Evaluate $\int_S \vec{F} \, ds$, where $\vec{F} = 4xi - 2y^2j + z^2k$ and S is the surface bounding the region $x^2 + y^2 = 4, z = 0$ and $z = 3$. 6 Marks L5 CO3 PO1
PO2

(OR)

10. Verify Green's theorem for $\int_C [(xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy]$, where C is the bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$. 12 Marks L5 CO3 PO1
PO2

