1. Type following command in your directory.

ls

Is -a

Is -la

Is -Fa

```
| In circum etc | Lib | Lib64 | lost-found mnt proc run | snap | swapfile | snap |
```

2. Make a directory

mkdir linux

pwd

cd linux

pwd

cd

pwd

rmdir linux

```
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/linux$ mkdir linux
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/linux$ pwd
home/rps/linux
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/linux$ cd linux
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/linux/linux$ pwd
home/rps/linux/linux
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/linux/linux$ cd
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ pwd
home/rps
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ rmdir linux
```

Navigation:

cd (change directory): Moves you between directories.

Exercise: Navigate to your home directory (cd ~), then explore subdirectories like Documents (cd Documents). Use pwd (print working directory) to confirm your location. Try going back a directory with cd ...

pwd (print working directory): Shows your current directory path.

Exercise: After navigating using cd, use pwd to verify the path.

Is (list): Lists files and directories in the current directory.

Exercise: Use Is in your home directory and note the listed items. Try Is -I (long format) for detailed information like permissions, owner, and size.

File and Directory Management:

mkdir (make directory): Creates a new directory.

Exercise: Create a new directory called "Projects" (mkdir Projects). Use Is to confirm its existence. rmdir (remove directory): Deletes an empty directory.

Exercise: Make a directory named "temp" (mkdir temp). Delete it after verifying its existence with Is (rmdir temp).

touch (create file): Creates an empty file.

Exercise: Create a file called "test.txt" (touch test.txt). Use Is to see it listed.

cp (copy): Copies a file or directory to another location.

Exercise: Copy "test.txt" to your Documents directory (cp test.txt Documents). Verify the copy with Is Documents.

mv (move/rename): Moves or renames a file or directory.

Exercise: Rename "test.txt" to "data.txt" (mv test.txt data.txt). Use Is to confirm the change. You can also move files to a different directory (e.g., mv data.txt Documents).

rm (remove): Deletes files or directories (use with caution!).

Exercise: Important: Only use this after creating a test file (e.g., touch temp.txt). Delete "temp.txt" with rm temp.txt. Never use rm -rf without understanding the risks!

File Viewing and Permissions:

cat (concatenate): Displays the contents of a text file.

Exercise: Create a text file named "message.txt" with some content (e.g., using a text editor). Then, use cat message.txt to view its contents.

more (pager): Displays a file's contents one screen at a time (useful for long files).

Exercise: Create a larger text file (e.g., "long_text.txt") and use more long_text.txt to navigate through its content page by page.

less (pager): Similar to more, but allows you to move backward in the file.

Exercise: Use less with "long_text.txt" to try moving backward using the Up arrow key.

chmod (change mode): Modifies file permissions (owner, group, others) for read, write, and execute access.

Exercise: This requires understanding permissions. Refer to the man chmod page for details. Proceed with caution when modifying permissions.

Getting Help and Information:

man (manual): Provides detailed information about a command.

Exercise: Use man Is or man cd to learn more about these commands.

info (information): Another source of documentation for some commands, often more user-friendly than man.

Exercise: Try info ls or info cd if available on your system.

--help or -h (help flag): Provides a brief overview of a command's usage.

Exercise: Use Is --help or Is -h to see the basic usage options for Is.

```
IMANIAT: A 179 FPS 4090 Jul 10 12:13 tell
frackrikt. 2 179 FPS 4090 Jul 20 12:13 tell
frackrikt. 2 179 FPS 4090 Jul 20 12:27 type
frackrikt. 2 179 FPS 4090 Jul 20 12:27 type
frackrikt. 2 179 FPS 4090 Jul 20 12:27 type
pageps-virtual-machine: 5 lk
seignment dem. txt Bocuments du file3.txt file6.txt linus nv password Projects snap test1
seen dem. txt Bocuments du file3.txt file6.txt linus nv password Projects snap test2
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 nkdir temp
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 lk
seignment Bosktop Domnloads file3.txt file6.txt nanbasename nydirectory Projects temp type
asename df du file4.txt historyfile.txt nusic password Projects temp type
asename df du file4.txt historyfile.txt nusic password Projects temp
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 rmdir temp
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 lk
seignment dem. txt Bocuments du file3.txt file6.txt linus nv password Projects snap test1
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 rmdir temp
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 rmdir temp
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus nydir projects snap test.txt
ps@prs-virtual-machine: 5 touch test.txt linus ny
```

```
pserps-virtual-machine:-$ is bocuments
est.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ nv test.txt data.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ ls
ssignment dem.txt dognames file2.txt file6.txt nambasename mydirectory projects snap type
asename Desktop Downloads file3.txt file1.txt nambasename mydirectory Projects Templates Videos
cok df du file4.txt historyfile.txt Music password Public test
ata.txt Documents file1.txt file5.txt history.txt nv Pictures README.md testi
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ nv data.txt Documents
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ for temp.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ ceho "This is a message.txt
his is a message.
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ seq 1 20 > long_text.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ more long_text.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ more long_text.txt

00
11
22
33
44
55
66
67
78
89
```

```
18
19
20
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ less long_text.txt
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ chmod 54 message.txt
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ man ls
 rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ man cd
rps@rps-virtual ror cd
rps@rps-virtual machine: -$ info ls
rps@rps-virtual machine: -$ info cd
info: No menu item 'cd' in node '(dir)Top'
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls --help
Usage: ls [OPTION]... [FILE]...
List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default).
Sort entries alphabetically if none of -cftuvSUX nor --sort is specified.
 Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.
                                                  do not ignore entries starting with . do not list implied . and ..
    -A, --almost-all
          --author
                                                  with -l, print the author of each file
   -b, --escape
                                                  print C-style escapes for nongraphic characters
                                                 with -l, scale sizes by SIZE when printing them;
e.g., '--block-size=M'; see SIZE format below
do not list implied entries ending with ~
with -lt: sort by, and show, ctime (time of last
modification of file status information);
          --block-size=SIZE
   -B. --ignore-backups
                                                     with -1: show ctime and sort by name;
                                                  otherwise: sort by ctime, newest first
list entries by columns
                                                 colorize the output; WHEN can be 'always' (default if omitted), 'auto', or 'never'; more info below list directories themselves, not their contents
           --color[=WHEN]
   -d, --directory
                                                  generate output designed for Emacs' dired mode
do not sort, enable -aU, disable -ls --color
append indicator (one of */=>@|) to entries
   -D, --dired
   -F, --classify
```

```
context sort alphabetically by entry extension

-Z, --context print any security context of each file

-1 list one file per line. Avoid '\n' with -q or -b

--help display this help and exit

--version output version information and exit

e SIZE argument is an integer and optional unit (example: 10K is 10*1024).

its are K,N,G,T,P,E,Z,Y (powers of 1024) or KB,MB,... (powers of 1000).

nary prefixes can be used, too: KiB=K, MIB=M, and so on.

e TIME_STYLE argument can be full-iso, long-iso, iso, locale, or +FORMAT.

RMAT is interpreted like in date(1). If FORMAT is FORMATIsnewline>FORMATZ,
en FORMATI applies to non-recent files and FORMAT2 to recent files.

ME_STYLE prefixed with 'posix-' takes effect only outside the POSIX locale.

so the TIME_STYLE environment variable sets the default style to use.

ing color to distinguish file types is disabled both by default and
th --color=never. With --color=auto, is emits color codes only when
andard output is connected to a terminal. The LS_COLORS environment
riable can change the settings. Use the dircolors command to set it.

it status:

if OK,
if minor problems (e.g., cannot access subdirectory),
if serious trouble (e.g., cannot access subdirectory),
if serious trouble (e.g., cannot access command-line argument).

U coreutils online help: <a href="https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/ls-available locally via: info '(coreutils) is invocation'
serps-virtual-machine: $ is -h

Il documentation -https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/ls-available locally via: info '(coreutils) is invocation'
serps-virtual-machine: $ is -h

Il mement busitop Downloads file3.txt file5.txt history.txt message.txt mydirectory Projects snap type
of the Documents file1.txt file5.txt history.txt message.txt mydirectory Projects Templates Videos
**Cantal Adopanes** file2.txt file6.txt linux
**Music password** public test**
```

Navigation and File Manipulation:

1.cd ~ && mkdir exercises && cd exercises: Navigate to your home directory, create a new

directory named "exercises," and then move into it.

A: cd ~

mkdir exercises

cd exercises

2. cp ../data.txt . (assuming "data.txt" exists in the parent directory): Copy a file named "data.txt" from the parent directory into your current "exercises" directory.

A: cp ../data.txt .

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ cd ~
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ mkdir exercises
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ cd exercises
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ cp../data.txt
bash: cp../data.txt: No such file or directory
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ cd
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls
commands Desktop Downloads file.txt message.txt new_pear programs Public Templates Videos
desktop Documents exercises long_text.txt Music Pictures Projects snap unix
```

3. mv important file.txt important data.txt && touch report.md: Rename a file named

"important_file.txt" to "important_data.txt" and create a new Markdown file named "report.md" within the "exercises" directory.

mv important file.txt important data.txt

touch report.md

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ mkdir important_fille
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ ls
important_fille
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ mv important_file important_data
mv: cannot stat 'important_file': No such file or directory
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ mv important_fille important_data
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ ls
important_data
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ touch report.md
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ ls
important_data report.md
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$
```

4. cat report.md (assuming the file is empty): View the contents (which should be empty) of the "report.md" file using cat.

Ans: Displays the contents of the "report.md" file, which should be empty initially.

cat report.md

Output: Since the file is empty, no content will be displayed.

5. echo "This is a report" >> report.md: Append a line of text "This is a report" to the "report.md" file using redirection ('>>').

Ans: Appends the text "This is a report" to the "report.md" file using redirection ('>>').

echo "This is a report" >> report.md

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ cat report.md
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ echo "This is Report">>report.md
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ cat report.md
This is Report
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$
```

6. less report.md: Use less to view the contents of the "report.md" file, which now contains the appended text.

Ans: Uses the less command to view the contents of the "report.md" file, which now contains the appended text.

less report.md

```
This is Report
```

Finding and Organizing Files:

7. Is -I | grep 'txt\$': List all files in the current directory with the long format (-I) and filter the output using grep to only show files ending with the ".txt" extension.

Ans: Lists all files in the current directory with the long format (-I) and filters the output using grep to only show files ending with the ".txt" extension.

Is -I | grep 'txt\$'

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls -l | grep 'txt$'
drwxrwxr-x 2 rps rps 4096 Jul 17 12:43 data.txt
--w----- 1 rps rps 0 Jul 17 12:26 file.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rps rps 792 Jul 17 12:17 long_text.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rps rps 14 Jul 17 12:09 message.txt
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$
```

8. find . -name 'data*': Search for all files starting with "data" (including "data.txt", "data_backup.csv", etc.) recursively within the current directory and its subdirectories using find.

Ans: Searches for all files starting with "data" (including "data.txt", "data_backup.csv", etc.) recursively within the current directory and its subdirectories using find.

find . -name 'data*'

```
chine: $ find . -name 'data*
./Documents/data.txt
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++github.com/ls/data.sqlite
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++docs.gitlab.com/ls/data.sqlite
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++www.google.com/ls/data.sqlite
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++accounts.google.com/ls/data.sq
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++mail.google.com/ls/data.sqlite
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/http+++10.10.16.125+8929/ls/data.sqlit
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++docs.vmware.com/ls/data.sqlite
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/storage/default/https+++ourcodeworld.com/ls/data.sqlit
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/settings/data.safe.bin
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/datareporting
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/datareporting/glean/db/data.safe.bin
./snap/firefox/common/.mozilla/firefox/6oz9udyh.default/security_state/data.safe.bin
./.config/Code/GPUCache/data_0
./.config/Code/GPUCache/data_3
./.config/Code/GPUCache/data_1
./.config/Code/GPUCache/data_2
./.config/Code/databases
./.config/Code/DawnCache/data_0
./.config/Code/DawnCache/data_3
./.config/Code/DawnCache/data_1
./.config/Code/DawnCache/data_2
./.config/libreoffice/4/user/database
./.config/libreoffice/4/user/pack/database
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$
```

9. mv data* data_archive/: Move all files starting with "data" into a new directory named "data_archive" (create it if it doesn't exist).

Ans: Moves all files starting with "data" into a new directory named "data_archive". You need to create the "data_archive" directory if it doesn't exist.

```
mkdir -p data_archive mv data* data archive/
```

```
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ mkdir -p data_archieve
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ ls
ata_archieve exercises
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ mv data* data_archieve/
v: cannot move 'data_archieve' to a subdirectory of itself, 'data_archieve/data_archieve'
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ pwd
home/rps/exercises
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ ls
ata_archieve exercises
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises$ cd data_archieve
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises/data_archieve$ pwd
home/rps/exercises/data_archieve
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises/data_archieve$ mv data* data_archieve
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises/data_archieve$ pwd
home/rps/exercises/data_archieve
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~/exercises/data_archieve$ pwd
home/rps/exercises/data_archieve
```

Print c++:-

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ ./hello
Welcome C++
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ sudo apt install g++
[sudo] password for rps:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
g++ is already the newest version (4:11.2.0-1ubuntu1).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libflashrom1 libftdi1-2 libllvm13 libwpe-1.0-1 libwpebackend-fdo-1.0-1
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 4 not upgraded.
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ g++ E hello.cpp -o hello.i
/usr/bin/ld: cannot find E: No such file or directory
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ g++ -E hello.cpp -o hello.i
rps@rps-virtual-machine: - $ g++ - S hello.i - o hello.s
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ g++ -c hello.s -o hello.o
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ g++ hello.o -o hello_class
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ ./hello_class
Welcome C++
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ head hello.cpp
#include<iostream>
int main(){
        std::cout << "Welcome C++" << std::endl:
        return 0:
3
rps@rps-virtual-machine:-$ tail hello.cpp
#include<iostream>
int main(){
        std::cout << "Welcome C++" << std::endl;
        return 0;
```

PERMISSION :-

```
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls -l .bash_history
rw------ 1 rps rps 4448 Jul 17 16:15 .bash_history
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ cp .bash_history sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls -l sample.txt
rw------ 1 rps rps 4448 Jul 17 17:15 sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ chmod a-r sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls -l sample.txt
-w----- 1 rps rps 4448 Jul 17 17:15 sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ less sample.txt
ample.txt: Permission denied
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ chmod u+rw sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ ls -l sample.txt
rw------ 1 rps rps 4448 Jul 17 17:15 sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ less sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ less sample.txt
ps@rps-virtual-machine:~$ rm sample.txt
```