Software Requirements Specification

for

Airline Flight Booking System

Version 1.1 approved

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Revision History

Name	Date	Reason For Changes	Version

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This SRS document presents a detailed description of the Airline Flight Booking system, version 1.0. It represents the client requirements analysis that defines the functional and non-functional requirements of the airline website and its different functionalities. It defines the abilities, reactions from stimuli, guidelines and limitations of the system. This document will be complete in its scope of the system and the functions required. The system provides a solution to allow the user to search for flights satisfying the user criteria, to reserve seats, to manage the user account, and to book a flight.

1.2 Document Conventions

The document follows the IEEE format standard (IEEE Std. 830 – 1998).

1.3 Intended Audience and Reading Suggestions

The intended audiences of this document are Dr. Chen, who is the client, software engineers, the spring 2009 CS5391 software engineering class and for anyone who has interest in software engineering.

1.4 Project Scope

The airline booking website is an application stored in the user server. The purpose of the website is to resolve the client to allow website users to perform tasks related to booking an airline flight. Non-member users are only allowed to search for available flights; non-member users are required to create an account in order to reserve a seat or to book a flight. Member users have the right to search for available flights, to reserve a seat, to book a flight, cancel a flight and to edit their member information. Member users are required to login into their account prior to flight booking.

1.5 References

- Pressman, Roger S. <u>Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach</u>. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 2005.
- Lecture slides

2. Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective

This project represents the initial version of the Airline Booking system. All requirements listed herein describe a self-contained system. At a high level, this project will allow a user to book flights, check flights, do account maintenance, and query flight information. The goal is to allow customers greater and easier access to the airline's booking system, twentyfour hours a day.

2.2 Product Features

We can subdivide the project into 7 main features. Details of each of the following functions can be found in Section 3.

2.2.1 Login

Description: This function allows a registered user to login his account using his

frequent flyer number with the airline and password. If a user is not registered, the website shall allow the user to enroll first. The system will check both the frequent flight number and password, when a user

attempts to login.

Rationale: This provides security to the system by authenticating each member

and provides confidence to the consumer that his/her personal

information is secure.

2.2.2 Enrollment

Description: This function allows unregistered user to enroll and to create a new account with the website. In order to create a new account, the user has to provide required information such as first name, last name, email address and password. Other optional information, such as phone number, credit card information and mailing address, can be provided during the registration process.

> The system checks if all required data are provided and then will prompt the user to enter additional information, if required. After all required information is provided, the system auto-generates a unique frequent flyer number that the user must use as username for future authentications. The system shall auto-generate this number in less than five seconds.

Rationale: A user who wishes to purchase flights and use advanced features,

must be logged in. However, without enrollment, a user can never be a member. This section offers all users a chance to become a member.

2.2.3 Book Flights

Description: The user can use the *Book Flights* function to purchase seats for an

airplane flight. The system shall present the user with information on all current flights. The user may then select a pair (departure and return) of flights on which to purchase seats. The user can indicate the number of seats and placement of such. Finally, the system shall guide

the user completely through the checkout process.

Rationale: The heart of the business is selling seats on flights. This section

provides the primary source of system transactions.

2.2.4 Reserve Seats

Description: The user can use the *Reserve Seat* function to reserve seats for an airplane flight. The seats to be reserved are initially found through the

user's previous bookings. These bookings were previously completed

through the *Book Flight* function (SEE 2.2.3).

The system shall display available seats for the departing and returning flights booked by the user. The user selects seats from each flight, where the number of selected seats from each flight is the number that the user booked on that particular flight. Once the flight

seats are selected, the user confirms the seat selection.

Rationale: Customers prefer to know where their seats are located. Further, they prefer to pick out particular seats – closer to the front, window seat,

aisle seat, etc.

From that point, the seats are removed from available/unreserved seats and the user's booking is linked to those particular seats. If the user fails to reserve a seat prior to flight takeoff, the user is randomly assigned a seat from available seats a 30 minutes prior to initial takeoff time. This function is offered immediately after booking the user can wait and use the function to book seats anytime after up until 30

minutes prior their flight

2.2.5 Flight Status

Description: This section shall allow the user – whether enrolled or not – to view flight information that matches input criteria. The user will provide:

- 1. A flight number and Date
 - OR
- 2. Departing/Arriving Cities and Date.

The system will display matching flight information including the following fields:

- Flight Number
- Departure City
- Arrival City
- Status (one of the following)
 - o In Flight
 - o At the Gate
 - Delayed
 - o On Time

Rationale:

Users will want to query the system to find flight information, even if they're not at an airport (e.g., on their mobile phone). By making this information available through the web site, we can provide an extra service to the customer and increase our company's value.

2.2.6 Flight Schedules

Description: This section of the system shall allow a user to query flight schedules based upon simple input criteria. The user will provide departure and arrival cities, and a departure/return date. If any flights match the criteria, the system will display the following information:

- Flight Number
- Departing City & Date/Time
- Arriving City & Date/Time
- Number of Available Seats

The system shall define a "matching" flight as one that uses the departure/arrival cities at a flight time greater or equal to the time provided by the user. Otherwise, the system shall alert the user that no matching flights can be found.

Rationale:

A customer will want to book flights based on his/her travel plans. This section provides the user a choice of available flights from which to pick.

2.2.7 My Account

Description: This section gives the user the power to view, save, edit or delete the information stored in his/her account. The user can check his/her accumulated points, look at the status of a flight that was booked, cancel a flight that was already booked (optional) and change his/her address, phone number, email or password. This feature is not available for non-registered user.

Rationale:

A customer's information changes from time to time. Giving the users a way to modify their account information allows the business to have current & updated information.

2.2.8 Logout

Description: The *Logout* section provides a way for the user to securely log out of

the system. This process will save all user operations when he/she exits the system. If a user wishes to continue accessing the website,

he/she must log-in again to access user features.

Rationale: Customers often use shared computers. Providing a way to clear state

and log-out gives our customers confidence that nobody else will use

their flight-booking session.

2.3 User Classes and Characteristics

The main actors in the system are (1) the user, (2) a flight and (3) a Flight Seat. The user will select a flight and book seats on the flight. They will then reserve specific seats on that flight. Brief descriptions of these classes follow:

User

o Has properties like Name, Address, Age

o Associated with Flight Miles accumulated and Credit Card information.

Flight

 Has properties like Departing/Arriving City, Departure/Arrival dates and times, Miles, and an identifying Flight Number.

Flight Seat

o Has properties of identifying seat number, reserved and flight number

Associated to Flight by flight number

Our user may be associated with multiple flights, and many users may be associated with any particular flight. Thus, a many-to-many relationship exists through the act of booking flights.

Flights are associated to many Flight Seats. Each Flight Seat is only attached to one Flight. So, this is a one-to-many relationship

The flight is but an object to be acted upon, so careful emphasis should be placed on satisfying the user in his/her booking experience. The user is our primary customer.

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3. System Features

This section provides detailed requirements for the website design, including functional requirements.

3.1 General Requirements

3.1.1 Login

Description and Priority: This function allows a registered user to login his account

using his frequent flyer number with the airline and password. If a user is not registered, the website should allow the user to enroll first. The system will check both the frequent flight number and password, when a user attempts to login.

In most case, the frequent flight number is convenient for both the user and system performance. The user easily memorizes his or her flight numbers but not a dull string. For the system, when provided the flight number, flight information will be delivered at the same time. Therefore, such operation reduces

the second query chance.

Theoretically, more than one record can retrieve by user's frequent flight number and password. Two or more users may have chosen the same password and same flight number. The way to break a tie is that system will go further to ask user's

email confirmation to identify.

Inputs: Frequent flyer number and password

Source: All inputs are provided by user.

Outputs: Indication that user is logged in to the system.

Destination: The outputs are displayed on the screen as well as stored in the

system.

Requires: The user provides login information including frequent flyer

number and password.

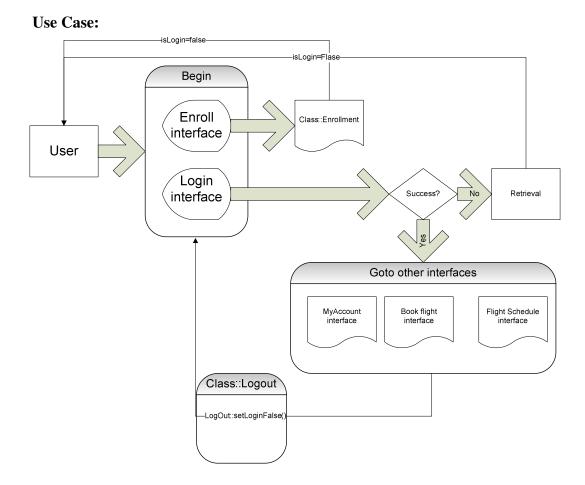
Pre-Conditions: User is not logged in to system. User has previously enrolled

in system.

Post-Conditions: User is logged in to system, OR user is not logged in because

he/she entered unrecognized information.

Side-Effects: None



3.1.2 Enrollment

Description and Priority:

This function allows unregistered user to enroll and to create a new account with the website. In order to create a new account, the user has to provide required information such as first name, last name, email address and password. Other optional information, such as phone number, credit card information and mailing address, can be provided during the registration process.

The system checks if all required data are provided and then will prompt the user to enter additional information, if required. After all required information is provided, the system auto-generates a unique frequent flyer number that the user must use as username for future authentications. The system shall auto-generate this number in less than five seconds.

Inputs:

Required: First name, last name, email address and frequent flyer number

Optional: phone number, credit card information and mailing address.

Source: All data except the frequent flyer number are inputs from the

user. The frequent flyer number is from the system store.

Outputs: Frequent Flyer Number

Destination: The changes are committed on the completion of the

"enrollment" function to account information. All information

also displays to the user via the screen.

Pre-Conditions: The user must not have an existing account with the website.

Post-Conditions: A user account is created and the user is able to access all

functionalities provided by the function "My Account" (refer

to 3.1.7)

Side-Effects: None

Stimulus-Response:

User Action	System Application
	The system shows a list of required data that must be provided by the user in order to create a new account
2. The user provides information such as first name, last name, address, email address, credit card information and password by filling fields. Some data are optional, while others are required (refer to section 2.2, REQ-02).	3. The system checks if all required information have been provided by the user. If a required data is missing, the system prompts the user to provide the specific data in order to process the account creation. 4. When every required data is provided, the system creates an account and auto-generates a unique flyer number that must be used as a username for future authentication. The system also sends the user account information, including the flyer number, to the email address provided by the user during

the account creation
process.

3.1.3 Book Flights

Description and Priority: The user can use the *Book Flights* function to purchase seats

for an airplane flight. The system shall present the user with information on all current flights. The user may then select a pair (departure and return) of flights on which to purchase seats. The user can indicate the number of seats and placement of such. Finally, the system shall guide the user completely

through the checkout process.

Inputs: User information – the user must already be logged in.

Source: Inputs are from the user except flight information, which is

retrieved from the system.

Output: The purchased seats are tied to the user's account, so he/she

can reserve seats later.

Destination: The booked flights will be stored in the user's account

information when the user finishes payment. The flight

information shall also display on the screen.

Pre-Conditions: The user must have an account with the website and must be

logged in.

Post-Conditions: Completion of this function guarantees that the user has seats

on a specific flight. However, if the user wants particular seats, he/she must also complete the reserve seats function. Any successfully-booked flight from this function is assumed

to have completed payment already.

Side-Effects: User's account is charged. Flight is associated with user's

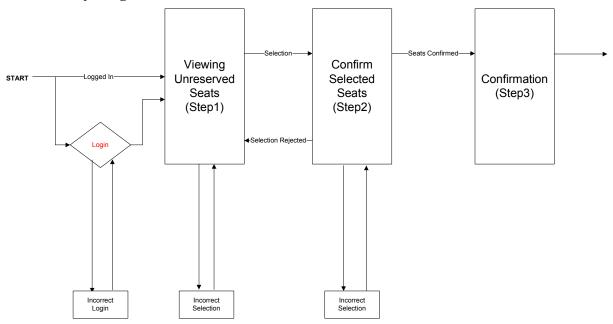
account.

Stimulus/Response:

User Action	System Application
	1. The systems checks to see if the
	user is logged in, if not then the
	systems require the user to login.
	The system shows the user a list of
	their already booked flights and the
	available seats for those flights.
2. The user selects individual seats	3. The system checks if the selected
from a list of pre-booked flights. The	seats are still available. If they are

seats are chosen in pairs so that the users selects individual seats for the departing and returning flights.	available then the seats are temporarily unavailable to other users to allow the user to confirm their selection. The seats and
	confirmation selection screen are displayed
4. The user confirms the seat selections on the screen.	5. Once confirmed, the seats are removed from available seats and are applied to the user account. The user is shown a final confirmation screen which displays selected seats and account information.

Activity Diagram:



3.1.4 Reserve Seats

Description and Priority:

The user can use the *Reserve Seat* function to reserve seats for an airplane flight. The seats to be reserved are initially found through the user's previous bookings. These bookings were previously completed through the *Book Flight* function (SEE 2.2.3).

The system shall display available seats for the departing and returning flights booked by the user. The user selects seats

from each flight, where the number of selected seats from each flight is the number that the user booked on that particular flight. Once the flight seats are selected, the user confirms the seat selection.

Inputs: User information used to determine previously booked flights.

Selected seats will be reserved by user.

Source: Inputs are from the user except flight information, which is

retrieved by the system.

Outputs: Selected Seats

Destination: The changes are committed on completion of the *Reserve*

Seats function to the user's account information. The selected

seats are also displayed to the screen.

Pre-Conditions: The user must have an account with the website and must be

logged in. The user must also have previously booked flights

without seats reserved, either by user or system.

Post-Conditions: All selections of seats must be applied to the user's account.

Side-Effects: The selected seats are no longer available to any other

customer.

Stimulus/Response:

User Action	System Application
2 The user selects a flight or a pair of	1. The systems checks to see if the user is logged in, if not then the system requires the user to login. The system shows the user a list of all flights with open seats that match their requirements. 3. The system checks if the selected
2. The user selects a flight or a pair of flights (round-trip) that they wish to book. They choose a number of seats they wish to book.	flight(s) has their desired number of seats still available. If they are, the system indicates to the user that their flight is in the process of being booked and they must now complete payment. If there aren't enough seats, the system notifies the user which flights were full, and returns the user to the beginning of the function.
4. The user fills out payment information (either credit card or reward number)	5.If payment is successfully confirmed, the flight is updated with the new

number of open seats, and the user's
account is updated with the reserved
flight information. The user is
shown a final confirmation screen,
which displays flight and account
information.

3.1.5 Flight Status

Description & Priority: This section shall allow the user – whether enrolled or not – to

view flight information that matches input criteria. The user

will provide:

a. A flight number and Date

OR

b. Departing/Arriving Cities and Date.

The system will display matching flight information including the following fields:

o Flight Number

Departure City

Arrival City

o Status (one of the following)

• In Flight

• At the Gate

Delayed

• On Time

Inputs: Departing city, Destination city, Departure date/time

Source: All inputs are provided by the user.

Outputs: Flight information including Flight Number, Departure City,

Arrival City, and Flight Status.

Destination: All outputs should display on the screen.

Pre-Conditions: None.

Post-Conditions: User has flight status for any matching flight.

Side-Effects: None

3.1.6 Flight Schedule

Description & Priority: This section of the system shall allow a user to query flight

schedules based upon simple input criteria. The user will provide departure and arrival cities, and a departure/return date. If any flights match the criteria, the system will display

the following information:

Flight Number

Departing City & Date/Time

Arriving City & Date/Time

Number of Available Seats

The system shall define a "matching" flight as one that uses the departure/arrival cities at a flight time greater or equal to the time provided by the user. Otherwise, the system shall alert the user that no matching flights can be found.

Inputs: Departing City, Destination City, Departure Date/Time

Source: All inputs provided by user.

Outputs: Flight Information including Flight Number, Departing City &

Date/Time, Arriving City and Date/Time, Number of

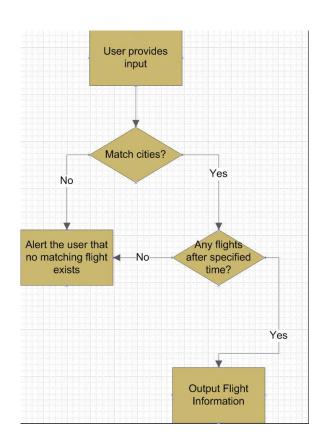
Available Seats.

Destination: All output should display to the screen.

Pre-Conditions: None

Post-Conditions: User has flight information for any matching flight.

Activity Diagram:



Description & Priority: This section gives the user the power to view, save, edit or

delete the information stored in his/her account. The user can check his/her accumulated points, look at the status of a flight that was booked, cancel a flight that was already booked (optional) and change his/her address, phone number, email or password. This feature is not available for non-registered user.

Inputs: Account changes, if any, made by the user. Account changes

include updates on first name, last name, email address,

mailing address, password or phone numbers.

Source: All data are inputs from user.

Output: None.

Destination: The changes are committed on completion of the *My Account*

function to account information.

Pre-Conditions: The user must have an account with the website and must be

logged in prior to access his/her account.

Post-Conditions: All changes submitted by the user are applied to the user

account on completion of the function.

3.1.8 Account Log out

Description & Priority: The *Logout* section provides a way for the user to securely log

out of the system. This process will save all user operations when he/she exits the system. If a user wishes to continue accessing the website, he/she must log-in again to access user

features.

Inputs: None.

Source: N/A

Outputs: Notification that the user is logged out.

Destination: User is notified by display to screen.

Pre-Conditions: User is logged in to the system.

Post-Conditions: User is logged out of the system.

Side-Effects: The system clears the session state for the user once logout is

complete.

4.External Interface Requirements

4.1 User Interfaces

A *Help* link will appear on every screen that describes the function of each page to the user. The implementation should be written so that blind users can still interact with the system (using a screen reader.)

4.2 Communications Interfaces

The system must utilize the standard Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP) to ensure maximum inter-browser compatibility. The client accesses the system through a web browser.

5.Other Nonfunctional Requirements

5.1 Performance Requirements

- The Airline Website shall have capabilities to accept 500 connections. For each session, system shall guarantee the connection time 5 minutes from last input, after which the connection will be deemed expired. A close operation will be performed when expired. This design is to satisfy each user's usability and connection quality.
- The system shall send out verification request immediately (within 100ms) after the it receives a user submitted form.
- The system shall update all flight status information every 5 minutes.

5.2 Security Requirements

- Passwords must be a minimum of eight characters and must contain one to seven digits.
- Email addresses should be verified before the system grants user access. This verification shall be exercised by sending the prospective user a confirmation email after enrollment. This email must contain information specific to completing the enrollment process.
- All exchanges from client to server involving private data shall occur using the highest available level of secure connection (e.g., https).

5.3 Software Quality Attributes

5.3.1 Usability:

The airline website design shall allow deployment on both Windows and UNIX (Linux) servers. The design should support Windows Server 2003, Linux 2.6.x, V10 UNIX and later.

5.3.2 Robustness:

The system design shall include recovery scenarios allowing the ability to restore a state no older than one business day old.

6. Appendix A: Glossary

Authentication The process of identifying an individual, usually based on

username and password

Cached A form of storing information/data, usually this data is

repeatedly accessed.

CSS Cascading Style Sheets is a feature to give users and

developers more control on how web site pages are displayed.

Database Is a structured collection of records or data that is stored in a

computer system. In our system, this may pertain to flight

records or user information.

Dynamic Links A pointer to a particular scope called during runtime.

Encryption Algorithm A mathematical procedure for performing encryption on data,

which is translating data into secret code.

HTTP Hyper Text Transfer Protocol is the underlying protocol used

by the World Wide Web. It defines how messages are

formatted and transmitted and what actions should be taken in

response to various commands.

Hyper Links Also called link, is a directly followable reference within a

hypertext document.

Input Criteria A defined particular group of criteria, which defines inputs.

Query or Queries A form of questioning. In this document, query pertains to a

search entered by a user into a search engine to return results.