



University of Calabria



Department of Mathematics and Computer Science

Master Thesis in Computer Science

Multiclass Classification of Biosignals using several Supervised Learnign approaches

In collaboration with



Ciências
ULisboa

Faculty of Sciences of the
University of Lisbon



instituto de
telecomunicações

IT-Institute of
Technology of Lisbon

Supervisors:

Prof. Francesco Ricca

Prof. Mário Calha

Candidate:

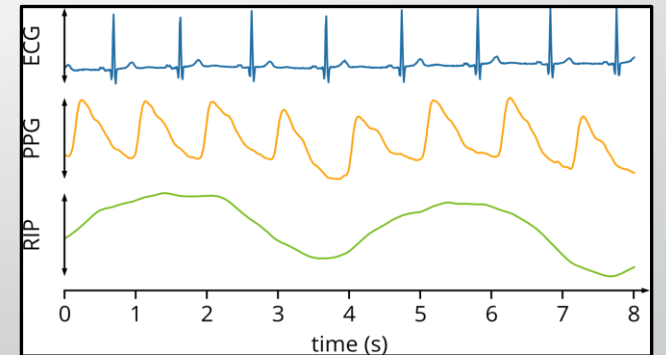
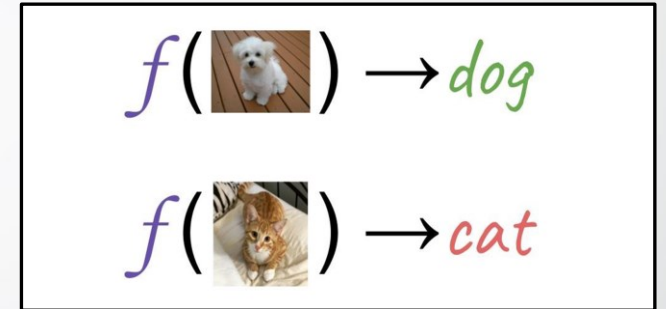
Davide Amato

ID 199670

Academic Year 2020/2021

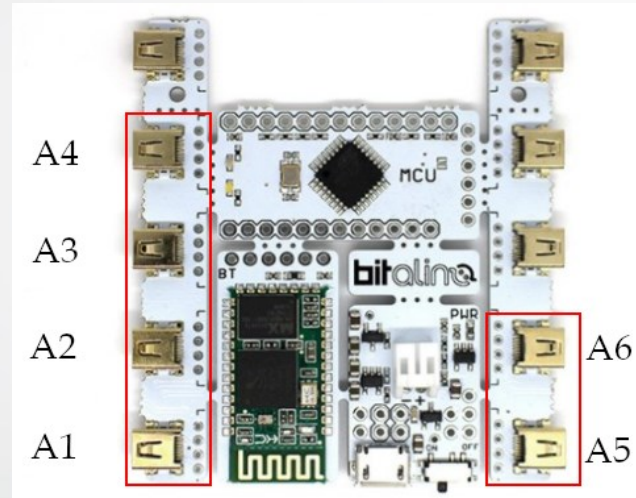
Context

- Classification problem
- Biosignals
(ECG, EMG, EDA,...)



Problem

- Problem faced by IT with its project BITalino



**Users must tell the program which sensor
they have plugged-in in which port!**

Leads to

Unlabeled data

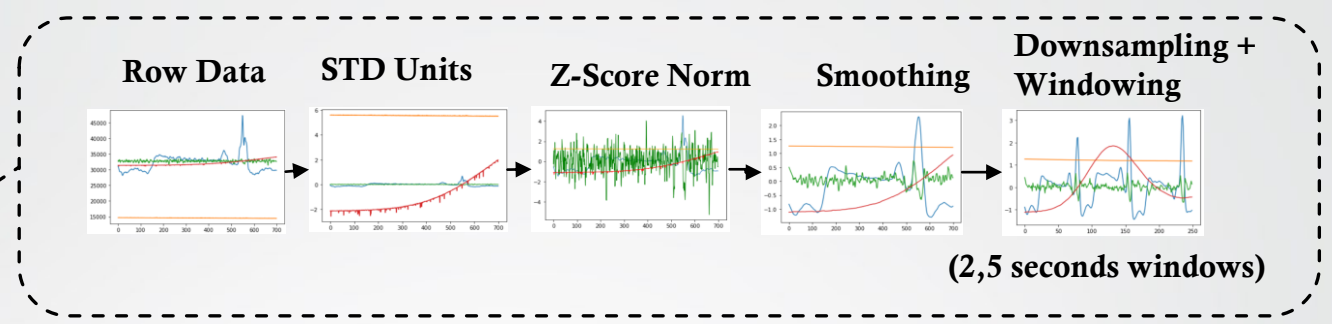
Objective
of the work

Automatize classification of biosignals with
Machine Learning

Workflow



Preprocessing steps
(Common to all approaches)



fork

1st Approach

Statistical Feature Extraction
(Mean, Std dev., Kurtosis,
Skewness)

Create Feature and
Label Vectors

SVM

KNN

RF

DNN

2nd Approach

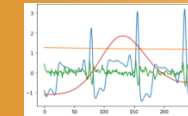
Create Feature and
Label Vectors

W-DNN

1D-CNN

3rd Approach

Recurrence Plots generation



Create Feature and Label Vectors

2D-CNN

Conclusions

Very promising results!

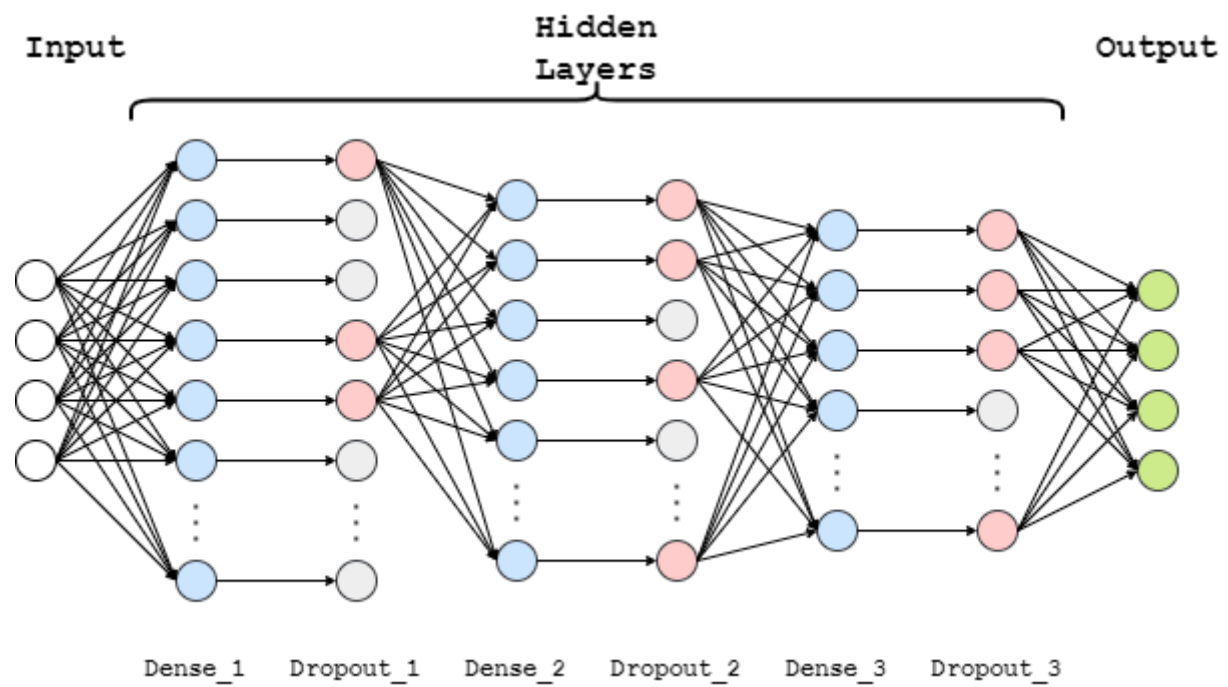
Better than the one achieved by the BITalino's Team in recent paper (96,7%)

Approach	Model	Accuracy
1st	SVM	95,84%
1st	KNN	97,66%
1st	RF	98,74%
1st	DNN	99,15%
2nd	W-DNN	98,80%
2nd	1D-CNN	99,74%
3rd	2D-CNN	99,62%

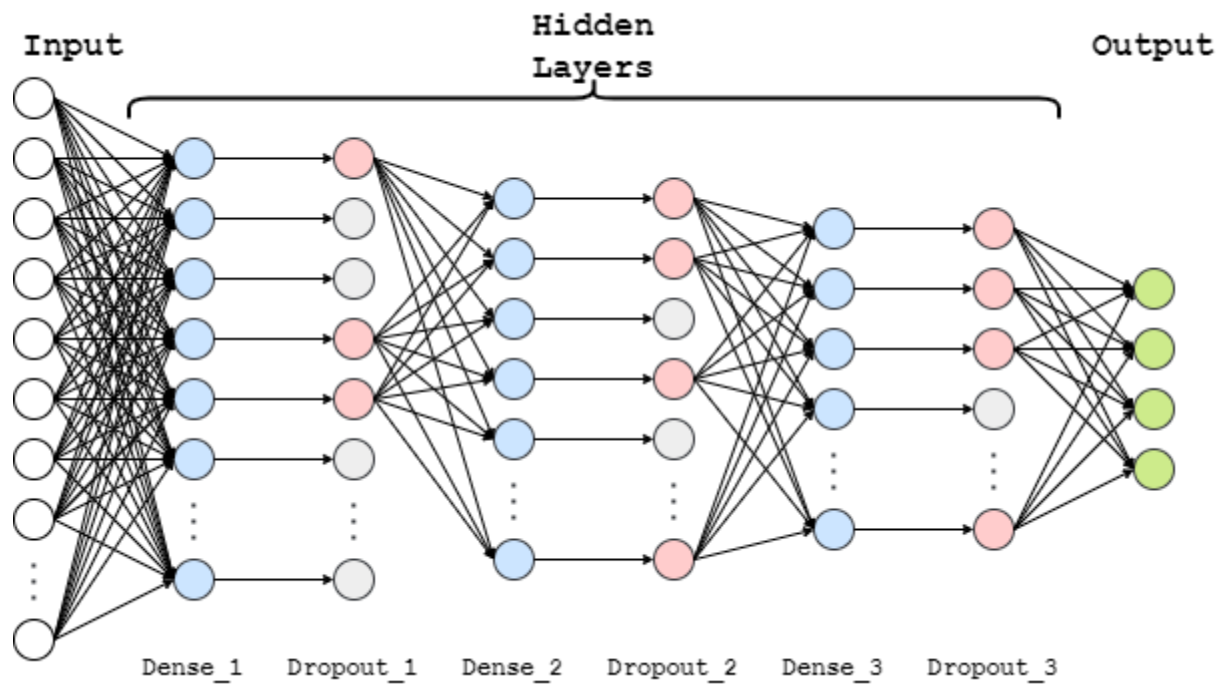
Showing a tendency of Neural Network models to outperform classical ones

Thanks for your
attention!

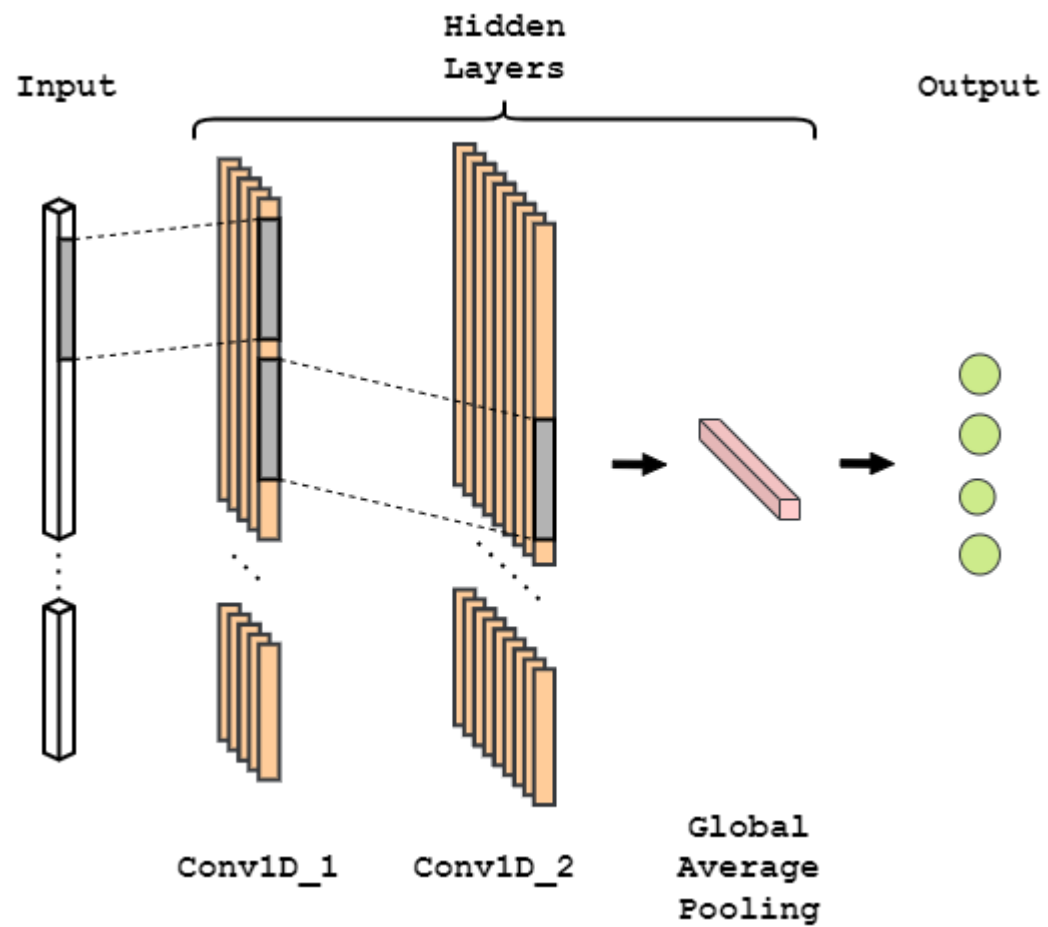




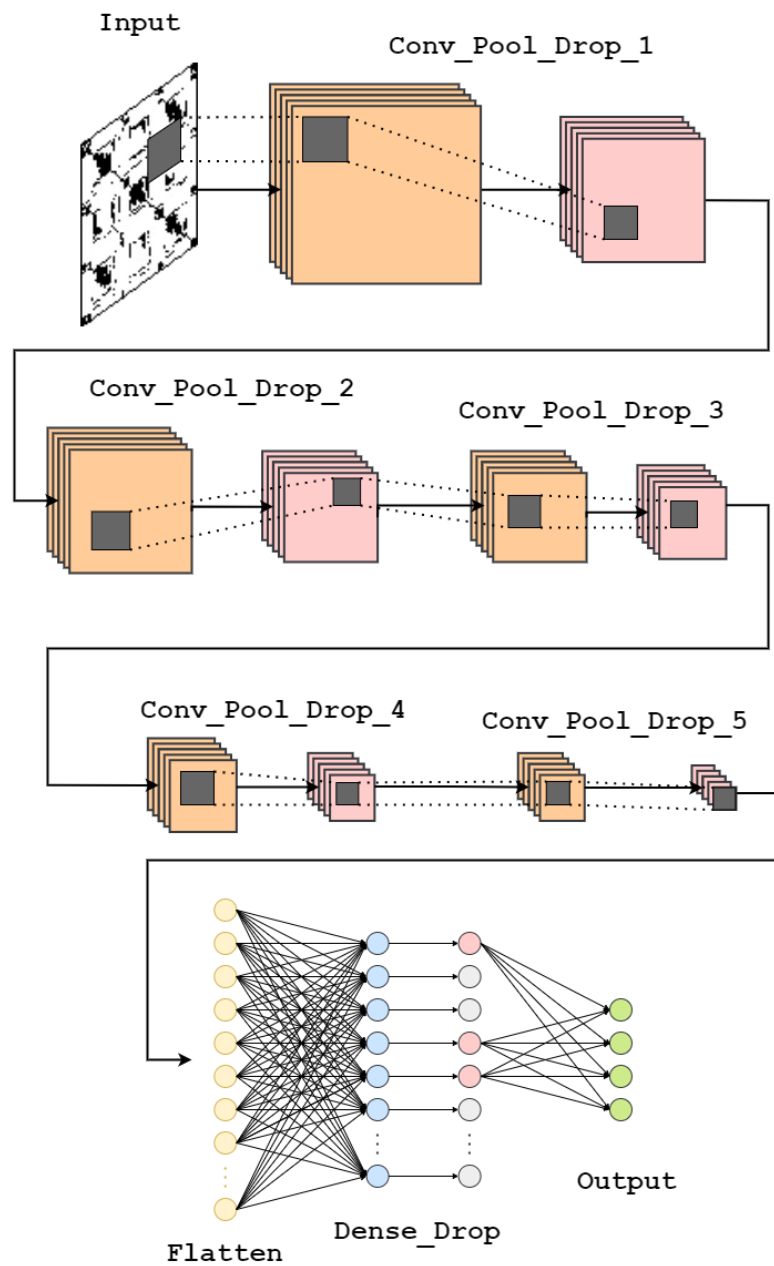
DNN
(1st approach)



W-DNN
(2nd approach)



1D-CNN
(2nd approach)



2D-CNN

(3rd approach)