

Problem 3: Bookstore Inventory

Schema:

- Books(book_id INT, title VARCHAR(100), price DECIMAL(8,2), pub_year INT)
- Sales(sale_id INT, book_id INT, quantity INT, sale_date DATE)

Questions:

1. Create tables with suitable constraints.
2. Insert 4 books and 5 sales records.
3. Display titles of books sold in the year 2024.
4. Show total sales revenue for each book using SUM(price * quantity).
5. Find the title of the most sold book using ORDER BY and LIMIT.

```
CREATE TABLE Books (  
    book_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    title VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    price DECIMAL(8,2) CHECK (price >= 0),  
    pub_year INT  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Sales (  
    sale_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    book_id INT,  
    quantity INT CHECK (quantity > 0),  
    sale_date DATE,  
    FOREIGN KEY (book_id) REFERENCES Books(book_id)  
);
```

-- Insert Books

```
INSERT INTO Books VALUES  
(1, 'The Alchemist', 350.00, 2015),  
(2, 'Atomic Habits', 499.00, 2020),  
(3, 'Sapiens', 599.00, 2018),  
(4, 'Deep Work', 450.00, 2019);
```

-- Insert Sales

```
INSERT INTO Sales VALUES  
(101, 1, 3, '2024-01-10'),  
(102, 2, 5, '2024-02-15'),  
(103, 3, 2, '2023-12-20'),  
(104, 1, 4, '2024-03-05'),  
(105, 4, 6, '2024-04-01');
```

-- 3. Display Titles of Books Sold in the Year 2024

```
SELECT DISTINCT b.title  
FROM Books b  
JOIN Sales s ON b.book_id = s.book_id  
WHERE YEAR(s.sale_date) = 2024;
```

```
-- 4. Show Total Sales Revenue for Each Book Using SUM(price * quantity)
SELECT b.title, SUM(b.price * s.quantity) AS total_revenue
FROM Books b
JOIN Sales s ON b.book_id = s.book_id
GROUP BY b.book_id, b.title;
```

```
-- 5. Find the Title of the Most Sold Book Using ORDER BY and LIMIT
SELECT b.title, SUM(s.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM Books b
JOIN Sales s ON b.book_id = s.book_id
GROUP BY b.book_id, b.title
ORDER BY total_quantity DESC
LIMIT 1;
```