

#### **CORONA VIRUS ANALYSIS**

PRESENTING BY:
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#### **CORONA VIRUS ANALYSIS**

#### Overview:

The CORONA VIRUS pandemic has had significant impact on public health and has created an urgent need for data-driven insights to understand the spread of the virus. As a data analyst, you have been tasked with analyzing a CORONA VIRUS dataset to derive meaningful insights and present your findings.

#### DATASET:

Description of each column in dataset:

Province: Geographic subdivision within a country/region.

Country/Region: Geographic entity where data is recorded.

Latitude: North-south position on Earth's surface

Longitude: East-west position on Earth's surface

Date: Recorded date of CORONA VIRUS data.

Confirmed: Number of diagnosed CORONA VIRUS cases.

Deaths: Number of CORONA VIRUS related deaths.

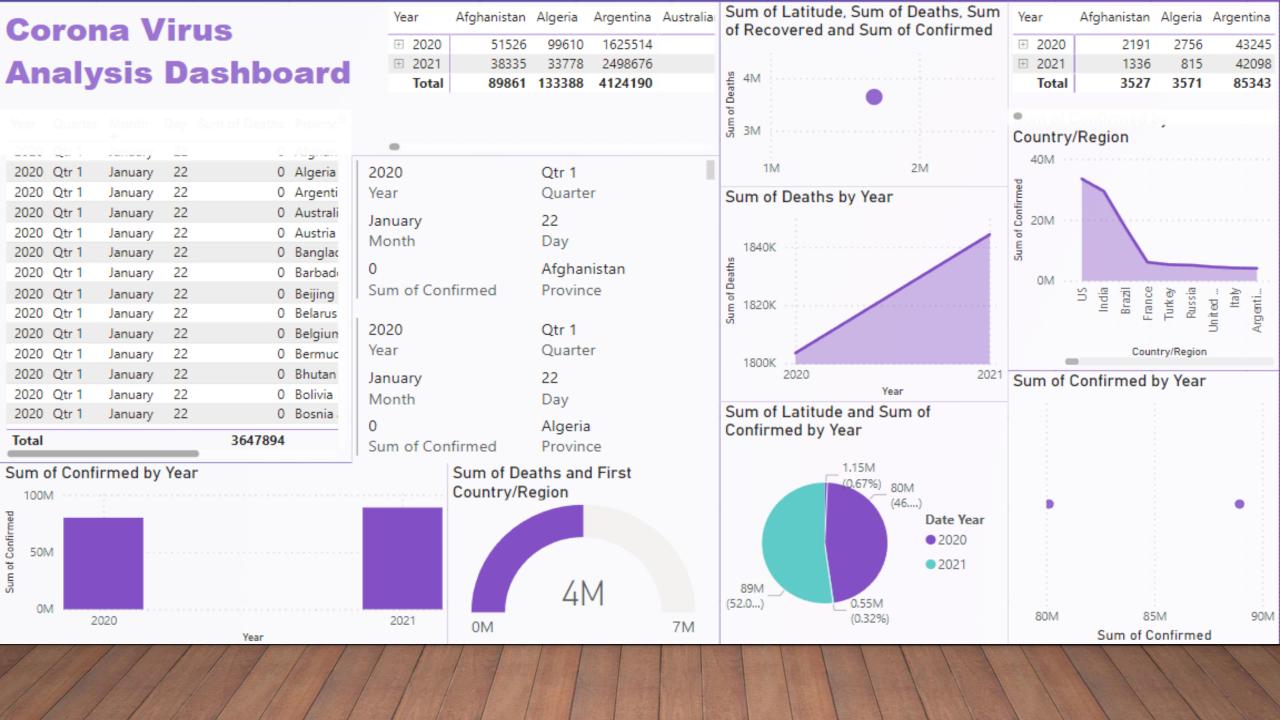
Recovered: Number of recovered CORONA VIRUS cases.

#### CORONA VIRUS ANALYSIS DATABASE

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1	Province	Country/R	Latitude	Longitude	Date	Confirmed Death	s Re	ecovered																
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34	Afghanista	Afghanista	33.93911	67.70995	#######	0	0	0																
35	Afghanista	Afghanista	33.93911	67.70995	#######	1	0	0																_
~ -	>	Coro	na Virus Da	ataset/1)	+			^																
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#### TOOL USED FOR ANALYSIS

- MICROSOFT SQL SERVER MANAGEMENT STUDIO
- SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) is an integrated environment for managing any SQL infrastructure, from SQL Server to Azure SQL Database. SSMS provides tools to configure, monitor, and administer instances of SQL Server and databases. Use SSMS to deploy, monitor, and upgrade the datatier components used by your applications and build queries and scripts.



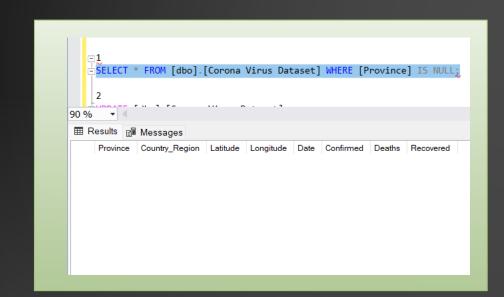
#### **KEY QUESTIONS:**

- Write a code to check NULL values
- 2. If NULL values are present, update them with zeros for all columns.
- 3. check total number of rows
- 4. Check what is start\_date and end\_date.
- 5. Number of month present in dataset
- 6. Find monthly average for confirmed, deaths, recovered
- 7. Find most frequent value for confirmed, deaths, recovered each month
- 8. Find minimum values for confirmed, deaths, recovered per year
- 9. Find maximum values of confirmed, deaths, recovered per year
- 10. The total number of case of confirmed, deaths, recovered each month
- 11. Check how corona virus spread out with respect to confirmed case.
- (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV)
- 12. Check how corona virus spread out with respect to death case per month
- (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV)
- Q13. Check how corona virus spread out with respect to recovered case
- (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV)
- 14. Find Country having highest number of the Confirmed case.
- 15. Find Country having lowest number of the death case
- 16. Find top 5 countries having highest recovered case

#### CORONA VIRUS ANALYSIS

1. Write code to check null values.

SELECT \* FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset] WHERE [Province] IS NULL;



> There are no null values in given database



#### 2. If null values are present, update them to zeros for all columns

```
UPDATE [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
SET Confirmed = ISNULL(Confirmed, 0),
Deaths = ISNULL(Deaths, 0)
WHERE Confirmed IS NULL OR Deaths IS
NULL;
```

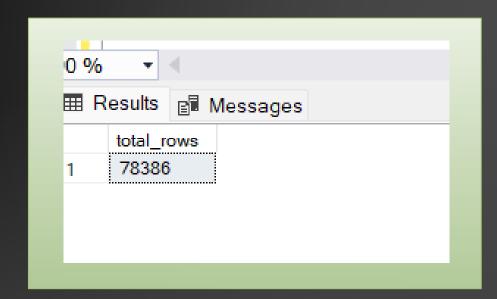


> There are no null values in given database



#### 3. Check total number of rows.

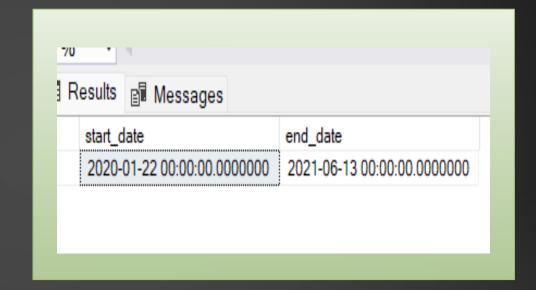
SELECT COUNT(\*) AS total\_rows FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset];





#### 4.Check what is start\_date and end\_date.

# SELECT MIN(Date) AS start\_date, MAX(Date) AS end\_date FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]





#### 5. Number of month present in dataset.

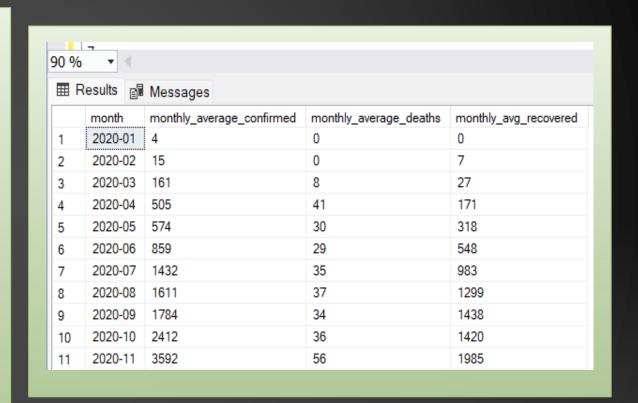
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT MONTH(Date)) AS num\_months FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset];

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■ Results	
num_months 1 12	



#### 6. Find monthly average for confirmed, deaths, recovered.

```
SELECT
  FORMAT(Date, 'yyyy-MM') AS month,
  AVG(CAST(Confirmed AS INT)) AS
monthly_average_confirmed,
    AVG(CAST(deaths AS INT)) AS
monthly_average_deaths,
    AVG(CAST(recovered AS INT)) AS
monthly_avg_recovered
FROM
 [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
    GROUP BY
  FORMAT(Date, 'yyyy-MM')
ORDER BY
  month;
```



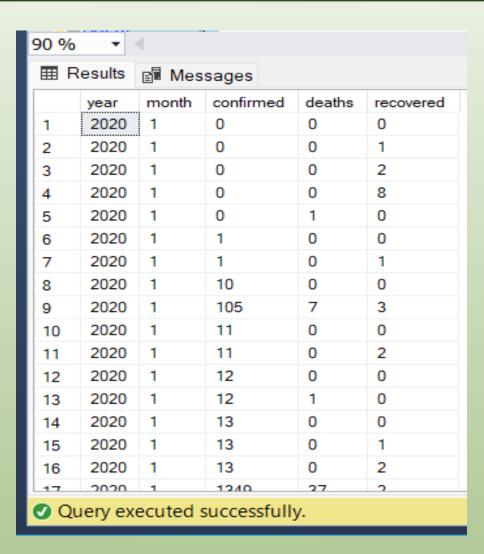


#### 7. Find most frequent value for confirmed, deaths, recovered each month.

```
WITH MonthlyCounts AS (
 SELECT
   YEAR(Date) AS year,
   MONTH(Date) AS month,
   confirmed.
   deaths,
   recovered,
   ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date), confirmed, deaths, recovered ORDER BY COUNT(*)
DESC) AS rn
 FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
  GROUP BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date), confirmed, deaths, recovered
SELECT
 year,
 month,
 confirmed,
 deaths.
 recovered
FROM MonthlyCounts
WHERE rn = 1:
```



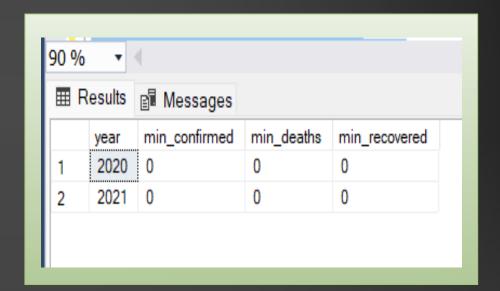
#### output 7





#### 8.Find minimum values for confirmed, deaths, recovered per month.

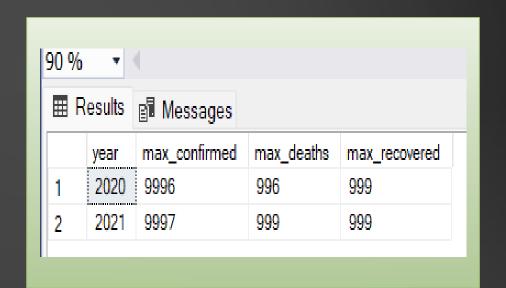
SELECT
YEAR(Date) AS year,
MIN(confirmed) AS min\_confirmed,
MIN(deaths) AS min\_deaths,
MIN(recovered) AS min\_recovered
FROM
[dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
GROUP BY
YEAR(Date)
ORDER BY
YEAR(Date) ASC;





#### 9. Find maximum values of confirmed, deaths, recovered per year.

```
SELECT
YEAR(Date) AS year,
MAX(confirmed) AS max_confirmed,
MAX(deaths) AS max_deaths,
MAX(recovered) AS max_recovered
FROM
[dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
GROUP BY
YEAR(Date)
ORDER BY
YEAR(Date) ASC;
```

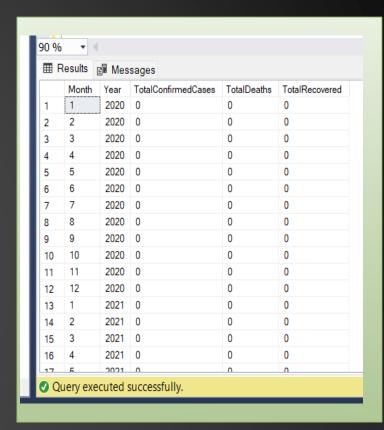




#### 10. The total number of case of confirmed, deaths, recovered each month.

SELECT

MONTH(Date) AS Month,
YEAR(Date) AS Year,
SUM(CASE WHEN Confirmed = 'Confirmed' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
TotalConfirmedCases,
SUM(CASE WHEN Deaths = 'Deaths' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS TotalDeaths,
SUM(CASE WHEN Recovered = 'Recovered' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
TotalRecovered
FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
GROUP BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date)
ORDER BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date);

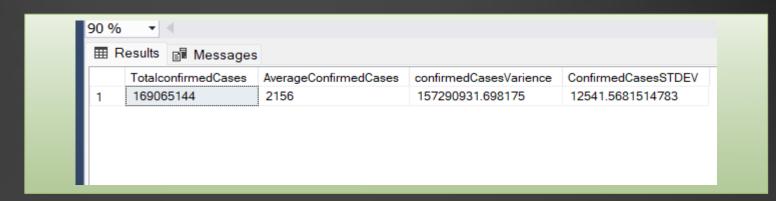




# 11. Check how corona virus spread out with respect to confirmed case (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV).

#### SELECT

SUM(CAST(Confirmed AS INT)) AS TotalconfirmedCases,
AVG(CAST(Confirmed AS INT)) AS AverageConfirmedCases,
VAR(CAST(Confirmed AS INT)) AS confirmedCasesVarience,
STDEV(CAST(Confirmed AS INT)) AS ConfirmedCasesSTDEV
FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]





# 12. Check how corona virus spread out with respect to death case per month (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV).

# YEAR(Date) AS Year, MONTH(Date) AS Month, SUM(CAST(Deaths AS INT)) AS TotalDeathCases, AVG(CAST(Deaths AS INT)) AS AverageDeathCases, VAR( CAST(Deaths AS INT)) AS DeathCasesVariance, STDEV(CAST(Deaths AS INT)) AS DeathCasesSTDEV FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset] GROUP BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date) ORDER BY Year, Month;

■ Results		B Mes	sages					
	Year	Month	TotalDeathCases	AverageDeathCases	DeathCasesVariance	DeathCasesSTDEV		
1	2020	1	190	0	4.24857598541809	2.06120740960683		
2	2020	2	2651	0	68.337150469718	8.26662872455985		
3	2020	3	41346	8	3901.60952698687	62.4628651839385		
4	2020	4	191833	41	40513.0371733448	201.278506486273		
5	2020	5	144561	30	20689.2454049367	143.837566042174		
6	2020	6	137757	29	16933.1108854449	130.127287243856		
7	2020	7	167613	35	21144.5840570796	145.41177413497		
8	2020	8	179200	37	23277.8724251087	152.570876726552		
9	2020	9	160671	34	20107.1214145132	141.799581855918		
10	2020	10	175484	36	17583.7542527085	132.60374901453		



# 13 Check how corona virus spread out with respect to recovered case (Eg.: total confirmed cases, their average, variance & STDEV ).

#### SELECT

YEAR(Date) AS Year,

MONTH(Date) AS Month,

SUM(CAST(Recovered AS INT)) AS TotalRecoveredCases,

AVG(CAST(Recovered AS INT)) AS AverageRecoveredCases,

VAR( CAST(Recovered AS INT)) AS Recovered Cases Variance,

STDEV(CAST(Recovered AS INT)) AS RecoveredCasesSTDEV

FROM [dbo]. [Corona Virus Dataset]

GROUP BY YEAR(Date), MONTH(Date)

ORDER BY Year, Month;

⊞ F	Results	<u>a</u> Mes	sages					
Year		Month	TotalRecoveredCases	AverageRecoveredCases	RecoveredCasesVariance	RecoveredCasesSTDEV		
1	2020	1	143	0	2.63529657477026	1.62335965662889		
2	2020	2	31405	7	12449.4495904104	111.577101550499		
3	2020	3	133070	27	40121.5939844912	200.303754294549		
4	2020	4	792987	171	770059.711532687	877.530461883054		
5	2020	5	1519547	318	1978620.87525624	1406.63459194499		
6	2020	6	2535417	548	6531586.25639116	2555.69682403668		
7	2020	7	4693120	983	24849082.9398306	4984.88544901792		
8	2020	8	6202833	1299	40178838.3767708	6338.67796758684		
9	2020	9	6647749	1438	57035911.8793661	7552.21238309451		
10	2020	10	6782150	1420	73747150.1663075	8587.61609332342		



#### 14. Find Country having highest number of the Confirmed case.

```
SELECT

[Country_Region],

MAX(confirmed) AS highest_confirmed_cases

FROM

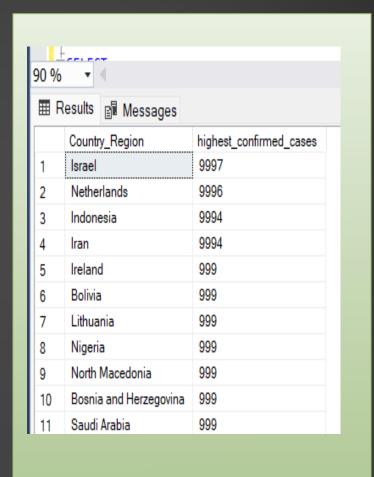
[dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]

GROUP BY

[Country_Region]

ORDER BY

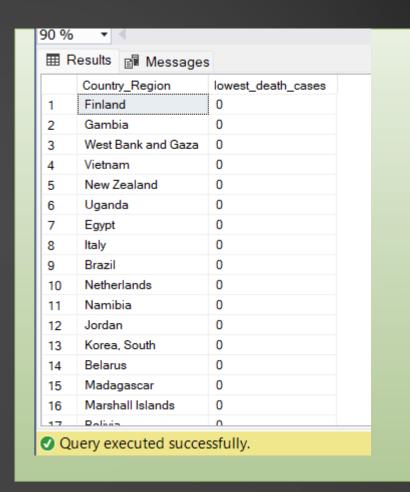
highest_confirmed_cases DESC;
```





#### 15. Find the country having lowest number of death cases.

SELECT
[Country\_Region],
MIN(deaths) AS lowest\_death\_cases
FROM
[dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
GROUP BY
[Country\_Region]
ORDER BY
lowest\_death\_cases ASC;





#### 16. Find the top 5 countries having highest recovered case.

SELECT TOP 5 Country\_Region, SUM(CAST(Recovered AS INT)) AS
TotalRecoveredCases
FROM [dbo].[Corona Virus Dataset]
GROUP BY Country\_Region
ORDER BY TotalRecoveredCases DESC

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⊞ F	Results 📳 Mess	ages
	Country_Region	TotalRecoveredCases
1	India	28089649
2	Brazil	15400169
3	US	6303715
4	Turkey	5202251
5	Russia	4745756



# THANK YOU