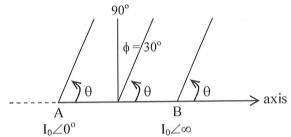
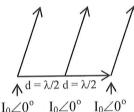
- 01. Compute the beam width between first nulls for a uniform broadside linear array having 20 Hertzian dipoles.
- 02. Two Isotropic antennas form an array as shown in figure below. The currents fed to the elements in the array are $I_0\angle 0^\circ$ & $I_0\angle \infty$ respectively. What should be the value of ' α ' such that radiation pattern has a null at 30° from broad side direction as shown in figure. Also, find the direction of maximum radiation for the calculated value of ' α '.



03. Elements of a linear array of 3 equally spaced radiators excited as shown in figure below. Determine the direction of the main lobe and calculate its half power beam width in degrees.



- 04. A linear array of 6 isotropic point sources located with a space of $\frac{\lambda}{3}$, when excited with a series of current sources having a successive phase shift of 45°, then determine the direction of principal lobe and width between first nulls.
- 05. Design a 4 element binomial array of linearly spaced elements with inter element spacing of 'D'; (a) What are the normalized excitations required for this array and (b) using them calculate the array factor and find out the array factor maximum.
- Maximum radiation due to any array of two isotropic radiators with in-phase current occurs

 (a) along the array axis

 (b) perpendicular to the direction of the array axis

 (c) at 45° to the array axis
- The spacing between two isotropic radiators is s, and the free-space phase constant is β_0 . if the phase angle between currents of the radiators is β_0 s, radiation maximum occurs (a) along the array axis (b) perpendicular to the direction of the array axis (c) at 45° to the array axis
- 08. Find the width of the principal lobe in an end-fire array with number of elements = 4. Inter antenna element spacing is 0.45 times of operating wavelength. Find the progressive phase shift required to place the beam pointing towards 45° from the array axis.
- 09. Give the excitation coefficients for a 6 element binomial array. What is the progressive phase shift needed to scan the beam to 40° of broad side, if the spacing is $\lambda/2$.