Full Title of Article

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Editors: Under Review for MIDL

Abstract

This is a great paper and it has a concise abstract.
Keywords: List of keywords

1. Introduction

This is where the content of your paper goes. Remember to:

- Use LaTeX(Lamport, 1986).
- Note that despite the use of natbib `\cite` defaults to parenthetical citations, i.e. `\citep`. You can of course also use `\citet` for a textual citation if you wish.
- Follow the guidelines provided by the conference.
- Read through the JMLR template documentation for specific LaTeXusage questions.
- Note that the JMLR template provide many handy functionalities such as `\figureref` to refer to a figure, e.g. Figure 1, `\tableref` to refer to a table, e.g. Table 1 and `\equationref` to refer to an equation, e.g. Equation (1)

Table 1: An Example Table

Dataset	**Result**
Data1	0.12345
Data2	0.67890
Data3	0.54321
Data4	0.09876

Acknowledgments

Acknowledgments withheld.

References

Leslie Lamport. *Latex: A Document Preparation System*. Addison-Wesley Longman Publishing Co., Inc., Boston, MA, USA, 1986. ISBN 0-201-15790-X.

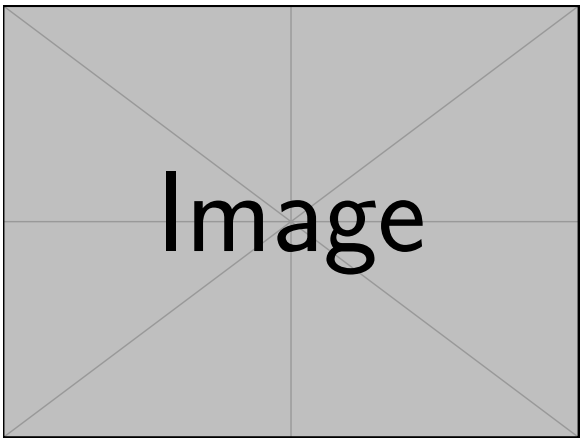

Figure 1: Example Image

Algorithm 1: Computing Net Activation

Input: $x_1, \ldots, x_n, w_1, \ldots, w_n$
Output: y, the net activation
$y \leftarrow 0$;
for $i \leftarrow 1$ **to** n **do**
  $y \leftarrow y + w_i * x_i$;
end

Appendix A. My Proof of Theorem 1

This is a boring technical proof of

$$\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta \equiv 1. \tag{1}$$

Appendix B. My Proof of Theorem 2

This is a complete version of a proof sketched in the main text.