INSIGHTS:

- 1. Activity_data is a lot larger than user_data
- 2. It is user activity data for 7 days
- 3. A lot of device_type values were Nan, so, we had 3 options
 - a. Delete entire column
 - b. Replace Nan with mean
 - c. Replace Nan with median

We replaced it with the medium as it seemed to be the best approach out of the three.

- 4. user_activity_type_id 16 heavily dominates the user_activity_type_id list, so, the entire Dataset is skewed in its favour.
- 5. After 16, 12 and 11 are the major affecting values.
- 6. Heatmap doesn't give us any important insights.
- 7. If a user has registered for the service/platform, then there is a high chance that they will Come back to explore it further. This is clearly shown in scatter plot (IN [51] : may change serial no. with time).
- 8. After registering for the service/platform, the user spends considerable amount of time On it/comes back as it can be seen in our plots on (IN [58] : may change serial no. with time).
- 9. The most common choice of device type for our users is device type 1, followed by 4th.

MODELS:

1. Logistic Regression Model:

Accuracy: 94.46%

Status: Good. Can be improved.

2. Decision Tree Classifier:

Accuracy: 100%

Status: Possible case of overfitting.

3. Decision Tree Regressor:

Accuracy: 100%

Status: Possible case of overfitting.

4. KMeans clustering:

Status: no insights as of now, need more logical parameters as input.

WHAT MORE CAN BE DONE:

- 1. At the end moment, I realised that the source value has been eradicated from the dataset, so, will need to work on that again.
- 2. Do better clustering and collaborative filtering

3.	SQL query can not be run on my laptop or any free online ide due to the large size of activity_data. Will need to do that again tomorrow and showcase the results.