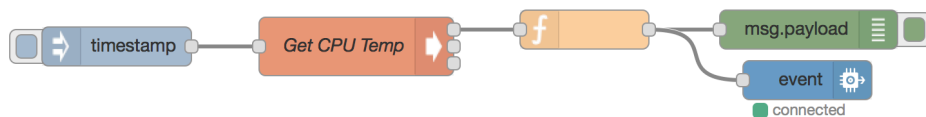


Getting Started with Watson IoT and Raspberry Pi Temperature Sensor

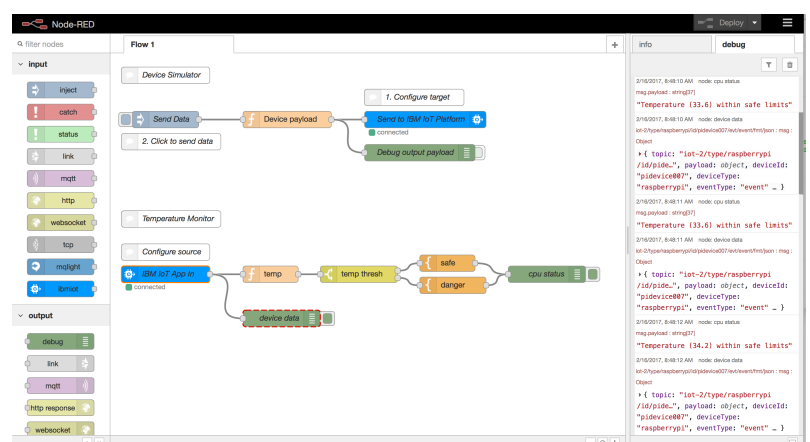
Author: JeanCarl Bisson | jbisson@us.ibm.com | [@dothelloworld](https://dothelloworld.com)



Use Node-RED to read a temperature sensor on the Raspberry Pi (see pg. 2)

Recent Events		
Event	Format	Time Received
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:11 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:12 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:13 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:15 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:16 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:17 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:18 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:19 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:20 PM
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:21 PM

Sensor Information			
Event	Datapoint	Value	Time Received
event	d.temp	32.6	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:21 PM



Subscribe to IoT events in the Cloud (see pg. 9)

Use Watson IoT Platform to emit sensor data to the Cloud (see pg. 5)

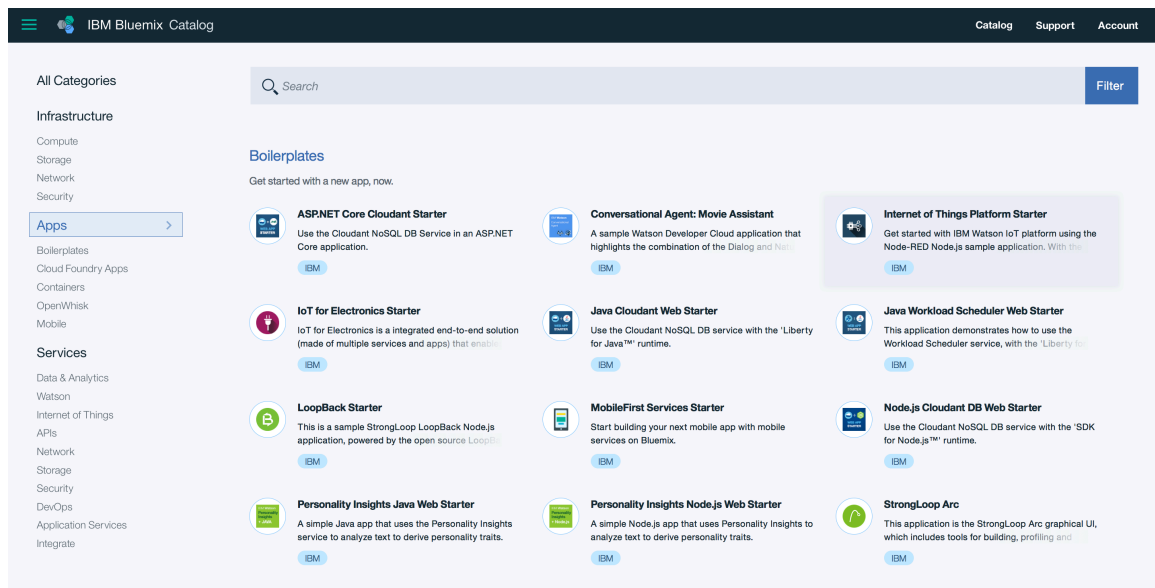


A digital copy of this lab and completed flow can be found at:
<http://ibm.biz/node-red-raspberrypi-temperature>

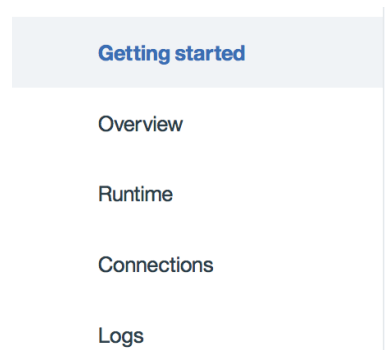


Connect to Watson IoT Platform

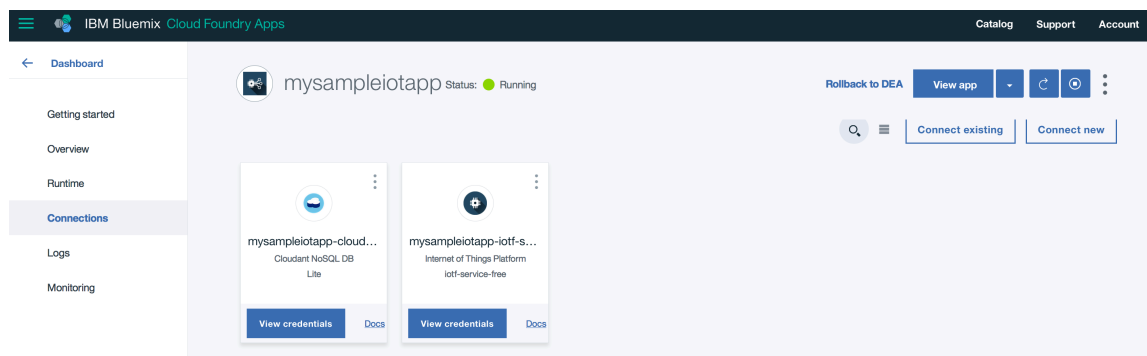
1. Sign up for a IBM Bluemix account at bluemix.net and/or sign into your IBM Bluemix console.
2. Click on the **Catalog** link in the top-right corner.
3. Under the **Boilerplates** section, select the **Internet of Things Platform Starter** service tile.



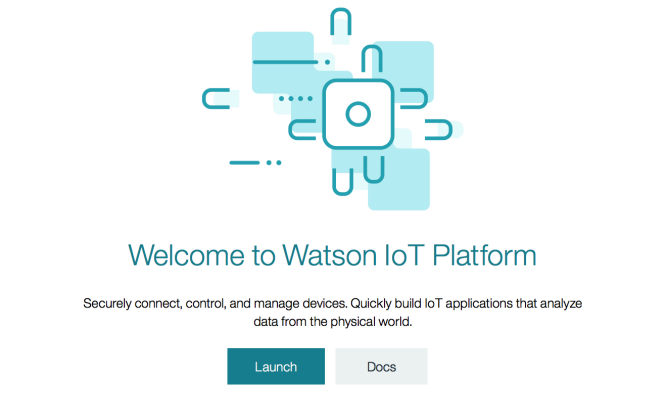
4. Enter an application name and host name which will be used for your application's URL. Click **Create** to create application.
5. In the left sidebar menu, click on **Connections**.



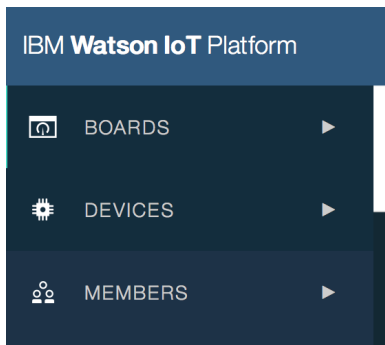
6. Click on the **Internet of Things** service title.



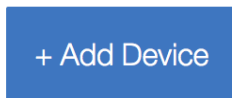
- Click on the green **Launch** button to launch the Watson IoT Platform dashboard.



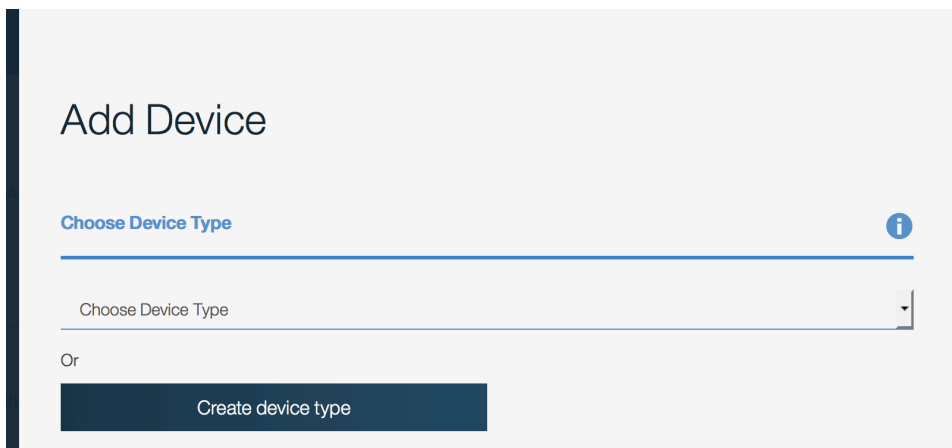
- In the left sidebar menu, click on **Devices**.



- Click **Add Device** in the top-right corner to create a new category of devices.



- Click on **Create device type**. Click on **Create device type** on the next screen.



11. We'll create a device type labeled `raspberrypi`. In the field labeled **Name**, enter `raspberrypi`. Click **Next** several times to skip through the following screens, and finally **Create**.

Create Device Type

General Information ⓘ

Name `raspberrypi`

The device type name is used to identify the device type uniquely, using a restricted set of characters to make it suitable for API use.

Description `Enter description`

The device type description can be used for a more descriptive way of identifying the device type.

12. The new device type should be selected in the drop-down menu. Click **Next** to begin registering an individual device of type `raspberrypi`. Enter a device ID, `pidevice007`, which uniquely identifies the device we're registering.

Add Device

Device Info

Device ID is the only required information, however other fields are populated according to the attributes set in the selected device type. These values can be overridden, and attributes not set in the device type can be added.

Device ID `pidevice007`

13. Click on **Next** to skip through the following screens, and finally **Add**. On the next screen, you'll see device credentials. Make sure to copy the **Authentication Token** and other values in this box. The Authentication Token cannot be retrieved.

Device pidevice007

Device Refresh

Your Device Credentials ⓘ

You have registered your device to the organization. To get it connected, you need to add these credentials to your device. Once you've added these, you should see the messages sent from your device in the 'Sensor Information' section on this page.

Organization ID	12345
Device Type	raspberrypi
Device ID	pidevice007
Authentication Method	token
Authentication Token	mvpM4UMwebkaLSa)q!

Setup Raspberry Pi and Connect to Watson IoT

In this section, we will use Node-RED to read the temperature value of the CPU on a Raspberry Pi and emit the value to the IBM Watson IoT Platform where you can use the data in your Cloud application. Before we use Node-RED, we need to install the Watson IoT nodes.

1. SSH into your Raspberry Pi and confirm it is connected to the Internet. You need to be on the same network as the Raspberry Pi.

```
$ ssh raspberry@<<IP ADDRESS>>
```

2. Create a `node_modules` in the directory `~/.node-red`

```
$ mkdir -p ~/.node-red/node_modules
```

3. Change into the `node_modules` directory

```
$ cd ~/.node-red/node_modules
```

Install the Watson IoT Node-RED package (npm not found? Use the commands `sudo apt-get update` and `sudo apt-get install npm` to install)

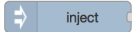
```
$ npm install node-red-contrib-ibm-watson-iot
```

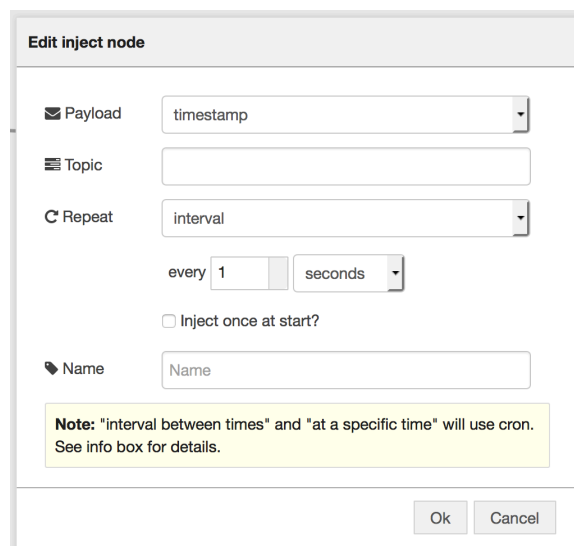
4. Start Node-RED

```
$ node-red
```


5. Node-RED is a visual editor that makes connecting Internet of Things devices, such as the Raspberry Pi, to the Internet and Cloud platforms such as IBM Bluemix. To access the web-based editor, open a web browser and enter the IP address of the Raspberry Pi, followed by `:1880`.


`http://<<IP ADDRESS>>:1880`


6. On the left sidebar are nodes you can drag into the middle pane to create flows. Drag a  node into the middle pane. Double click on the node, and change the values as shown below. Click **Ok** when finished.



Edit inject node


 Payload:

 Topic:

 Repeat:


every

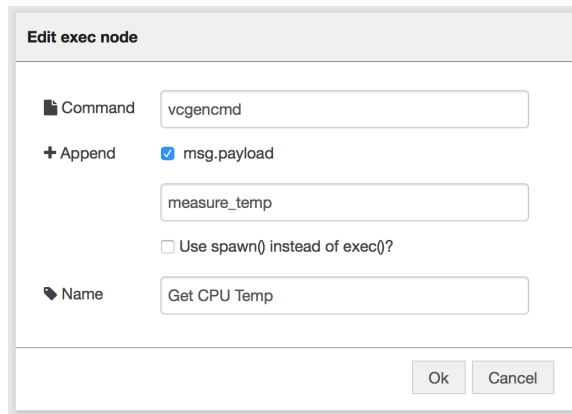
☐ Inject once at start?

 Name:

Note: "interval between times" and "at a specific time" will use cron. See info box for details.

Ok Cancel

7. Add a  node as shown below. Click **Ok** when finished.



Edit exec node

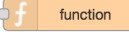
Command:

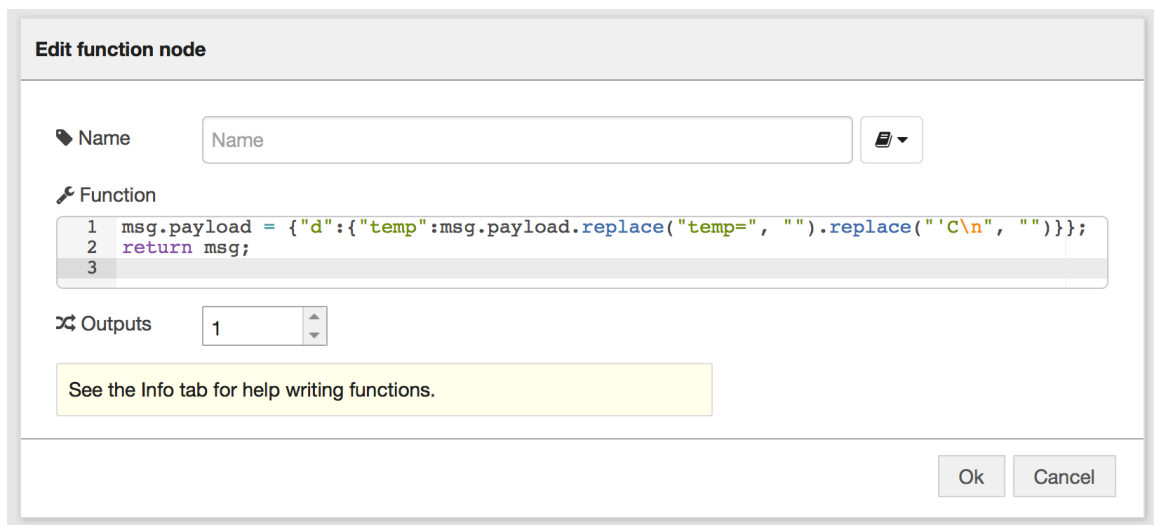
+ Append: ☒ msg.payload

☐ Use spawn() instead of exec()?

Name:

Ok Cancel

8. Add a  node as shown below. Click **Ok** when finished.



Edit function node

Name:


Function:

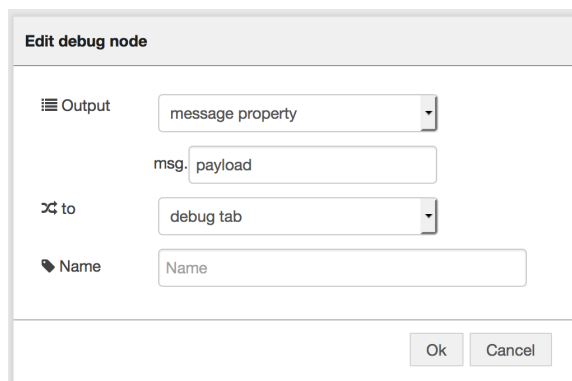
```
1 msg.payload = {"d":{"temp":msg.payload.replace("temp=", "").replace("'C\\n", "")}};
2 return msg;
3
```

Outputs:

See the Info tab for help writing functions.

Ok Cancel

9. Add a  node as shown below. Click **Ok** when finished.



Edit debug node

Output:

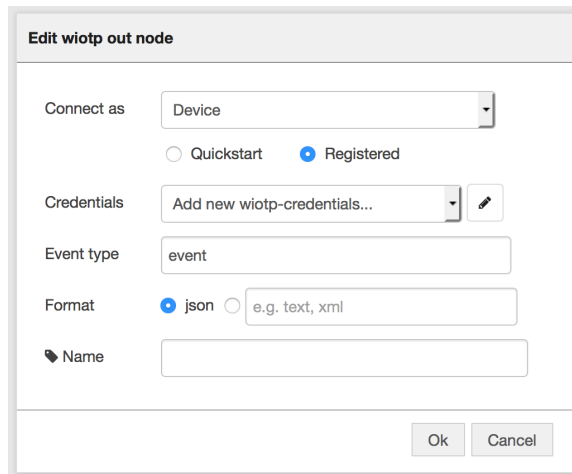
msg.

to:

Name:

Ok Cancel

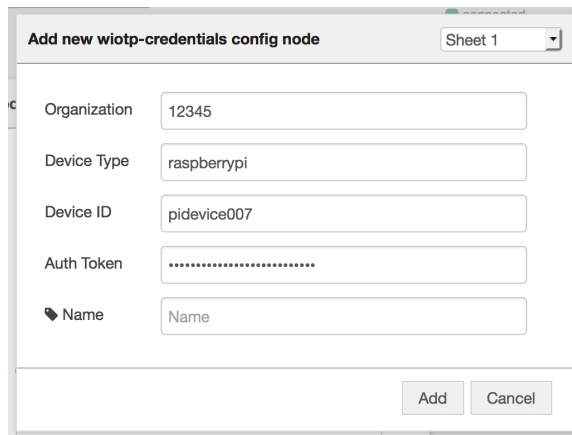
10. Add a  node. Check **Registered** and click on the pencil icon.



The 'Edit wiotp out node' dialog box contains the following fields and options:

- Connect as:** A dropdown menu with 'Device' selected.
- Quickstart / Registered:** Two radio buttons. 'Registered' is selected.
- Credentials:** A dropdown menu with 'Add new wiotp-credentials...' selected, and a pencil icon to the right.
- Event type:** A text input field containing 'event'.
- Format:** Two radio buttons. 'json' is selected, and 'e.g. text, xml' is in a disabled text field.
- Name:** A text input field with a lock icon on the left.
- Buttons:** 'Ok' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right.

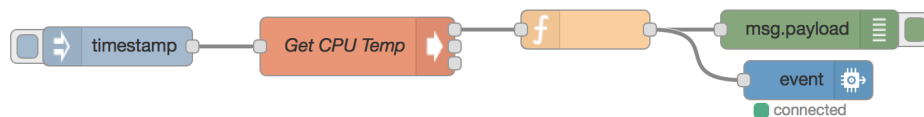
11. Enter the device credentials you got when you registered a new device from Step #11 on page 4. Click **Add** and **OK**.




The 'Add new wiotp-credentials config node' dialog box contains the following fields:

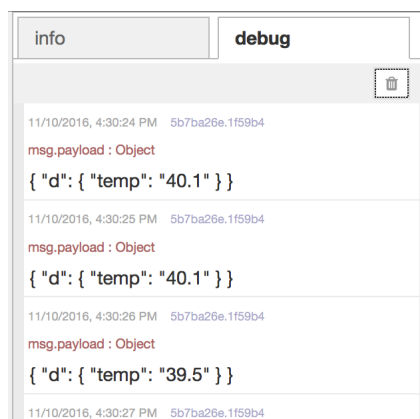
- Organization:** A text input field containing '12345'.
- Device Type:** A text input field containing 'raspberrypi'.
- Device ID:** A text input field containing 'pidevice007'.
- Auth Token:** A text input field containing a series of dots.
- Name:** A text input field containing 'Name'.
- Buttons:** 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right.

12. Connect the nodes together as shown below.



13. Click on the  button in the top-right corner to save and deploy your changes.

14. In the **Debug** tab in the right sidebar, you should see the temperature data outputted every second.



The 'debug' tab in the right sidebar shows the following log entries:

```
11/10/2016, 4:30:24 PM 5b7ba26e.1f59b4
msg.payload : Object
{ "d": { "temp": "40.1" } }

11/10/2016, 4:30:25 PM 5b7ba26e.1f59b4
msg.payload : Object
{ "d": { "temp": "40.1" } }

11/10/2016, 4:30:26 PM 5b7ba26e.1f59b4
msg.payload : Object
{ "d": { "temp": "39.5" } }

11/10/2016, 4:30:27 PM 5b7ba26e.1f59b4
```


15. Return to the Watson IoT Platform dashboard. Click on the device from the **Devices** list.


Devices

[Browse](#) | [Diagnose](#) | [Action](#) | [Device Types](#) | [Manage Schemas](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Device ID	Device Type	Class ID	Date Added
Results 1-1 of 1				
<input type="checkbox"/>	 piddevice007	raspberrypi	Device	Feb 15, 2017 10:35:16 PM

16. Scroll down to the sections labeled **Recent Events** and **Sensor Information**. You can view the sensor data coming into the dashboard in real-time.

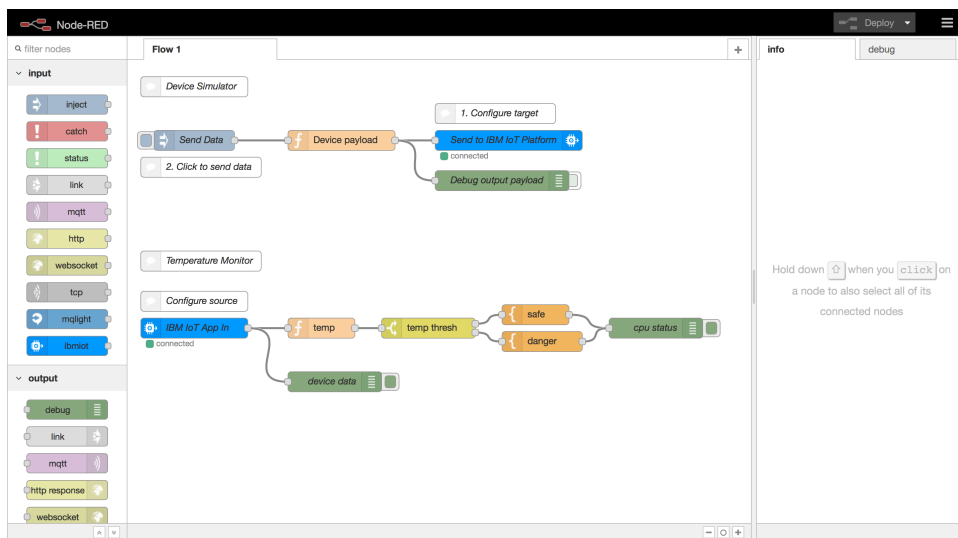
Recent Events			
Event	Format	Time Received	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:11 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:12 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:13 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:15 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:16 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:17 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:18 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:19 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:20 PM	
event	json	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:21 PM	

Sensor Information				
Event	Datapoint	Value	Time Received	
event	d.temp	32.6	Feb 15, 2017 10:45:21 PM	

Responding To Events In The Cloud

The Internet of Things Starter boilerplate also includes an instance of Node-RED hosted in the Cloud. In this section, we'll modify the Node-RED application to subscribe to the events emitted from the Raspberry Pi we connected earlier.

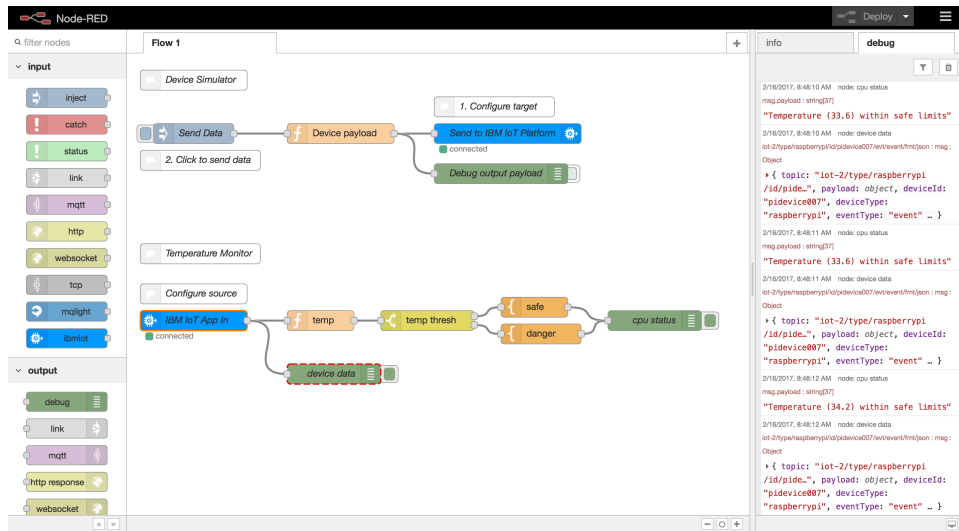
1. Visit your Node-RED application in the Cloud by using the host name you chose in Step #4 on page 2, appended with the domain `.mybluemix.net`. If I chose `myapp` as the host name, the URL would be `http://myapp.mybluemix.net`.
2. Click on the button labeled **Go to your Node-RED flow editor**.
3. Two flows have been added for you. The first flow allows you to trigger events for a simulated device. The second flow subscribes to IoT events. Double click on the node labeled **IBM IoT App In**.



4. Configure the node as shown below using the **Device Type** and **Device ID** you used in Step #11 and #12 on page 4.

5. Click on the **Deploy** button in the top-right corner to save and deploy your changes.

6. In the **Debug** tab in the right sidebar, you should see the temperature data outputted every second.



Notice the second flow has a switch node that tests the temperature value and splits the program flow. If the temperature is above 40°C, a “danger” message is outputted. Otherwise, the temperature is considered “safe.”

Now that you have the temperature data in the Cloud, you may choose to respond to device events using the Bluemix application and, for example, send a text message using Twilio. For other Node-RED labs showing how to use IBM Watson, please visit ibm.biz/node-red-labs.