



Caption: Data are generated with $m = 8$ views and $p = 6$ disturbances, consisting of 2 sub-Gaussian, 2 Gaussian, and 2 super-Gaussian disturbances. The x-axis represents the number of sparse entries in the strictly lower triangular part of each T^i , while the y-axis shows the Spearman's rank correlation between true and estimated causal orderings. Results justify Assumptions 2 and 3, since recovering the causal ordering is significantly easier in the shared causal ordering scenario (Assumption 3) than in the multiple causal orderings scenario (Assumption 2).