R18

Code No: 154AW

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B. Tech II Year II Semester Examinations, November/December - 2020 ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS

(Common to ECE, EIE)

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 75

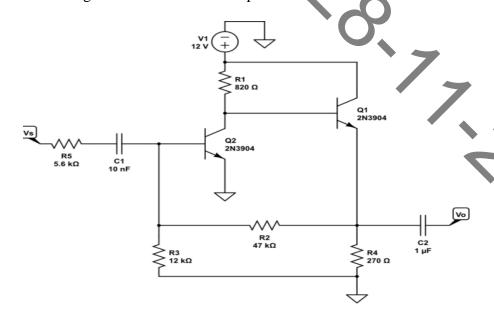
Answer any Five Questions All Questions Carry Equal Marks

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- 1.a) Derive the upper and lower cutoff frequencies of the common emitter amplifier.
 - b) Why 3dB frequency for the current gain is not same as the 3dB frequency for voltage gain? [9+6]
- 2.a) The bandwidth of a single stage amplifier extends from 10Hz to 100kHz. Find the frequencies at which the voltage gain is down by 1dB from its mid-band value.
 - b) Draw the circuit diagram of Darlington pair and explain how it provides high input impedance. [6+9]
- 3.a) A voltage amplifier is characterized by an open loop voltage gain of 100. Input resistance of $50K\Omega$ and output resistance of $2K\Omega$, Negative feedback of 10% of output voltage is introduced in series with the input to bring the distortion below acceptable level. Find the modified values of these parameters.
 - b) Draw the current shunt feedback circuit diagram.

[8+7]

4. Determine the feedback factor, current gain, voltage gain, input and output impedances for the following circuit. Assume ideal h parameters for the transistors. [15]



5. Derive the expression for the phase shift as a function of frequency for the feedback network of RC phase shift oscillator. [15]

- 6.a) How does the frequency stability of an LC oscillator depend upon the Q-factor of the LC circuit? Explain.
- b) Determine the minimum amplifier gain and the phase shift required to be introduced by the amplifier for the following case: Feedback factor =2%, oscillator type is Hartley oscillator.

 [8+7]
- 7.a) A class B amplifier provides a 15V peak output signal to 10Ω load. The system operates on a power supply of 20V. Determine the efficiency of the amplifier.
- b) Draw the circuit diagram of push-pull class-B power amplifier and explain its working. [7+8]
- 8.a) Define the terms slope error, displacement error, transmission error.
 - b) With the help of circuit diagram explain the principle of operation of a constant current sweep circuit. [7+8]

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