



Caption: Data are generated with $m = 8$ views and $p = 6$ disturbances, consisting of 2 sub-Gaussian, 2 Gaussian, and 2 super-Gaussian disturbances. The x-axis represents the number of sparse entries in the strictly lower triangular part of each T^i , while the y-axis shows the Spearman's rank correlation between true and estimated causal orderings. Recovering the causal ordering is significantly easier in the shared causal ordering scenario (Assumption 3) than in the multiple causal orderings scenario (Assumption 2).