## Brendan Gregg's Blog home

## DTraceToolkit in MacOS X

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I originally posted this at http://bdgregg.blogspot.com/2008/02/dtracetoolkit-in-macos-x.html.

Apple included DTrace in MacOS X 10.5 (Leopard), released in October 2007. It's great to have DTrace available in MacOS X for its powerful application and kernel performance analysis. To think that there is now another kernel we can examine using DTrace is exciting – it's like discovering a new planet in the solar system.

Apart from kernel analysis, DTrace also improves general usability by answering every day questions like: why are my disks rattling? or why does my browser keep hanging? Although, your average user may not write DTrace scripts to answer these questions themselves (it's better if they do), but instead use prewritten scripts.

MacOS X includes a collection of DTrace scripts in **/usr/bin**, mostly from the <u>DTraceToolkit</u>:

```
leopard# grep -l DTrace /usr/bin/*
/usr/bin/bitesize.d
/usr/bin/cpuwalk.d
/usr/bin/creatbyproc.d
/usr/bin/dappprof
/usr/bin/dapptrace
/usr/bin/diskhits
/usr/bin/dispqlen.d
/usr/bin/dtruss
/usr/bin/errinfo
/usr/bin/execsnoop
/usr/bin/fddist
/usr/bin/filebyproc.d
/usr/bin/hotspot.d
/usr/bin/httpdstat.d
/usr/bin/iofile.d
/usr/bin/iofileb.d
/usr/bin/iopattern
/usr/bin/iopending
/usr/bin/iosnoop
/usr/bin/iotop
/usr/bin/kill.d
/usr/bin/lastwords
/usr/bin/loads.d
/usr/bin/newproc.d
/usr/bin/opensnoop
/usr/bin/pathopens.d
/usr/bin/pidpersec.d
/usr/bin/plockstat
/usr/bin/priclass.d
/usr/bin/pridist.d
/usr/bin/procsystime
/usr/bin/runocc.d
/usr/bin/rwbypid.d
/usr/bin/rwbytype.d
/usr/bin/rwsnoop
/usr/bin/sampleproc
/usr/bin/seeksize.d
/usr/bin/setuids.d
/usr/bin/sigdist.d
/usr/bin/syscallbypid.d
/usr/bin/syscallbyproc.d
/usr/bin/syscallbysysc.d
/usr/bin/topsyscall
/usr/bin/topsysproc
/usr/bin/weblatency.d
```

That's 44 DTraceToolkit scripts, plus plockstat from Solaris 10. While the DTraceToolkit now has over 200 scripts, it makes sense to pick out the most useful scripts for inclusion in /usr/bin.

Popular scripts such as iosnoop can now be run by MacOS X users:

```
leopard# iosnoop
  UID
         PID D
                    BLOCK
                              SIZE
                                            COMM PATHNAME
         130 R 31987472
                             40960
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld shared cache i386
         130 R 7879952
130 R 32132304
  501
                 7879952
                              8192
                                       Terminal ??/SearchManager.nib/keyedobjects.nib
  501
                             12288
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
  501
         130 R 32132528
                              4096
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
  501
         130 R 32047696
                             12288
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld shared cache i386
  501
         130 R 32132592
                              4096
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
         130 R 32131512
130 R 32033296
  501
                             12288
  501
                             12288
  501
         130 R 32044488
                              4096
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
  501
         130 R 32045064
                              4096
  501
         130 R 32131344
                              4096
                                      Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
         130 R 32048680
130 R 32132544
                             16384
  501
                              8192
  501
  501
         130 R 32049296
                            12288
         0 W 32482848
   -1
                             86016 kernel task ??/vm/swapfile2
           0 W 32483040 135168 kernel task ??/vm/swapfile2
  501
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_i386
         130 R 32044672
                              4096
         130 R 32132656
  501
                             12288
                                       Terminal ??/dyld/dyld shared cache i386
```

The man pages are conveniently included in /usr/share/man.

I had been making preparations in the latest DTraceToolkit (0.99) for MacOS X DTrace, such as putting an "OS" field into the man pages and figuring out how to support different versions of the same script (tcpsnoop\_snv, etc). Hopefully many scripts will run on both Solaris and MacOS X (especially if they use stable providers), however, I expect there will be some that are specific to each. Now that QNX DTrace also exists, there is additional need for identifying OS specifics in the DTraceToolkit.

It's been great news for DTrace, Sun, and Apple. Apple have not only gained the best performance and debugging tool available, but also the existing DTrace community.

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