## CSE230 Final Project

# Building a Pong Game with Haskell

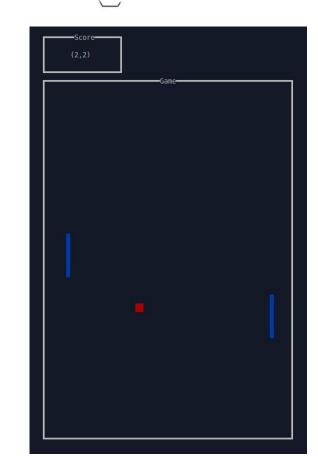
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## Agenda

- Ideas
- Rules
- Program Architecture
- Demo & Testing
- Interesting Game Logic
- Difficulties
- Limitations



## Ideas

- Goal: build a terminal user interface program
- Decided to build a TUI game
- Ping-Pong (Air Hockey)
- With some variation

#### Rules

- Two-player pong game
- Control vertical position of two rackets with keyboard
- One earns a point when the other player misses the ball
- The next ball is served towards the previous scored player
- The second ball is added after someone gets 3 points
- Game ends when one of the players hit a score of 5

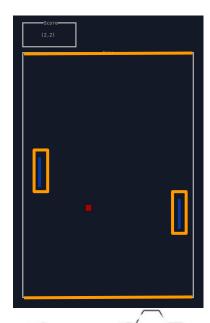
Libraries: brick, vty
References: <u>ranjitjhala/brick-tac-toe</u>, <u>samtay/snake</u>

data PlayState = PS

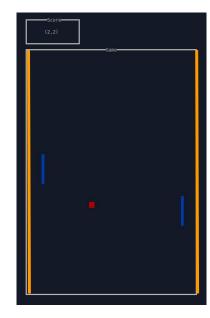
```
{ racket1
            :: Racket
                         -- ^ racket on the left
, racket2
            :: Racket
                          -- ^ racket on the right
, ball1
            :: Ball
                          -- ^ properties of the ball1
            :: Ball
, ball2
                         -- ^ properties of the ball2
, result
            :: Maybe Turn -- ^ game over flag
            :: Turn
                         -- ^ one of the player score, do nextServe.
, turn
                          -- ^ score
            :: Score
 score
secondBall :: Bool
                         -- ^ whether the second ball has been added
```

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Ball reflects



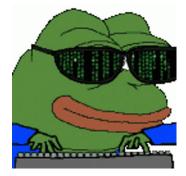
The opponent scores

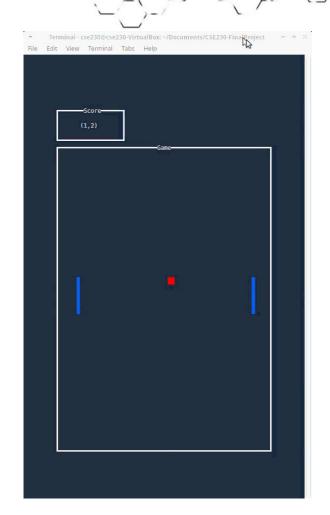


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## Demo & Testing

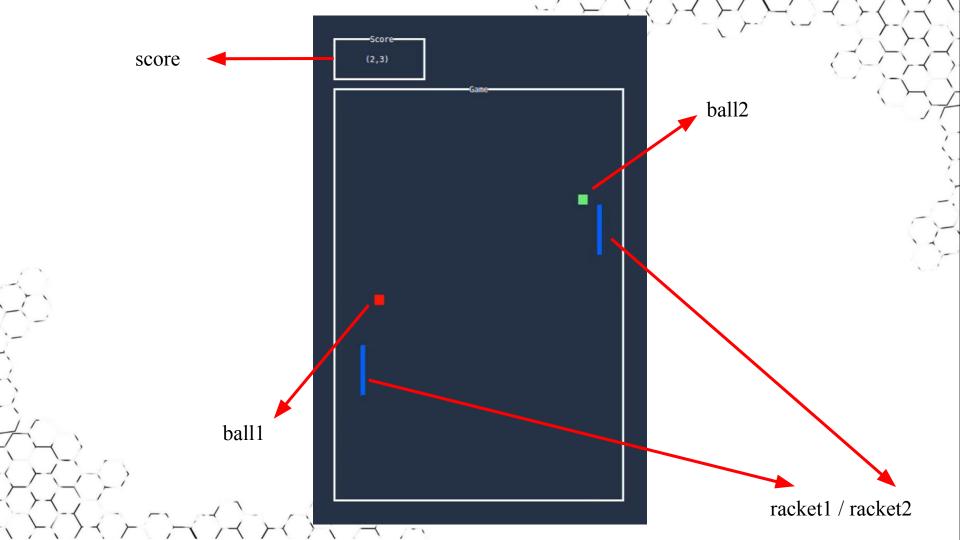
> stack run





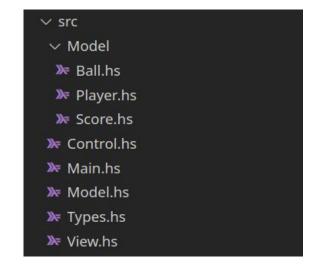
## Interesting Game Logic

```
data Turn
  = P1
 | P2
 deriving (Eq, Show)
data Plane
 = X
 deriving (Eq, Show)
data Ball = Ball
 { pos :: Coord -- ^ position of ball
 , dir :: Coord -- ^ direction of ball moving towards
 , speed :: Float -- ^ speed * dir = actual move
 deriving (Show)
data Result a
 = Cont a
   Hit Plane
   Score Turn
 deriving (Eq. Functor, Show)
```



#### Difficulties

How to assemble each part of our work and make the program executes correctly



• To randomly serve balls, we had to deal with IO

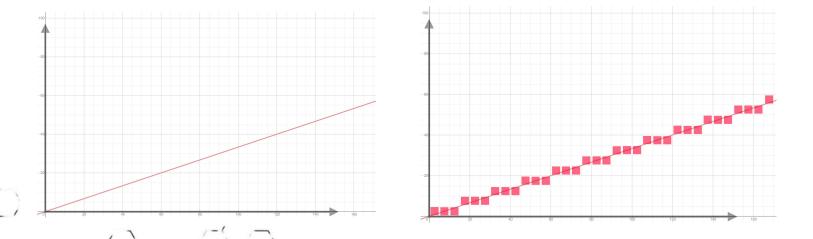
```
init :: Turn -> IO Ball
init = serveRBall
serveRBall :: Turn -> IO Ball
serveRBall P1 = do
  i < - randomRIO(-1, -0.5)
  j <- randomRIO(-1,1)</pre>
  return Ball{ pos = Coord { x = fromIntegral (boardWidth `div`2), y = fromIntegral (boardHeight `div` 2) }
             , dir = Coord \{x = i, y = j\}
             , speed = 1
serveRBall P2 = do
  i <- randomRIO(0.5,1)
  j <- randomRIO(-1,1)</pre>
  return Ball{ pos = Coord { x = fromIntegral (boardWidth `div`2), y = fromIntegral (boardHeight `div` 2) }
             , dir = Coord \{x = i, y = j\}
            , speed = 1
```

 We needed to deal with the movement of two balls separately and defined when to consider the second ball

```
init :: IO PlayState
init = do{
   b1 <- Ball.init P1;</pre>
  return PS
  { racket1
               = Player.player1
  , racket2
                = Player.player2
  , ball1
                = b1
  , ball2
                = Ball.freeze
  , result
                = Nothing
                = P1
  , turn
                = (0, 0)
  , score
    secondBall
                = False
```

## Limitations

• Due to the nature of pixel games, it is inevitable that the ball moves discretely



## Limitations

 Both players have to press and release the keyboard to move (when two players press to move at the same time, one player gets stuck)