

# Information Security

## Public Key Infrastructure



Ambreen Kanwal  
University of Sahiwal

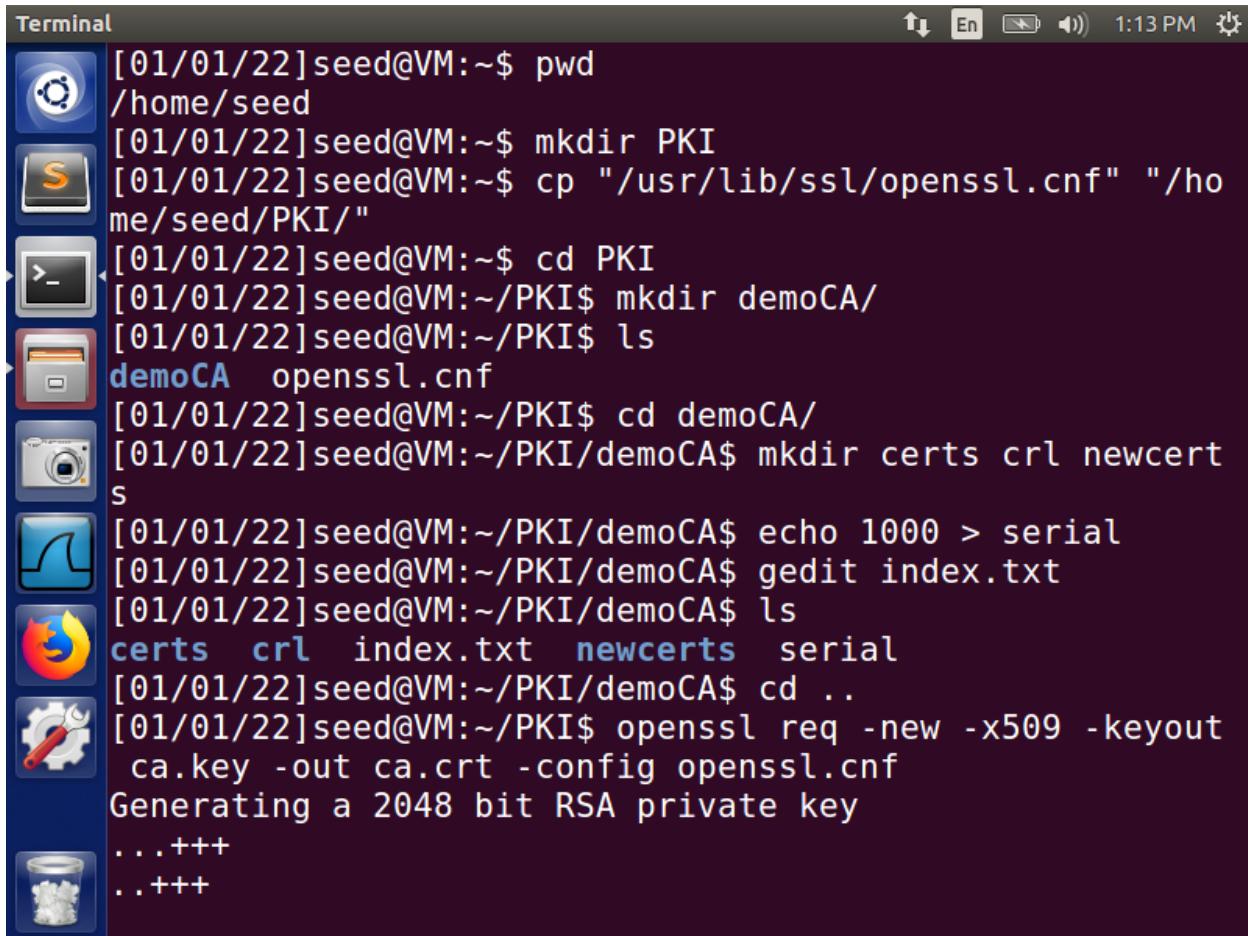
# Public Key Infrastructure

## Lab Tasks

### Task 1: Becoming a Certificate Authority (CA)

You can run the following command to generate the self-signed certificate for the CA:

```
$ openssl req -new -x509 -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt -config  
openssl.cnf
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window on an Ubuntu desktop. The terminal output is as follows:

```
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~$ pwd  
/home/seed  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~$ mkdir PKI  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~$ cp "/usr/lib/ssl/openssl.cnf" "/ho  
me/seed/PKI/"  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~$ cd PKI  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ mkdir demoCA/  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ ls  
demoCA openssl.cnf  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cd demoCA/  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI/demoCA$ mkdir certs crl newcert  
s  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI/demoCA$ echo 1000 > serial  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI/demoCA$ gedit index.txt  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI/demoCA$ ls  
certs crl index.txt newcerts serial  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI/demoCA$ cd ..  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl req -new -x509 -keyout  
ca.key -out ca.crt -config openssl.cnf  
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key  
...+++  
...+++
```

You will be prompted for information and a password. Do not lose this password, because you will have to type the passphrase each time you want to use this CA to sign certificates for others. You will also be asked to fill in some information, such as the Country Name, Common Name, etc. The output of the command are stored in two files: ca.key and ca.crt. The file ca.key contains the CA's private key, while ca.crt contains the public-key certificate.

```
Terminal ...+++
writing new private key to 'ca.key'
Enter PEM pass phrase:
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase:
-----
You are about to be asked to enter information that wil
l be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Disting
uished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some bla
nk
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:SA
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Riyadh
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Rio
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty L
td]:STC
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:STCKSA
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:EE
```

```
Terminal Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help ↑ ↓ En 🔍 1:14 PM ⚙
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:EE
Email Address []:elham@elham.com
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl genrsa -aes128 -out se
rver.key 1024
Generating RSA private key, 1024 bit long modulus
.....+++++
.....+++++
e is 65537 (0x10001)
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for server.key:
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl rsa -in server.key -te
xt
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
Private-Key: (1024 bit)
modulus:
00:b1:31:bc:62:4b:3c:b9:57:e4:ae:b0:73:c0:ec:
92:f2:ad:14:a7:cb:7b:f0:fb:42:cb:a8:d5:58:37:
1a:c4:bb:dd:3c:8d:df:19:6c:b4:d7:5b:4a:14:81:
c4:69:8c:bd:88:bf:3b:70:25:12:2b:6c:dc:f1:32:
f4:82:d5:33:88:9f:d7:d3:dc:bb:52:60:64:e6:99:
e7:38:8c:99:b9:b9:ca:92:c6:9b:92:c2:77:eb:47:
f4:2c:2f:29:31:5a:4b:a9:41:fd:45:2d:1f:d6:f2:

```

```
Terminal Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help ↑ ↓ En 🔍 1:14 PM ⚙
00:b1:31:bc:62:4b:3c:b9:57:e4:ae:b0:73:c0:ec:
92:f2:ad:14:a7:cb:7b:f0:fb:42:cb:a8:d5:58:37:
1a:c4:bb:dd:3c:8d:df:19:6c:b4:d7:5b:4a:14:81:
c4:69:8c:bd:88:bf:3b:70:25:12:2b:6c:dc:f1:32:
f4:82:d5:33:88:9f:d7:d3:dc:bb:52:60:64:e6:99:
e7:38:8c:99:b9:b9:ca:92:c6:9b:92:c2:77:eb:47:
f4:2c:2f:29:31:5a:4b:a9:41:fd:45:2d:1f:d6:f2:
bd:ed:91:c0:ec:ec:bb:e5:ce:4d:a6:b2:b7:cd:28:
de:3e:1f:2a:34:31:ce:b5:b1
publicExponent: 65537 (0x10001)
privateExponent:
1e:9a:7f:75:de:96:bb:50:31:df:f5:fb:d8:0b:44:
0a:03:d8:b8:6e:4d:96:be:5e:b7:fc:0d:f4:f1:77:
7f:19:0f:49:e1:1a:f2:32:33:3d:aa:b7:ad:b9:07:
ea:4e:f3:81:45:be:07:4d:6f:c8:ee:41:6e:ab:25:
4d:df:72:c9:d1:12:db:f6:cd:b6:79:17:57:6f:d0:
2b:7b:64:31:c7:ec:5b:df:0c:6d:e1:7c:2d:bd:e2:
72:6a:59:d4:09:8f:0a:ba:09:15:5b:7a:64:d0:4a:
84:ed:8e:25:ed:42:cd:63:89:4d:8d:56:7a:76:6c:
03:1a:4d:7e:73:d2:26:7d
prime1:
00:ec:2e:52:fe:1d:85:09:54:9b:ee:ee:69:49:51:
```

```
Terminal 1:14 PM
84:ed:8e:25:ed:42:cd:63:89:4d:8d:56:7a:76:6c:
03:1a:4d:7e:73:d2:26:7d
prime1:
00:ec:2e:52:fe:1d:85:09:54:9b:ee:ee:69:49:51:
89:15:a9:2d:73:0a:28:67:bc:a0:e9:62:53:c3:7e:
64:fb:53:2d:ab:3b:0b:4b:e0:e6:79:7a:8d:17:b7:
3d:4c:1f:e5:53:2d:1e:7b:8e:53:4d:be:8d:fb:a8:
ec:d6:fc:84:3f
prime2:
00:c0:10:40:37:36:c0:e7:bf:6c:ae:1a:18:4d:71:
bb:b5:9c:2f:f1:05:08:c9:8d:82:46:dc:ed:2f:f9:
d0:12:46:6f:c2:2f:f4:40:a6:39:4e:99:ad:82:0a:
df:b3:97:4e:35:16:f6:92:37:7a:f7:68:1e:2f:63:
51:24:07:8a:0f
exponent1:
5e:65:bd:82:17:a6:5e:ae:54:8c:d0:f9:7f:f6:78:
c6:11:92:3a:d2:aa:87:9b:da:ec:ad:02:31:b6:c9:
01:b2:a3:24:37:3b:32:9e:b7:3f:82:7d:f6:26:a4:
f7:52:20:44:78:5a:20:a4:28:23:80:b0:1b:0f:cf:
69:b6:0f:dd
exponent2:
0a:d4:1f:ba:bd:34:8d:1c:66:d5:3e:15:66:b0:65:
0a:d4:1f:ba:bd:34:8d:1c:66:d5:3e:15:66:b0:65:
e3:ec:65:6b:92:5c:17:79:0a:02:52:cc:70:ab:06:
07:31:bf:75:54:5c:d2:14:4d:20:d8:5b:46:fc:b3:
f6:1d:2e:c4:a1:81:cf:66:9f:61:39:96:92:17:68:
68:be:a0:13
coefficient:
00:95:3d:7f:c7:2c:83:f7:3b:f1:2b:a2:ed:5f:82:
26:1e:7e:e4:81:05:17:95:16:d0:4d:db:5f:0d:62:
48:f4:6f:0f:eb:31:08:72:7c:1d:d8:5f:14:ff:68:
3e:cc:96:67:0c:ed:7b:7b:c2:c8:ea:0b:56:06:3a:
7f:42:e0:ed:27
writing RSA key
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXAI...NvYNx...rEu908jd8Z...5ucqSxpuS...wnfrR/QsLykxWkupQf1FLR/W8r3tkcDs7Lvlzk2msrfNKN4+Hyo0Mc61sQIDAQAB...AoGAHpp/dd6Wu1Ax3/X72AtECgPYuG5Nlr5et/wN9PF3fxkPSeEa8jIzPaq3rbkH...6k7zgUW+B01vy05BbqsLTd9yydES2/bNtnkXV2/QK3tkMcfsw98MbeF
```

```
Terminal
1sQIDAQAB
AoGAHpp/dd6Wu1Ax3/X72AtECgPYuG5Nlr5et/wN9PF3fxkPSeEa8jI
zPaq3rbkH
6k7zgUW+B01vy05Bbqs1Td9yydES2/bNtnkXV2/QK3tkMcfsW98MbeF
8Lb3icmpZ
1AmPCroJFVt6ZNKh020Je1CzW0JTY1WenZsAxpNfnPSJn0CQQDsL1L
+HYUJVJvu
7mlJUYkVqS1zCihnvKDpYlPDFmT7Uy2r0wtL40Z5eo0Xtz1MH+VTLR5
7jlNNvo37
q0zW/IQ/AkEAwBBANzbA579s rhoYTXG7tZwv8QUIyY2CRztL/nQEkZ
vwi/0QKY5
Tpmtgggrfs5d0NRb2kj d692geL2NRJAeKDwJAXmW9ghemXq5UjND5f/Z
4xhGS0tKq
h5va7K0CMbbJAbKj JDc7Mp63P4J99iak91IgRHhaIKQoI4CwGw/PabY
P3QJACtQf
ur00jRxm1T4VZrBl4+xla5JcF3kKALLMcKsGBzG/dVRc0hRNINhbRvy
z9h0uxKGB
z2afYTmWhdoaL6gEwJBAJU9f8csg/c78Sui7V+CJh5+5IEFF5UW0E3
bXw1iSPRv
D+sxCHJ8HdhfFP9oPsyWZwzte3vCyOoLVgY6f0Lg7Sc=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

## Task 2: Creating a Certificate for SEEDPKILab2021.com

Generate public/private key pair.

```
$ openssl genrsa -aes128 -out server.key 1024
```

```
Terminal
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr -config openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:SA
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Riyadh
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Rio
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:STC
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:STCKSA
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:SEEDPKIL
```

The server.key is an encoded text file (also encrypted), so you will not be able to see the actual content, such as the modulus, private exponents, etc. To see those, you can run the following command:

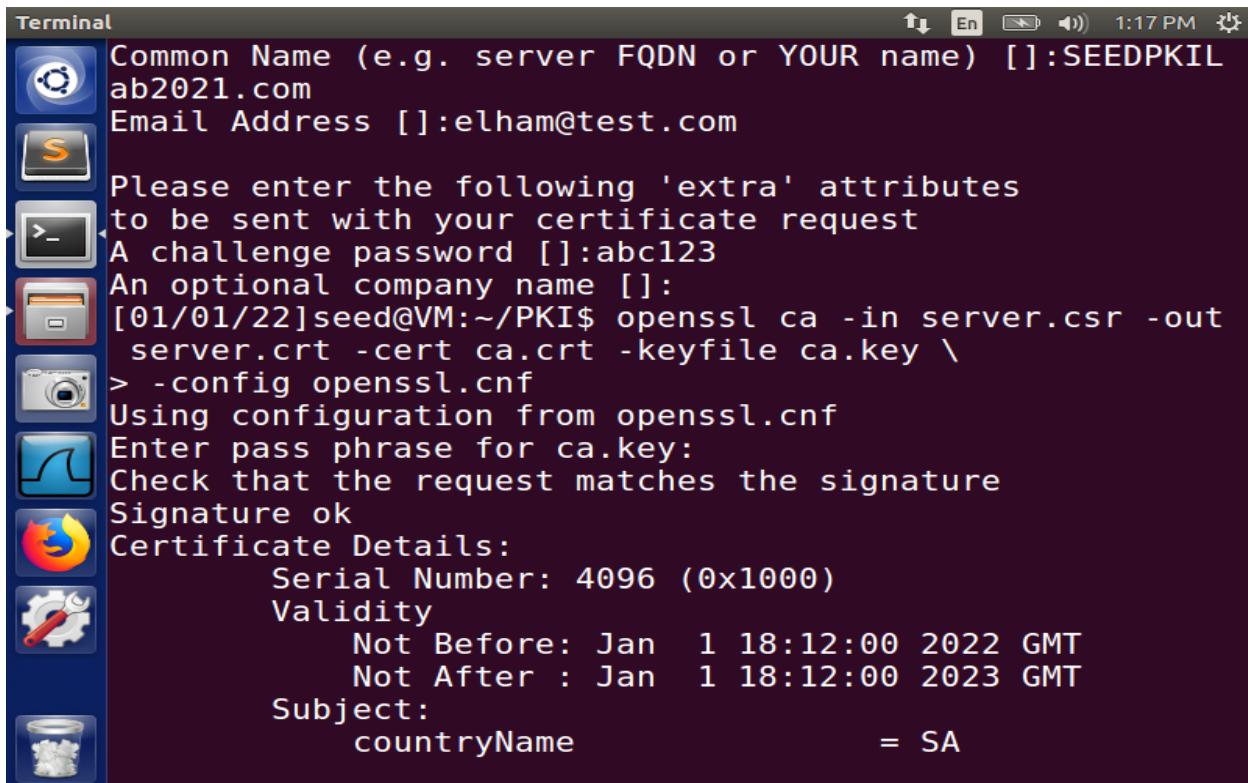
```
$ openssl rsa -in server.key -text
```

please use SEEDPKILab2021.com as the common name of the certificate request.

```
$ openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr -config openssl.cnf
```

The following command turns the certificate signing request (server.csr) into an X509 certificate (server.crt), using the CA's ca.crt and ca.key:

```
$ openssl ca -in server.csr -out server.crt -cert ca.crt -keyfile ca.key -config openssl.cnf
```

A screenshot of a Linux desktop environment, specifically Ubuntu, showing a terminal window titled "Terminal". The terminal is displaying the process of generating a certificate using OpenSSL. The user has entered the common name "SEEDPKILab2021.com" and the email address "elham@test.com". They have also provided a challenge password "abc123". The terminal then prompts for optional company information, which is left blank. The command issued is "openssl ca -in server.csr -out server.crt -cert ca.crt -keyfile ca.key \ -config openssl.cnf". After the command is run, the terminal shows the generated certificate details. The serial number is 4096 (0x1000). The validity period starts on Jan 1 18:12:00 2022 GMT and ends on Jan 1 18:12:00 2023 GMT. The subject of the certificate includes the country name "SA".

```
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:SEEDPKILab2021.com
Email Address []:elham@test.com
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:abc123
An optional company name []:
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl ca -in server.csr -out
server.crt -cert ca.crt -keyfile ca.key \
> -config openssl.cnf
Using configuration from openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
    Serial Number: 4096 (0x1000)
    Validity
        Not Before: Jan  1 18:12:00 2022 GMT
        Not After : Jan  1 18:12:00 2023 GMT
    Subject:
            countryName = SA
```

```
Terminal                               1:17 PM
Not Before: Jan  1 18:12:00 2022 GMT
Not After : Jan  1 18:12:00 2023 GMT
Subject:
    countryName          = SA
    stateOrProvinceName   = Riyadh
    organizationName      = STC
    organizationalUnitName = STCKSA
    commonName            = SEEDPKILab2021.

    emailAddress         = elham@test.com

X509v3 extensions:
    X509v3 Basic Constraints:
        CA:FALSE
    Netscape Comment:
        OpenSSL Generated Certificate
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
        DD:3E:89:D8:CF:D8:BF:58:41:6D:B3:9A:EC:
A4:13:59:7A:55:EE:00
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
        keyid:C0:52:9F:7D:75:5E:18:A8:3F:02:34:
35:14:BA:CF:FF:F3:2E:19:7C
```

```
Terminal                               1:18 PM
X509v3 extensions:
    X509v3 Basic Constraints:
        CA:FALSE
    Netscape Comment:
        OpenSSL Generated Certificate
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
        DD:3E:89:D8:CF:D8:BF:58:41:6D:B3:9A:EC:
A4:13:59:7A:55:EE:00
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
        keyid:C0:52:9F:7D:75:5E:18:A8:3F:02:34:
35:14:BA:CF:FF:F3:2E:19:7C

Certificate is to be certified until Jan  1 18:12:00 20
23 GMT (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y

1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]
y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

### Task 3: Deploying Certificate in an HTTPS Web Server

```
Terminal 127.0.0.1      localhost  
127.0.1.1      VM  
  
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts  
::1      ip6-localhost ip6-loopback  
fe00::0 ip6-localnet  
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix  
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes  
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters  
127.0.0.1      User  
127.0.0.1      Attacker  
127.0.0.1      Server  
127.0.0.1      www.SeedLabSQLInjection.com  
127.0.0.1      www.xsslabelgg.com  
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabelgg.com  
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabattacker.com  
127.0.0.1      www.repackagingattacklab.com  
127.0.0.1      www.seedlabclickjacking.com  
127.0.0.1      SEEDPKILab2021.com  
  
~  
:wq!■
```

```
Terminal Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y  
  
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]  
ly  
Write out database with 1 new entries  
Data Base Updated  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts  
  
[1]+ Stopped sudo vi /etc/hosts  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key server.pem  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cat server.crt >> server.pem  
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.  
pem -www  
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:  
Using default temp DH parameters  
ACCEPT  
■
```

Insecure Connection - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

! Insecure Connection x +

← → ⌛ ⓘ https://seedpkilab2021.com:4433 ... ⚡ ⭐ ➞ Ⓜ

Most Visited SEED Labs Sites for Labs

# Your connection is not secure

The owner of seedpkilab2021.com has configured their website improperly. To protect your information from being stolen, Firefox has not connected to this website.

[Learn more...](#)

Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify and block malicious sites

Go Back Advanced

```
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key server.pem
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cat server.crt >> server.pem
[01/01/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
```

**Preferences - Mozilla Firefox**

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

! Insecure Connection x Preferences x +

Firefox about:preferences#privacy 60% ⚡ ⌂ ⌂ 10:08 PM ⚙

Most Visited SEED Labs Sites for Labs

Find in Preferences

General Improve Firefox for everyone. We always ask permission before receiving personal information.

Privacy Notice

Allow Firefox to send technical and interaction data to Mozilla [Learn more](#)

Allow Firefox to install and run studies [View Firefox Studies](#)

Allow Firefox to send backlogged crash reports on your behalf [Learn more](#)

Security

**Deceptive Content and Dangerous Software Protection**

Block dangerous and deceptive content [Learn more](#)

Block dangerous downloads

Warn you about unwanted and uncommon software

**Certificates**

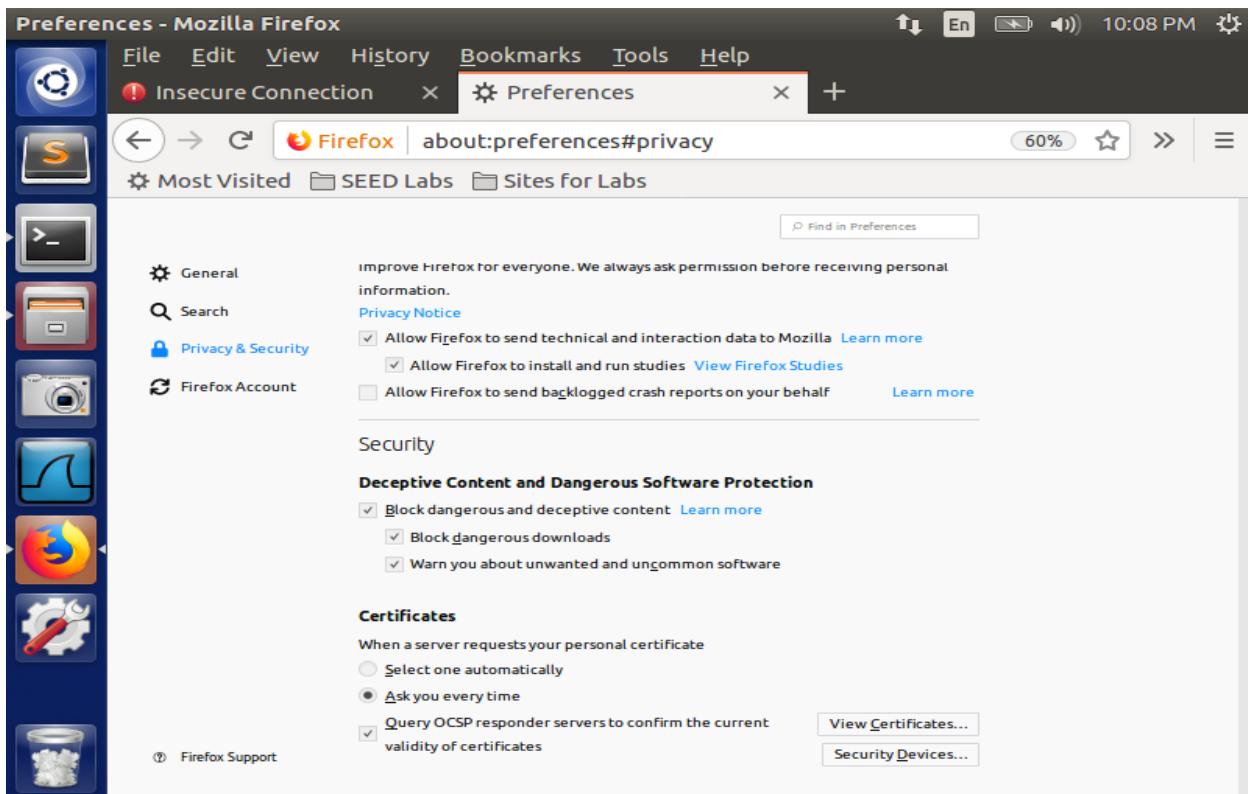
When a server requests your personal certificate

Select one automatically

Ask you every time

Query OCSP responder servers to confirm the current validity of certificates [View Certificates...](#) [Security Devices...](#)

Firefox Support



**Preferences - Mozilla Firefox**

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

! Insecure Connection x Preferences x +

Firefox about:preferences#privacy 60% ⚡ ⌂ ⌂ 10:08 PM ⚙

Most Visited SEED Labs Sites for Labs

Find in Preferences

**Certificate Manager**

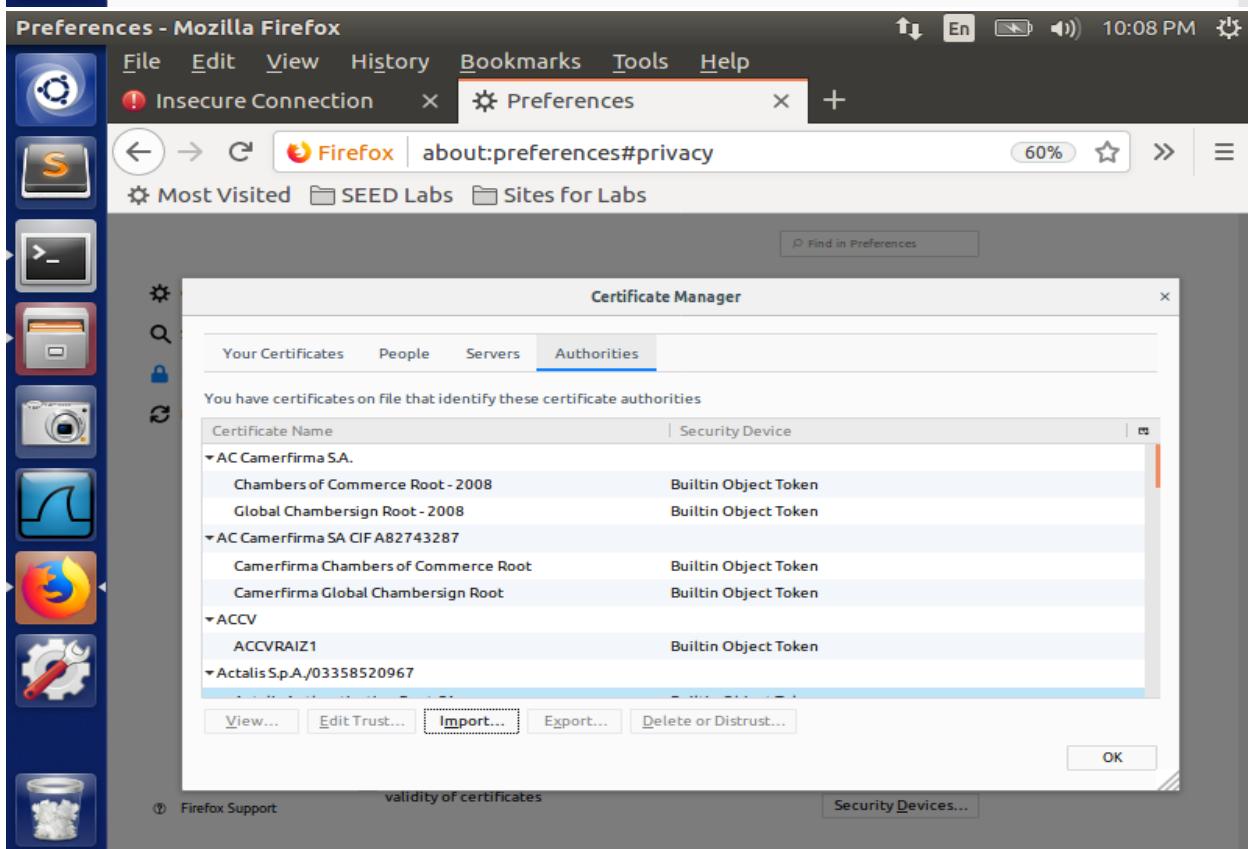
Your Certificates People Servers Authorities

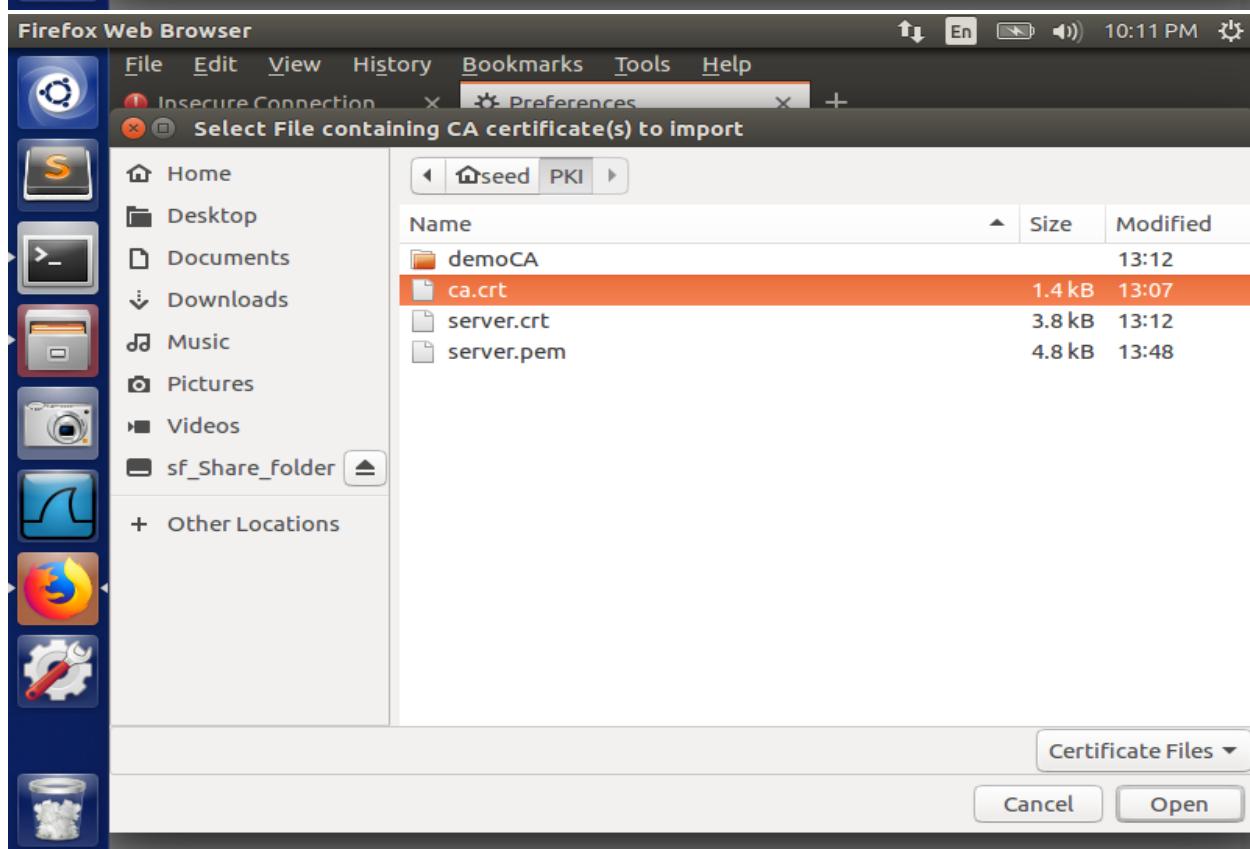
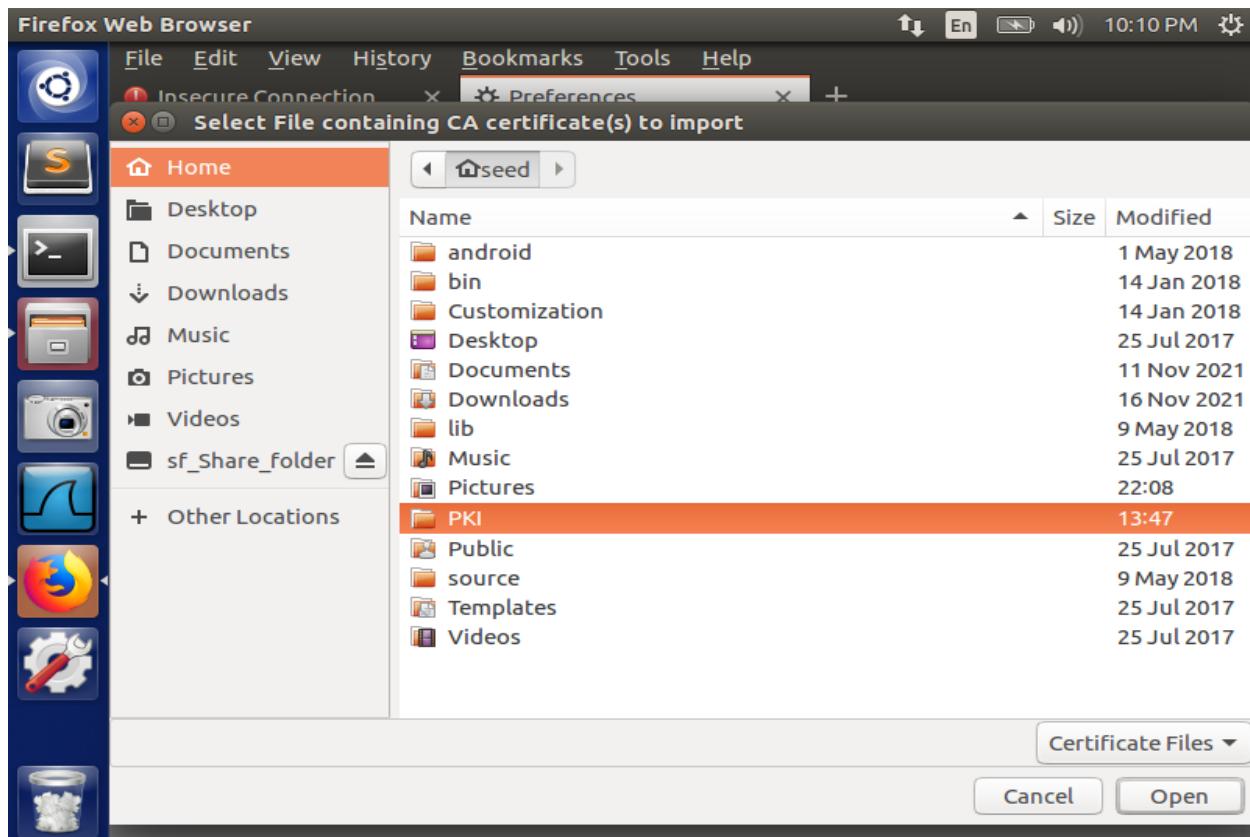
You have certificates on file that identify these certificate authorities

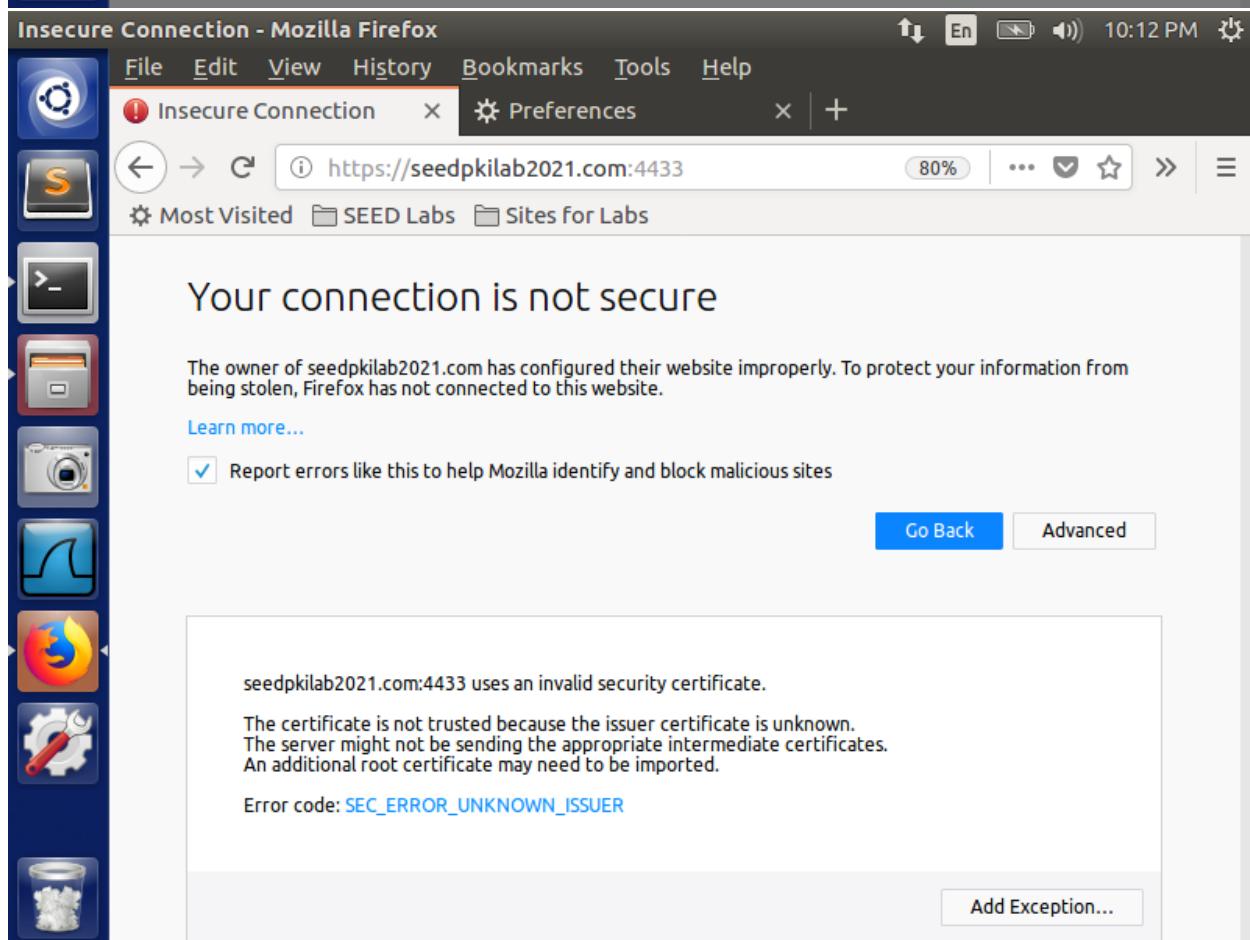
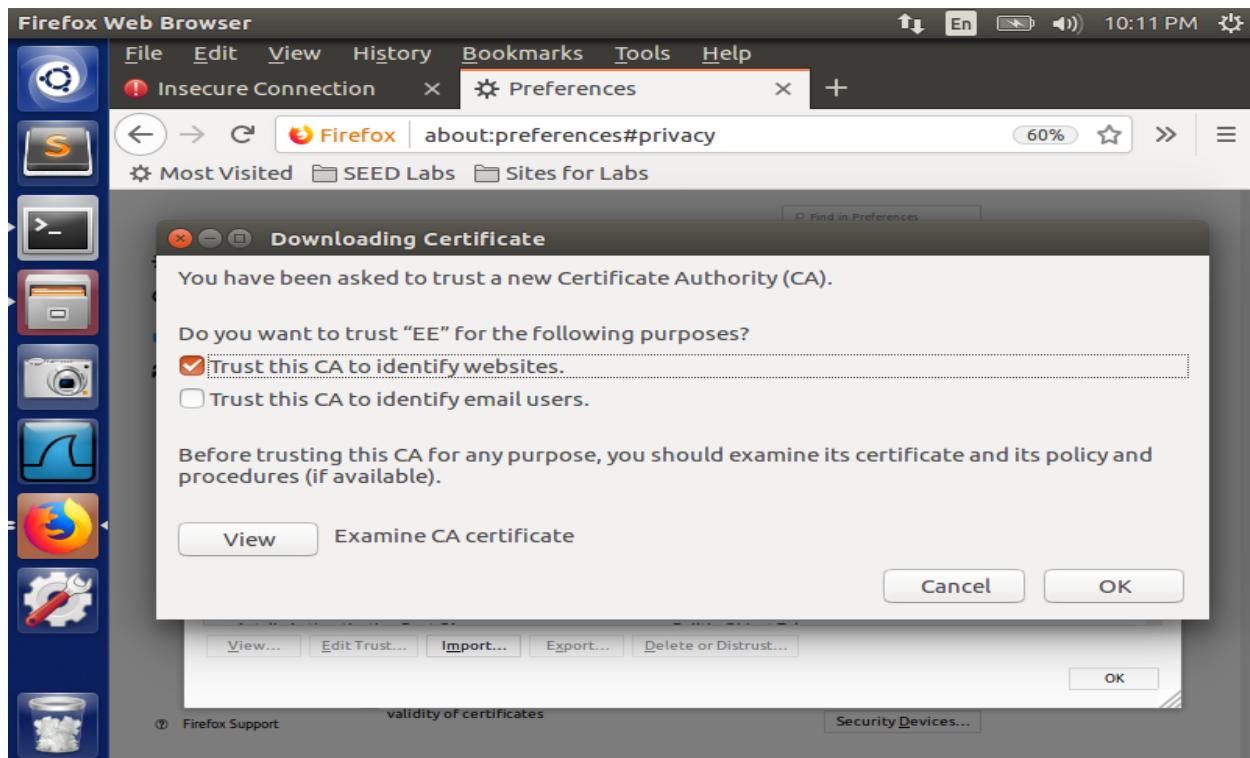
Certificate Name	Security Device
Chambers of Commerce Root - 2008	Builtin Object Token
Global Chambersign Root - 2008	Builtin Object Token
AC Camerfirma SA CIF A82743287	
Camerfirma Chambers of Commerce Root	Builtin Object Token
Camerfirma Global Chambersign Root	Builtin Object Token
ACCV	
ACCVRAIZ1	Builtin Object Token
Actalis S.p.A./03358520967	

View... Edit Trust... Import... Export... Delete or Distrust... OK

Firefox Support validity of certificates Security Devices...







Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

seedpkilab2021.com:4433 / Preferences

Most Visited SEED Labs Sites for Labs

```
s_server -cert server.pem -www
Secure Renegotiation IS supported
Ciphers supported in s_server binary
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES256-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:SRP-DSS-AES-256-CBC-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-DSS-AES-256-CBC-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES256-SHA384
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:AE5256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:CAMELLIA256-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES128-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RSA-AES128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:SRP-DSS-AES-128-CBC-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-CBC-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES128-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-AES128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:AE5128-SHA256
TLSv1/SSLv3:AE5128-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:PSK-AES128-CBC-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RCA-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-RCA-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:RCA-SHA
```

Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

seedpkilab2021.com:4433 / Preferences

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```
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDH-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 TLSv1/SSLv3:DH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:DH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:ECDSA-DES-CBC3-SHA TLSv1/SSLv3:DES-CBC3-SHA
TLSv1/SSLv3:PSK-3DES-EDE-CBC3-SHA
...
Ciphers common between both SSL end points:
ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384 ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
AES128-SHA AES128-SHA DES-CBC3-SHA
Signature Algorithms: ECDSA+SHA256:ECDSA+SHA384:ECDSA+SHA512:0x04+0x08:0x05+0x08:0x06+0x08:RSA+SHA256:RSA+SHA384:RSA+SHA512:ECDSA+SHA1:RSA+SHA1
Shared Signature Algorithms: ECDSA+SHA256:ECDSA+SHA384:ECDSA+SHA512:RSA+SHA256:RSA+SHA384:RSA+SHA512:ECDSA+SHA1:RSA+SHA1
Supported Elliptic Curves: P-256:P-384:P-512:0x0100:0x0101
Shared Elliptic curves: P-256:P-384:P-521
...
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
SSL Session:
  Protocol : TLSv1.2
  Cipher   : ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
  Session ID: 01000000
  Session ID-ctx: 01000000
  Master-Key: E0E8E0C25148F375268698875C1CD1B382A17A11A784F4E7479E87FE79C00D32465322E339F314AF3141183C2FF710C
  Key-Arg  : None
  PSK identity: None
  PSK identity hint: None
  SRV username: None
  Start Time: 1641093150
  Timeout   : 300 (sec)
  Verify return code: 0 (ok)
...
  0 items in the session cache
  0 client connects (SSL_connect())
  0 client renegotiates (SSL_connect())
  0 client connects that finished
  4 server accepts (SSL_accept())
  0 server renegotiates (SSL_accept())
  4 server accepts that finished
  0 session cache hits
  4 session cache misses
  0 session cache timeouts
  0 callback cache hits
  0 cache full overflows (128 allowed)
...
no client certificate available
```

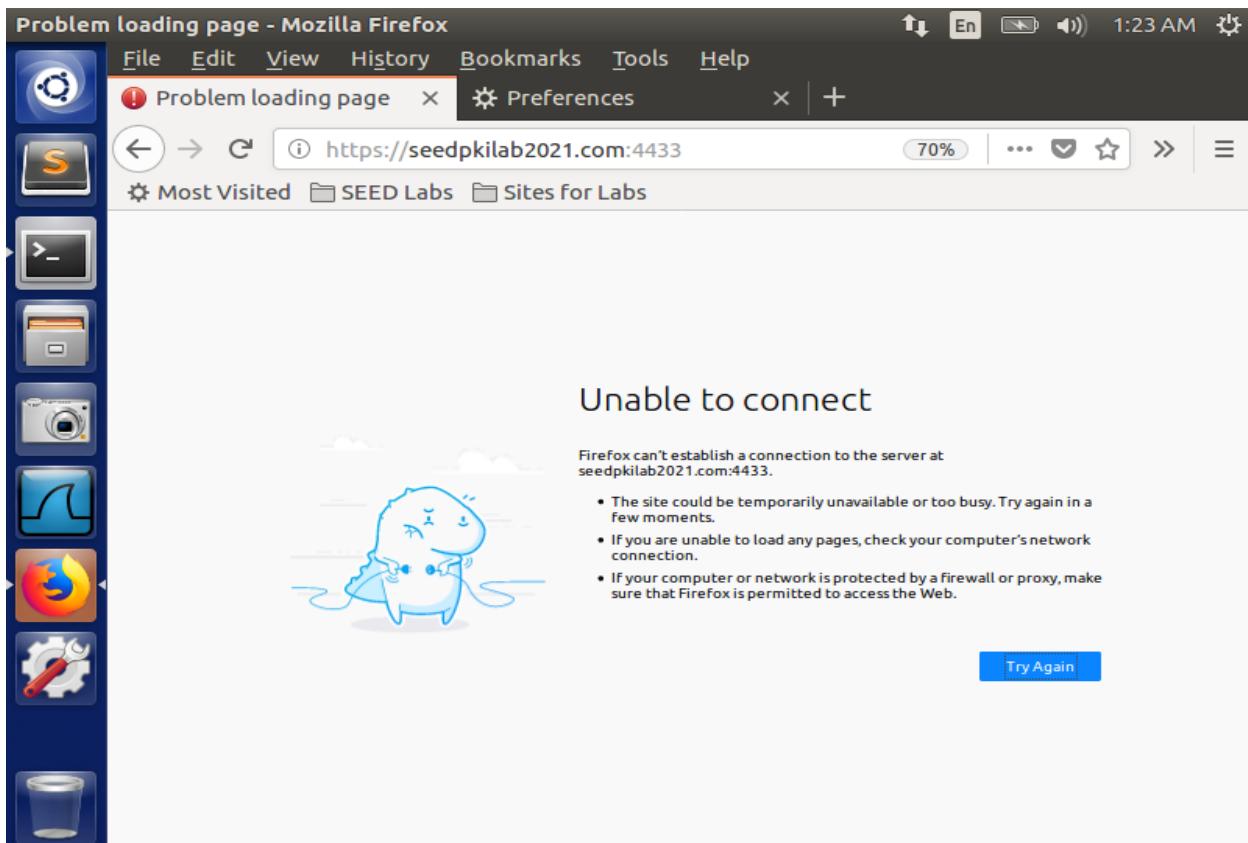
Terminal 1:17 AM

```
23 GMT (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]
]y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key server.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cat server.crt >> server.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.
pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
```

Terminal 1:23 AM

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
Proc-Type: 4,ENCRYPTED
DEK-Info: AES-128-CBC,A1E9F441B87453FF0E1BF4AC6B2BA667
hMkApDquPYVpXoKpi6U3QA5Y9xc710/HQA1VzdC9q5rq05+qZzKsZeQ
4mAw18ehP
CRWYTp0RQjldaz9t1F6KRGkxwe7AupRmoFY3v0foavx4VFAGiBpCg7V
cxNSXKYoc
0z4xVacl0MGM69MsVoZj54E3q+d5L0w/f4q4Let56L94KbQYQ0ZLcUR
8UiJ4r60
S10JNpaZcjwZ24t6eldmljK7dt+TaB44Ldk5BWalFVVDrhZv4y6bED5
/xG3RKwiS
GCK8MRXEG0/yfLQVGQnvstfNV04NaA5pN5PaiiNm7aMZJ2uUG1x9n+j
+ulsG9mLK
/+gscSD83r8Z0U0eE3XRbWX7suIiXwztolgt1VxCn3I6b0b0ydbj1gb
+WubMFZoi
LunsjcAbtFKTs2A+PCfeFikYkEKCoID8ghs06jE4gkKzfps3hS218lF
yf0LTiKpw
2r6xMMhrLcCHe7KkiukxkY3SyLApVHfZigGbgsiV6ZX0U11mBYshGU
Q6axGPav
@
-- INSERT --
```

5 , 2      Top



```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
unable to load server certificate private key file
3070461632:error:0D0680A8:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_C
HECK_TLEN:wrong tag:tasn_dec.c:1197:
3070461632:error:0D07803A:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_I
TEM_EX_D2I:nested asn1 error:tasn_dec.c:374:Type=RSA
3070461632:error:04093004:rsa routines:OLD_RSA_PRIV_DEC
ODE:RSA lib:rsa_ameth.c:119:
3070461632:error:0D0680A8:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_C
HECK_TLEN:wrong tag:tasn_dec.c:1197:
3070461632:error:0D07803A:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_I
TEM_EX_D2I:nested asn1 error:tasn_dec.c:374:Type=PKCS8_
PRIV_KEY_INFO
3070461632:error:0907B00D:PEM routines:PEM_READ_BIO_PRI
VATEKEY:ASN1 lib:pem_pkey.c:141:
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
```

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi server.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.
pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
```

Terminal 1:35 AM

```
unable to load server certificate private key file
3070461632:error:0D0680A8:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_C
HECK_TLEN:wrong tag:tasn_dec.c:1197:
3070461632:error:0D07803A:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_I
TEM_EX_D2I:nested asn1 error:tasn_dec.c:374:Type=RSA
3070461632:error:04093004:rsa routines:OLD_RSA_PRIV_DEC
ODE:RSA lib:rsa_ameth.c:119:
3070461632:error:0D0680A8:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_C
HECK_TLEN:wrong tag:tasn_dec.c:1197:
3070461632:error:0D07803A:asn1 encoding routines:ASN1_I
TEM_EX_D2I:nested asn1 error:tasn_dec.c:374:Type=PKCS8_
PRIV_KEY_INFO
3070461632:error:0907B00D:PEM routines:PEM_READ_BIO_PRI
VATEKEY:ASN1 lib:pem_pkey.c:141:
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo vi server.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl s_server -cert server.
pem -www
Enter pass phrase for server.pem:
Using default temp DH parameters
ACCEPT
ACCEPT
```

The screenshot shows the Mozilla Firefox browser window. At the top, the menu bar includes File, Edit, View, History, Bookmarks, Tools, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with icons for back, forward, search, and refresh. The address bar shows the URL https://seedpkilab2021.com:4433. To the right of the address bar are buttons for zoom (70%), three dots, a mail icon, a star icon, and a double arrow icon. The main content area displays a large block of text listing numerous SSL/TLS cipher suites supported by the server, such as ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384, DHE-DSS-AES256-GCM-SHA384, and various SHA256 and SHA384 variants. The browser's sidebar on the left contains icons for file operations, a terminal, a folder, a camera, a waveform, a gear, and a trash can.

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Ciphers common between both SSL end points:  
ECDSA+AES128-GCM-SHA256 ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384  
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384 ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA  
AES128-SHA AES256-SHA DES-CBC3-SHA  
Signature Algorithms: ECDSA+SHA256:ECDSA+SHA384:ECDSA+SHA512:0x04+0x08:0x05+0x08:0x06+0x08:RSA+SHA256:RSA+SHA384:RSA+SHA512:ECDSA+SHA1:RSA+SHA1  
Shared Signature Algorithms: ECDSA+SHA256:ECDSA+SHA384:ECDSA+SHA512:RSA+SHA256:RSA+SHA384:RSA+SHA512:ECDSA+SHA1:RSA+SHA1  
Supported Elliptic Curves: P-256:P-384:P-521  
Shared Elliptic curves: P-256:P-384:P-521

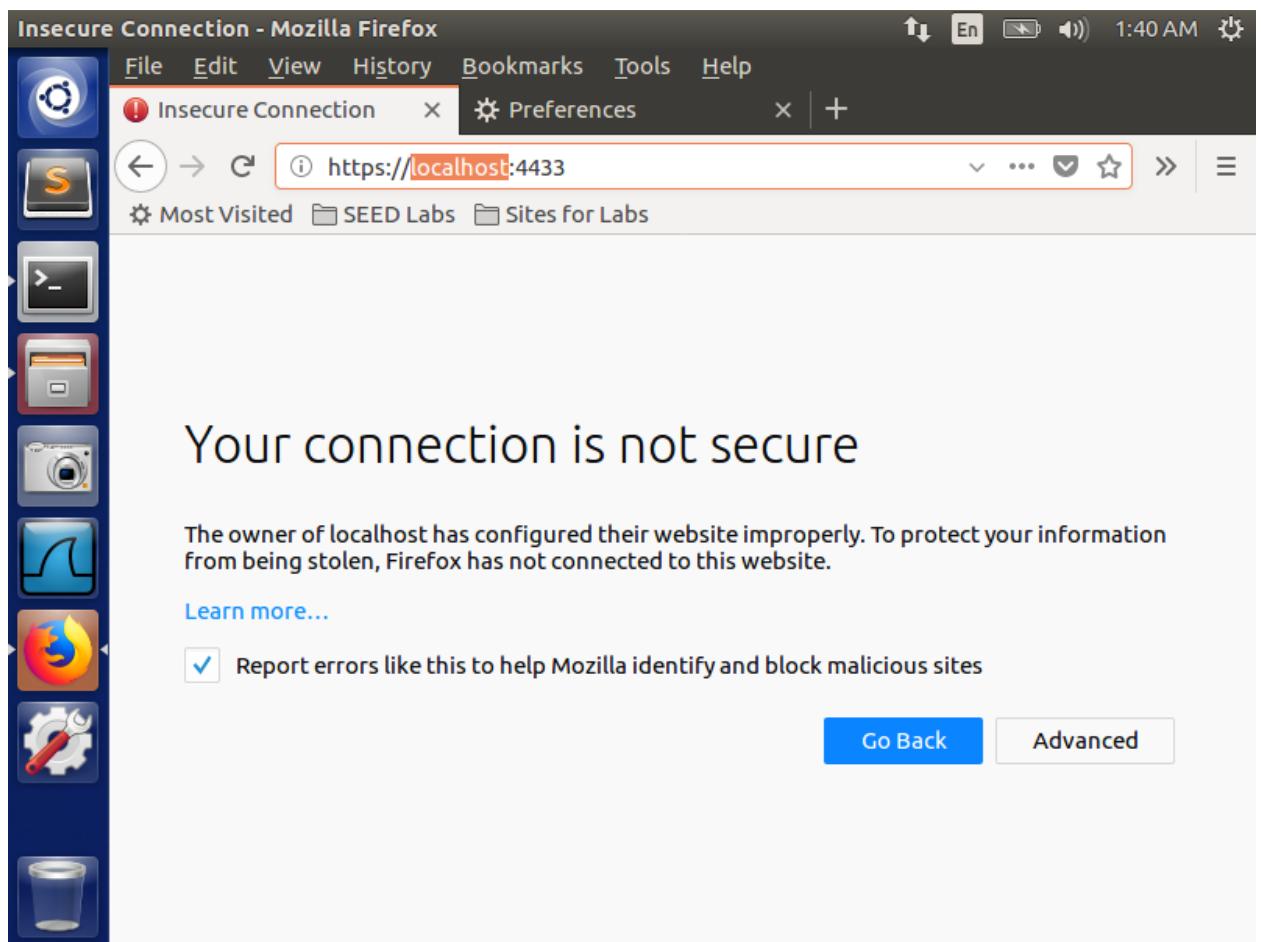
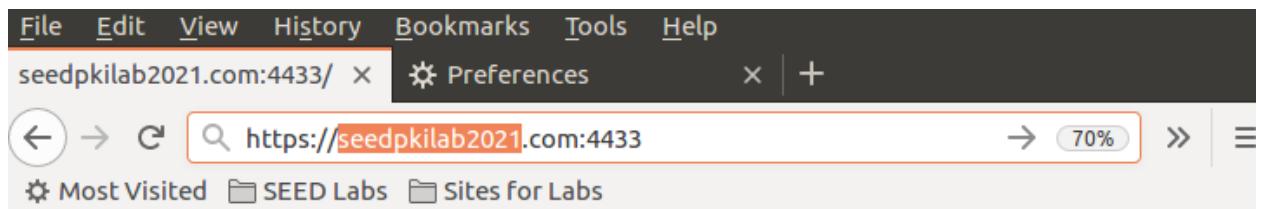
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256

SSL-Session:

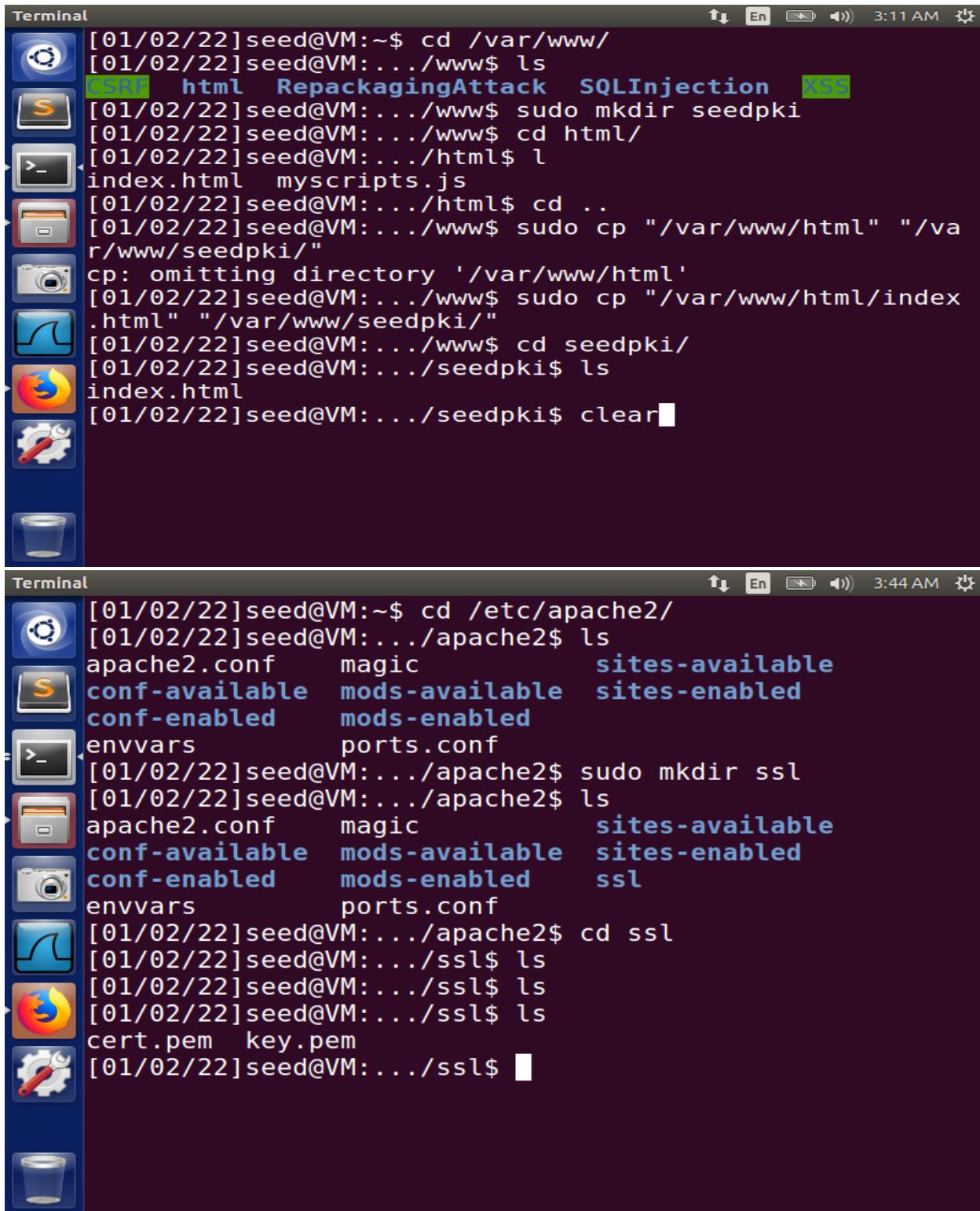
```
Protocol : TLSv1.2
Cipher   : ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
Session-ID:
Session-ID-ctx: 01000000
Master-Key: 9A6FB1063906A49EA69B34A659EBC031A6FDEE109AE8803582939982AFE42B390D03FC2E58ED94D012290A89495EBA6
Key-Ag : None
PSK identity: None
PSK identity hint: None
SRP username: None
Start time: 1641105259
Timeout : 300 (sec)
Verify return code: 0 (ok)
```

0 items in the session cache  
0 client connects (SSL\_connect())  
0 client renegotiates (SSL\_connect())  
0 client connects that finished  
1 server accepts (SSL\_accept())  
0 server renegotiates (SSL\_accept())  
1 server accepts that finished  
0 session cache hits  
1 session cache misses  
0 session cache timeouts  
0 callback cache hits  
0 cache full overflows (128 allowed)

no client certificate available



## Task 4: Deploying Certificate in an Apache-Based HTTPS Website



The image shows a dual-terminal setup on an Ubuntu desktop. The top terminal window, titled 'Terminal' at 3:11 AM, is located in the /var/www directory. It shows the user navigating to /var/www/html, copying index.html and myscripts.js to /var/www/seedpki, and then clearing the screen. The bottom terminal window, also titled 'Terminal' at 3:44 AM, is located in the /etc/apache2 directory. It shows the user navigating to /etc/apache2/ssl, creating a new directory named ssl, and listing files within it, including cert.pem and key.pem.

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /var/www/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ ls
CSRF  html  RepackagingAttack  SQLInjection  XSS
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ sudo mkdir seedpki
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ cd html/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../html$ l
index.html  myscripts.js
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../html$ cd ..
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ sudo cp "/var/www/html" "/var/www/seedpki/"
cp: omitting directory '/var/www/html'
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ sudo cp "/var/www/html/index.html" "/var/www/seedpki/"
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../www$ cd seedpki/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../seedpki$ ls
index.html
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../seedpki$ clear

[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /etc/apache2/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ ls
apache2.conf      magic          sites-available
conf-available   mods-available sites-enabled
conf-enabled     mods-enabled
envvars           ports.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ sudo mkdir ssl
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ ls
apache2.conf      magic          sites-available
conf-available   mods-available sites-enabled
conf-enabled     mods-enabled   ssl
envvars           ports.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ cd ssl
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ ls
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ ls
cert.pem  key.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$
```

```
Terminal
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd PKI/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.crt cert.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key key.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo mv "/home/seed/PKI/cert.p
em" "/etc/apache2/ssl/"
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo mv "/home/seed/PKI/key.pe
m" "/etc/apache2/ssl/"
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ █
```

```
Terminal
<VirtualHost *:80>
    ServerName SEEDPKILab2021.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost *:80>
    # The ServerName directive sets the request sch
    eme, hostname and port that
        # the server uses to identify itself. This is u
    sed when creating
        # redirection URLs. In the context of virtual h
    osts, the ServerName
            # specifies what hostname must appear in the re
    quest's Host: header to
                # match this virtual host. For the default virt
    ual host (this file) this
                    # value is not decisive as it is used as a last
    resort host regardless.
-- INSERT --          5,15          Top
```

```
Terminal <IfModule mod_ssl.c>
<VirtualHost *:80>
    ServerName SEEDPKILab2021.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
    SSLEngine On
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/cert.pem
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/key.pem
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost _default_:443>
    ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
    DocumentRoot /var/www/html
    # Available loglevels: trace8, ..., trace1,
    # debug, info, notice, warn,
    # error, crit, alert, emerg.
-- INSERT --                                     9,48-55          Top
```

```
Terminal [01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ ls
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ ls
cert.pem  key.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ clear
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ cd ..
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ ls
apache2.conf      magic           sites-available
conf-available   mods-available  sites-enabled
conf-enabled     mods-enabled   ssl
envvars           ports.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ cd sites-available
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ ls
000-default.conf  default-ssl.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ sudo vi 000-default.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ sudo vi default-ssl.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$
```

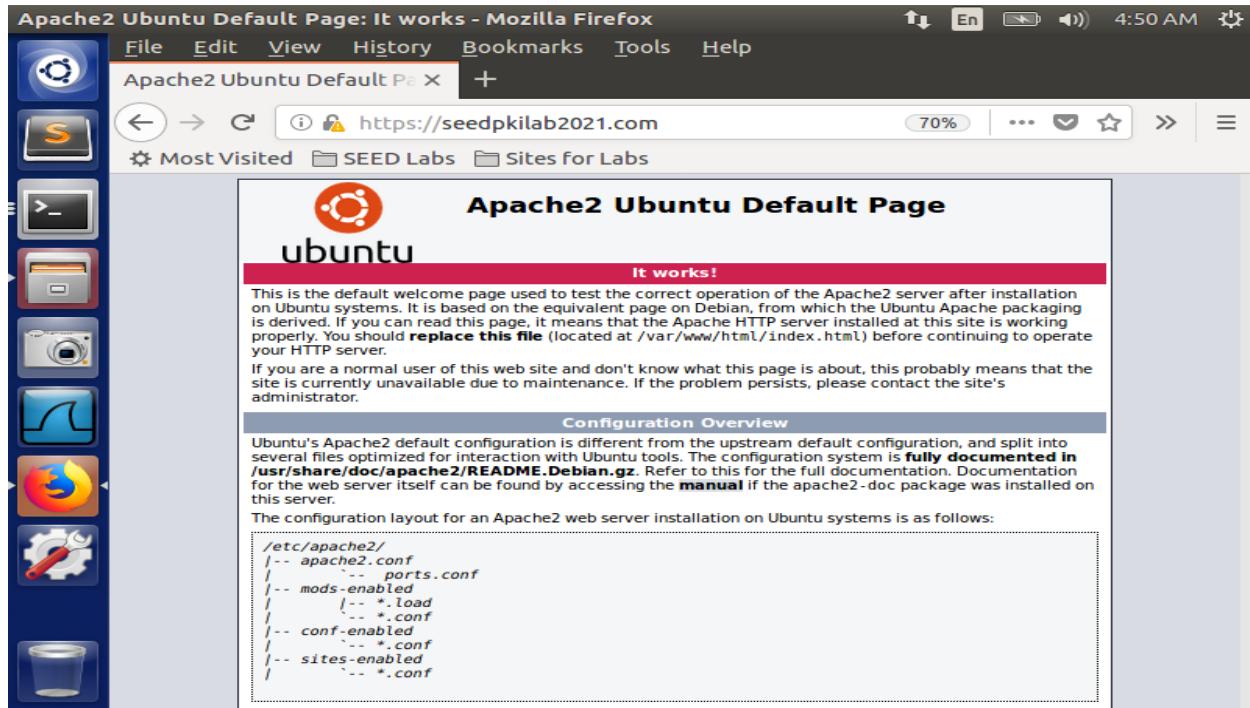
Terminal

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo apachectl configtest
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/seedlabclickjacking] does not exist
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using 127.0.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2enmod ssl
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:
Module setenvif already enabled
Considering dependency mime for ssl:
Module mime already enabled
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:
Enabling module socache_shmcb.
Enabling module ssl.
See /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz on how to configure SSL and create self-signed certificates.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
      service apache2 restart
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2ensite default-ssl
```

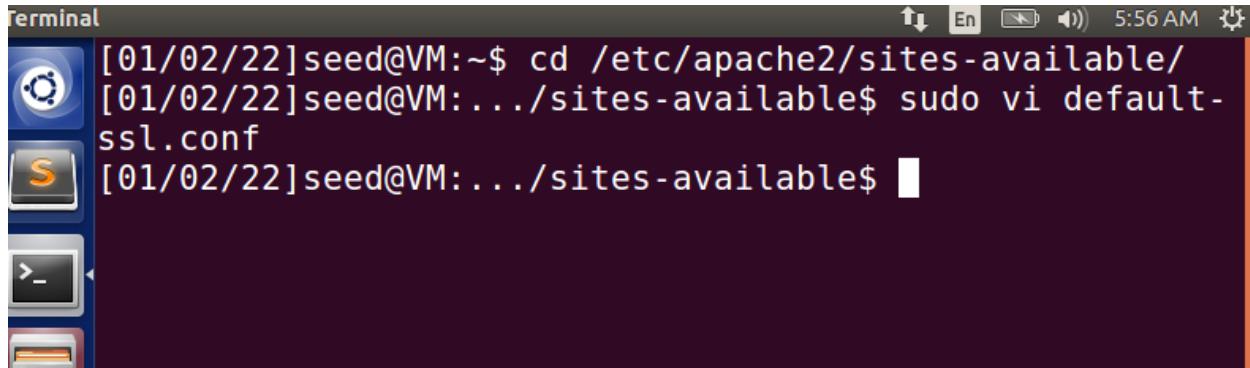
Terminal

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo apachectl configtest
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/seedlabclickjacking] does not exist
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using 127.0.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2enmod ssl
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:
Module setenvif already enabled
Considering dependency mime for ssl:
Module mime already enabled
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:
Enabling module socache_shmcb.
Enabling module ssl.
See /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz on how to configure SSL and create self-signed certificates.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
      service apache2 restart
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2ensite default-ssl
```

```
Terminal Terminal File Edit View Search Terminal Help ↻ En 🔋 4:08 AM ⚡
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo apachectl configtest
AH00112: Warning: DocumentRoot [/var/www/seedlabclickjacking] does not exist
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using 127.0.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
Syntax OK
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2enmod ssl
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:
Module setenvif already enabled
Considering dependency mime for ssl:
Module mime already enabled
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:
Enabling module socache_shmcb.
Enabling module ssl.
See /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz on how to configure SSL and create self-signed certificates.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
    service apache2 restart
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2ensite default-ssl
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
    service apache2 restart
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo a2ensite default-ssl
Enabling site default-ssl.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
    service apache2 reload
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo service apache2 restart
Enter passphrase for SSL/TLS keys for SEEDPKILab2021.com:443 (RSA): ****
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ █
```



## Task 5: Launching a Man-In-The-Middle Attack



```
Terminal 5:54 AM
  ↗ En 🔋 🔊 ⚡
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
<VirtualHost *:443>
    ServerName SEEDPKILab2021.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
    SSLEngine On
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/cert.pem
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/key.pem
</VirtualHost>

<VirtualHost *:443>
    ServerName instagram.com
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki
    DirectoryIndex index.html
    SSLEngine On
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/cert.pem
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/key.pem
</VirtualHost>

:wq! █
```

```
Terminal 5:57 AM
127.0.0.1      localhost
127.0.1.1      VM

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1      ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
127.0.0.1      User
127.0.0.1      Attacker
127.0.0.1      Server
127.0.0.1      www.SeedLabSQLInjection.com
127.0.0.1      www.xsslabelgg.com
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabelgg.com
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabattacker.com
127.0.0.1      www.repackagingattacklab.com
127.0.0.1      www.seedlabclickjacking.com
127.0.0.1      SEEDPKILab2021.com
127.0.0.1      instagram.com
-- INSERT --          20,24-30          All
```

```
Terminal 6: 5:57 AM
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ █

Terminal 7: 6:03 AM
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd PKI/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo service apache2 restart
Enter passphrase for SSL/TLS keys for instagram.com:443
(RSA): ****
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ █
```

A screenshot of a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The title bar reads "Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows "instagram.com". The main content area displays the Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page, featuring the Ubuntu logo, the word "ubuntu", and the text "It works!". Below this, there is explanatory text about the page's purpose and how to replace the default file. A "Configuration Overview" section follows, detailing the configuration files and documentation. On the left side of the browser, there is a vertical toolbar with various icons, including a trash can, a gear, a wrench, a camera, a file folder, and a terminal window.

The screenshot shows the Mozilla Firefox browser window. The title bar reads "Insecure Connection - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays "https://instagram.com" with a red warning icon and the text "Insecure Connection". Below the address bar, the status bar shows "90%" and other icons. The main content area features a large orange warning message: "Your connection is not secure". Below this, a text box states: "The owner of instagram.com has configured their website improperly. To protect your information from being stolen, Firefox has not connected to this website." A blue link "Learn more..." is present. At the bottom left, there is a checked checkbox with the label "Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify and block malicious sites". On the right side, there are two buttons: "Go Back" in blue and "Advanced" in a grey box.

## Task 6: Launching a Man-In-The-Middle Attack with a Compromised CA

```
Terminal [01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl req -new -key server.key -out youtube.csr -config openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for server.key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:SA
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Riyadh
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Rio
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:STC
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:STCKSA
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:youtube.com
Email Address []:elham@gmail.com

Terminal Email Address []:elham@gmail.com
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:abc123
An optional company name []:
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl ca -in youtube.csr -out youtube.crt -cert ca.crt -config openssl.cnf
Using configuration from openssl.cnf
Error opening CA private key ./demoCA/private/cakey.pem
3071043264:error:02001002:system library:fopen:No such
file or directory:bss_file.c:398:fopen('./demoCA/private/cakey.pem','r')
3071043264:error:20074002:BI0 routines:FILE_CTRL:system
lib:bss_file.c:400:
unable to load CA private key
```

```
Terminal
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ openssl ca -in youtube.csr -out youtube.crt -cert ca.crt -keyfile ca.key -config openssl.cnf
Using configuration from openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for ca.key:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
    Serial Number: 4097 (0x1001)
    Validity
        Not Before: Jan 2 11:36:49 2022 GMT
        Not After : Jan 2 11:36:49 2023 GMT
    Subject:
        countryName = SA
        stateOrProvinceName = Riyadh
        organizationName = STC
        organizationalUnitName = STCKSA
        commonName = youtube.com
        emailAddress = elham@gmail.com
    X509v3 extensions:
        X509v3 Basic Constraints:
```

```
Terminal
X509v3 Basic Constraints:
    CA:FALSE
Netscape Comment:
    OpenSSL Generated Certificate
X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
    63:75:19:6D:FF:8C:EA:DC:EF:21:6B:D2:27:
    03:6A:CB:C1:B9:95:0C
X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
    keyid:0C:83:EF:F7:91:DC:3A:21:2D:E1:0B:
    15:04:39:44:E6:17:A5:E3:03
Certificate is to be certified until Jan 2 11:36:49 20
23 GMT (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]
y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key youtube.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cat youtube.crt >> youtube.pem
```

```
Certificate is to be certified until Jan 2 11:36:49 20  
23 GMT (365 days)  
Sign the certificate? [y/n]:y
```

```
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n]  
]y
```

```
Write out database with 1 new entries
```

```
Data Base Updated
```

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp server.key youtube.pem  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cat youtube.crt >> youtube.pem  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ cp youtube.crt cert2.pem  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo mv "/home/seed/PKI/cert2.  
pem" "/etc/apache2/ssl/"  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ █
```

Terminal

6:44 AM

```
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>  
  
<VirtualHost *:443>  
    ServerName SEEDPKILab2021.com  
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki  
    DirectoryIndex index.html  
    SSLEngine On  
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/cert.pem  
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/key.pem  
</VirtualHost>  
  
<VirtualHost *:443>  
    ServerName youtube.com  
    DocumentRoot /var/www/seedpki  
    DirectoryIndex index.html  
    SSLEngine On  
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/cert2.pem  
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/key.pem  
</VirtualHost>  
  
:wq! █
```

Terminal

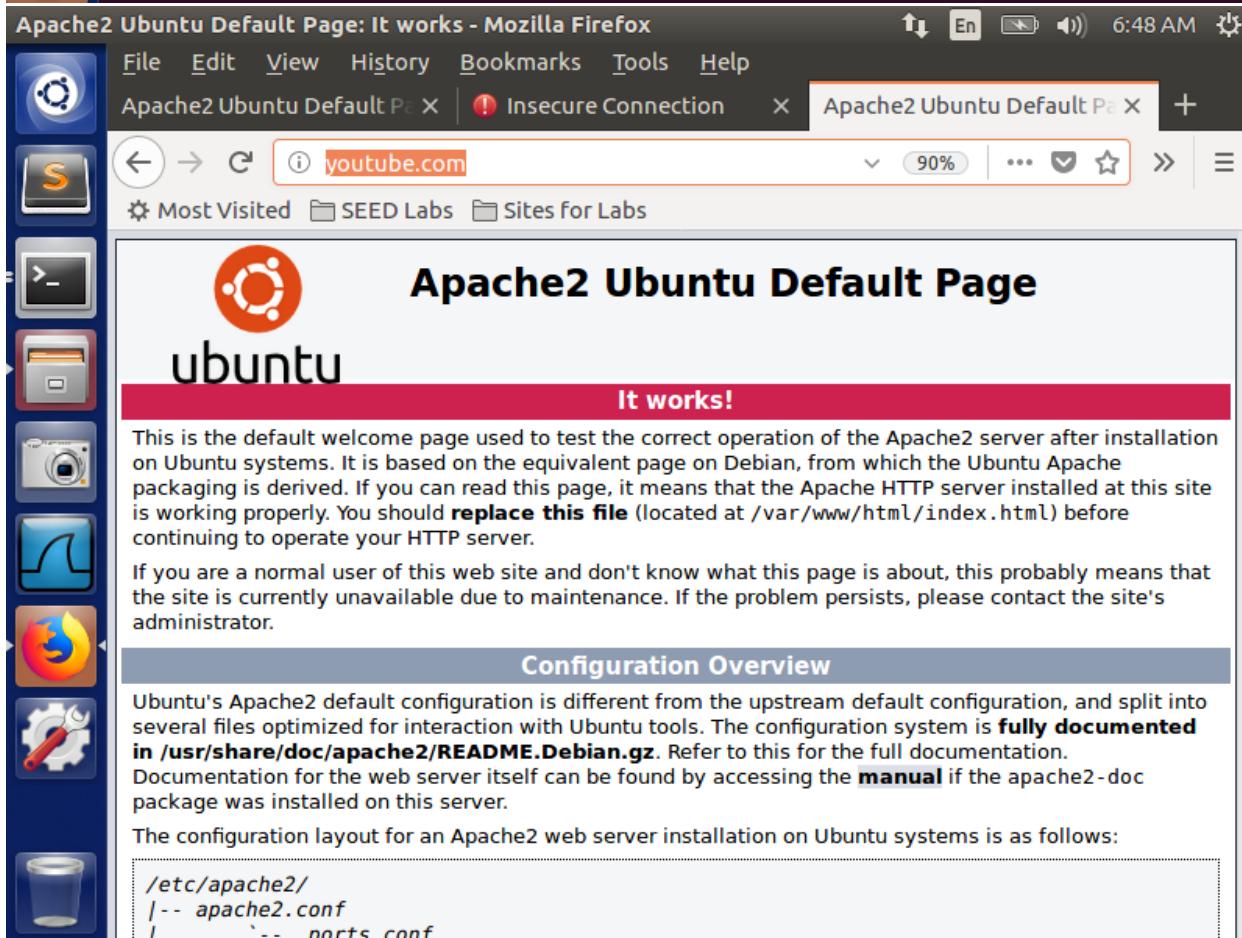
```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd /etc/apache2/ssl/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ ls
cert2.pem cert.pem key.pem
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ sd ..
The program 'sd' is currently not installed. You can install it by typing:
sudo apt install sd
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../ssl$ cd ..
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../apache2$ cd sites-available/
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ ls
000-default.conf default-ssl.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ sudo vi default-ssl.conf
[01/02/22]seed@VM:.../sites-available$ █
```

Terminal

```
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1      ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0  ip6-localnet
ff00::0  ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1  ip6-allnodes
ff02::2  ip6-allrouters
127.0.0.1      User
127.0.0.1      Attacker
127.0.0.1      Server
127.0.0.1      www.SeedLabSQLInjection.com
127.0.0.1      www.xsslabelgg.com
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabelgg.com
127.0.0.1      www.csrflabattacker.com
127.0.0.1      www.repackagingattacklab.com
127.0.0.1      www.seedlabclickjacking.com
127.0.0.1      SEEDPKILab2021.com
127.0.0.1      instagram.com
127.0.0.1      youtube.com

:wq! █
```

```
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ sudo vi /etc/hosts  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~$ cd PKI/  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ sudo service apache2 restart  
Enter passphrase for SSL/TLS keys for youtube.com:443 (RSA): ****  
[01/02/22]seed@VM:~/PKI$ █
```



The configuration layout for an Apache2 web server installation on Ubuntu systems is as follows:

```
/etc/apache2/
|-- apache2.conf
|   |-- sites-available
|   |   |-- default
|   |   `-- default.conf
|   `-- ports.conf
```