Chain Rule

O Time Spent: Hours Minutes Seconds

Theory **Examples** 

## **Example Problems**

**Question 1.** A certain number of men can finish a piece of work in 100 days. If there were 20 men less, it would take 20 days more for the work to be finished. How many men were there originally?

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1) 90 2) 100 3) 120 4) 110 Answer : 3 Explanation : Originally let there be x men. Less men, More days (Indirect Proportion)
Therefore, (x-20) : x :: 100 :120
=> (x - 20) * 120 = x * 100 => x = 120
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Question 2. If 18 men or 24 women can do a piece of work in 30 days, in how many days, can the work be done by 9 men and 24 women working together?

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1) 12 days 2) 15 days 3) 10 days 4) 20 days Answer: 4 Explanation: 18M = 24W \Rightarrow 9M = 12 W
Hence, 9M + 24W = 12W + 24W = 36 W. Since 24W can do a piece of work in 30 days, so 36W can do the same work in (24 \times 30)/36 = 20 days.
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**Question 3.** A garrison of 850 men has provisions for 30 weeks. If at the end of 10 weeks, they are re-inforced by 850 men, how long will the provisions last?

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1) 10 weeks 2) 12 weeks 3) 14 weeks 4) 15 weeks Answer: 1 Explanation: 850 \times 30 = 850 \times 10 + 1700 \times W \rightarrow W = 10 weeks
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Question 4. If 10 men can reap 100 hectares in 50 days, how many hectares can 40 men reap the same field in 20 days?

1) 140 hectares 2) 160 hectares 3) 180 hectares 4) 200 hectare Answer: 2 Explanation:  $H = 100 \times (40/10) \times (20/50) = 160$  hectares

**Question 5.** If 30 men working 12 hours a day can do a piece of work in 36 days, in how many days will 15 men working 10 hours a day do the same work?

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1) 86.2 days 2) 86.8 days 3) 86.4 days 4) 86 days Answer: 3 Explanation: D=36 × (30/15) × (12/10) = 86.4 days
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**Question 6.** An M.E.S contractor undertakes a contract to renew the floor of a building within 40 days and immediately employs 27 men upon doing it. At the end of 31 days, the work is only half done. How many more men should he employ to complete the work in time?

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1. 66 men 2. 36 men 3. 46 men 4. 56 men Answer : 1 Explanation : Days left are (40 - 31) = 9. By chain rule, total no. of men required = 27 \times (31/9) = 93, therefore additional men required = 93 - 27 = 66 men
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**Question 7.** Five men and three boys can do a piece of work in 15 days while 7 men and 8 boys can do the same work in 8 days. How long will 12 men and 8 boys take to do it?

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1) 5 days 2) 7 days 3) 6 days 4) 8 days Answer: 3 Explanation: (5M + 3B) \times 15 = (7M + 8B) \times 8
\Rightarrow 75M + 45B = 56M + 64B
\Rightarrow M = B
So 8 men can do a work in 15 days. Hence(12 + 8)
\Rightarrow 20men can do the same work in 6 days
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**Question 8.** A man can walk a certain distance at a uniform speed in 100 days. How long will it take him to cover twice the distance at half the normal speed?



Distance is doubled and speed is reduced to half.  $\cdot$ : time will become 2 × 2 i.e. 4 times. Hence now it will take  $100 \times 4 = 400$  days.

Question 9. A 100 m long 3 m high and 30 cm wide wall is built by 30 men, 20 women and 50 children working 9 hours a day in 20 days. How long a wall 1.5 m high 30 cm wide can be built by 15 men, 25 women and 35 children working 2 hour a day in 15 days (given men, women and children are equally efficient)?

- 1. 75 m 2. 25 m 3. 50 m 4. 100 m **Answer**: 2 **Explanation**: Earlier dimensions of the wall =  $100 \times 3 \times 0.30$ . New dimensions =  $L \times 1.5 \times 0.3$ .
- $\therefore$  As men, women and children are given to be equally efficient, so in the first case, the total number of persons is 100 (i.e. 30 + 20 + 50) and the same in the second case is 75 (15 + 25 + 35).

Length of wall = L =  $(75x100) \times (2x9) \times (15x20) \times (100 \times 3 \times 3 \times 0.3)/(1.5 \times 0.3) \Rightarrow L = 25 \text{ m}.$ 

Question 10. 10 men or 4 women can do a piece of work in 68 days. Then 1 men and 3 women will do a piece of work thrice as large in:

1. 80 days 2. 100 days 3. 120 days 4. 60 days **Answer**: 3 **Explanation**: Now, 10M = 4W  $\Rightarrow$  1W = (5/2) M  $\Rightarrow$  3W = 15/2M Total persons = 1M + 3W = 1M + 15/2M = 17/2M Therefore, no. of days =  $5 \times (68/17) \times 3 \times 2 = 120$  days.

MARK AS COMPLETED