DISCRETE 11.9.3 Q-4

EE23BTECH11066 - Yakkala Amarnath Karthik

Question:

The 4^{th} term of a G.P. is square of its second term, and the first term is -3. Determine its 7^{th} term, and find the Z transform of the series.

Solution:

Description	value
first term of G.P.	-3
Common ratio of G.P.	-3
general term of the G.P.	ar^n
$x(3)=(x(1))^2$	-
	first term of G.P. Common ratio of G.P. general term of the G.P.

A TABLE WITH INPUT PARAMETERS

$$x(0) r^{3} = (x(0) r^{1})^{2}$$
 (1)

$$= x(0)^2 r^2$$
 (2)

$$r = x(0) = -3(3)$$

(general term)
$$x(n) = x(0) r^n = (-3) (-3)^n (4)$$

$$x(6) = x(0)r^6 \tag{5}$$

$$= (-3)(-3)^6 \tag{6}$$

$$= (-3)^7 \tag{7}$$

$$=-2187$$
 (8)

$$x(6) = -2187\tag{9}$$

Finding Z transform:

$$X(z) = \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} x(n) z^{-n}$$
(10)

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} ar^n u(n) z^{-n}$$
 (11)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} ar^n z^{-n} \tag{12}$$

$$= a(1 + rz^{-1} + r^2z^{-2} + \dots)$$
 (13)

$$=\frac{a}{1-rz^{-1}}\tag{14}$$

$$X(n) = \frac{{ROC : |rz^{-1}| < 1}}{{1 - rz^{-1}}} = \frac{{-3}}{{1 + 3z^{-1}}}.$$

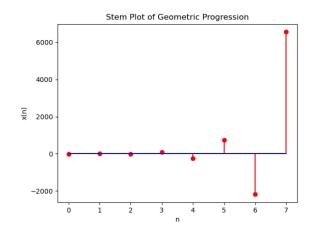


Fig. 1. Graph showing first 8 terms of the GP