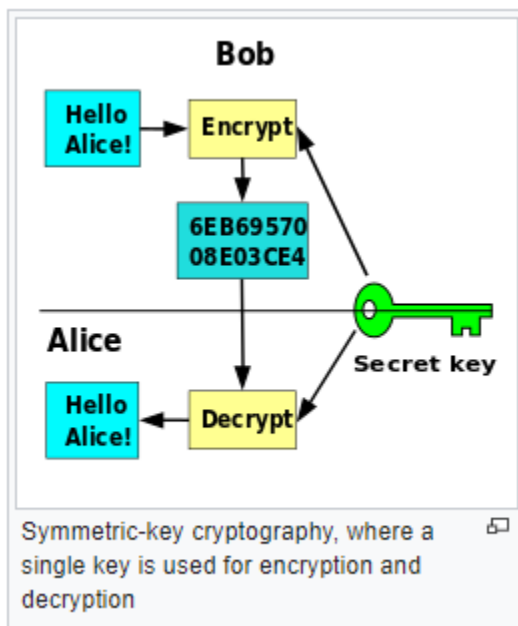


Jasypt Tutorial

- *By Sivareddy*

- Jasypt - Java Simplified Encryption
- Jasypt is a java library which allows the developer to add basic encryption capabilities to his/her projects with minimum effort, and without the need of having deep knowledge on how cryptography works
- Having APIs with High security standard Encryption Algorithms (AES, SHA, MD5)
- Provide Supportfor Encrypt/decrypt operations for passwords, text, Numbers and decimals etc.
- Provide supports for Java frameworks like Hibernate, Spring Security etc...
- Integrated capabilities for encrypting the configuration related files (databases)
- Easy to integrate with build tools like maven, gradle etc.
- High performance encryption in multi core/multiprocessing processing systems
- Provides security for your application by encrypting sensitive data
- It is light weight library and Utility class for Encryption are completely thread safe
- Provides CLI tools for cryptographic operations
- Integrates into Apache Wicket, for more robust encryption of URLs

How Basic Symmetric-key cryptography Works base on secret key?



Source: Wiki

Important Encryption Jasypt APIs for password encryption

RFC2307MD5PasswordEncryptor: This class uses MD5 password encryption scheme defined in RFC2307 and commonly found in LDAP systems

Properties:

Algorithm: MD5.

Salt size: 0 bytes (no salt).

Iterations: 1 (no hash iteration).

Prefix: {MD5}

RFC2307SHAPasswordEncryptor: This class uses SHA-1 password encryption scheme defined in RFC2307 and commonly found in LDAP systems

Properties:

Algorithm: SHA-1.

Salt size: 0 bytes (no salt).

Iterations: 1 (no hash iteration).

Prefix: {SHA}.

RFC2307SMD5PasswordEncryptor: This class uses SMD5 password encryption scheme defined in RFC2307 and commonly found in LDAP systems

Properties:

Algorithm: MD5.

Salt size: 8 bytes (configurable with `setSaltSizeBytes(int)`).

Iterations: 1 (no hash iteration).

Prefix: {SMD5}

Invert position of salt in message before digesting: true.

Invert position of plain salt in encryption results: true.

Use lenient salt size check: true.

RFC2307SSHAPasswordEncryptor: This class uses SMD5 password encryption scheme defined in RFC2307 and commonly found in LDAP systems. **Properties:**

Algorithm: SHA-1.

Salt size: 8 bytes (configurable with `setSaltSizeBytes(int)`).

Iterations: 1 (no hash iteration).

Prefix: {SSHA}.

Invert position of salt in message before digesting: true.

Invert position of plain salt in encryption results: true.

Use lenient salt size check: true.

StrongPasswordEncryptor: This class is used for easily performing high-strength password digesting and checking. **Properties:**

Algorithm: SHA-256.

Salt size: 16 bytes.

Iterations: 100000.

Jasypt APIs for Plaintext

AES256TextEncryptor:

This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of texts.

Algorithm: PBESWithHMACSHA512AndAES_256".

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

BasicTextEncryptor: This class is used to perform normal-strength encryption of texts.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

StrongTextEncryptor: This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of texts.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndTripleDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

Jasypt APIs for Integers

AES256IntegerNumberEncryptor:

This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of BigInteger objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithHMACSHA512AndAES_256".

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

BasicIntegerNumberEncryptor: This class is used to perform normal-strength encryption of BigInteger objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

StrongIntegerNumberEncryptor: This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of BigInteger objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndTripleDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

Jasypt APIs for Decimal

AES256DecimalNumberEncryptor:

This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of BigDecimal objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithHMACSHA512AndAES_256".

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

BasicDecimalNumberEncryptor: This class is used to perform normal-strength encryption of BigDecimal objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

StrongDecimalNumberEncryptor: This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of BigDecimal objects.

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndTripleDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

Jasypt API for Binary Encryption/Decryption

AES256BinaryEncryptor:

This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of binaries (byte arrays).

Algorithm: PBESWithHMACSHA512AndAES_256".

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

BasicBinaryEncryptor: This class is used to perform normal-strength encryption of binaries (byte arrays).

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.

StrongDecimalNumberEncryptor: This class is used to perform high-strength encryption of binaries (byte arrays).

Algorithm: PBESWithMD5AndTripleDES.

Key obtention iterations: 1000.