Hive Case Study

By

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Problem Statement:-

With online sales gaining popularity, tech companies are exploring ways to improve their sales by analysing customer behaviour and gaining insights about product trends. Furthermore, the websites make it easier for customers to find the products they require without much scavenging. The clickstream data contains all the logs as to how you navigated through the website. From this, machine learning engineers or business analysts use this data to derive valuable insights.

Objective:-

For this Case Study, We have to work with a public clickstream dataset of a cosmetics store. Using this dataset, our job is to extract valuable insights which generally data engineers come up within an e-retail company. And required to provide answers to the questions given below:

- Find the total revenue generated due to purchases made in October.
- Write a query to yield the total sum of purchases per month in a single output.
- Write a query to find the change in revenue generated due to purchases from October to November.
- Find distinct categories of products. Categories with null category code can be ignored.
- Find the total number of products available under each category.
- Which brand had the maximum sales in October and November combined?
- Which brands increased their sales from October to November?
- Your company wants to reward the top 10 users of its website with a Golden Customer plan. Write a query to generate a list of top 10 users who spend the most.

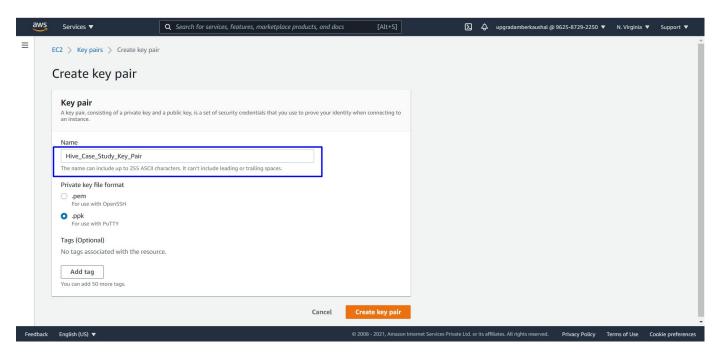
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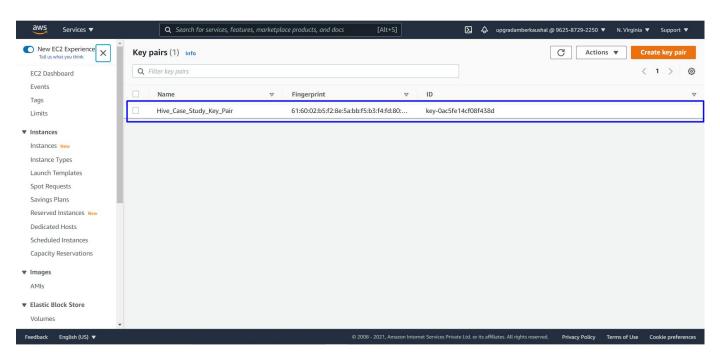
1. EMR Cluster Creation

a. Creating Key-Pair

First, we have to create Key-Pair with ppk format.

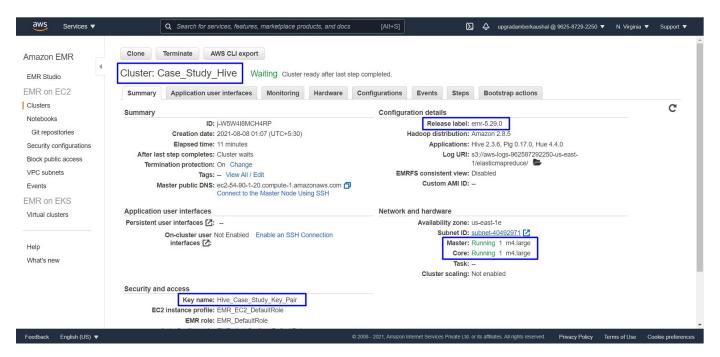


We have successfully created and downloaded the key-pair "Hive_Case_Study_Key_Pair". Please refer to below screenshot.

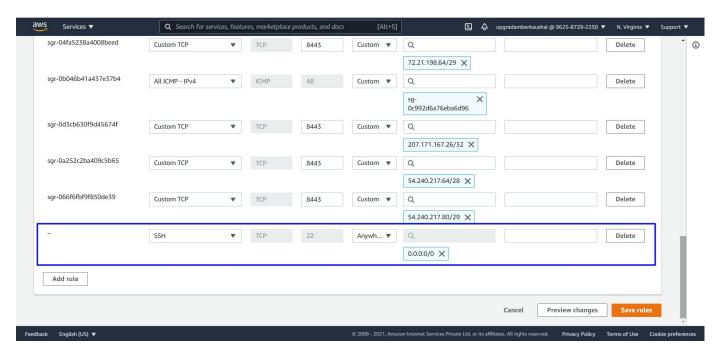


b. Cluster Creation

We have created the cluster "Case_Study_Hive" with emr-5.29.0 release and used a 2-node EMR cluster with both the master and core nodes as M4.large.

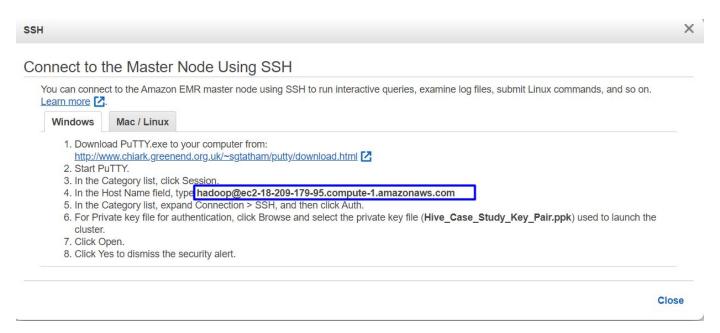


Now set the SSH rule to inbound rule for the Master node, if not created yet.

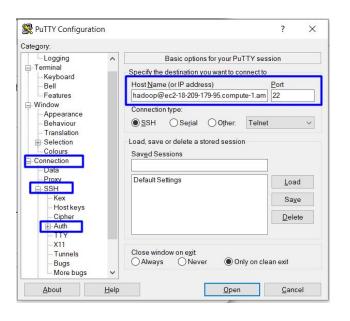


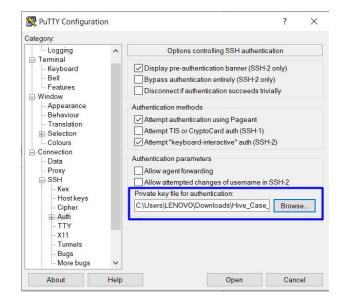
c. Connect The Master Node Through PUTTY

After the cluster reddy, we have to click on Master public DNS and copy the hostname hadoop@ec2-18-209-179-95.compute-1.amazonaws.com.



After the cluster reddy, we have to click on Master public DNS and copy the hostname hadoop@ec2-18-209-179-95.compute-1.amazonaws.com.





After the cluster reddy, we have to click on Master public DNS and copy the hostname hadoop@ec2-18-209-179-95.compute-1.amazonaws.com.

EMR CLI launched Successfully. Please Refer the Screenshot below:

2. Create New Directory

- We have to create a new directory "hivecasestudy" to load the data into the HDFS from s3.
- **Command:** hadoop fs -mkdir /user/hive/hivecasestudy
- And verifying whether new directory created or not.
- **Command:** hadoop fs -ls /user/hive/

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$ hadoop fs -mkdir /user/hive/hivecasestudy
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/hive/

Found 2 items
drwxr-xr-x - hadoop hadoop 0 2021-08-08 20:32 /user/hive/hivecasestud

y
drwxrwxrwt - hdfs hadoop 0 2021-08-08 18:52 /user/hive/warehouse
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$
```

The directory created successfully

To load the datasets into HDFS from S3, for that purpose we are going to use distributed copy command.

3. Load the Datasets into HDFS from S3

To load the datasets into HDFS from S3, for that purpose we are going to use distributed copy command.

Command:

hadoop distcp 's3://e-commerce-events-ml/*' '/user/hive/hivecasestudy/'

```
| Company | 1.3.5.77 | 3. madoog distop | 3.31/4-commerce-events.ml/* //wer/have/have.asestody/*
| 27/80/70 2715529 TNRO Cools:DistOp: Input Options: DistOpDistOp: Input Options: DistOpDistOpDistOp: Input Options: DistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOp: Input Options: DistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDistOpDist
```

```
Map-Reduce Framework
               Map input records=2
               Map output records=0
               Input split bytes=272
               Spilled Records=0
               Failed Shuffles=0
               Merged Map outputs=0
               GC time elapsed (ms)=1285
               CPU time spent (ms)=42640
               Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=1144143872
               Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=6595477504
               Total committed heap usage (bytes) = 956301312
       File Input Format Counters
               Bytes Read=626
       File Output Format Counters
               Bytes Written=0
       DistCp Counters
               Bytes Copied=1028381690
               Bytes Expected=1028381690
               Files Copied=2
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$
```

To Check the data sets in directory

Command: hadoop fs -ls /user/hive/hivecasestudy/

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/hive/hivecasestudy/
Found 2 items
-rw-r--r- 1 hadoop hadoop 545839412 2021-08-08 21:16 /user/hive/hivecasestudy/2019-Nov.csv
-rw-r--r- 1 hadoop hadoop 482542278 2021-08-08 21:16 /user/hive/hivecasestudy/2019-Oct.csv
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$
```

Files copied successfully into HDFS from S3 buckets

Showing the data in HDFS

Command: hadoop fs -cat /user/hive/hivecasestudy/2019-Nov.csv | head hadoop fs -cat /user/hive/hivecasestudy/2019-Oct.csv | head

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/hive/hive/casestudy/2019-Nov.csv | head
event_time, event_type, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session
2019-11-01 00:00:02 UTC.view, 5802432,1487580009286598681,...0.32,562076640,09fafddc-6c99-46b1-834f-33527f4de241
2019-11-01 00:00:09 UTC, cart, 58044397,14875800016317032337,...2.38,5533289724,2067216c-31b5-455d-a1cc-af0575a34ffb
2019-11-01 00:00:10 UTC, view, 5837166,1783999064103190764, pnb, 22.22,556138645,57ed222e-a54a-4907-9944-5a875c2d7f4f
2019-11-01 00:00:11 UTC, cart,5876812,14875800101002936677, jessnail,3.16,564508666,186c1951-8052-4b37-adce-dd644b1d5f7
2019-11-01 00:00:24 UTC, remove_from_cart,5826182,1487580007483048900,,,3.33,553329724,2067216c-31b5-455d-a1cc-af0575a34ffb
2019-11-01 00:00:24 UTC, remove_from_cart,5826182,1487580007483048900,,,3.33,553329724,2067216c-31b5-455d-a1cc-af0575a34ffb
2019-11-01 00:00:25 UTC,view,5856189,148758000926551821, runail,15.71,562076640,09fadd6c-6e99-46b1-834f-33527f4de241
2019-11-01 00:00:32 UTC,view,5837835,1933472286753424063,,,3.49,514649199,432a4e95-375c-4b40-ba36-0fc039e77580
2019-11-01 00:00:34 UTC, remove_from_cart,5870838,1487580007675986893,,milv,0.79,429913900,2f0bff3c-252f-4fe6-afcd-5d8a6a92839a
cart: Unable to write to output stream.
[hadoop@ip-172-31-52-97 ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /user/hive/hivecasestudy/2019-oct.csv | head
event time, event type, product id, category id, category code, brand, price, user_id, user_session
2019-10-01 00:00:00 UTC, cart,5773203,1487580005134238553, runail,2.62,463240011,26dd6e6e-4dac-4778-8d2c-92e149dab885
2019-10-01 00:00:00 UTC, cart,573203,1487580005134238553, runail,2.62,463240011,26dd6e6e-4dac-4778-8d2c-92e149dab885
2019-10-01 00:00:01 UTC, cart,5881549,1487580005134238553, runail,2.62,463240011,26dd6e6e-4dac-4778-8d2c-92e149dab885
2019-10-01 00:00:01 UTC, cart,5881589,2151191071051219817,10vely,13.48,429681830,49e8d843-adf3-428b-a2c3-fe8bc6a307c9
2019-10-01 00:00:01 UTC, cart,58857269,1487580003134238553, runail,2.62,430174032,733d
```

4. Launch Hive

We have added the data into the directory. Now we are going to launch hive **Command**: hive

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-51-218 ~]$ hive
Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j2.properties Async: false hive>
```

Let's view the databases

Command: show databases;

```
hive> show databases;
OK
default
Time taken: 0.655 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

We can see that only the default database is present. We have to create the database first.

5. Create The Database - clickstream

```
Command: CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS clickstream;
SHOW DATABASES;
DESCRIBE DATABASE clickstream;
USE clickstream;
```

hive> CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS clickstream ;

```
Time taken: 0.762 seconds

hive> SHOW DATABASES;

OK

clickstream

default

Time taken: 0.687 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)

hive> DESCRIBE DATABASE clickstream;

OK

clickstream

hdfs://ip-172-31-51-218.ec2.internal:8020/user/hive/warehouse/clickstream.db hadoop USER

Time taken: 0.073 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)

hive> USE clickstream;

OK

Time taken: 0.047 seconds

hive>
```

6. Creating The External Table - retaildata

Command: CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS retaildata (event_time timestamp, event_type string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/hive/hivecasestudy' TBLPROPERTIES ("skip.header.line.count"="1");

```
hive> CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS retaildata (event_time timestamp, even t_type string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, bran d string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) ROW FORMAT SERDE 'or g.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/hiv e/hivecasestudy' TBLPROPERTIES ("skip.header.line.count"="1");
OK
Time taken: 0.801 seconds
hive>
```

Describe the table

Command: DESCRIBE retaildata;

```
hive> DESCRIBE retaildata ;
OK
col name
                data type
                                 comment
                                                  from deserializer
event_time
                        string
                                                  from deserializer
event_type
                        string
product_id
                                                  from deserializer
                        string
category id
                        string
                                                  from deserializer
category_code
                        string
                                                  from deserializer
                                                  from deserializer
brand
                        string
price
                        string
                                                  from deserializer
user id
                                                  from deserializer
                        string
user_session
                        string
                                                  from deserializer
Time taken: 0.065 seconds, Fetched: 9 row(s)
hive>
```

To display the header of the table

Command: SET hive.cli.print.header = true;

Viewing the first five rows of the table

Command: SELECT * FROM retaildata LIMIT 5;

```
hive> SELECT * FROM retaildata LIMIT 5;
OK
retaildata.event time
                      retaildata.event type
                                               retaildata.product id
                                                                       retailda
ta.category id retaildata.category code
                                               retaildata.brand
                                                                       retailda
               retaildata.user id
                                    retaildata.user session
2019-11-01 00:00:02 UTC view
                               5802432 1487580009286598681
       562076640
                       09fafd6c-6c99-46b1-834f-33527f4de241
                               5844397 1487580006317032337
       553329724
                       2067216c-31b5-455d-a1cc-af0575a34ffb
2019-11-01 00:00:10 UTC view 5837166 1783999064103190764
                                                                       pnb
                       57ed222e-a54a-4907-9944-5a875c2d7f4f
       556138645
                                                                       jessnail
       564506666
                       186c1951-8052-4b37-adce-dd9644b1d5f7
2019-11-01 00:00:24 UTC remove from cart
                                               5826182 1487580007483048900
       553329724
                       2067216c-31b5-455d-a1cc-af0575a34ffb
Time taken: 2.178 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
```

Our base table is ready (retaildata), now we can run a query, we are taking Question one for testing purposes i.e. Find the total revenue generated due to purchases made in October.

Command: SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM retaildata WHERE MONTH(event_time)='10' AND event_type='purchase';

```
hive> SELECT SUM(price) AS total revenue FROM retaildata WHERE MONTH(event_time)='10' AND event_type='purchase';
Query ID = hadoop_20210809212550_1957088b-ac77-44b8-94a2-38a341cc5bc5
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1628530574915_0004)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 Reducer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0

VERTICES: 02/02 [==========>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 64.83 s

OK total_revenue
1211538.4299997438
Time taken: 65.517 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

Time Taken to execute the above query is 65.51 sec.

7. Partitioning & Bucketing

Time taken to compute that query on base table is too high it's time to optimize the table by partitioning and bucketing, we will try different combinations of partitioning & bucketing and execute the same query until we get an optimized table.

To enable the dynamic partitioning and bucketing we are going to use below commands

```
Command: SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode = nonstrict;
SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition = true;
SET hive.enforce.bucketing = true;
```

```
hive> SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode = nonstrict;
hive> SET hive.exec.dynamic.partition = true;
hive> SET hive.enforce.bucketing = true;
hive>
```

a. Creating Partition Table 1 - part_1_retaildata

We are going to partition on "event_type" and clustered by "price".

Command: CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_1_retaildata (event_time timestamp, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (event_type string) CLUSTERED BY (price) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE

'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_1_retaildata (event_time timestamp, produc t_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float , user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (event_type string) CLUSTE RED BY (price) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.0 penCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE ;
OK
Time taken: 0.069 seconds
```

Describe the newly created table

Command: DESCRIBE part_1_retaildata;

```
ve> DESCRIBE part_1_retaildata ;
                data_type
ol name
                                   comment
event time
                                                    from deserializer
roduct id
                                                    from deserializer
ategory id
                                                     from deserializer
ategory_code
orand
                                                     from deserializer
                                                     from deserializer
                          string
                                                    from deserializer
user session
                          string
                                                     from deserializer
vent type
                          string
                         data_type
                                                    comment
vent type
vent_type string
ime taken: 0.13 seconds, Fetched: 14 row(s)
```

Now Inserting the data into the new optimized table (part_1_retaildata) from base table (retaildata)

Command: INSERT INTO TABLE part_1_retaildata PARTITION (event_type) SELECT event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type FROM retaildata;

```
hive> INSERT INTO TABLE part 1 retaildata PARTITION (event type) SELEC
T event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, us er_id, user_session, event_type FROM retaildata;
Query ID = hadoop 20210810212944 c9c7f369-328a-49d6-b690-e3325cf3daef
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Tez session was closed. Reopening...
 Session re-established.
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 162
8624052120 0012)
Map 1: 0/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+1)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
 Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Loading data to table clickstream.part 1 retaildata partition (event t
ype=null)
             Time taken to load dynamic partitions: 0.344 seconds
```

```
Loading data to table clickstream.part_1_retaildata partition (event_t ype=null)

Time taken to load dynamic partitions: 0.344 seconds
Time taken for adding to write entity: 0.004 seconds

OK
event_time product_id category_id category_code brandp
rice user_id user_session event_type
Time taken: 180.394 seconds
hive>
```

Now running the same query on the optimized table and note the time. **Command**: SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM part_1_retaildata WHERE MONTH(event time)='10' AND event type='purchase';

```
hive> SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM part_l_retaildata WHERE MONTH(event_time) = '10' AND event_type='purchase'; Query ID = hadoop_20210810213731_7a7aafeb-6fce-4cda-a883-3461afde6404 Total jobs = 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_162 8624052120_0012)

Map 1: 0/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0/41)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0(+1)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0(+2)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 0(+3)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 1(+3)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 1(+2)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 1(+2)/3 Reducer 2: 0/1
Map 1: 1(+2)/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 2(+1)/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 3/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 1/23/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 1/23/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 3/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 3/3 Reducer 2: 0(+1)/1
Map 1: 3/3 Reducer 2: 0/1)/1
OK
Total revenue
1211538.430000279
Time taken: 25.211 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

Time Taken to execute the above query is 25.211 sec.

b. Creating Partition Table 2 - part_2_retaildata

We are going to partition on "month" and clustered by "brand".

Command: CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_2_retaildata (event_time timestamp, event_type string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (month int) CLUSTERED BY (brand) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_2_retaildata (event_time timestamp, event_type string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (month int) CLUSTERED BY (brand) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hi ve.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;
OK
Time taken: 0.104 seconds
hive>
```

Now Inserting the data into the new optimized table (part_2_retaildata) from base table (retaildata)

Command: INSERT INTO TABLE part_2_retaildata PARTITION (month) SELECT event_time, event_type, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, MONTH(CAST(REPLACE(event_time,'UTC',' ') AS timestamp)) FROM retaildata;

```
vent_type, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_s
ession, MONTH(CAST(REPLACE(event_time,'UTC','') AS timestamp)) FROM retaildata;
Query ID = hadoop 20210811174356 36cc4fc7-21f9-45fb-a6be-33ca36ac89e2
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1628701152532
Map 1: 0/2
                 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0/2
                 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+1)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2
                 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 0(+2)/2 Reducer 2: 0/5
Map 1: 2/2
                  Reducer 2: 3(+2)/5
Map 1: 2/2
                  Reducer 2: 4(+1)/5
Map 1: 2/2
                  Reducer 2: 4(+1)/5
Map 1: 2/2
                  Reducer 2: 5/5
Loading data to table clickstream.part_2_retaildata partition (month=null)
          Time taken to load dynamic partitions: 0.152 seconds
          Time taken for adding to write entity: 0.0 seconds
OK
                                   product id
                                                      category id
                                                                        category_code b
event time
                  event type
                user_id user_session
rand
         price
Time taken: 177.59 seconds
hive>
```

hive> INSERT INTO TABLE part 2 retaildata PARTITION (month) SELECT event time, e

Now running the same query on the optimized table 2 and note the time. **Command**: SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM part_2_retaildata WHERE MONTH(event time)='10' AND event type='purchase';

```
nive> SELECT SUM(price) AS total revenue FROM part 2 retaildata WHERE MONTH(event time)='10' AND event type='purchase';
Query ID = hadoop_20210811180052_97aef317-c96a-487d-94b0-d54950fd9d8f
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1628701152532 0004)
       VERTICES
                                 STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
Map 1 ..... container
                              SUCCEEDED
Reducer 2 ..... container
                             SUCCEEDED
                                          =>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 82.44 s
ERTICES: 02/02 [=
total revenue
1211538.4300000907
Time taken: 83.094 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

Time Taken to execute the above query is 83.094 sec.

c. Creating Partition Table 3 - part_3_retaildata

We are going to partition on "event type" and clustered by "user id".

Command: CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_3_retaildata (event_time timestamp, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (event_type string) CLUSTERED BY (user_id) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE

'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS part_3_retaildata (event_time timestamp, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) PARTITIONED BY (event_type string) CLUSTE RED BY (user_id) INTO 10 BUCKETS ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2 .OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;
OK
Time taken: 0.057 seconds
hive>
```

Now Inserting the data into the new optimized table (part_3_retaildata) from base table (retaildata)

Command: INSERT INTO TABLE part_3_retaildata PARTITION (event_type) SELECT event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type FROM retaildata;

Now running the same query on the optimized table 3 and note the time.

Command: SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE MONTH(event time)='10' AND event type='purchase';

Time Taken to execute the above query is 23.666 sec.

Optimized Table	Excution Time
part_1_retaildata	25.211 sec
part_2_retaildata	83.094 sec
part_3_retaildata	23.666 sec

From the above table, we can see that the execution time (23.666 sec) of the optimized table "part_3_retaildata" is less as compared to others. "part_3_retaildata" table is Partitioning on "event_type" and clustering by "user_id" so we are going to use that table for all the following analysis.

8. Answering The Questions

Q1. Find the total revenue generated due to purchases made in October.

Query: SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE MONTH(event_time)='10' AND event_type='purchase';

Insights:

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 23.66 sec.
- The total revenue generated due to purchases made in October is 1,211,538.43 /-
- **Q2.** Write a query to yield the total sum of purchases per month in a single output.

Query: SELECT MONTH(event_time) AS month, COUNT(event_type) AS sum_purchases FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE event_type = 'purchase' GROUP BY MONTH(event_time);

```
hive> SELECT MONTH(event time) AS month, COUNT(event_type) AS sum_purchases FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE event_type = 'purchase' GROUP BY MONTH(event_time);
Query ID = hadoop_20210811193120_b62b5ccc-7fa9-4fe5-88aa-3e57c4178cad
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1628701152532_0007)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

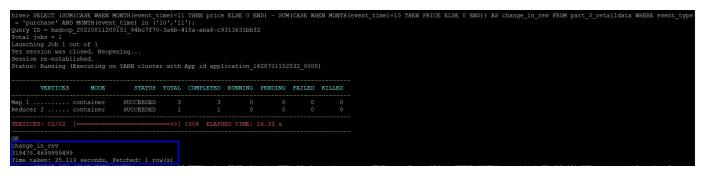
Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 3 3 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0
VERTICES: 02/02 [------->] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 23.11 s

OK
month sum_purchases
10 245624
11 322417
Time taken: 23.826 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)
```

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 23.826 sec.
- The Sum of purchases in November month is 322417 which is higher than October month purchases 245624. We can conclude that the number of purchases increased in November month.

Q3. Write a query to find the change in revenue generated due to purchases from October to November.

Query: SELECT (SUM(CASE WHEN MONTH(event_time)=11 THEN price ELSE 0 END) - SUM(CASE WHEN MONTH(event_time)=10 THEN PRICE ELSE 0 END)) AS change_in_rev FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE event_type = 'purchase' AND MONTH(event_time) IN ('10','11');



Insights:

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 35.113 sec.
- The change in revenue generated from October to November is 319478.47/-

Q4. Find distinct categories of products. Categories with null category code can be ignored.

Query: SELECT DISTINCT SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] AS category FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE category_code != ";

```
nive> SELECT DISTINCT SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] AS category FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE category_code != '';
Query ID = hadoop_20210811204126_aedcbdef-2b4f-4fbc-877b-eedcfa455789
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application 1628701152532 0011)
                                 STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED
       VERTICES
                     MODE
Map 1 ..... container
                              SUCCEEDED
Reducer 2 ..... container
 ERTICES: 02/02 [==
                                           =>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 63.19 s
category
furniture
appliances
accessories
apparel
sport
stationery
 ime taken: 63.79 seconds, Fetched: 6 row(s)
```

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 63.79 sec.
- We have found a total 6 number of distinct product categories: furniture, appliances, accessories, apparel, sport, stationary

Q5. Find the total number of products available under each category.

Query: SELECT SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] AS Category, COUNT(product_id) AS no_of_products FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE category_code != '' GROUP BY SPLIT(category_code,'\\.')[0] ORDER BY no_of_products DESC;

Insights:

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 71.831 sec.
- "appliances" has the highest number of products,
- "Sport" category has the least number of products,
- The number of products in the range of 23000 to 27000 is available in the "furniture" & "stationery" category

Q6. Which brand had the maximum sales in October and November combined?

Query: SELECT brand, SUM(price) AS max_sales FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE brand <>'' AND event_type='purchase' GROUP BY brand ORDER BY max_sales DESC LIMIT 1;

```
hive> SELECT brand, SUM(price) AS max_sales FROM part 3 retaildata WHERE brand <>'' AND event_type='purchase' GROUP BY brand ORDER BY max_sales DESC LIMIT 1;
Query ID = hadoop_20210811211939_d3ffbe63-e42f-4d12-9829-2f71f6570a42
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1628701152532_0013)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 3 3 0 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 .... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0 0
VERTICES: 03/03 [===========>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 21.72 s

OK
Drand max_sales
runail 148297.9399999968
Time taken: 22.446 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 22.446 sec.
- Brand "runail" has the maximum sales i.e. 148297.94 for both months combined
- Brand "runail" is quite popular among users.

Q7. Which brands increased their sales from October to November?

Query: WITH monthly_sales AS (SELECT brand, SUM(CASE WHEN date_format(event_time, 'MM')=10 THEN price ELSE 0 END) AS Oct_sales, SUM(CASE WHEN date_format(event_time, 'MM')=11 THEN price ELSE 0 END) AS Nov_sales FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE event_type='purchase' AND date_format(event_time, 'MM') IN ('10', '11') GROUP BY brand) SELECT brand, Oct_sales, Nov_sales, Nov_sales-Oct_sales AS Sales_diff FROM monthly_sales WHERE (Nov_sales - Oct_sales)>0 ORDER BY Sales_diff;

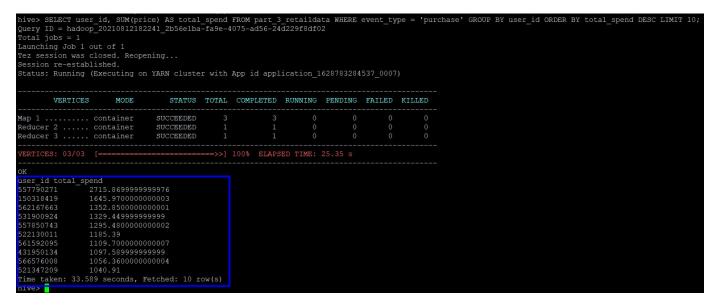
```
Now DITTS AGENTHAL AGENTHAL AGENT AGENT CARRAIN STREET, A CARRAIN AGE OF A SEA OF A
```

```
bpw.style 11572.150000000194
                                                        3265.290000000139
                                   14837.440000000333
3421.7799999999975
                                  7671.799999999962
                                                        4250.019999999964
                            76758.65999999993
runail 71539.2799999985
                                                 5219.380000000077
polarus 6013.720000000001
                           11371.930000000006
                                                 5358.210000000005
             8322.809999999989
                                  14536.99000000007
                                                        6214.1800000000082
cosmoprofi
jessnail
             26287.84000000018
                                   33345.230000000156
                                                        7057.389999999978
strong 29196.630000000012 38671.27000000001
                                                 9474.64
ingarden
             23161.39000000004
                                   33566.21000000022
                                                        10404.820000000178
lianail 5892.839999999985
                            16394.239999999998
                                                 10501.400000000012
uno
       35302.030000000086
                           51039.75000000007
                                                 15737.719999999987
grattol 35445.540000000045
                           71472.7100000033
                                                 36027.17000000325
       474679 06000001146
                           619509 2400000115
                                                 144830.18000000005
Fime taken: 44.135 seconds, Fetched: 161 row(s)
hive>
```

- Time Taken to execute the above query is 44.135 sec.
- Total 161 brands increased their sales from October to November

Q8. Your company wants to reward the top 10 users of its website with a Golden Customer plan. Write a query to generate a list of top 10 users who spend the most.

Query: SELECT user_id, SUM(price) AS total_spend FROM part_3_retaildata WHERE event_type = 'purchase' GROUP BY user_id ORDER BY total_spend DESC LIMIT 10;

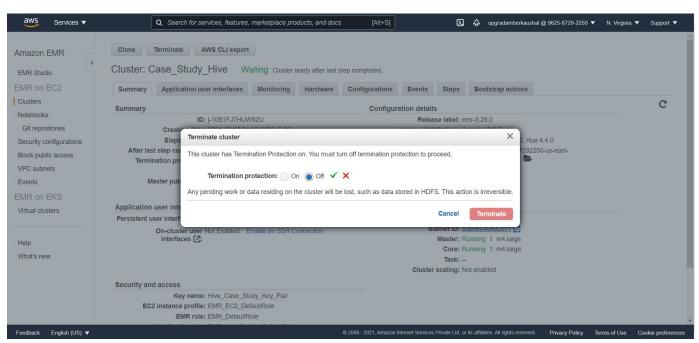


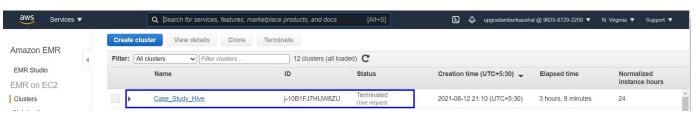
- Time Taken to execute the above query is 33.589 sec.
- We have got the list of the top ten users who spends the most. We can reward them with Golden Customer plan. It could attract new users.

9. Cleaning up

 We have done the analysis, Now deleting the database & terminating the cluster.

```
hive> drop database clickstream;
OK
Time taken: 0.155 seconds
hive> show databases;
OK
database_name
default
Time taken: 0.008 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```





Cluster Terminated
