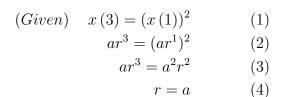
## **DISCRETE 11.9.3 Q-4**

## EE23BTECH11066 - Yakkala Amarnath Karthik

## Question:

The  $4^{th}$  term of a G.P. is square of its second term, and the first term is -3. Determine its  $7^{th}$  term, and find the Z transform of the series.

## **Solution:**



$$r = -3 (5)$$
$$(x(6)) = ar^6 (6)$$

$$x(6) = (-3)(-3)^{6} \tag{7}$$

$$x(6) = (-3)^7 = -2187$$
 (8)

$$x(6) = -2187 (9)$$

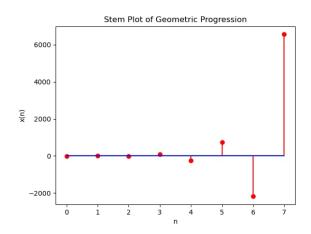


Fig. 1. Graph showing first 8 terms of the GP

Finding Z transform:

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n) z^{-n}$$
 (10)

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} ar^n u(n) z^{-n}$$
 (11)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} ar^n z^{-n} \tag{12}$$

$$= a(1 + rz^{-1} + r^2z^{-2} + \dots)$$
 (13)

$$= \frac{a}{1 - rz^{-1}} \tag{14}$$

$$X(n) = \frac{a}{1 - rz^{-1}} = \frac{\{ROC : |rz^{-1}| < 1\}}{\frac{-3}{1 + 3z^{-1}}}.$$

Variable	Description	value
a	first term of G.P.	-3
r	Common ratio of G.P.	-3
X(n)	general term of the G.P.	$ar^n$
TABLE I		

A TABLE WITH INPUT PARAMETERS

A Table with input parameters