

# r's Complement Subtraction

A= Minuend ✓

B=Subtrahend ✓

1. Add minuend (A) to the r's complement of subtrahend (B)
2. (a) If end around carry occurs discard it  $A > B$   
(b) If end around carry does not occurs then answer is in r's complement form.  $A < B$

To get answer in true form ,perform r's complement of  
(i)

①  $r = 10$  result (step (b))and place negative sign in front of it  
(Decimal)

10's complement Subtraction

$A = (53)_{10}$  = Minuend

$B = (27)_{10}$  = Subtrahend

Direct method

$$\begin{array}{r} 53 \\ - 27 \\ \hline 26 \end{array}$$

1. Add minuend (A) to the r's complement of subtrahend (B)

$$A = 53 \quad (53)_{10} - (27)_{10}$$

10's complement of 27 = 9's Complement + 1

$$\begin{aligned} &= 72 + 1 \\ &= (73)_{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = 53$$

$$A > B \quad 53 - 27$$

$$10^1 \text{ Complement}(27) = 73$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Result} = (26)_{10}$$

$$10^1 \text{ Complement}(27) = \underline{\underline{126}} \rightarrow \text{Result} = (26)_{10}$$

if B  
end carry  $\rightarrow$

neglect

If end around carry occurs discard it

Result = 26 ✓

$A - B \rightarrow A < B = -\text{ve result}$

(27) ✓ - (53)<sub>10</sub> →  $10^1$  Complement subtraction

Minuend      Subtrahend      Direct method

$A = 27$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 27 \\
 - 53 \\
 \hline
 -26
 \end{array}$$

10's Complement of 53

9's Complement of 53 = 46

$$\begin{array}{r}
 46 \\
 + 1 \\
 \hline
 \underline{\underline{47}}
 \end{array}$$

$A = 27$

$B = \underline{\underline{47}}$

No end carry

10's Complement 74 ✓

74 is in 10's Complement

True form

$10^1$  Complement of 74 = 9's Complement of 74 =  $\underline{\underline{25}}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 25 \\
 + 1 \\
 \hline
 \underline{\underline{26}}
 \end{array}$$

-26 True form

(r=8),  $8^1$  Complement Subtraction

Direct method

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{(r=8) } 8^{\text{'}} \text{ Complement Subtraction} \\
 \text{(Octal) } \begin{array}{r} 53 \\ 8 \end{array} - \begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 8 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 53 \\ 8 \end{array} - \begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 8 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 8 \end{array} \\
 A = (53)_8 \quad B = (27)_8 \rightarrow A > B \\
 \text{8's complement of } (27)_8 = (51)_8
 \end{array}$$

$$7's \text{ Complement } (27) = \begin{array}{r} 50 \\ -1 \\ \hline 51 \end{array}$$

$$A = (53)_{\infty}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{8's Complement of } B = (51)_8 \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{r}
 \text{end} \\
 \text{carry}
 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{neglect}}
 \begin{array}{r}
 10 \\
 12 \\
 4
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$(10)_{10} = (12)_8$   
 Carry      Sum

$A > B$

Minehead

④  $(27)_8 - (53)_8$  wrong 8's complement subtraction

$8^1_8$  Complement of  $(53)_8 \Rightarrow (25)_8$

$$7's \text{ Complement} = 2^4 + 1$$

Carry →

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 27 \\ \hline 25 \end{array}$$

$$8^{\prime}8 \quad B = +\underline{25}$$

g)  $\beta$  Complement  
of  $\beta$   
 $7+5 = \underline{12} = \underline{10} + \underline{8}$   
Sum

$$8^1 D \quad B = \begin{array}{r} + 25 \\ \hline - 54 \end{array}$$

Result

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+0 \\ 8 | 12 \\ 8 | \underline{- 4} \\ 0 - 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} = 10 \\ \text{Carry sum} \end{array}$$

True form

$$8^1 D \quad \begin{array}{r} + 1 \\ - 24 \\ \hline - 23 \end{array} \quad \text{True form}$$

(a)  $(73)_{10} - (64)_{10}$

(b)  $(64)_{10} - (73)_{10}$

(c)  $(73)_8 - (64)_8$

(d)  $(64)_8 - (73)_8$

## ⑤ Hexadecimal Subtraction

$$(A7)_{16} - (63)_{16} =$$

Direct method

$$\begin{array}{r} A7 \\ - 63 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$$

16<sup>1</sup>D Complement subtraction

16<sup>1</sup>I Complement of (63) =

$$15^1 I \quad \text{Complement of } 63 = \begin{array}{r} 15 \ 15 \\ 6 \ 3 \\ \hline 9 \ c \end{array} \quad 12 \rightarrow C$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + 1 \\ \hline \dots \ 1 \dots \ \underline{\dots \ 0 \dots} \end{array}$$

$$16^{\text{'}}\text{s Complement} = \underline{\underline{9 \ D}}$$

1  
A7

$16^{\text{'}}\text{s Complement}(63)$  of       $9 \ D$

end carry  $\rightarrow \underline{\underline{1 \ 4 \ 4}}$

carry  $\rightarrow$  neglect

$D = 13$

$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ + D \\ \hline (14)_{16} \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} (20)_{10} \\ - 7 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$

Carry Sum  $\begin{array}{r} 16 | 20 \\ 1 - 4 \end{array}$

$$\text{Result} = (44)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 9 \\ \hline (20)_{10} = (14)_{16} \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{+} \quad (63)_{16} - (A7)_{16}$$

Direct method

$$\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ - A7 \\ \hline -44 \end{array}$$

$16^{\text{'}}\text{s Complement Subtraction}$

$16^{\text{'}}\text{s complement of } (A7) =$

$$15^{\text{'}}\text{o Complement of } A7 = \begin{array}{r} 15 \\ A \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 8 \end{array}$$

$$16^{\text{'}}\text{s Complement of } (A7) \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} +1 \\ \hline 59 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ + 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$9+3=12$$

$$6+5=11 \quad \begin{array}{l} A=10 \\ B=11 \end{array} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 + 59 \\
 \hline
 16's \quad \underline{B C}
 \end{array}$$

Complement

$$\begin{array}{l}
 6+5=11 \quad A=10 \\
 \quad \quad \quad B=11 \checkmark \\
 \quad \quad \quad C=12
 \end{array}$$

True form

16's complement of  $(BC)_{16}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15's \text{ complement of } (BC)_{16} = \begin{array}{r}
 \begin{array}{r}
 15 & 15 \\
 B & \downarrow 11 \\
 \hline
 4 & 3
 \end{array} \\
 + \frac{1}{\hline 4 4}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 16's \text{ complement} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\hline 4 4}
 \end{array}$$

True form = -44 ✓

⑧ Binary ( $r=2$ )

2's complement subtraction

$$(53)_{10} - (27)_{10} \Rightarrow (26)_{10}$$

$$(53)_{10} = (110101)_2$$

$$(27)_{10} = (11011)_2$$

$$(110101) - (11011)$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 | 53 \\
 2 | 26 - 1 \quad \text{LSB} \\
 2 | 13 - 0 \\
 2 | 6 - 1 \\
 2 | 3 - 0 \\
 2 | 1 - 1 \\
 0 - 1 \quad \text{MSB}
 \end{array}$$

$$(110101)_2 - (01011)_2$$

0 - 1 MSB

$$\text{Minuend} = 110101$$

2's Complement of  $(011011)_2$

$$1's \text{ Complement of } (011011) = 100100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ - 1 \\ \hline + 1 \end{array}$$

A > B

$$\text{Minuend} = 110101 = 6 \text{ bits}$$

$$2's \text{ Complement} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 00101 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Minuend} \\ = 100101 = 6 \text{ bits} \\ \text{2's Complement of} \\ \text{Subtrahend} \end{array}$$

end around carry → neglect

$\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{smallmatrix}$

$$\text{Result} = 011010$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2^4 \times 1 + 2^3 \times 1 + 2^1 \times 1 \\ 16 + 8 + 2 = (26)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1+1+1 = (3)_{10} \\ = (11)_2 \\ \text{Carry} \quad \text{Sum} \end{array}$$

⑨ Perform 2's Complement subtraction

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \text{ bits} \\ (011011)_2 \end{array} - \begin{array}{r} 6 \text{ bit} \\ (110101)_2 \end{array}$$

*Minuend                      Subtrahend*

Minuend

Subtrahend

2's complement of  $\underline{\underline{110101}}_2$

1's Complement of  $\underline{\underline{110101}}_2 \Rightarrow 001010$

carry       $\begin{array}{r} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$

$$\begin{array}{r} + 1 \\ \hline 001011 \end{array}$$

Result in 2's Complement  $\overbrace{100110}^{\text{No carry}}$

True form

1's Complement of  $100110 = 011001$

$$\begin{array}{r} + 1 \\ \hline 011010 \end{array}$$

2's Complement

True form =  $-011010$  ✓

$(1010)_2 - (111)_2$  Perform using 2's Complement

$$(10)_{10}^2 - (7)_{10}^2 \Rightarrow (3)_{10}$$

2's Complement of  $\underline{\underline{0111}}_2 = 1000$  1's carry

$$\begin{array}{r} + 1 \\ \hline 1001 \end{array}$$

$$A = 1010$$

$$B = 1001$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Q} = 11 \\
 \text{B} = 1001 \\
 \text{neglect } \overline{10011} \quad \text{Result} = \underline{0011} = (3)_{10}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \overset{+02}{1010} \\
 - 111 \\
 \hline
 \underline{0011}
 \end{array}$$

<u>Binary</u>	<u>rules</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Borrow</u>
0 - 0	= 0		0
0 - 1	= 1		1
1 - 0	= 1		0
1 - 1	= 0		0