# String Module

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# O1 String Constants

### Introduction

- The string module in Python provides a collection of constants, and functions that are useful for working with strings.
- It can be used in:
  - Text-processing
  - Pattern Matching
  - Cleaning up data
- It's part of Python's standard library, so no additional installations are required

### **Overview**

The string module contains a **set of constants**:

- Ascii letters
- Digits
- Punctuations
- Printables
- Whitespaces

### and **helper functions**:

- Template
- Formatter
- Capwords

To access it, use *import string* 

## ascii\_letters

A string containing all ASCII letters (a-z and A-Z).

| Python   | Output   |
|--|--|
| <pre>import string print(string.ascii_letters)</pre> | abcdefghijklmnopqr<br>stuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJ<br>KLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ |

## ascii\_lowercase

A string containing all lowercase ASCII letters.

| Python   | Output                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <pre>import string print(string.ascii_lowercase)</pre> | abcdefghijklmnopq<br>rstuvwxyz |

# ascii\_uppercase

A string containing all lowercase ASCII letters.

| Python   | Output                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <pre>import string print(string.ascii_uppercase)</pre> | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO<br>PQRSTUVWXYZ |

# digits

A string containing all digit characters (0-9).

| Python  | Output     |
|---|------------|
| <pre>import string print(string.digits)</pre> | 0123456789 |

# hexdigits

A string containing all hexadecimal digit characters (0-9 and a-f or A-F).

| Python   | Output                 |
|--|------------------------|
| <pre>import string print(string.hexdigits)</pre> | 0123456789abcdefABCDEF |

# octdigits

A string containing all octal digit characters (0-7).

| Python   | Output   |
|--|----------|
| <pre>import string print(string.octdigits)</pre> | 01234567 |

### punctuation

A string containing all **punctuation** characters.

| Python   | Output                                |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| <pre>import string print(string.punctuation)</pre> | !"#\$%&'()*+,-<br>./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{ }~ |

## whitespace

A string containing **all characters** that are considered **whitespace** (space, tab, newline, etc.).

| Python                              | Output         |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| import string                       | \t\n\r\x0b\x0c |
| <pre>print(string.whitespace)</pre> |                |

### printable

A string containing **all characters** that are considered printable (includes digits, letters, punctuation, and whitespace).

| Python   | Output   |
|--|--|
| <pre>import string print(string.printable)</pre> | 0123456789abcdefghijk<br>lmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEF<br>GHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ!<br>"#\$%&'()*+,-<br>./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{ }~<br><spaces all="" of="" types=""></spaces> |

# **Summary Table**

| Collections     | Content                           |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| ascii_letters   | (a-z and A-Z)                     |
| ascii_lowercase | a-z                               |
| ascii_uppercase | A-Z                               |
| digits          | (0-9)                             |
| hexdigits       | (0-9 and a-f or A-F)              |
| octdigits       | (0-7)                             |
| punctuation     | !"#\$%&'()*+,./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{ }~- |
| whitespace      | \t\n\r\x0b\x0c                    |
| printable       | (a-z, A-Z, 0-9)                   |

# O2 String Functions

### **String Functions**

The string module contains **helper functions**:

- Template Class
- Formatter Class
- Capwords() Function

### Template Class

The **string** module includes a **Template** class, which provides an easy and flexible way to perform substitutions in strings.

The \$ symbol is used as a placeholder, which can be replaced using the **substitute()** method.

**substitute():** Replaces placeholders with the values provided. Raises a **KeyError** if a placeholder is missing.

**safe\_substitute():** Similar to **substitute()** but doesn't raise an error if a placeholder is missing; instead, it leaves the placeholder unchanged.

### Template Class

### **Python**

```
from string import Template

template = Template("Course: $item\nPrice:$price")
result = template.substitute(item="Python Mastery
Series", price="₹ 0")
print(result)
```

### **Output**

Course: Python Mastery Series Price:₹ 0

### Formatter()

The **Formatter** class in the string module is a low-level string formatting class that provides an advanced way to implement custom string formatting, beyond the usual **str.format()** method.

| Python  | Output  |
|---|---------|
| from string import Formatter                            | Hi amar |
| <pre>formatter = Formatter()</pre>                      |         |
| <pre>print(formatter.format("Hi {}",     "amar"))</pre> |         |

### capwords()

- Capitalizes the first letter of every word
- Lowers the rest of the letters
- Replaces multiple spaces between words with a single space.

| Python   | Output         |
|--|----------------|
| <pre>import string text = " hello, world ! "</pre> | Hello, World ! |
| <pre>print(string.capwords(text))</pre>            |                |

### **Use Cases**

- Generating random strings (passwords, tokens).
- Filtering characters (e.g., removing punctuation).
- String templating for text replacements.
- Checking if a string contains only specific character sets.



String Module

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