



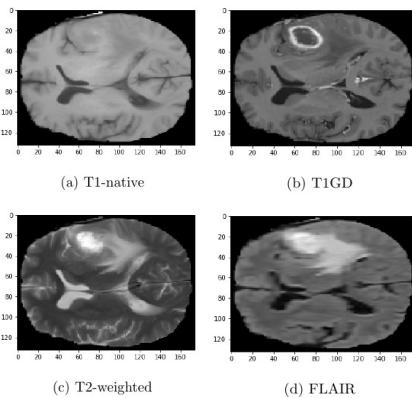
Semantic Segmentation on MRI-Data with U-Net

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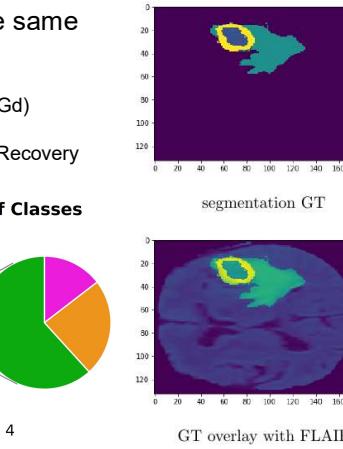
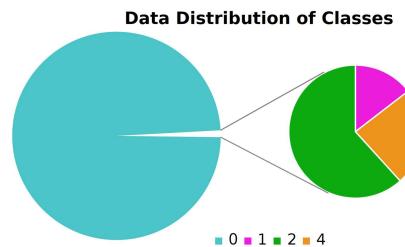
Background

- Semantic segmentation on 3D MRI scans of brain tumors for **diagnosing** and **locating** the tumor and its sub-regions.
 - Because of the highly heterogeneous appearance and shape of brain tumors in MRI scans
- Segmentation is a big challenge in medical image analysis

BraTS'19-Data

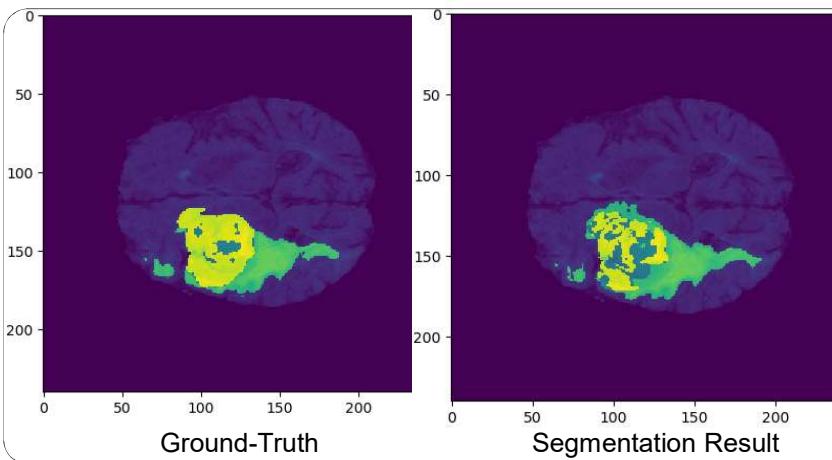


4 different MRIs from the same Subject and Slice:
 (a) native (T1)
 (b) post-contrast T1-weighted (T1Gd)
 (c) T2-weighted (T2)
 (d) T2 Fluid Attenuated Inversion Recovery (FLAIR)



- 4 different MRIs are used as **Channels**
- Size of Volume: $240 \times 240 \times 155$
- 1 Slice per Input
- Size of Dataset: $155 \times \#Subject = 35\,805$
- train : val : test split
56% 14% 30%

Results



The network was trained for 100 epochs

- Train accuracy saturated
- Train loss reached plateau

| IoU* | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Back ground | Class 1 (gray-blue) | Class 2 (green) | Class 4 (yellow) |
| 0.998 | 0.550 | 0.695 | 0.683 |
| Mean IoU* | | | 0.799 |
| Mean Acc* | | | 0.731 |

* IoU and accuracy are from testing

References

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- [2] Bakas S et al. "Advancing The Cancer Genome Atlas glioma MRI collections with expert segmentation labels and radiomic features", Nature Scientific Data, 4:170117 (2017) DOI: 10.1038/sdata.2017.117
- [3] Bakas S et al. "Segmentation Labels and Radiomic Features for the Pre-operative Scans of the TCGA-GBM collection", The Cancer Imaging Archive, 2017. DOI: 10.7937/K9/TCIA.2017.KLXWJJ1Q
- [4] Bakas S et al. "Segmentation Labels and Radiomic Features for the Pre-operative Scans of the TCGA-LGG collection", The Cancer Imaging Archive, 2017. DOI: 10.7937/K9/TCIA.2017.GJQ7R0EF