

.Net mid Practice test

Total points **40/40** ?

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**1. What is the extension of a C# language file?**

1/1



.c



.cpp



.cs



.csp



✓ 2. CLR stands for ____.

1/1

- ☐ Common Language Ratio
- ☐ Common Language Required
- ☒ Common Language Runtime ✓
- ☐ Common Light Runtime

✓ 3. .Net CLR is equivalent to?

1/1

- ☐ Common Type System
- ☐ Common Language Specification
- ☐ Common Language Runtime
- ☒ Java Virtual Machine ✓



✓ 4. What will be the output of the following C# code?

1/1

```
1. class sample
2. {
3.     public int i;
4.     void display()
5.     {
6.         Console.WriteLine(i);
7.     }
8. }
9. class sample1 : sample
10. {
11.     public int j;
12.     public void display()
13.     {
14.         Console.WriteLine(j);
15.     }
16. }
17. class Program
18. {
19.     static void Main(string[] args)
20.     {
21.         sample1 obj = new sample1();
22.         obj.i = 1;
23.         obj.j = 2;
24.         obj.display();
25.         Console.ReadLine();
26.     }
27. }
```

- ☐ a) 1
- ☐ b) 3
- ☒ c) 2
- ☐ d) Compile Time error
- ☐ e) Runtime error



✓ 5. What will be the output of the following C# code?

1/1

```
1. class A
2. {
3.     public int i;
4.     protected int j;
5. }
6. class B : A
7. {
8.     public int j;
9.     public void display()
10.    {
11.        base.j = 3;
12.        Console.WriteLine(i + " " + j);
13.    }
14. }
15. class Program
16. {
17.     static void Main(string[] args)
18.     {
19.         B obj = new B();
20.         obj.i = 1;
21.         obj.j = 2;
22.         obj.display();
23.         Console.ReadLine();
24.     }
25. }
```

☐ a) 2 1☒ b) 1 2☐ c) 0 2☐ d) 1 0

✓ 6. If you don't want other classes to inherit from a class, use following keyword 1/1

- ☐ super
- ☐ packed
- ☒ sealed ✓
- ☐ this

✓ 7. What will be the output of the following C# code? 1/1

```
class Vehicle
{
    public string brand = "Ford";
    public void honk()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("ferrariiii!");
    }
}

class Car : Vehicle
{
    public string modelName = "Mustang";
}

class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Car myCar = new Car();

        myCar.honk();

        Console.WriteLine(myCar.brand + " " + myCar.modelName);
    }
}
```

- ☐ Ford Mustag & ferariiii!
- ☐ Ford ferariiii! & Mustag
- ☒ ferariiii! & Ford Mustag ✓



✓ 8. which symbol we are used to inherit from class__

1/1

☐ ;

☒ :



☐ `

☐ ::

✓ 9. In C# interface contains__

1/1

☐ method with and without body

☐ method with body

☒ method without body only



✓ 10. By default, members of an interface are

1/1

☐ private and final

☐ protected and abstract

☐ public and final

☒ abstract and public



- ✓ 11. what will be the output of snippet ?
using System;

1/1

```
namespace MyApplication
{

    interface IAnimal
    {
        void animalSound();
    }

    class Pig : IAnimal
    {
        public void animalSound()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("The pig says: wee wee");
        }
    }

    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Pig myPig = new Pig();
            myPig.animalSound();
        }
    }
}
```

- ☐ compile time error
- ☒ The pig says: wee wee
- ☐ runtime error
- ☐ Option 4



✓ 12. About access modifier which option is incorrect ?

1/1

- ☐ private: The code is only accessible within the same class
- ☐ public: The code is accessible for all classes
- ☐ protected: The code is accessible within the same class, or in a class that is inherited from that class.
- ☒ internal: The code is accessible within its own assembly also from another assembly. ✓

✓ 13. what is incorrect about Constructor?

1/1

- ☐ constructor name must match the class name
- ☒ it can have a return type ✓
- ☐ constructor is called when the object is created.
- ☐ if you do not create a class constructor yourself, C# creates one for you.

✓ 14. what are the usage of "this" keyword__

1/1

- ☐ It can be used to refer current class instance variable.
- ☐ It can be used to pass current object as a parameter to another method.
- ☐ It can be used to declare indexers.
- ☒ all of the above. ✓



✓ 15. what will be the output of below code?

1/1

```
using System;
public class Employee
{
    public int id;
    public String name;
    public float salary;
    public Employee(int id, String name,float salary)
    {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.salary = salary;
    }
    public void display()
    {
        Console.WriteLine(id + " " + name+" "+salary);
    }
}
class TestEmployee{
    public static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Employee e1 = new Employee(101, "Sonoo", 890000f);
        Employee e2 = new Employee(102, "Mahesh", 490000f);
        e1.display();
        e2.display();
    }
}
```

- ☐ a. 101 Sonoo 890000
- ☐ b. 102 Mahesh 490000
- ☐ c. compile time error
- ☒ d. a and b both



✓ 16 . A type of class which does not have its own objects but acts as a base 1/1
class for its subclass is known as?

- ☐ a) Static class
- ☐ b) Sealed class
- ☒ c) Abstract class
- ☐ d) None of the mentioned



✓ 17. The modifier used to define a class which does not have objects of its own but acts as a base class for its subclass is? 1/1

☐ a) Sealed

☐ b) Static

☐ c) New

☒ d) Abstract ✓

✓ 18. Which of the following modifiers is used when an abstract method is redefined by a derived class? 1/1

☐ a) Overloads

☒ b) Override ✓

☐ c) Base

☐ d) Virtual

✓ 19. A static class in C# can only contain... 1/1

☐ both private and public members

☐ none of these

☐ both static and non-static members

☒ static members ✓



✓ 20. Which of the following statements is correct?

1/1

- ☒ A. A constructor can be used to set default values and limit instantiation. ✓
- ☐ B. C# provides a copy constructor.
- ☐ C. Destructors are used with classes as well as structures.
- ☐ D. A class can have more than one destructor.

✓ 21. Which of the following statements are correct about constructors in C#.NET?

1/1

- a. Constructors cannot be overloaded.
 - b. Constructors always have the name same as the name of the class.
 - c. Constructors are never called explicitly.
 - d. Constructors never return any value.
 - e. Constructors allocate space for the object in memory.
- ☐ a,b,c
 - ☒ b,c,d ✓
 - ☐ c,d,e
 - ☐ e,a,b

✓ 22. Which of the following statements are correct about static functions?

1/1

- ☐ A. Static functions are invoked using objects of a class.
- ☐ B. Static functions can access static data as well as instance data.
- ☐ C. Static functions are outside the class scope.
- ☒ D. Static functions are invoked using class. ✓



✓ 23. Which of the following statements is correct about constructors in C#.NET? 1/1

- ☐ Option 1
- ☐ A. A constructor cannot be declared as private.
- ☐ B. A constructor cannot be overloaded.
- ☒ C. A constructor can be a static constructor. ✓
- ☐ D. A constructor cannot access static data.
- ☐ E. this reference is never passed to a constructor.

✓ 24. structs are ___ data types. 1/1

- ☐ common
- ☐ value
- ☒ composite ✓
- ☐ comparable

✓ 25. A ___ class cannot override sealed methods. 1/1

- ☐ base
- ☒ derived ✓
- ☐ parent
- ☐ super



✓ 26. what is incorrect about Delegates...

1/1

- ☐ Func, Action and Predicate are generic inbuilt delegates present in System namespace.
- ☐ Func can contains 0 to 16 input parameters and must have one return type.
- ☒ Action can contain 1 to 16 input parameters and also must have one return type. ✓
- ☐ Delegates are used for implementing events and call back methods.

✓ 27. which of the following statements are TRUE?

1/1

- ☐ A. Delegates are value type
- ☐ B. Delegates are Ref. type
- ☐ C. Delegates are Pointer type
- ☐ D. Delegates defines the method signature.
- ☒ E. A and C is true only ✓

✓ 28. which of the following method returns the highest index of an array?

1/1

- ☐ GetLastIndex()
- ☐ GetUpperIndex()
- ☐ GetLength()
- ☒ GetUpperBound() ✓



✓ 29. What will be the output of following code?

1/1

```
ArrayList myArrayList = new ArrayList();  
myArrayList.Add(1);  
myArrayList.Add(1);  
myArrayList.Add("Two");  
myArrayList.Add(null);  
myArrayList.Add(null);
```

```
foreach (var val in myArrayList)  
    Console.Write(val);
```

- ☐ 11Twonullnull
- ☐ compile time error
- ☐ runtime error

☒ 11Two



✓ 30. which of the following collection in key-value pairs?

1/1

- ☐ Sortedlist
- ☐ Dictionary list
- ☐ hashtable

☒ all of the above



✓ 31. what will be the output of following code?

1/1

```
Stack myStack = new Stack(){  
    1,2,3,4,5  
};  
  
foreach (var itm in myStack)  
    Console.Write(itm);
```

☒ compile time error



☐ 12345

☐ 54321

☐ Runtime erro

✓ 32. Which among the following is not an interface declared in System.Collection namespace?

1/1

☒ a) IDictionaryComparer



☐ b) IEnumerable

☐ c) IEnumerator

☐ d) Icomparer



✓ 33. Boxing converts a value type on the stack to an _____ on the heap. 1/1

- ☐ A. Bool type
- ☐ B. Instance type
- ☐ C. Class type
- ☒ D. Object type



✓ 34. Struct's data members are ____ by default. 1/1

- ☐ Protected
- ☐ Public
- ☒ Private
- ☐ Default



✓ 35. What is meant by the term generics? 1/1

- ☒ a) parameterized types
- ☐ b) class
- ☐ c) structure
- ☐ d) interface



✓ 36. Which among the given classes is present in `System.Collection.Generic.namespace`?

1/1

- ☒ a) Stack ✓
- ☐ b) Tree
- ☐ c) Sorted Array
- ☐ d) All of the mentioned

✓ 37. Choose effective differences between 'Boxing' and 'Unboxing'.

1/1

- ☒ a) 'Boxing' is the process of converting a value type to the reference type and 'Unboxing' is the process of converting reference to value type ✓
- ☐ b) 'Boxing' is the process of converting a reference type to value type and 'Unboxing' is the process of converting value type to reference type
- ☐ c) In 'Boxing' we need explicit conversion and in 'Unboxing' we need implicit conversion
- ☐ d) Both 'Boxing' and 'Unboxing' we need implicit conversion



- ✓ 38. Select differences between reference type and value type: 1/1
- i. Memory allocated to 'Value type' is from heap and reference type is from 'System. ValueType'
 - ii. Memory allocated to 'Value type' is from 'System. ValueType' and reference type is from 'Heap'
 - iii. Structures, enumerated types derived from 'System. ValueType' are created on stack, hence known as ValueType and all 'classes' are reference type because values are stored on heap
- ☐ a) i, iii
- ☒ b) ii, iii ✓
- ☐ c) i, ii, iii
- ☐ d) i

- ✓ 39. Choose the wrong statement about structures in C#.NET? 1/1
- ☒ a) Structures can be declared within a procedure ✓
- ☐ b) Structures can implement an interface but they cannot inherit from another structure
- ☐ c) Structure members cannot be declared as protected
- ☐ d) A structure cannot be empty



✓ 40.what will be the output of following snippet?

1/1

```
enum color:int
{
    red,
    green,
    blue = 5,
    cyan,
    pink = 10,
    brown
}
console.WriteLine((int)color.green);
console.WriteLine((int)color.brown);
```

☐ a) 2 10

☐ b) 2 11

☒ c) 1 11



☐ d) 1 5

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