← Introduction to deep learning Quiz, 10 questions

X Try again once you are ready.

Required to pass: 80% or higher

You can retake this quiz up to 3 times every 8 hours.

Back to Week 1

Retake



0/1

point

1

What does the analogy "Al is the new electricity" refer to?



Al is powering personal devices in our homes and offices, similar to electricity.

This should not be selected

Although it is true that AI is powering personal devices, it is not what the quotation means.

- Through the "smart grid", AI is delivering a new wave of electricity.
- Al runs on computers and is thus powered by electricity, but it is letting computers do things not possible before.
- Similar to electricity starting about 100 years ago, Al is transforming multiple industries.



2.

Which of these are reasons for Deep Learning recently taking off? (Check the three options that apply.)

	Deep learning has resulted in significant improvements in important applications such as online advertising speech recognition, and image recognition.
Corr ection	ect se were all examples discussed in lecture 3.
	We have access to a lot more data.
Corre Yes!	ect The digitalization of our society has played a huge role in this.

We have access to a lot more computational power.

Correct

Yes! The development of hardware, perhaps especially GPU computing, has significantly improved deep learning algorithms' performance.

Neural Networks are a brand new field.

Un-selected is correct



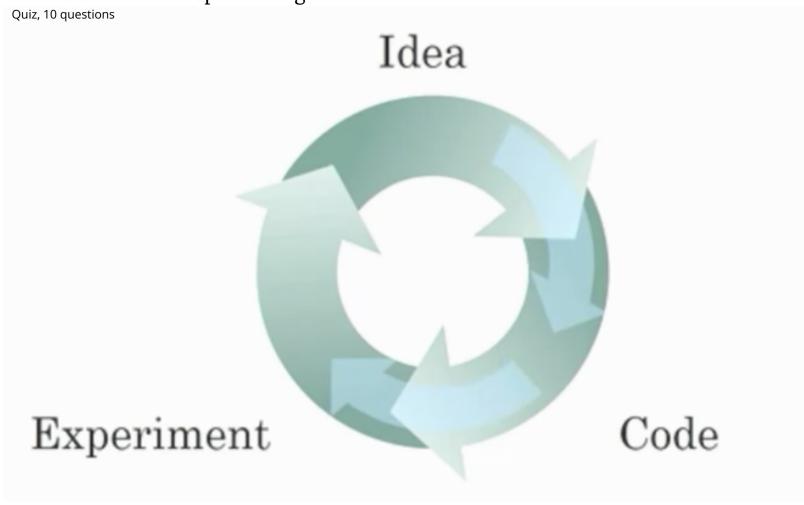
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1/1 point

3.

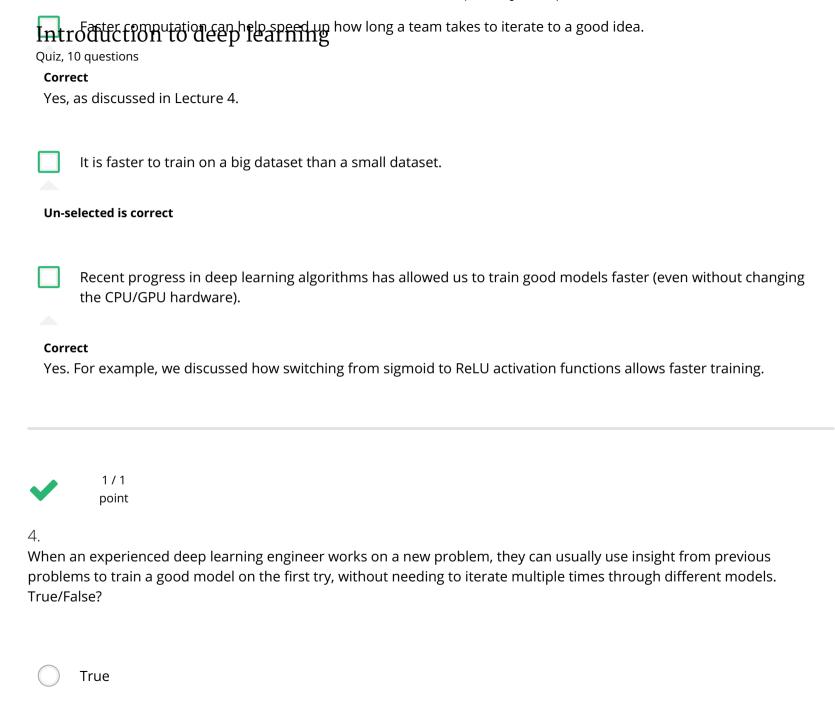
Recall this diagram of iterating over different ML ideas. Which of the statements below are true? (Check all that apply.) $Introduction\ to\ deep\ learning$



Being able to try out ideas quickly allows deep learning engineers to iterate more quickly.

Correct

Yes, as discussed in Lecture 4.





Quiz, 10 questions **Correct**

Yes. Finding the characteristics of a model is key to have good performance. Although experience can help, it requires multiple iterations to build a good model.

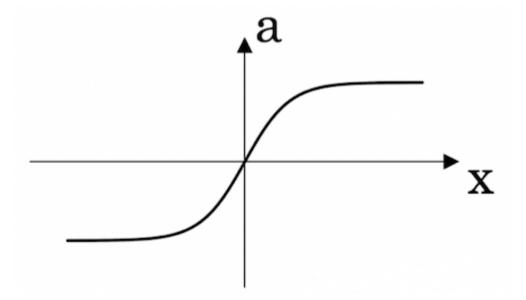


1/1 point

5.

Which one of these plots represents a ReLU activation function?

Figure 1:



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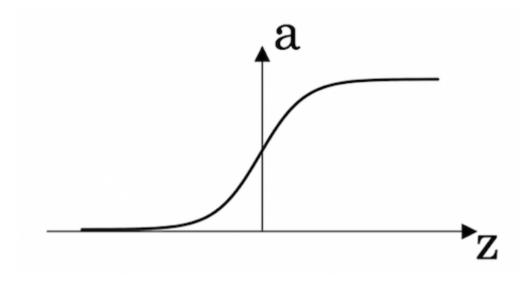
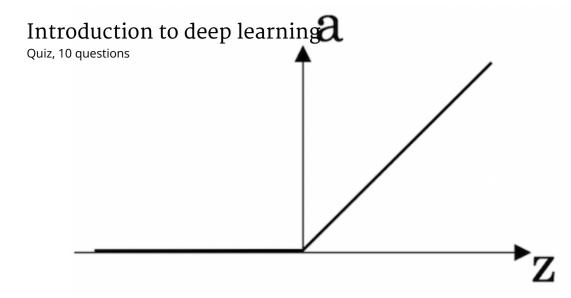


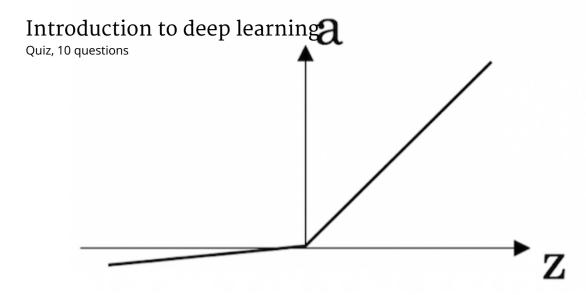
Figure 3:



Correct

Correct! This is the ReLU activation function, the most used in neural networks.

Figure 4:



×

0/1 point

6.

Images for cat recognition is an example of "structured" data, because it is represented as a structured array in a computer. True/False?

True

False



1/1 point



Addennographic dataset with statistics on different cities' population, GDP per capita, economic growth is an example of "unstructured" data because it contains data coming from different sources. True/False?

True



Correct

A demographic dataset with statistics on different cities' population, GDP per capita, economic growth is an example of "structured" data by opposition to image, audio or text datasets.



0/1 point

Why is an RNN (Recurrent Neural Network) used for machine translation, say translating English to French? (Check all that apply.)

It can be trained as a supervised learning problem.

This should be selected

lt is strictly more powerful than a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN).



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It is applicable when the input/output is a sequence (e.g., a sequence of words).



Correct

Yes. An RNN can map from a sequence of english words to a sequence of french words.



RNNs represent the recurrent process of Idea->Code->Experiment->Idea->....

Un-selected is correct

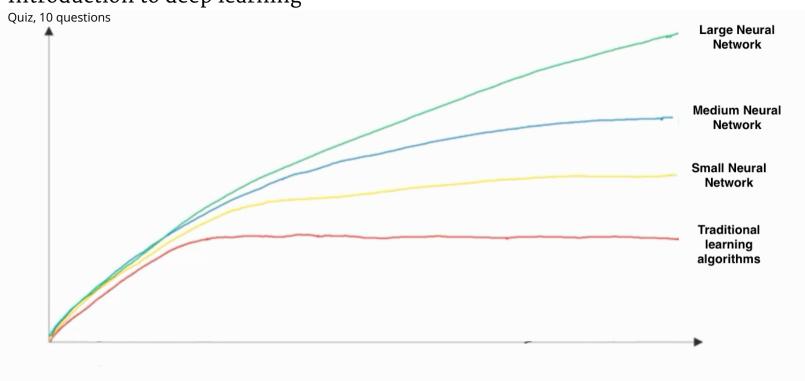


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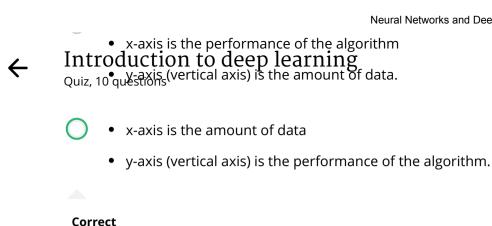
point

9.

In this diagram which we hand-drew in lecture, what do the horizontal axis (x-axis) and vertical axis (y-axis) represent? $Introduction\ to\ deep\ learning$



- x-axis is the amount of data
 - y-axis is the size of the model you train.
- x-axis is the input to the algorithm
 - y-axis is outputs.





1/1 point

10.

Assuming the trends described in the previous question's figure are accurate (and hoping you got the axis labels right), which of the following are true? (Check all that apply.)

Increasing the training set size generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.

Correct

Yes. Bringing more data to a model is almost always beneficial.

Increasing the size of a neural network generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.

Correct

Yes. According to the trends in the figure above, big networks usually perform better than small networks.

