

# Statistics Note (Dgy - 3)

By Krish Naik Sir



## Agenda

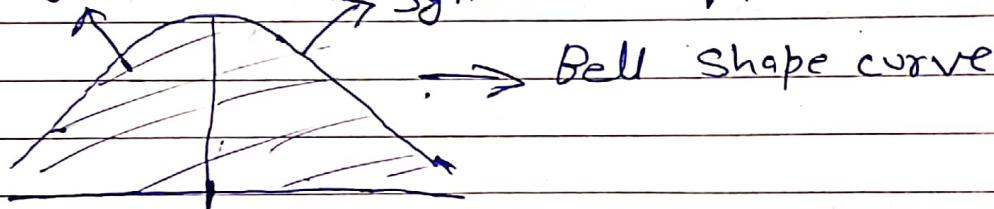
- ① Normal Distribution
- ② Standard Normal Distribution.
- ③ Z-Score
- ④ Standardization And Normalization .

~~①~~

### Normal Distribution | Gaussian :-

1  $\geq 10\%$

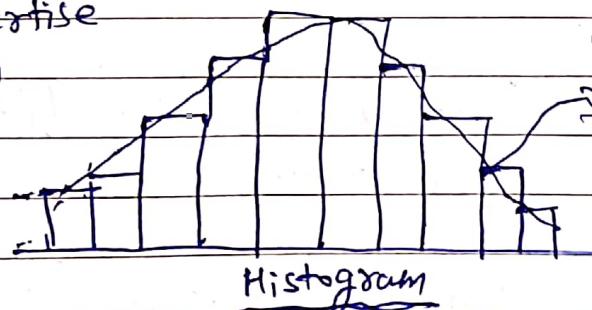
Symmetrical (Both side)



Age, weight, height  $\rightarrow$  Distributions

Domain expertise  
(Doctors)

Kernel density estimation,  
[Kde]



### IRIS Dataset

Petal length, Sepal length, petal width,  
Sepal width



Gaussian Distribution  
(will be follow)

~~(8) Always Refer wikipedia Search:-~~

Subject \_\_\_\_\_

MON TUE WED THR FRI SAT SUN



## Empirical Rule of Normal Distribution

~~(\*) Gaussian / Normal Distribution~~

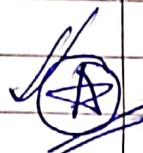


Assumptions of the data,,

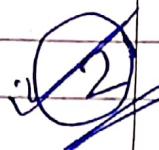


## Empirical Formula | Rules

→ 68 - 95 - 99.7 % Rule,,



Q-Q Plot → Distribution is Gaussian or Not?



## Standard Normal Distribution:-

Note:-  $\mu$  = mean,  $\sigma \rightarrow$  Standard Deviation

$X \approx$  Gaussian Distribution  $(\mu, \sigma)$

$y \approx$  SND  $(\mu=0, \sigma=1)$

~~(\*) Converting  $X$  Distribution to  $y$  Distribution By using your writing partner~~

$$Z\text{-Score} = \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma}$$

Eg.  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$$\mu = 3$$

$$\sigma = 1.41$$

(let),

 $\mu$  = mean $\sigma$  = Standard Deviation

n = Sample Size

~~(\*)~~ Z-score =  $\frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$

⇒ Standard Error  
 $\sqrt{n}$ 

Inferential Stats.

let,  $n = 1$

~~(\*)~~ Z-score =  $\frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma}$

Eg. :-  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

Given,  $\mu = 3, \sigma = 1.414,$

$$= \frac{1-3}{1.414} = -1.414$$

$$= \frac{2-3}{1.414} = -0.707$$

$$= \frac{4-3}{1.414} = \frac{1}{1.414} = 1.414$$

your writing partner

$y = \{-1.414, -0.707, 0, 0.707, 1.414\}$

$$\cancel{y = (-1.414, -0.707, 0, \dots)}$$

~~Why??~~ Standardization  $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mu=0 \\ \sigma=1 \end{cases}$

~~Age~~ (years) Weight (Kg) Height (cm)

$\mu = 0$	24	72	150
$\sigma = 1$	26	78	160
	32	84	165
	33	92	170
	34	87	150
	28	83	180
	29	80	175

Same Scale

Machine Learning

Math Equations

~~Algorithm  $\Rightarrow$  Mathematical Model~~

.. (mathematical calculation take more time)

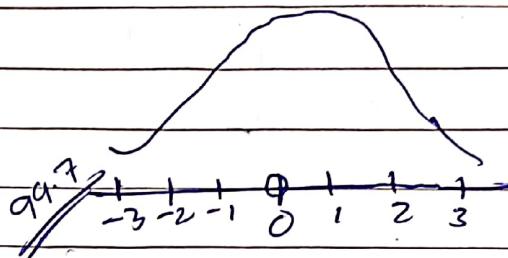
~~A~~Feature Scaling

or

Normalization~~or~~Standardization [z-score]

[0-1] [-1, 1]

$$\mu = 0, \sigma = 1$$

[-3  $\leftrightarrow$  3]~~N~~Normalization  $\Rightarrow$  [lower Scale  $\leftrightarrow$  Higher Scale]~~M~~Min Max Scaler [0-1]

$$x_{\text{scaled}} = \frac{x - x_{\text{min}}}{x_{\text{max}} - x_{\text{min}}}$$

~~(P)~~ Min Max Scaler [0-1]

~~Applying~~

$$X_{\text{scaled}} \Rightarrow \frac{X - X_{\min}}{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}$$

$$\frac{1-1}{5-1} = 0 \Rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{2-1}{5-1} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow 0.25$$

$$\frac{3-1}{5-1} = \frac{2}{4} \Rightarrow 0.5$$

$$\frac{4-1}{5-1} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow 0.75$$

$$\frac{5-1}{5-1} = \frac{4}{4} \Rightarrow 1$$

~~(y)~~

~~x~~  $\frac{x - x_{\min}}{x_{\max} - x_{\min}}$   $y$

1
2
3
4
5

0
0.25
0.5
0.75
1

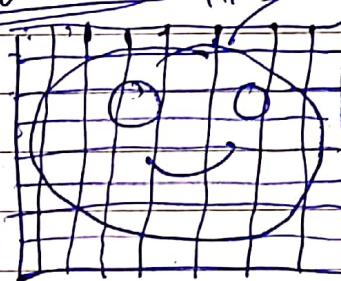
~~0 to 1~~

~~0 to 1~~

Apply ??

Deep Learning

~~(\*) Where Images Apply (0-255) pixels~~



0-255 pixel  
convert to  
 $[0-1]$  pixel

Normalization

Scale Down

Eg BE PHD NASA

BE BE BE

For communication we have to

## Revision

### ① Standardization:-

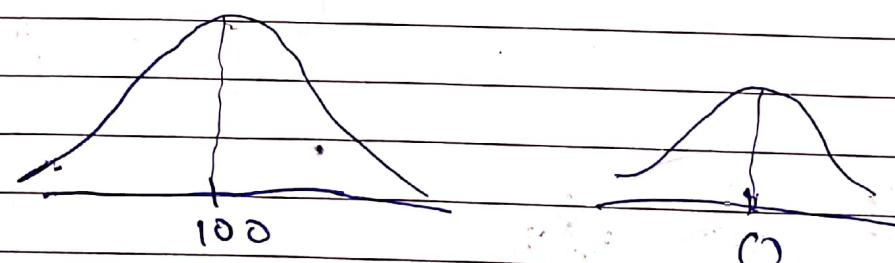
$$Z\text{-Score} = \frac{X_i - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$X \rightarrow \text{Normal Distribution } (\mu, \sigma)$   
 ↓  
 $Y \Rightarrow \text{SNID } (\mu=0, \sigma=1)$



Why do we do this :

→ Bring the feature in the same Scale.



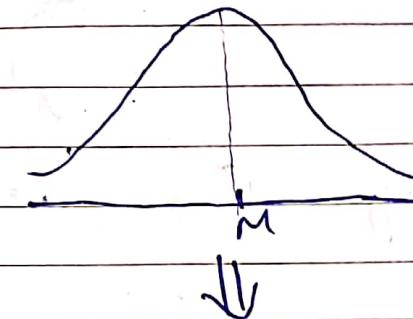
Scaling Down

~~(2) Normalization [0-1]~~

(a) Min Max Scaler  $\Leftrightarrow$  Standardization

$\Downarrow$   
ML

$\Downarrow$   
ML



Min Max Scaler



Log Normal Distribution :-

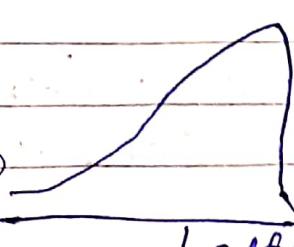
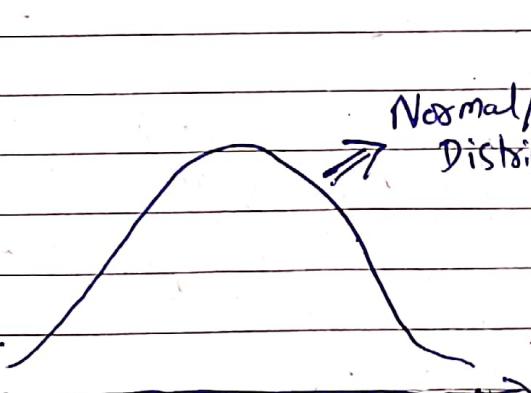
Normal/Gaussian Distribution

Log Normal Distribution

Richer

Max Wealth

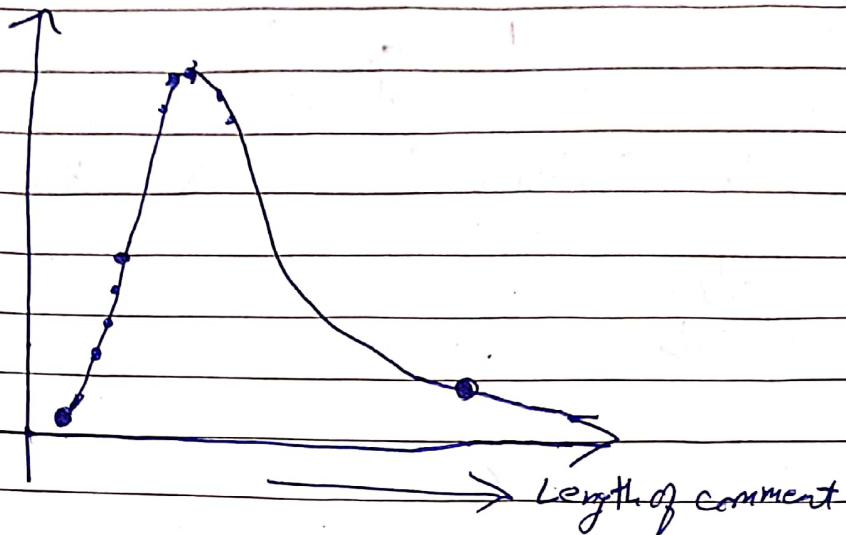
Wealth Distribution



your writing partner

Right skewed

Left skewed

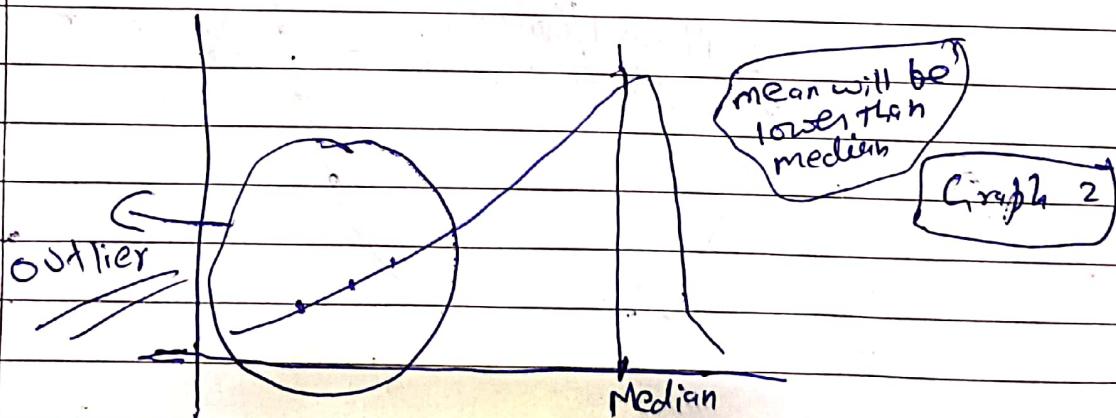
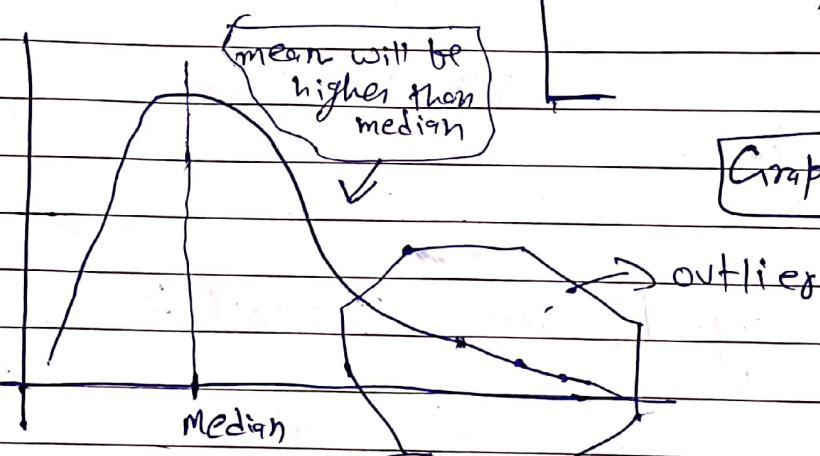


~~AP~~

Assignment

Relation of Mean,  
Median, Mode

Graph 1



~~Q2~~ From Ascending order give the relation of mean, median & mode ??

your writing partner

# ① Log Normal Distribution is Only

MON TUE WED THR FRI SAT SUN

Subject \_\_\_\_\_



(Log Normal Distribution Graph)

$X \approx \text{Log Normal Distribution}$

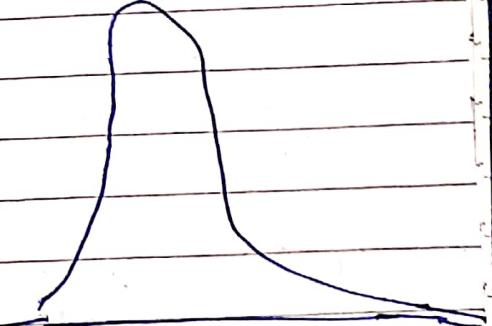
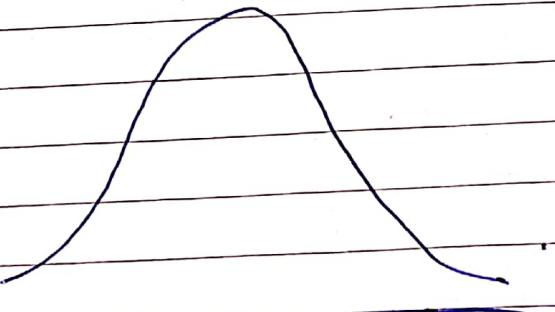
$$y = \ln(x)$$

$\ln = \log$  with the base e  
(Natural Log)

$\log_e \Rightarrow \text{Natural Log}$



Normal Distribution  
(Gaussian Dist)



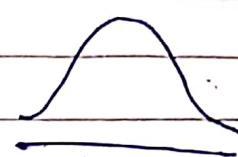
$$X \approx ND(\mu, \sigma) \Rightarrow \exp(x)$$

Anti Log

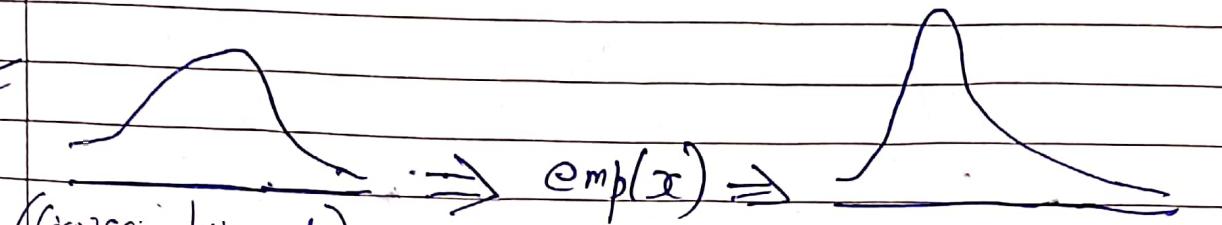


your writing partner

Some Questions~~Q.1~~

$$X \approx \text{LND} \Rightarrow \log_e(x) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{Gaussian/Normal Distribution} \\ \text{Distribution} \end{array} \Rightarrow \text{QOP}$$


~~Q.2~~

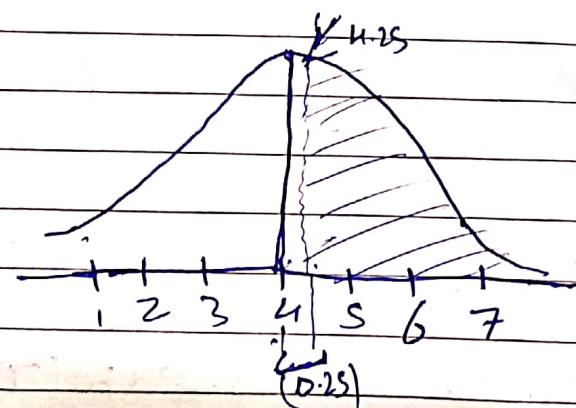
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Gaussian/Normal Distribution} \\ \text{Distribution} \end{array} \Rightarrow \exp(x) \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{Log Normal} \\ \text{Distribution} \end{array}$$


Problem Set~~Ej:~~

$$X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$\mu = 4$$

$$\sigma = 1$$

~~Quesh~~

your writing partner

Question

Q1 What is the percentage of score that falls above 4.25 ?  
 [where  $\mu = 4$   
 $\sigma = 1$ ]

[Area of entire curve = 1 ]

$$\text{Q1} \quad Z\text{-score} = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{4.25 - 4}{1} = 0.25$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.59 \Rightarrow 59\%$$

Q2 Z-table . (Area under the curve) [www.z-table.com]

$$\Rightarrow 0.25 \Rightarrow 0.59 \Rightarrow 59\% //$$

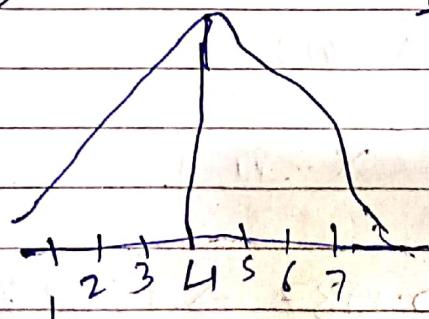
~~$\Rightarrow 0.59 \Rightarrow 59\%$~~

~~$\Rightarrow 1 - 0.59 \Rightarrow 0.41$~~

~~$\Rightarrow 41\%$~~

Q2 What is the percentage of score that falls below 3.75?

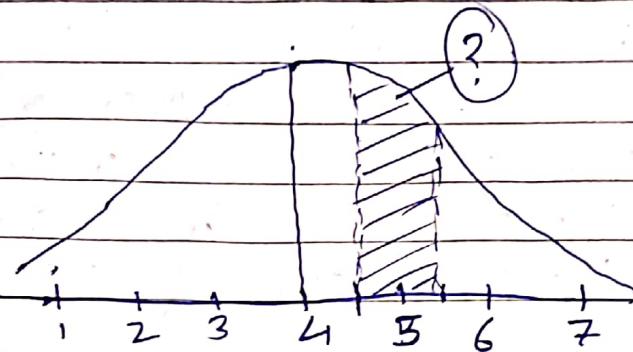
Soh then,  $\frac{3.75 - 4}{1} = \boxed{\cancel{3.75}} \quad \boxed{-0.25}$



$$-0.25 \Rightarrow 40\%$$

Problem Set

Q) What is the percentage of score that falls between 4.75 & 5.75?



Given

$$\mu = 4$$

$$\sigma = 1$$

$$Z\text{-score} \Rightarrow \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma}$$

Now,

[Find  $Z$ -table]

$$\text{for } 5.75 \Rightarrow \frac{5.75-4}{1} = 1.75 = 0.9599$$

$$\text{for } 4.75 \Rightarrow \frac{4.75-4}{1} = 0.75 = 0.7734$$

Now

$$\text{Value}(5.75 - 4.75)$$

$$\Rightarrow (0.9599 - 0.7734)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.1865$$

Appendix  
Area

$$\Rightarrow 18.65\%$$

(Q) In India the Average IQ is 100 with a Standard Deviation of 15, What is the percentage of population would you expect to have an IQ for:-

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)

Lower than 85  
Higher than 85  
Between the 85 and 100

Answer

{ 0.1587 }

{ 0.8413 }

{ 0.3413 }

(\*)

### Solution

Given,

$$\mu = 100$$

$$\sigma = 15$$

$$Z\text{-Score} = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma}$$

Lower than 85

(a)

$$\frac{85 - 100}{15} \Rightarrow \frac{-15}{15} \Rightarrow -1 \Rightarrow 0.1587 \Rightarrow 15.87\%$$

Higher than 85

(b)

$$1 - 0.1587 \Rightarrow 0.8413 \Rightarrow 84.13\%$$

Between 85 & 100

(c)

$$\text{for } 100 \Rightarrow \frac{100 - 100}{15} \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow 0.5$$

$$\text{for } 85 \Rightarrow \frac{85 - 100}{15} \Rightarrow \frac{-15}{15} \Rightarrow -1 \Rightarrow 0.1587$$

(\*) Between 85 & 100

$$\text{your writing partner} \Rightarrow 0.5 - 0.1587 = 0.3413$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{34.13\%}$$