

Full Title of Article

Author Name1^{*1,2}

ABC@SAMPLE.EDU

¹ *Address 1*

² *Address 2*

Author Name2^{*1}

XYZ@SAMPLE.EDU

Author Name3²

ALPHABETA@EXAMPLE.EDU

Author Name4^{†3}

UVW@FOO.AC.UK

³ *Address 3*

Author Name5^{†4}

FGH@BAR.COM

³ *Address 4*

Editors: Under Review for MIDL 2019

Abstract

This is a great paper and it has a concise abstract.

Keywords: List of keywords, comma separated.

1. Introduction

This is where the content of your paper goes. Some random notes:

- You should use \LaTeX ([Lamport, 1986](#)).
- JMLR/PMLR uses natbib for references. For simplicity, here, `\cite` defaults to parenthetical citations, i.e. `\citep`. You can of course also use `\citet` for textual citations.
- You should follow the guidelines provided by the conference.
- Read through the JMLR template documentation for specific \LaTeX usage questions.
- Note that the JMLR template provides many handy functionalities such as `\figureref` to refer to a figure, e.g. Figure [1](#), `\tableref` to refer to a table, e.g. Table [1](#) and `\equationref` to refer to an equation, e.g. Equation ([1](#)).

Acknowledgments

We thank a bunch of people.

* Contributed equally

† Contributed equally

Table 1: An Example Table

Dataset	Result
Data1	0.12345
Data2	0.67890
Data3	0.54321
Data4	0.09876

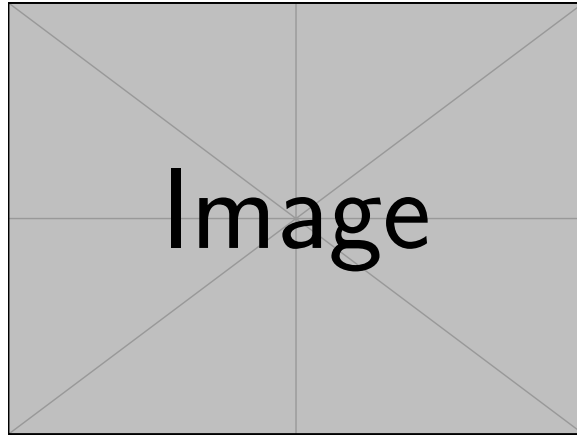


Figure 1: Example Image

Algorithm 1: Computing Net Activation

Input: $x_1, \dots, x_n, w_1, \dots, w_n$
Output: y , the net activation
 $y \leftarrow 0$;
for $i \leftarrow 1$ **to** n **do**
 $y \leftarrow y + w_i * x_i$;
end

References

Leslie Lamport. *Latex: A Document Preparation System*. Addison-Wesley Longman Publishing Co., Inc., Boston, MA, USA, 1986. ISBN 0-201-15790-X.

Appendix A. Proof of Theorem 1

This is a boring technical proof of

$$\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta \equiv 1. \tag{1}$$

Appendix B. Proof of Theorem 2

This is a complete version of a proof sketched in the main text.