

HISTORICAL TIMELINE

Output #1a



Types of Disaster	TYPHOON (YOLANDA)	TYPHOON (RUFING)	EARTHQUAKE
Date of Major Occurrence	November 08, 2013	November 17, 1990	August 12, 2012
Impact and Strength	Signal #4	Strong Signal #3	Moderate
Loss of Life/ Injured	- 10 people injured - 1 person damaged	- 5 people injured	Trauma on children
Property	90% damaged houses	100% damaged houses	NA
Infrastructures	Damaged School Building, Chapel, Electric Posts and Barangay Hall	Cottages near shores damaged	NA
Agriculture	- Totally damaged coconut farms	- Rice fields minimal damage	NA
Environment	- Totally damaged forestry	- Domestic animals such as pigs and chicken died	NA
Estimated Amount of Damage	₱100,000,000.00	₱20,000,000.00	NA

HISTORICAL TIMELINE

Output #1b



Types of Disaster	TYPHOON (RUFING)	TYPHOON (YOLANDA)	AMIHAN
Date of Major Occurrence	1990	November 08, 2013	November – February
Impact and Strength	Signal #3 with warnings of storm surge	Signal #4	Severe
Loss of Life/ Injured	- 9 people injured	- 20 people injured - 1 person died	- Increased number of malnourished and with skin disease
Property	- 200 totally damaged houses - 90 units of fishing boats damaged	- 495 totally damaged houses - 75 partially damaged houses	NA
Infrastructures	Damaged School building, Chapel, and roads	Damaged School Building, Church, Barangay Hall, Health Center, Day Care Center, Association building, Roads and Electric Posts	NA
Agriculture	- 100% Coconut farms damaged	- Coconut farms, vegetable gardens, livestock damaged	- Vegetation dried out
Environment	Damaged forestry	Damaged forestry	Trees and plants dried out
Estimated Amount of Damage	₱2,500,000.00	₱20,000,000.00	₱500,000.00

HISTORICAL TIMELINE

Output #1c



Types of Disaster	TYPHOON (YOLANDA)	TYPHOON (RUFING)
Date of Major Occurrence	November 08, 2013	November 12, 1990
Impact and Strength	Signal #4	Signal #3
Loss of Life/ Injured	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 10 people injured - 1 person died 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 5 people injured
Property	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 99% totally damaged houses 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 100% damaged houses
Infrastructures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damaged School Building, Chapel, Electric Posts and Barangay Hall 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damaged School Building, and Chapel
Agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 99% totally damaged coconut farms 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rice fields totally damaged
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Totally damaged forestry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damaged seaside
Estimated Amount of Damage	₱5,000,000.00	₱2,500,000.00

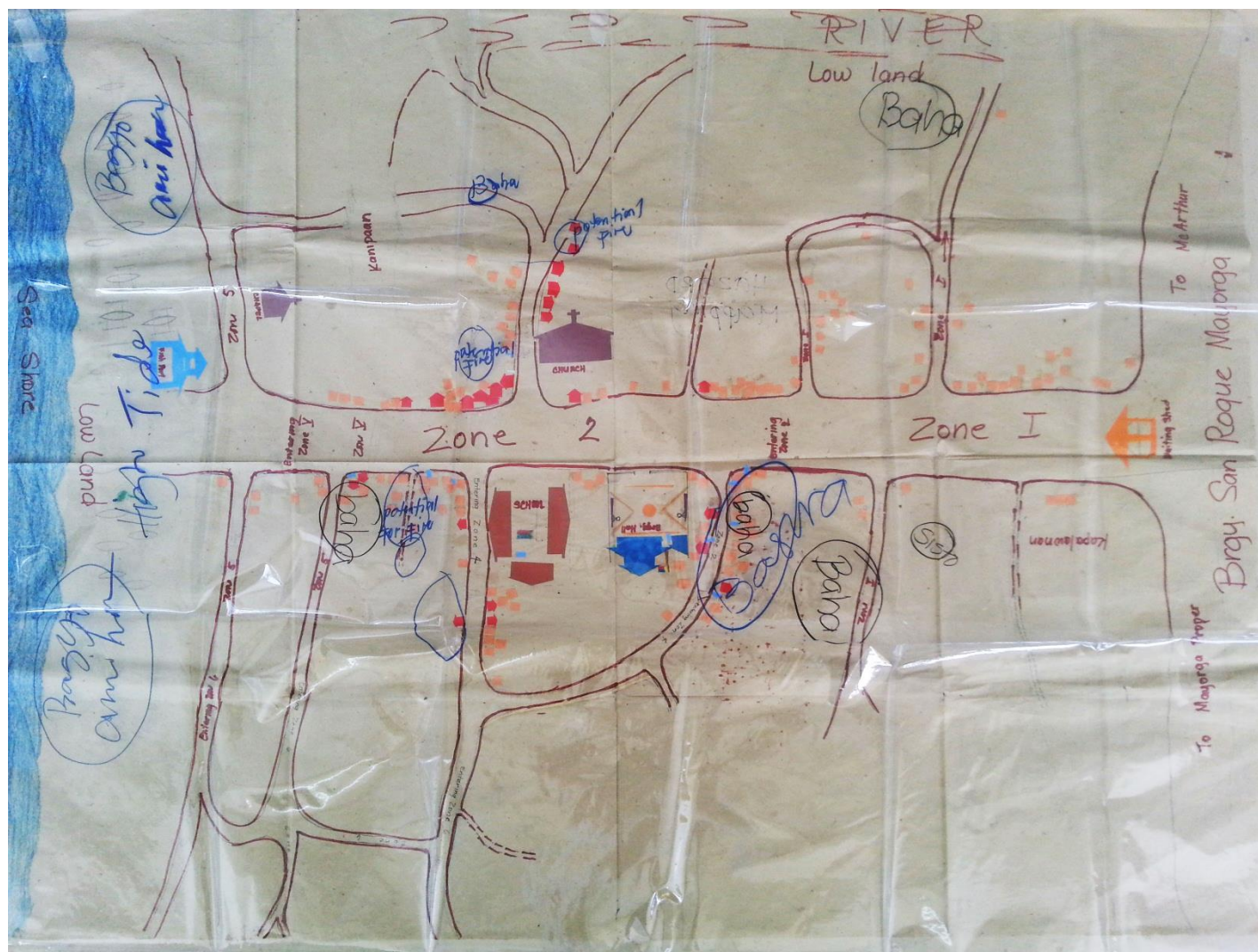
Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

HAZARD MAP

Output #2



In partnership with
American Red Cross



RISK/VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

Output #3a



Types of Hazard	RISKS			Reason
	Low	Medium	High	
Fire		x		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Houses are congested in some areas of the barangay. Most houses are made of light materials.
Flood		x		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are low lying areas in the barangay. Most drainages are clogged.
Schistosomiasis			x	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are stagnant water due to poor drainage system. Cases of person's positive of Schistosomiasis are reported in the barangay.
Earthquake		x		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequent occurrence of earthquake There are houses near buildings such as the Barangay Hall and Basketball court which could be damaged during earthquakes.
High tide	x			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are houses built near the sea.
Dengue	x			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are stagnant water due to poor drainage system which could be breeding grounds for dengue carrying mosquitos There are only minimal cases of dengue reported in the barangay.

RISK/VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

Output #3b



Types of Hazard	RISKS			Reason
	Low	Medium	High	
Flood			x	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is no proper drainage system especially in flood prone areas like Zone VI. • People throw garbage in drainages that causes clogging.
Fire		x		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Houses are congested in some zones of the barangay. • Electrical wirings and fixtures are installed improperly which could lead to fire.
Schistosomiasis			x	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor drainage in some zones leads to stagnant water. • Cases of person's with schistosomiasis have been identified in the barangay.
Tidal wave			x	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are households living near coastal areas.

RISK/VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

Output #3c



Types of Hazard	RISKS			Reason
	Low	Medium	High	
Schistosomiasis			x	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Floods often occur due to poor drainage system. Cases of person's with schistosomiasis have been identified in the barangay. Poor drainage in some zones leads to stagnant water.
Flood		x		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There are no proper drainage system. Clogged drainages Heavy rains causes floods.
Fire	x			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Faulty wirings in some houses could result to fire. Congested houses are observed in some zones.
High tide	x			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some houses in the barangay are built near coastal areas.

VULNERABILITY and CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Output #5a



Hazard Aspects (FLOOD)	Vulnerabilities	Capacities	Possible Actions
Physical/Material	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low elevated houses can cause water to enter the house interior.• Most families have young children.• Most houses are made of light materials.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• BLGU has plans for drainage cleaning	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drainage cleaning should be sooner done to prevent future flooding.
Social/Organizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Most parents are out of their homes to earn a living	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• People could help together or do PINTAKASI to unclog drainages.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Head of the families should be at home to watch for their family in cases of occurrence of flooding or typhoons.
Motivational/Attitudinal	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• People don't want to evacuate immediately when there are warnings of possible floods.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• People starts to evacuate when it is enforced by officials.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Need to conduct awareness campaigns or educational seminars on dangers of flood

VULNERABILITY and CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Output #5b



Hazard Aspects (SCHISTOSOMIASIS)	Vulnerabilities	Capacities	Possible Actions
Physical/Material	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Most houses resides near the river where stagnant water could be inhabited of schistosomiasis. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is mass treatment conducted twice a year. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide proper protective gear such as boots • Proper drainage system should be constructed in certain areas of the barangay to at least minimize flooding.
Social/Organizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Most people especially children are prone to having schistosomiasis due to poor immune system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The BHWs coordinates with Rural Health Unit of Mayorga about schistosomiasis and reports some cases to give proper attention. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BLGU should spearhead disseminating information on the said illness and coordinating with responsible agencies.
Motivational/Attitudinal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People are not fully informed of the said illness so they don't fully grasp the danger it brings to them especially to their children. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People are interested to know more about schistosomiasis. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agencies or organizations relating to health should give seminars to people regarding shistosomiasis.

VULNERABILITY and CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Output #5c


































































































Hazard Aspects (TYPHOON)	Vulnerabilities	Capacities	Possible Actions
Physical/Material	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Houses are made of light materials. Some of the houses are constructed near the coastal area. There are no designated evacuation area. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is prompt weather forecast and people have radios for information. Certain buildings in the barangay are used as evacuation centers such as schools, chapel, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BLGU should have plans for construction of an evacuation center
Social/Organizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Families find it hard to evacuate because of big number of children. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Barangay officials spearhead every evacuation and inform people on coming typhoons. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Barangay officials can be the monitoring team during calamities.
Motivational/Attitudinal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> People don't follow evacuation plans by barangay officials. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> People prepares food, medicines, and clothes when there are upcoming typhoons. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase awareness of the community to help prevent casualties during typhoons or storms

SEASONAL CALENDAR



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SEASONS	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Amihan												
Habagat												
Fishing Season												
Hog Production												
Commerce and Trade												
Barangay Fiesta												
Santacruznan												
Christmas												
New Year	 											
Schistosomiasis Treatment												
All Saint's and All Soul's Day												
Child Immunization												
Brigada Eskwela												
Opening of Classes												
End of Class												
ALUMNI												
Barangay Monthly Meeting	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 

Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

SEASONAL CALENDAR LEGENDS

Output #6a



	Amihan
	Habagat
	Fishing Production
	Hog Production
	Commerce and Trade
	Barangay Fiesta
	Santacruzán
	Christmas
	New Year
	Schistosomiasis Treatment
	All Saint's and All Soul's Day
	Child Immunization
	Brigada Eskwela
	Opening of Class
	End of Class
	ALUMNI
	Monthly regular session (2 nd and 3 rd Wednesday of the month)

Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

PRIORITY MATRIX

Output #8



	LACK OF CAPITAL	MALNUTRITION	UNREPAIRED HOUSES	LACK OF DRAINAGE (SCHISTO)	LACK OF DRAINAGE (FLOOD)	LACK OF POTABLE WATER	ILLEGAL FISHING	TOTAL	
LACK OF CAPITAL		5	4	5	5	5	5	29	1 st priority
MALNUTRITION	2		2	3	3	2	1	13	5 th priority
UNREPAIRED HOUSES	4	4		4	5	3	2	22	2 nd priority
LACK OF DRAINAGE (SCHISTO)	2	2	1		3	2	1	11	7 th priority
LACK OF DRAINAGE (FLOOD)	2	3	1	3		2	1	12	6 th priority
LACK OF POTABLE WATER	2	2	3	4	2		1	14	4 th priority
ILLEGAL FISHING	1	3	3	4	3	3		17	3 rd priority

Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

RESOURCE MATRIX

Output #9



ACTIVITIES/ RESOURCES	HUMAN	FINANCE	SOCIAL	PHYSICAL	NATURAL
LACK OF CAPITAL FOR LIVELIHOOD	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
MALNUTRITION	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
SHELTER REPAIR	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
DRAINAGE (SCHISTO)	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
DRAINAGE (FLOOD)	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
LACK OF POTABLE WATER	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
ILLEGAL FISHING	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

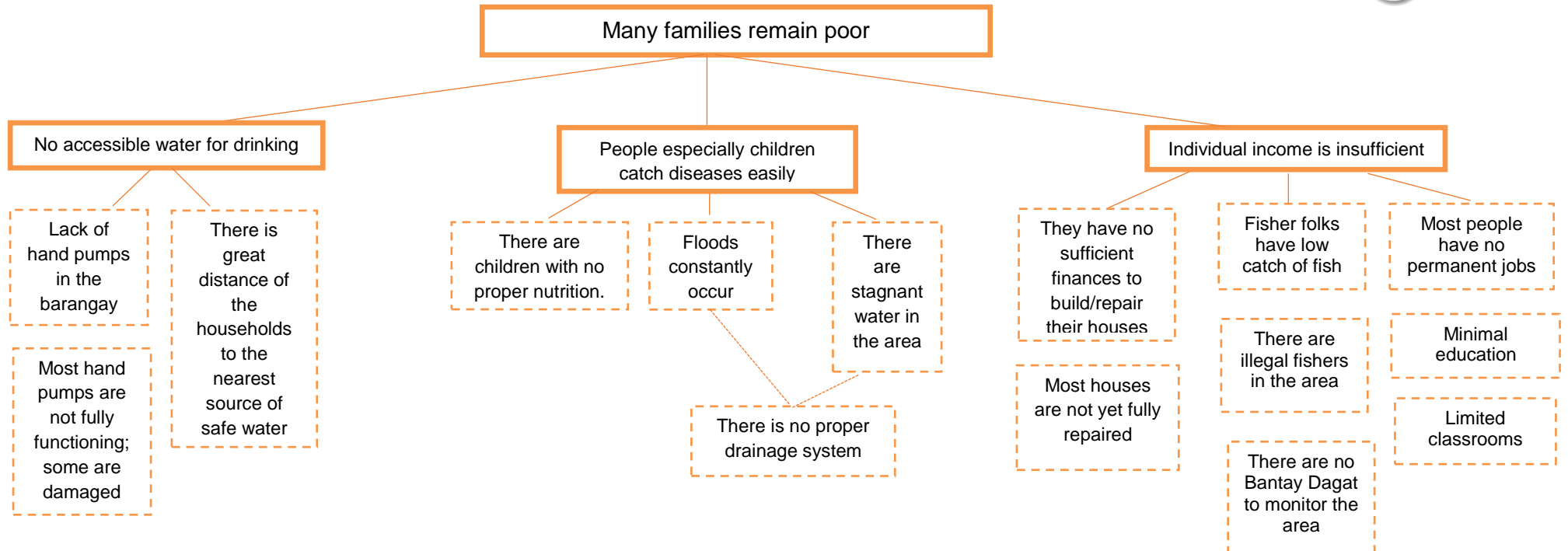
COMMITTEE



WATER and SANITATION	LIVELIHOOD	SHELTER
Chairman: Merla Cochero	Chairman: Glenda Ramirez	Chairman: Marites Ampatin
Ernesto Serrano	Lester Lauzon	Camelo Alaban
Germelina Molon	Everilda Catantan	Cherilou Simborio
Myrna Lagarto	Evelina Munez	Eduardo Cinco
Evirlida Catantan		
Evelina Munez		
Cherilou Simborio		

PROBLEM TREE

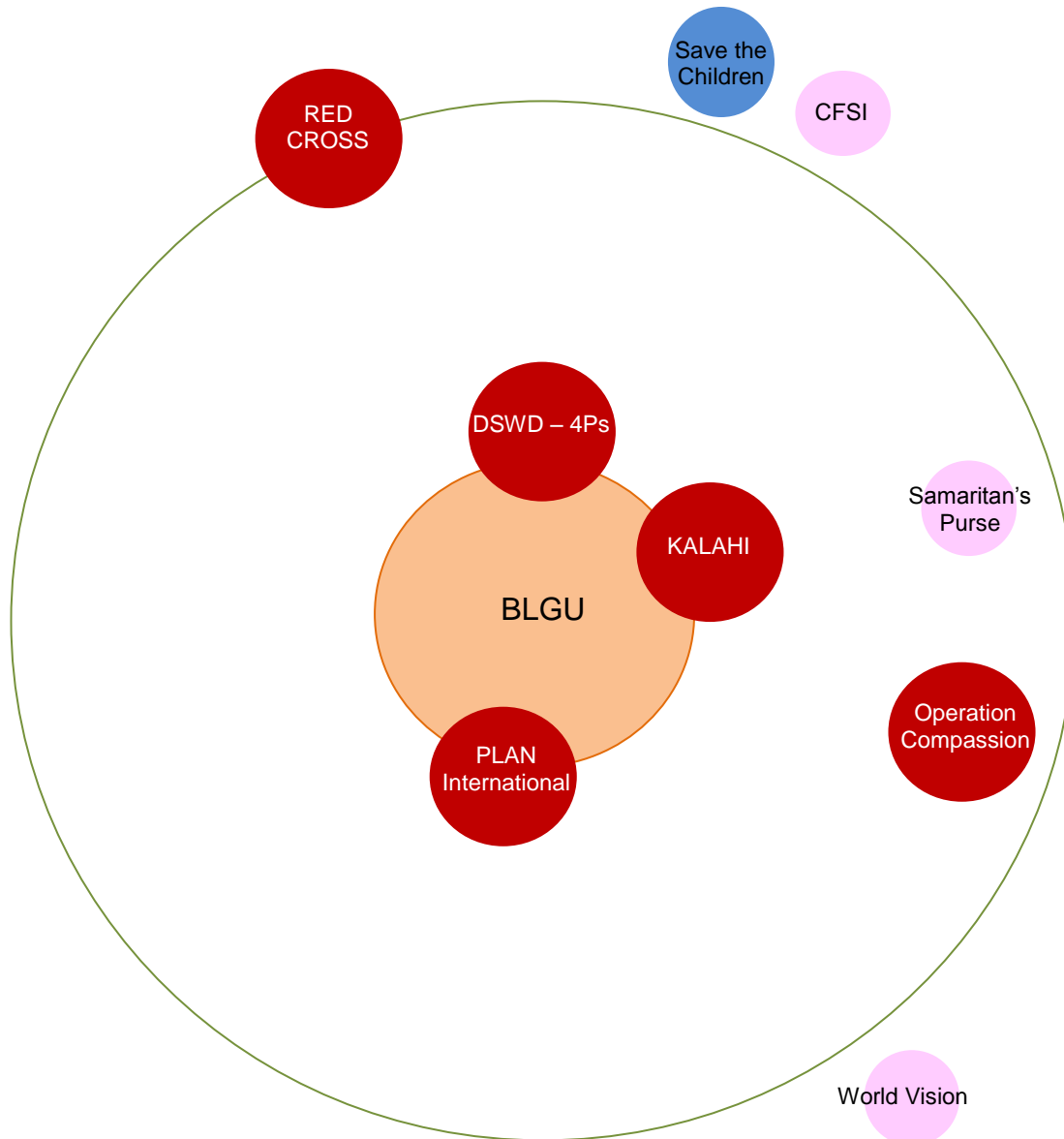
Output #7



Barangay San Roque, Mayorga, Leyte

VENN DIAGRAM

Output #4



- 4Ps
- BLGU
- CFSI
- KALAH I-CIDSS
- Operation Compassion
- Plan International
- Red Cross
- Samaritan's Purse
- Save the children
- World Vision