

CSC3150 Project 1 by 121090697 Jiayan Yang

1. Setup of the environment

1.1 Basic Environment.

I am using VMware Workstation 17 and my version of ubuntu is 20.04 . My kernel's version is 5.10.197 .

1.2 Modification to the Kernel

As program2 asks us to do a little bit modification to the original kernel, I have done the following changes:

(1). In kernel/fork.c:

Add `EXPORT_SYMBOL(kernel_clone)` after the definition of function `kernel_clone()` .

(2). In kernel/ exit.c:

Add `EXPORT_SYMBOL(do_wait)` after the definition of function `do_wait()` .

Delete the `static` announcement of `do_wait()` .

(3). In fs/exec.c:

Add `EXPORT_SYMBOL(do_execve)` after the definition of function `do_execve()` .

Delete the `static` announcement of `do_execve()` .

(4). In fs/namei.c:

Add `EXPORT_SYMBOL(getname_kernel)` after the definition of function `getname_kernel()` .

2. Task 1

2.1 Program Design

The task requires us to run a process under user mode. So my program will do it in following procedures:

(1). Use `fork()` to fork a child process in user mode.

- (2). Then use `exec1()` to execute the test program in child process
- (3). Use `waitpid()` in the main process to wait the child process and fetch signal.
- (4). Process the signal.

2.2 Program Output

1.abort:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./abort
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47425
I'm the child process,my pid = 47426
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGABRT program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGABRT signal
```

2.alarm:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./alarm
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47485
I'm the child process,my pid = 47486
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGALRM program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGALRM signal
```

3.bus:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./bus
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47541
I'm the child process,my pid = 47542
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGBUS program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGBUS signal
```

4.floating:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./floating
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47603
I'm the child process,my pid = 47604
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGFPE program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGFPE signal
```

5.hangup:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./hangup
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47627
I'm the child process,my pid = 47628
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGHUP program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGHUP signal
```

6.illegal_instr:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./illegal_instr
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47723
I'm the child process,my pid = 47724
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGILL program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGILL signal
```

7.interrupt:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./interrupt
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47776
I'm the child process,my pid = 47777
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGINT program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGINT signal
```

8.kill:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./kill
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47804
I'm the child process,my pid = 47805
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGKILL program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGKILL signal
```

9.normal:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./normal
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47833
I'm the child process,my pid = 47834
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the normal program

-----CHILD PROCESS END-----
Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Normal termination with EIXT STATUS 0
```

10.pipe:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./pipe
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47883
I'm the child process,my pid = 47884
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGPIPE program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGPIPE signal
```

11.quit:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./quit
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47899
I'm the child process,my pid = 47900
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGQUIT program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGQUIT signal
```

12.segment:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./segment_fault
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47928
I'm the child process,my pid = 47929
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGSEGV program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGSEGV signal
```

13.stop:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./stop
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47969
I'm the child process,my pid = 47970
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGSTOP program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGSTOP signal
```

14.terminate:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./terminate
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 47997
I'm the child process,my pid = 47998
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGTERM program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGTERM signal
```

15.trap:

```
● (base) amaryllis@amaryllis-virtual-machine:~/3150/program1$ ./program1 ./trap
Process start to fork
I'm the parent process,my pid = 48013
I'm the child process,my pid = 48014
Child process start to execute test program
-----CHILD PROCESS START-----
This is the SIGTRAP program

Parent process receives SIGCHLD signal
Child process get SIGTRAP signal
```

2.3 What I learnt from the task

I have learnt how to create a child process and make use of them, how to execute other programs in the process by using `execve()`, and also some knowledge on how to deal with the signal sent by child process.

3. Program 2

3.1 Program Design

- (1). Use `kthread_create()` to create a kernel thread.
- (2). Fork the process by using `my_fork()`.
- (3). Execute the test program in the child process by using `do_execve()`.
- (4). Create a new thread by `kernel_clone()`.
- (5). Use `my_wait()` function to wait the signal from the child process, and then Process it.

3.2 Program Output

I use SIGABRT signal to test it, and it works well:

```
[ 6793.673998] [program2] : module_init
[ 6793.674000] [program2] : module_init create kthread start
[ 6793.674303] [program2] : module_init kthreads start
[ 6793.674361] [program2] : The child process has pid = 46702
[ 6793.674362] [program2] : This is the parent process, pid = 46701
[ 6793.674461] [program2] : child process
[ 6793.803719] [program2] : get SIGABRT signal
[ 6793.803721] [program2] : child process terminated
[ 6793.803722] [program2] : The return signal is 6
[ 6932.471585] [program2] : module_exit
```

3.3 What I learnt from the task

- (1). How to modify kernel files and install a new kernel.
- (2). How to insert/remove modules to kernel.

4. Bonus

Due to limited skills I gave up the bonus part.