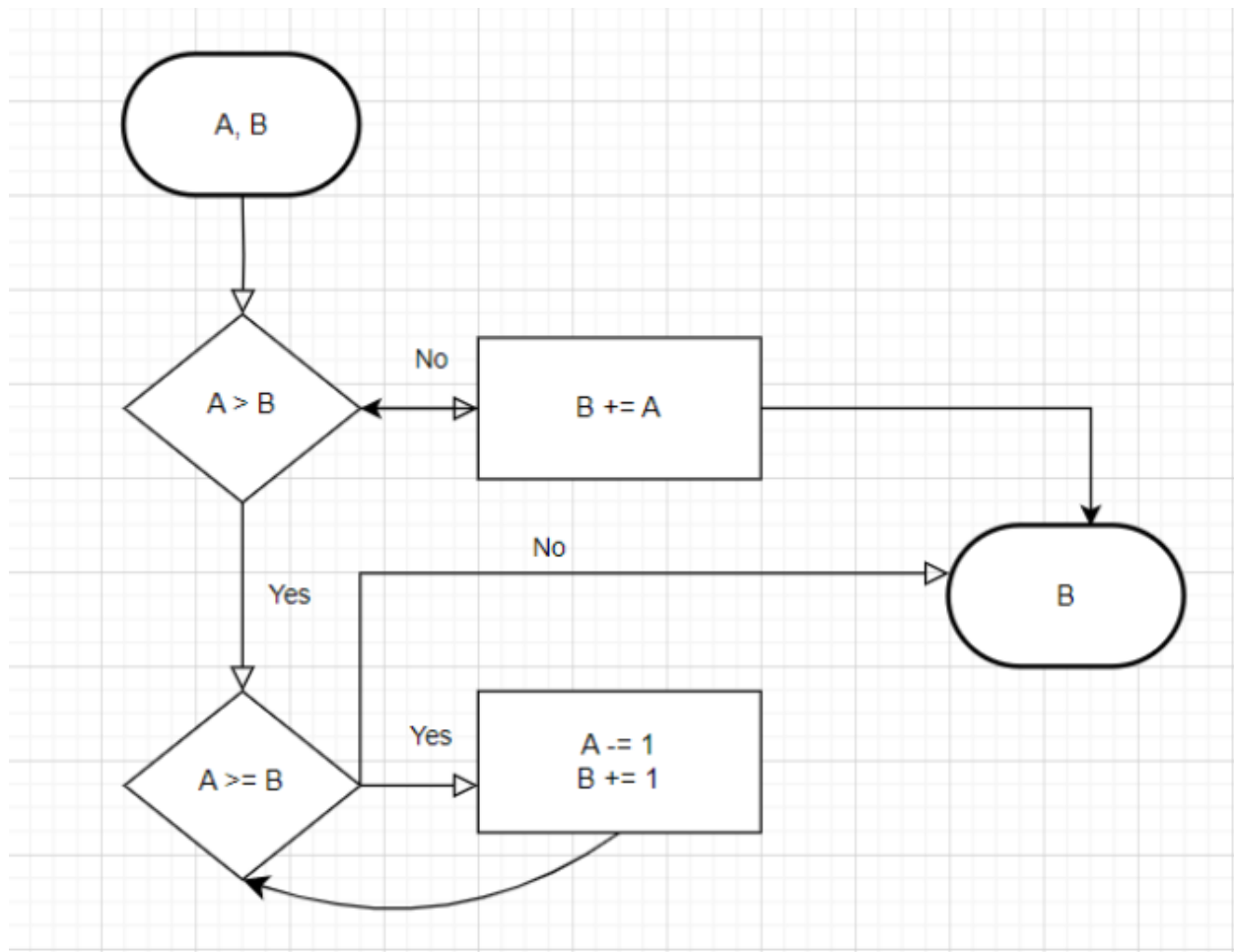


# Q1

1,

```
def func1(a, b):  
    if a>b:  
        while a>=b:  
            a-=1  
            b+=1  
    else:  
        b+=a  
    return b  
  
a = int(input("a = "))  
b = int(input("b = "))  
  
print(func1(a,b))
```

2,



3,

- TC1: (3,2)
- a = 3
- b = 2
- 3

- Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,5,8 ->  $6/8 = 75\%$
- Decision coverage:  $1/2 = 50\%$

- TC2: (3,4)
- a = 3
- b = 4
- 7

Statement coverage: line 1,2,6,7,8 ->  $5/8 = 62,5\%$

- Decision coverage:  $1/2 = 50\%$

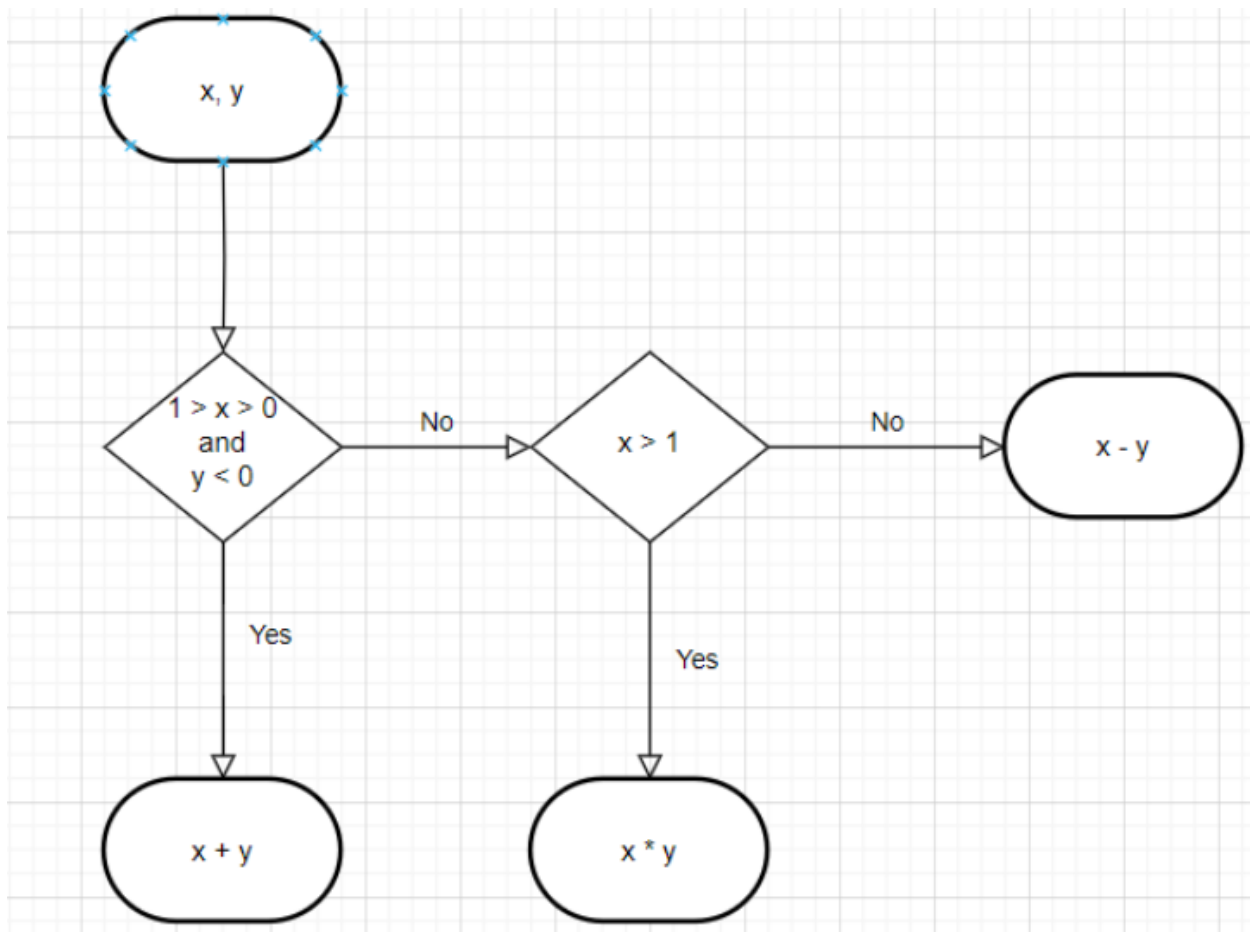
4. To get 100% decision coverage, I choose TC1(3,2) and TC2(3,4)

Q2,

1,

```
def func2(x,y):  
    if((1 > x > 0) and (y < 0)):  
        return x + y  
    elif(x > 1):  
        return x*y  
    else:  
        return x-y  
  
x = int(input("Enter x: "))  
y = int(input("Enter y: "))  
  
print(func2(x,y))
```

2,



3,

- TC1: (0.5,-4)
- Enter x : 0.5
- Enter y : -4
- -3.5
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3 ->  $3/7 = 42,9\%$
  - Decision coverage:  $1/3 = 33.3\%$
- TC2: (5,10)
- Enter x : 5
- Enter y : 10
- 50
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,4,5 ->  $4/7 = 57,1\%$
  - Decision coverage:  $1/3 = 33.3\%$

4.

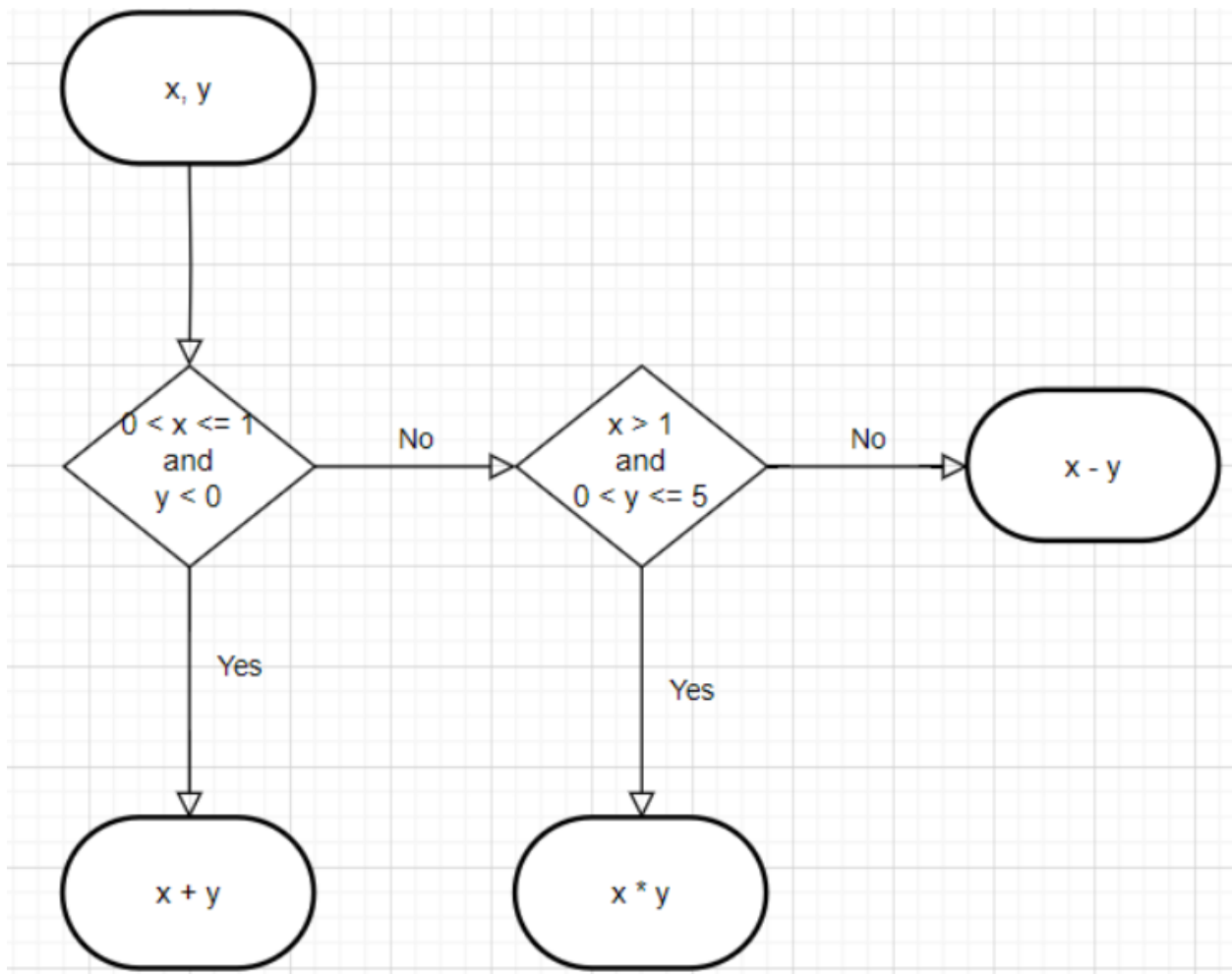
To get 100% decision coverage, I choose TC1(0.5,-4); TC2(5,10); TC3(-4,1)

## Q3

1,

```
def func3(x,y):  
    if((0 < x <= 1) and (y < 0)):  
        return x + y  
    elif((x > 1) and (0 < y <= 5)):  
        return x * y  
    else:  
        return x - y  
  
x = int(input("Enter x: "))  
y = int(input("Enter y: "))  
  
print(func3(x,y))
```

2,



3,

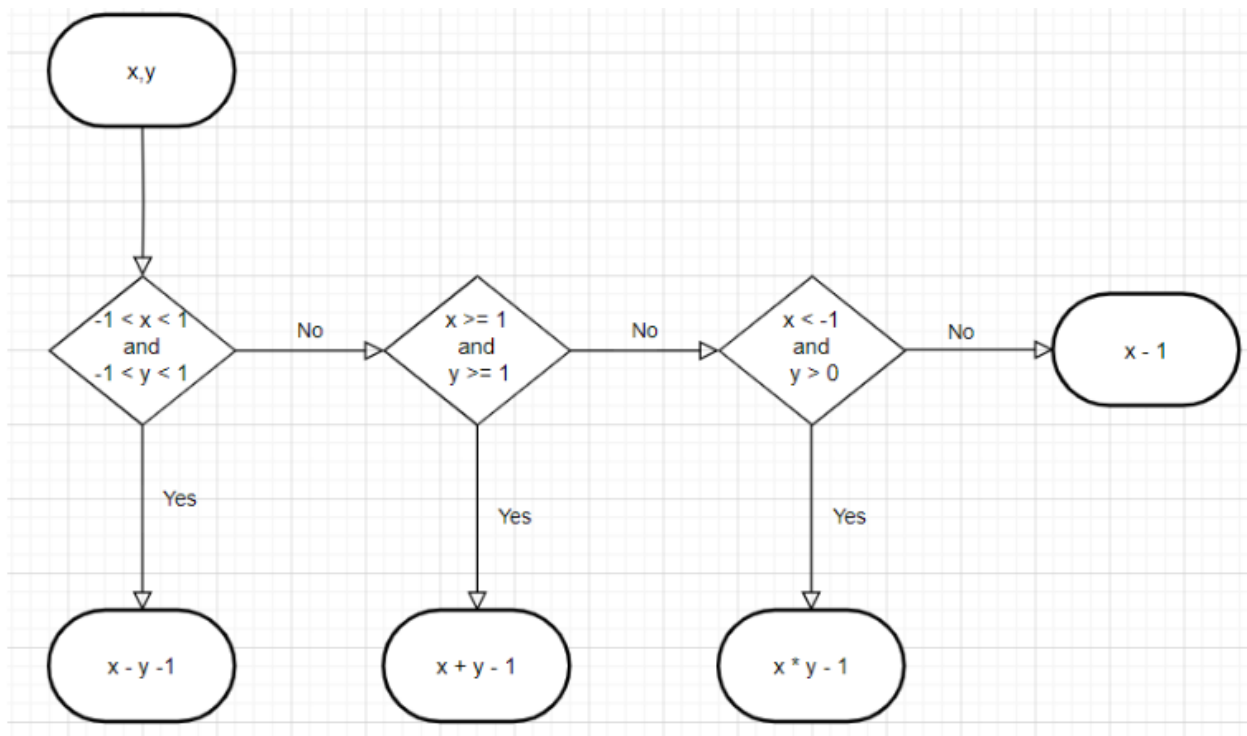
- TC1(0.5, -1):
  - Enter x : 0.5
  - Enter y : -1
  - -0.5
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3 -> 3/7 = 42,9%
  - Decision coverage: 1/3 = 33.3%
- TC2(6,3):
  - Enter x : 6
  - Enter y : 3
  - 18
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,4,5 -> 4/7 = 57,1%
  - Decision coverage: 1/3 = 33.3%

## Q4

1,

```
def func4(x,y):  
    if((-1<x<1) and (-1<y<1)):  
        return x-y-1  
    elif((x>=1) and (y>=1)):  
        return x+y-1  
    elif((x < -1) and (y>0)):  
        return x*y-1  
    else:  
        return x-1  
  
x = float(input("Enter x: "))  
y = float(input("Enter y: "))  
  
print(func4(x,y))
```

2,



3,

- TC1(0,0):

- Enter x : 0
- Enter y : 0
- -1
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3 ->  $3/9 = 33.3\%$
  - Decision coverage:  $1/4 = 25\%$
- TC2(5,6):
  - Enter x : 5
  - Enter y : 6
  - 10
    - Statement coverage: line 1,2,4,5 ->  $4/9 = 44.4\%$
    - Decision coverage:  $1/4 = 25\%$

4.

To get 100% decision coverage, I choose TC1(0,0); TC2(5,6); TC3(-4,4); TC4(-5,-1)

## Q5

1,

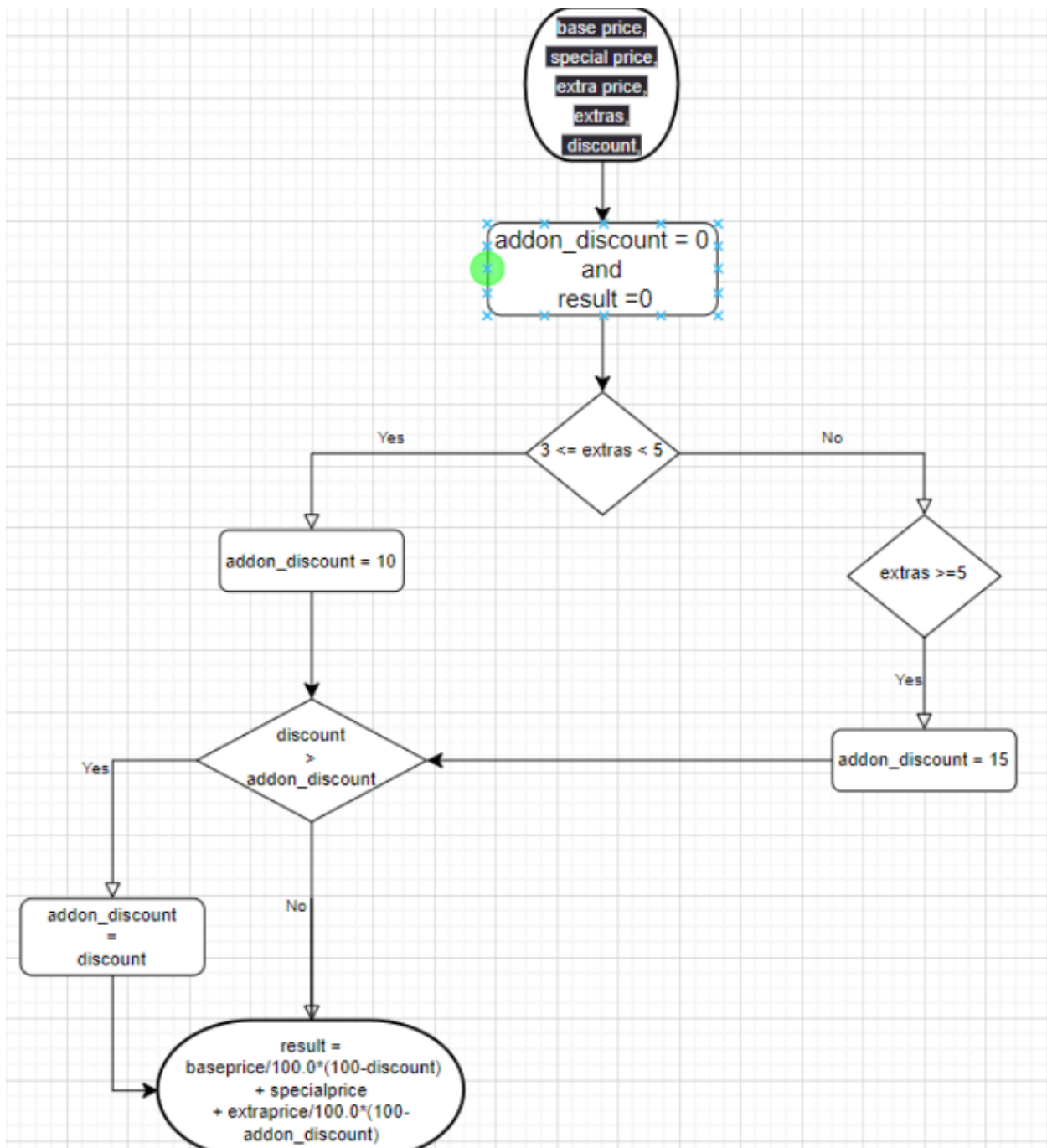
```
def calculate_price(baseprice, specialprice, extraprice, extras,
discount):
    addon_discount = 0
    result = 0
    if ((extras >= 3) and (extras<5)):
        addon_discount = 10
    elif extras >= 5:
        addon_discount = 15
    if discount > addon_discount:
        addon_discount = discount
    result = baseprice/100.0*(100-discount) + specialprice + \
        extraprice/100.0*(100-addon_discount)
    return result

baseprice = float(input("Enter baseprice: "))
specialprice = float(input("Enter specialprice: "))
extraprice = float(input("Enter extraprice: "))
extras = int(input("Enter extras: "))
discount = float(input("Enter discount: "))

print(calculate_price(baseprice, specialprice, extraprice, extras,
discount))
```



2,



3,

- TC1(50,50,100,4,15):
- Enter baseprice : 50

- Enter specialprice : 50
- Enter extraprice : 100
- Enter extras : 4
- Enter discount : 15
- 177.5
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,5,8,9,10,11 -> 9/11 = 81.82%
  - Decision coverage: 1/6 = 16.67%
- TC2(100,90,80,10,10):
- Enter baseprice : 100
- Enter specialprice : 90
- Enter extraprice : 80
- Enter extras : 10
- Enter discount : 10
- 248
- 

```
Enter baseprice: 100
Enter specialprice: 90
Enter extraprice: 80
Enter extras: 10
Enter discount: 10
248.0
```

- Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,10,11 -> 9/11 = 81.82%
- Decision coverage: 1/6 = 16.67%

4.

To get 100% decision coverage, I choose TC1(50,50,100,4,15); TC2(100,90,80,10,10); TC3(50,50,100,4,8), TC4(100,90,80,10,20); TC5(100,90,80,1,20); TC6(100,90,80,2,0)

## Q6

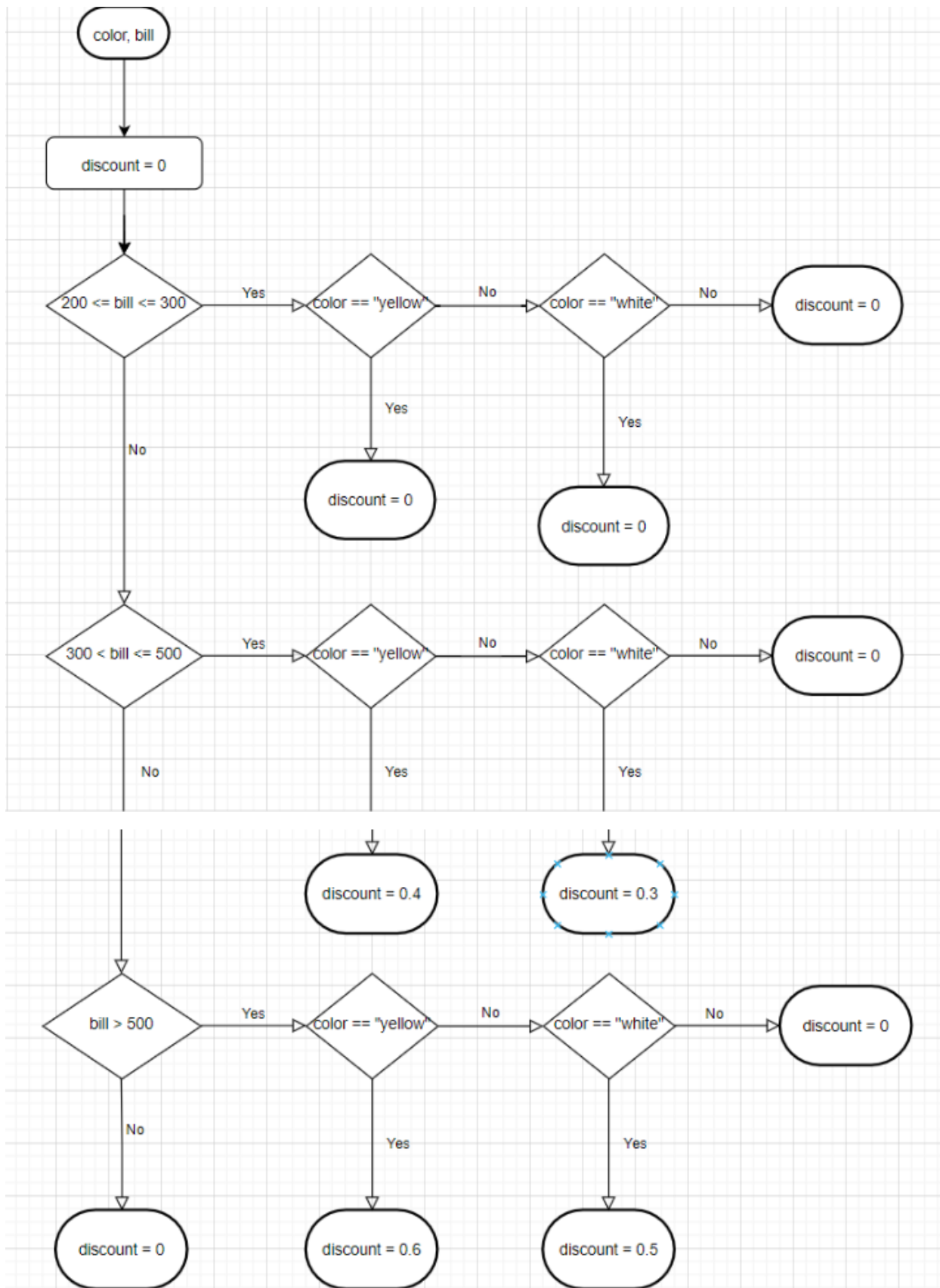
1

```
def calculate_price(color, bill):
    discount = 0
    if(200 <= bill <= 300):
        if(color == "yellow"):
            discount = 0.3
        elif(color == "white"):
            discount = 0
        else:
            discount = 0
    elif(300 < bill <= 500):
```

```
        if(color == "yellow"):
            discount = 0.4
        elif(color == "white"):
            discount = 0.3
        else:
            discount = 0
    elif(bill > 500):
        if(color == "yellow"):
            discount = 0.6
        elif(color == "white"):
            discount = 0.5
        else:
            discount = 0
    else:
        discount = 0
    return discount

color = input("Enter color: ")
bill = float(input("Enter bill: "))

print(calculate_price(color, bill))
```



3,

3,

- TC1( yellow, 200)

Enter color: yellow

Enter bill: 200

0.3

Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,5,26 -> 6/26 = 23,07%

Decision coverage: 1/10 = 10%

- TC2 (white,350)

Enter color: white

Enter bill: 350

0.3

Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,6,10,11,13,14,26 -> 10/26 = 38,46%

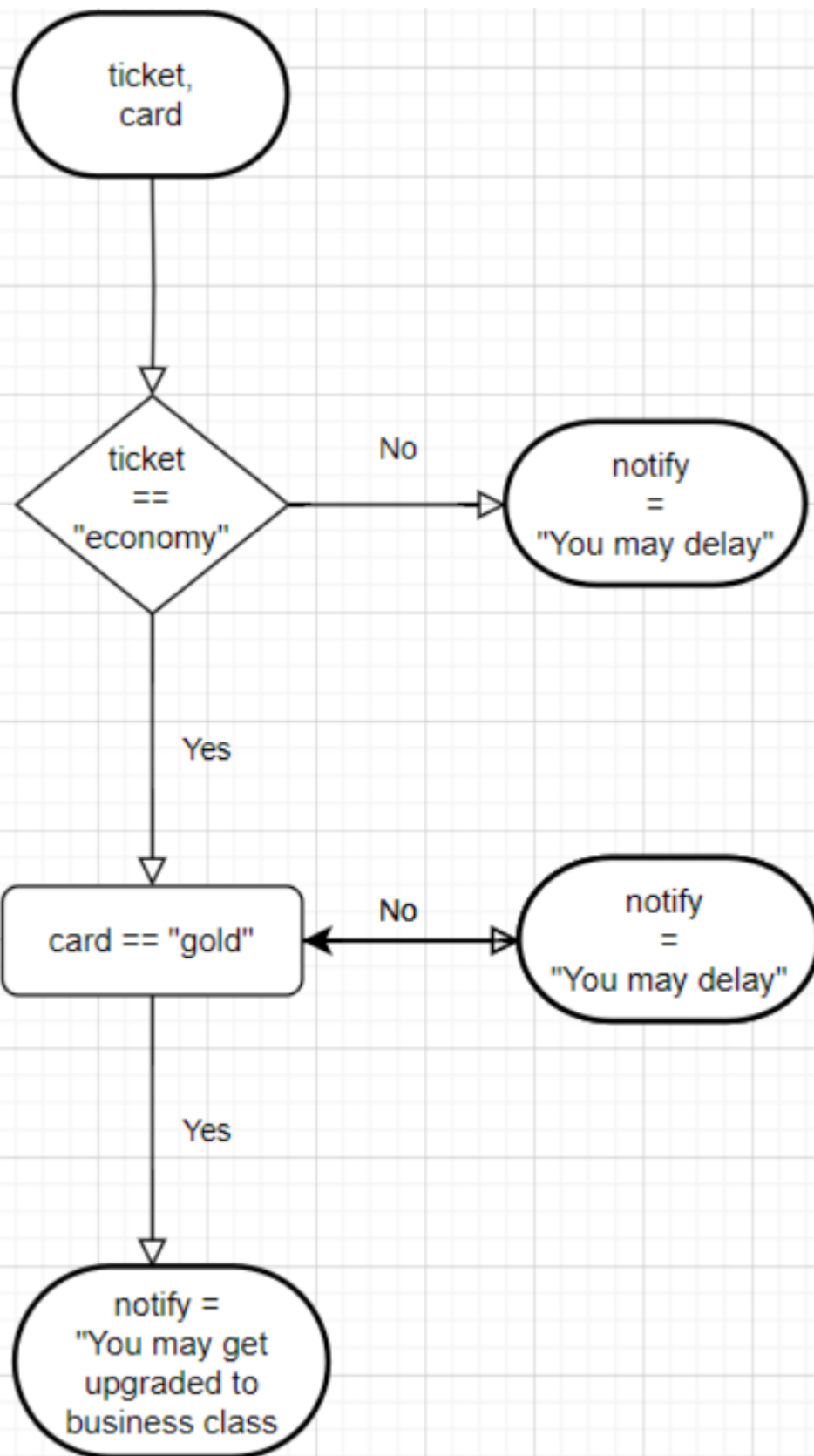
Decision coverage: 1/10 = 10%

## Q7

1,

```
def identify_class(ticket, card):  
    notify = ""  
    if(ticket == "economy"):  
        if(card == "gold"):  
            notify = "You may get upgraded to business class"  
        else:  
            notify = "You may delay"  
    else:  
        notify = "You may delay"  
  
    return notify  
  
ticket = input("Enter your ticket: ")  
card = input("Enter your card: ")  
  
print(identify_class(ticket, card))
```

2,



3,

- TC1(economy,gold):
- Enter your ticket : economy
- Enter your card : gold
- You may get upgraded to business class
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,5,10 ->  $6/10 = 60\%$
  - Decision coverage:  $1/3 = 33.3\%$
- TC2(economy,sliver):
- Enter your ticket : economy
- Enter your card : sliver
- You may delay
  - Statement coverage: line 1,2,3,4,6,7,10 ->  $7/10 = 70\%$
  - Decision coverage:  $1/3 = 33.3\%$

4, To get 100% decision coverage, I choose TC1(economy,gold); TC2(economy,sliver); TC3(cheap economy, sliver)