Program Slicing

Last time

- Interprocedural pointer analysis

Today

- Program slicing [Weiser 84]
- Uses of program slicing

Thanks to Grammatech and Tim Teitelbaum for content that I've borrowed

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

2

Program Slicing

Backward slice

 The backward slice at program point p is the program subset that may affect p

Forward slice

The forward slice at program point p is the program subset that may be affected by p

Chop

 The chop between program points p and q is the program subset that may be affected by p and that may affect q

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

Backward Slice

Example

```
int main()
{
    int sum = 0;
    int i = 1;
    while (i<11) {
        sum = sum+i;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    printf("%d \n", sum);
}</pre>
```

The program subset that may affect $printf("d \n, i)$;

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

4

Forward Slice

Example

```
int main()
{
    int sum = 0;
    int i = 1;
    while (i<11) {
        sum = sum+i;
        i = i + 1;
    }
    printf("%d \n", sum);
    printf("d \n", i);
}</pre>
```

The program subset that may be affected by sum = 0;

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

Chop

Example

```
int main()
{
  int sum = 0;
  int i = 1;
  while (i<11) {
    sum = sum+i;
    i = i + 1;
  }
  printf("%d \n", sum);
}

printf("d \n", i);
}</pre>
The chop is empty

There is no data flow between the two statements
```

The program subset that may be affected by sum = 0; and that may affect printf("d \n, sum);

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

6

Uses of Program Slicing

Program understanding

- What is affected by what?

Program restructuring

- Isolate functionally distinct pieces of code

Program specialization and reuse

- Use slices to represent specialized pieces of code
- Only reuse relevant slices

Program differencing

- Compare slices to identify program changes

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

Uses of Program Slicing

Test coverage

- What new test cases would improve code coverage?
- What regression tests should be run after a change?

Model checking

- Reduce state space by removing irrelevant parts of the program

Automatic differentiation

 Activity analysis—what variables contribute to the derivative of a function?

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

8

Specialization Example

Given

- A line-and-character-count program

Produce

- A line-count program
- A character-count program

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

Line-and-Character-Count Program

```
void line char count (FILE *f)
  int lines = 0;
  int chars;
  BOOL eof flag = FALSE;
  int n;
  extern void scan line(FILE *f, BOOL *bptr, int, *iptr);
  scan line(f, &eof flag, &n);
  chars = n;
  while (eof flag == FALSE) {
    lines = lines + 1;
    scan line(f, &eof flag, &n);
    chars = chars + n;
  printf("lines = %d \n", lines);
  printf("char s= d \n", chars);
CIS 570 Lecture 14
                         Program Slicing
                                                        10
```

Character-Count Program

```
void line char count (FILE *f)
   int lines = 0;
   int chars;
   BOOL eof flag = FALSE;
   int n;
   extern void scan line(FILE *f, BOOL *bptr, int, *iptr);
   scan line(f, &eof flag, &n);
   chars = n;
   while (eof flag == FALSE) {
     lines = lines + 1;
     scan_line(f, &eof_flag, &n);
     chars = chars + n;
   printf("lines = %d \n", lines);
printf("chars = d \n", chars);
 CIS 570 Lecture 14
                          Program Slicing
                                                         11
```

Line-Count Program void line char count (FILE *f) int lines = 0; int chars; BOOL eof flag = FALSE; int n; extern void scan line(FILE *f, BOOL *bptr, int, *iptr); scan line(f, &eof flag, &n); chars = n;while (eof flag == FALSE) { lines = lines + 1; scan line(f, &eof flag, &n);

Program Slicing

12

Line-Count Program

CIS 570 Lecture 14

chars = chars + n;

printf("lines = %d \n", lines); printf("chars = d \n", chars);

```
void line char count (FILE *f)
   int lines = 0;
   BOOL eof flag = FALSE;
   extern void scan line2(FILE *f, BOOL *bptr, int);
   scan line2(f, &eof flag);
   while (eof flag == FALSE) {
     lines = lines + 1;
      scan_line2(f, &eof_flag);
printf("lines = %d \n", lines);
 CIS 570 Lecture 14
                           Program Slicing
                                                          13
```

How Do We Compute Slices?

Reachability in a dependence graph

Program Dependence Graph (PDG)

- Represents dependences within one procedure
- Intraprocedural slicing is reachability in one PDG

System Dependence Graph (SDG)

- Represents dependences within entire system
- Interprocedural slicing is reachability in the SDG

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

14

Intraprocedural Slicing

Program Dependence Graph (PDG)

- Nodes are statements
- Edges represent either:
 - Control dependence
 - Data dependence

Backward slice

 To compute a backward slice from point p, compute backward reachability in the PDG from node p

Forward slice

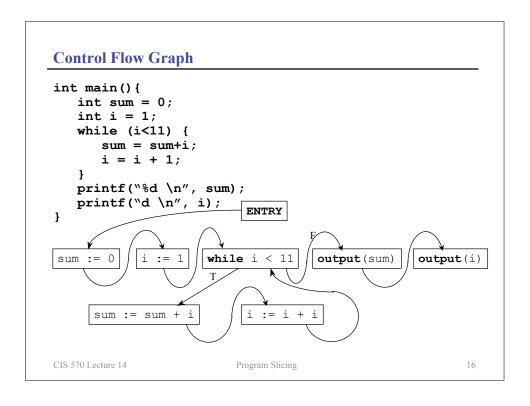
 To compute a forward slice from point p, compute forward reachability in the PDG from node p

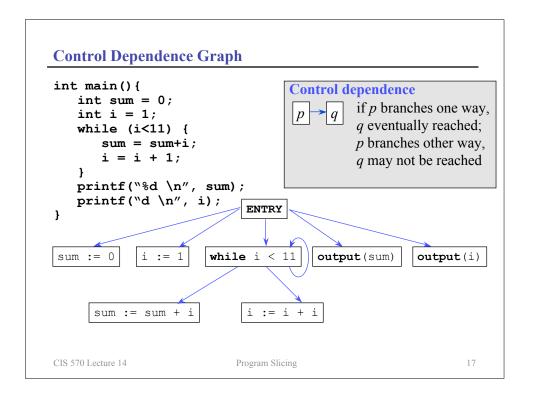
Chop

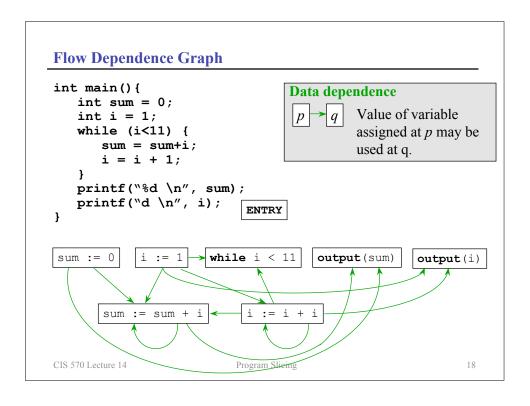
To compute the chop between points p and q, identify all paths between p and q

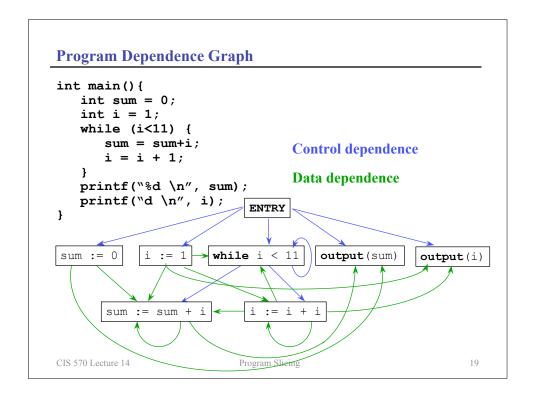
CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

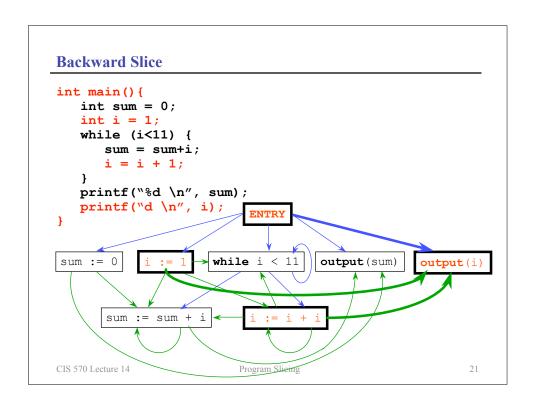




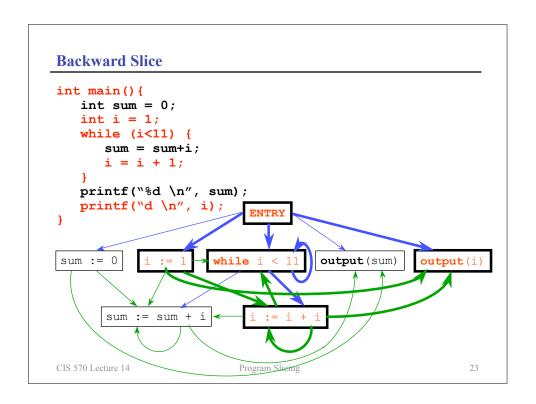




```
Backward Slice
int main(){
   int sum = 0;
   int i = 1;
   while (i<11) {
       sum = sum+i;
       i = i + 1;
   printf("%d \n", sum);
   printf("d \n", i);
                            ENTRY
}
sum := 0
            i := 1
                      while i < 11
                                      output (sum)
                                                     output(i)
                            i := i + i
       sum := sum +
CIS 570 Lecture 14
                          Program Slieing
                                                            20
```



```
Backward Slice
int main(){
   int sum = 0;
   int i = 1;
   while (i<11) {
       sum = sum+i;
       i = i + 1;
   printf("%d \n", sum);
   printf("d \n", i);
sum := 0
                       while
                                       output (sum)
                                                     output(i)
       sum := sum +
CIS 570 Lecture 14
                                                            22
                           Program Slieing
```



```
Slice Extraction

int main() {
    int i = 1;
    while (i<11) {
        i = i + 1;
    }
    printf("d \n", i);
        ENTRY

        i := 1 → while i < 11

        cutput(i)

        i := i + i

        CIS 570 Lecture 14

        Program Slicing
        24</pre>
```

Interprocedural Slice int main() { int sum = 0; int i = 1; while (i<11) { add(sum,i); add(i, 1); } printf("%d \n", sum); printf("d \n", i); } Should we include add(sum,i)?</pre> CIS 570 Lecture 14 Program Slicing 25

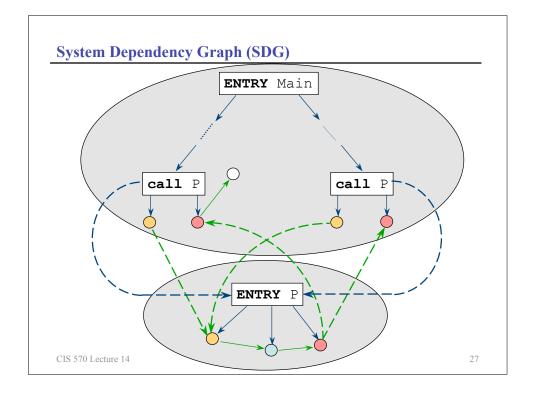
Interprocedural Slicing

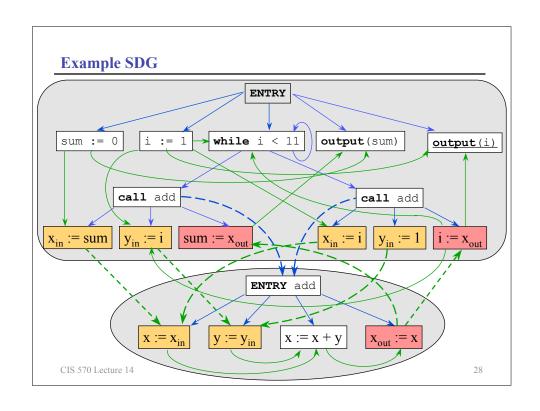
System Dependence Graph (SDG)

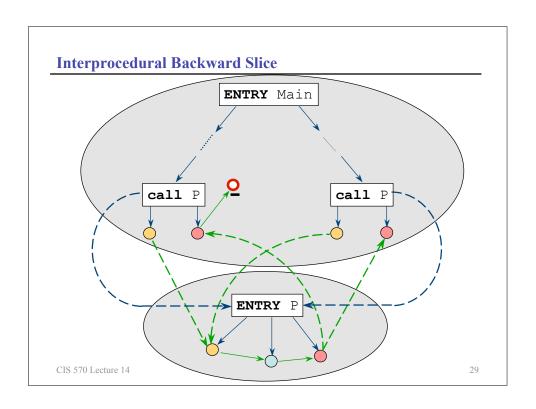
- One PDG for each procedure
- Additional edges
 - Connect calls to entries
 - Connect actual parameters to formal parameters
 - Connect procedure results to call-site return values

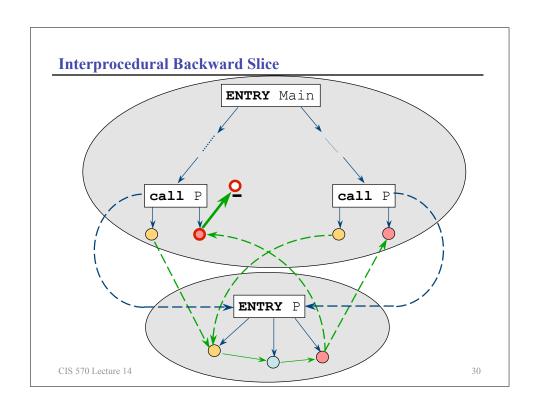
CIS 570 Lecture 14

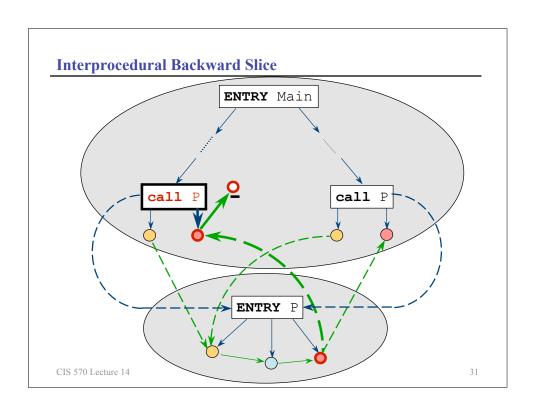
Program Slicing

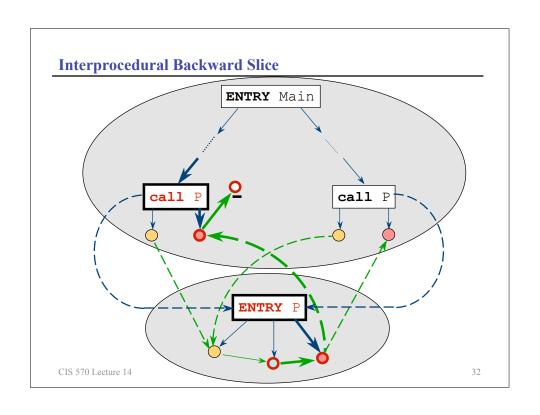


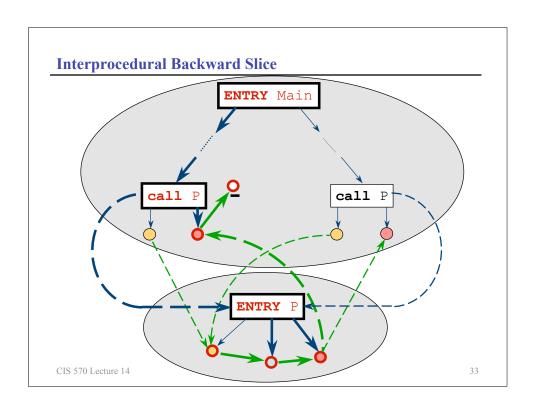


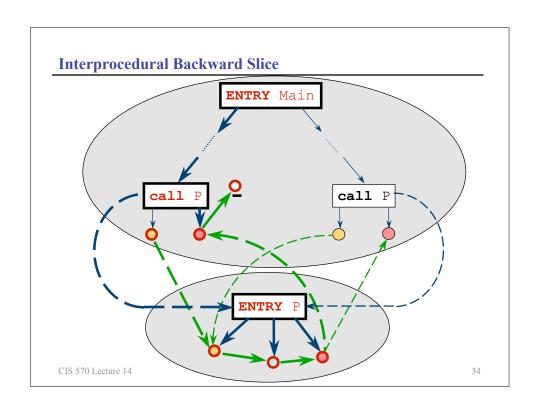


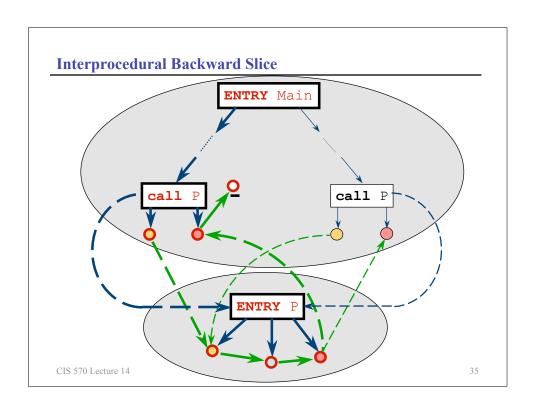


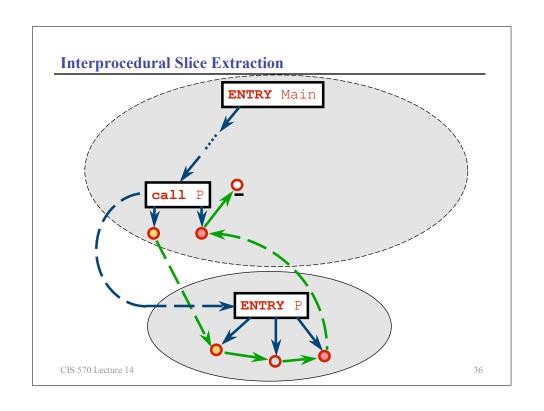


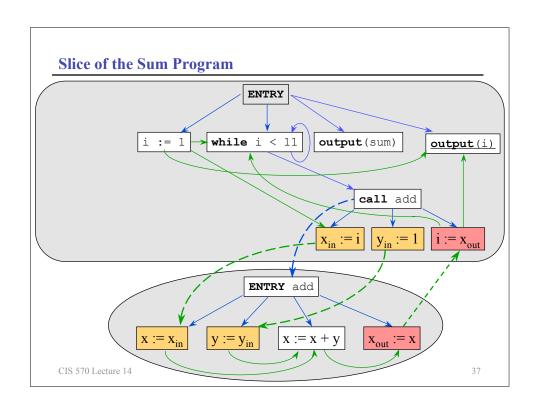












Concepts

Program slicing

- Backward slice
- Forward slice
- Chopping

Program representations

- Program Dependence Graph
- System Dependence Graph

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing

38

Next Time

Next lecture

- More modern uses of compilers

CIS 570 Lecture 14

Program Slicing