COMP 53: Search and Sort Lab, part 2

Instructions: In this lab, we are going to review selection sort and insertion sort.

- Get into groups of at most two people to accomplish this lab.
- At the top of your source code files list the group members as a comment.
- Each member of the group must individually submit the lab in Canvas.
- This lab includes **20 points** in aggregate. The details are given in the following.

1 city.h

Use city.h from the previous lab without any modifications.

2 main.cpp

In main.cpp do the following step by step:

- 1. Globally define array cityArray[] consisting of cities with the following details:
 - (a) Los Angeles with population of 4 million
 - (b) San Diego with population of 1.5 million
 - (c) San Francisco with population of 900 thousand
 - (d) Sacramento with population of 500 thousand
 - (e) Stockton with the population of 300 thousand
 - (f) Redding with the population of 90 thousand
 - (g) Las Vegas with the population of 700 thousand
 - (h) Reno with the population of 300 thousand
 - (i) Portland with the population of 700 thousand
 - (j) Seattle with the population of 750 thousand
 - (k) Eugene with the population of 200 thousand
- 2. Globally define a vector of City objects, without initial values. Call it cityVector (1 points).
- 3. Pass vectors to these functions as *reference*, and define them as *constant* if the functions are not allowed to modify them.
 - (a) Define function void initVector(...) that receives a vector of City objects, an array of elements of type City as a second input, and an integer as its third input. The third input represents the number of elements in the input array. Initialize the input queue with the elements existing in the input array (2 points).
 - (b) Define function void printCityVector(...) that receives a vector of City objects as input and prints the elements within the vector. *Hint*: You can use range-based for loops (2 points).
 - (c) Define function void citySelectionSort(...) that receives a vector of City objects as input. It does a selection sort on the vector according to the city populations (5 points).
 - (d) Define function void cityInsertionSort(...) that receives a vector of City objects as input. It does insertion sort on the vector according to the city populations (*5 points*).

In main () function do the following step by step, using the functions defined above:

- (i) Initialize cityVector according to array cityArray[] using the function defined above (1 points).
- (ii) Print out the entries of cityVector, using the appropriate function defined above (1 points).
- (iii) Do selection sort on cityVector according to the city populations, and print out the updated vector. (*1 points*).
- (iv) Clear cityVector, re-initialize it according to array cityArray[], and print out the entries within the vector (*I points*).
- (v) Do insertion sort on cityVector according to the city populations, and print out the updated vector. (1 points).

The output of the program may look like the following:

Initializing cityVector with cityArray[]:

Los Angeles: 4000000 San Diego: 1500000 San Francisco: 900000 Sacramento: 500000

Eugene: 200000

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Stockton: 300000
Redding: 90000
Las Vegas: 700000
Reno: 300000
Portland: 700000
Seattle: 750000
Eugene: 200000
Selection sort on cityVector:
Redding: 90000
Eugene: 200000
Stockton: 300000
Reno: 300000
Sacramento: 500000
Las Vegas: 700000
Portland: 700000
Seattle: 750000
San Francisco: 900000
San Diego: 1500000
Los Angeles: 4000000
Re-initializing cityVector with cityArray[]:
Los Angeles: 4000000
San Diego: 1500000
San Francisco: 900000
Sacramento: 500000
Stockton: 300000
Redding: 90000
Las Vegas: 700000
Reno: 300000
Portland: 700000
Seattle: 750000
```

Insertion sort on cityVector:

Redding: 90000 Eugene: 200000 Stockton: 300000 Reno: 300000

Sacramento: 500000 Las Vegas: 700000 Portland: 700000 Seattle: 750000

San Francisco: 900000 San Diego: 1500000 Los Angeles: 4000000