Module 5: Networking and Content Delivery

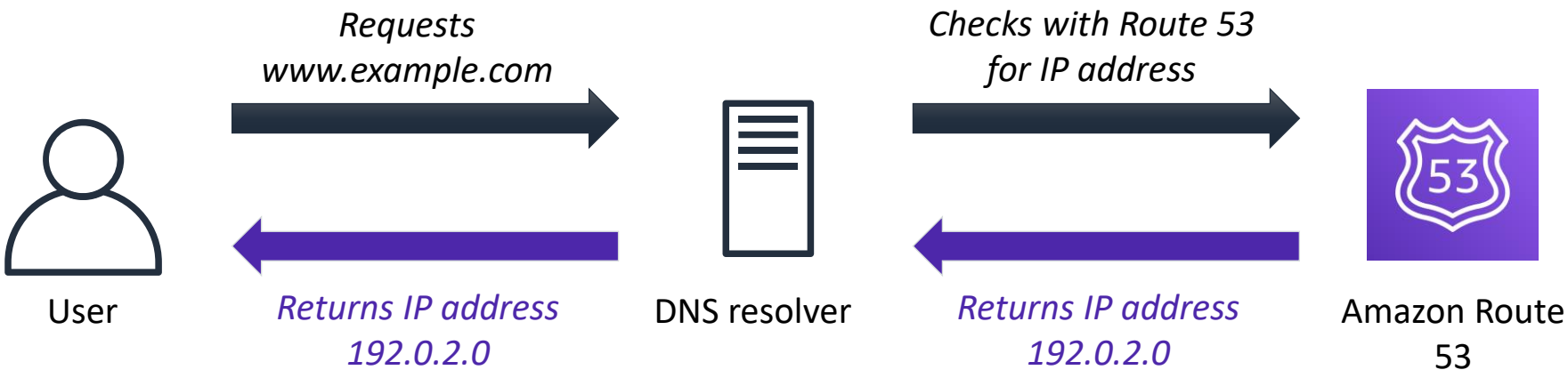
Section 5: Amazon Route 53

Amazon Route 53

Amazon Route 53

- Is a highly available and scalable Domain Name System (DNS) web service
- Is used to route end users to internet applications by translating names (like *www.example.com*) into numeric IP addresses (like *192.0.2.1*) that computers use to connect to each other
- Is fully compliant with IPv4 and IPv6
- Connects user requests to infrastructure running in AWS and also outside of AWS
- Is used to check the health of your resources
- Features traffic flow
- Enables you to register domain names

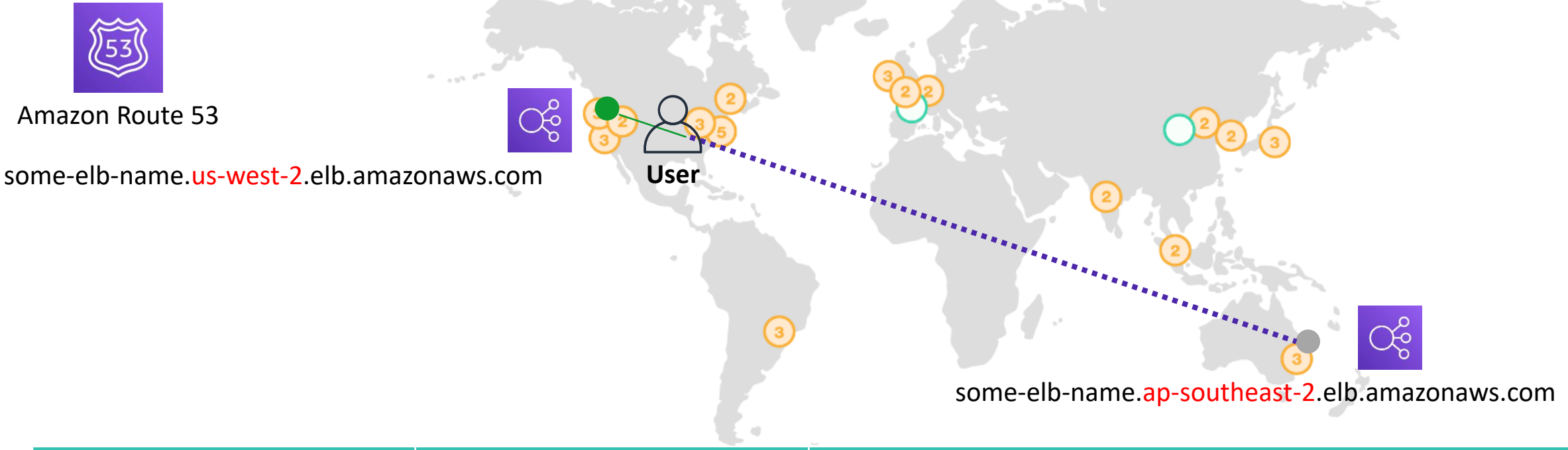
Amazon Route 53 DNS resolution



Amazon Route 53 supported routing

- **Simple routing** – Use in single-server environments
- **Weighted round robin routing** – Assign weights to resource record sets to specify the frequency
- **Latency routing** – Help improve your global applications
- **Geolocation routing** – Route traffic based on location of your users
- **Geoproximity routing** – Route traffic based on location of your resources
- **Failover routing** – Fail over to a backup site if your primary site becomes unreachable
- **Multivalue answer routing** – Respond to DNS queries with up to eight healthy records selected at random

Use case: Multi-region deployment



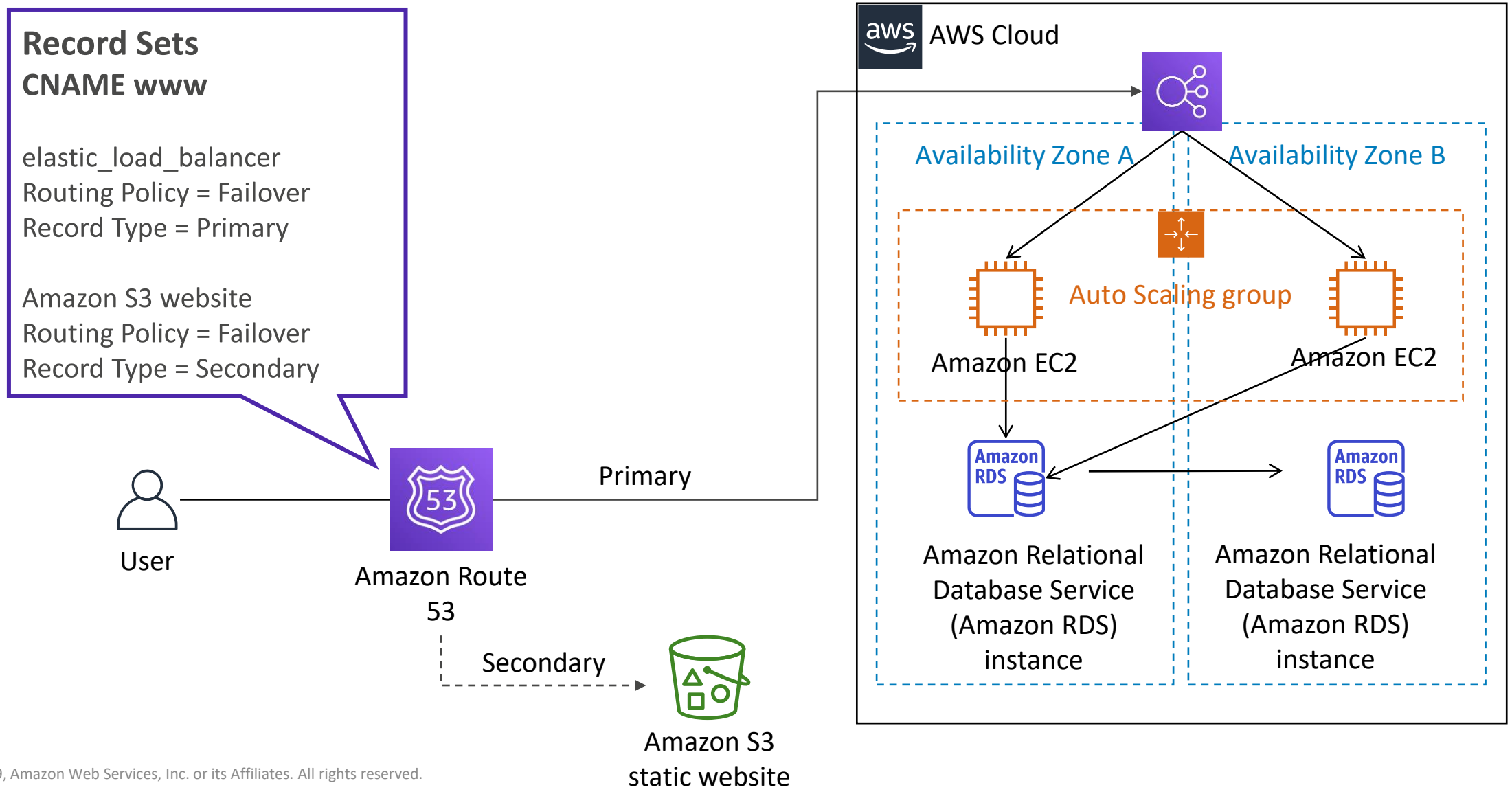
Name	Type	Value
example.com	ALIAS	some-elb-name.us-west-2.elb.amazonaws.com
example.com	ALIAS	some-elb-name.ap-southeast-2.elb.amazonaws.com

Amazon Route 53 DNS failover

Improve the availability of your applications that run on AWS by:

- Configuring backup and failover scenarios for your own applications
- Enabling highly available multi-region architectures on AWS
- Creating health checks

DNS failover for a multi-tiered web application



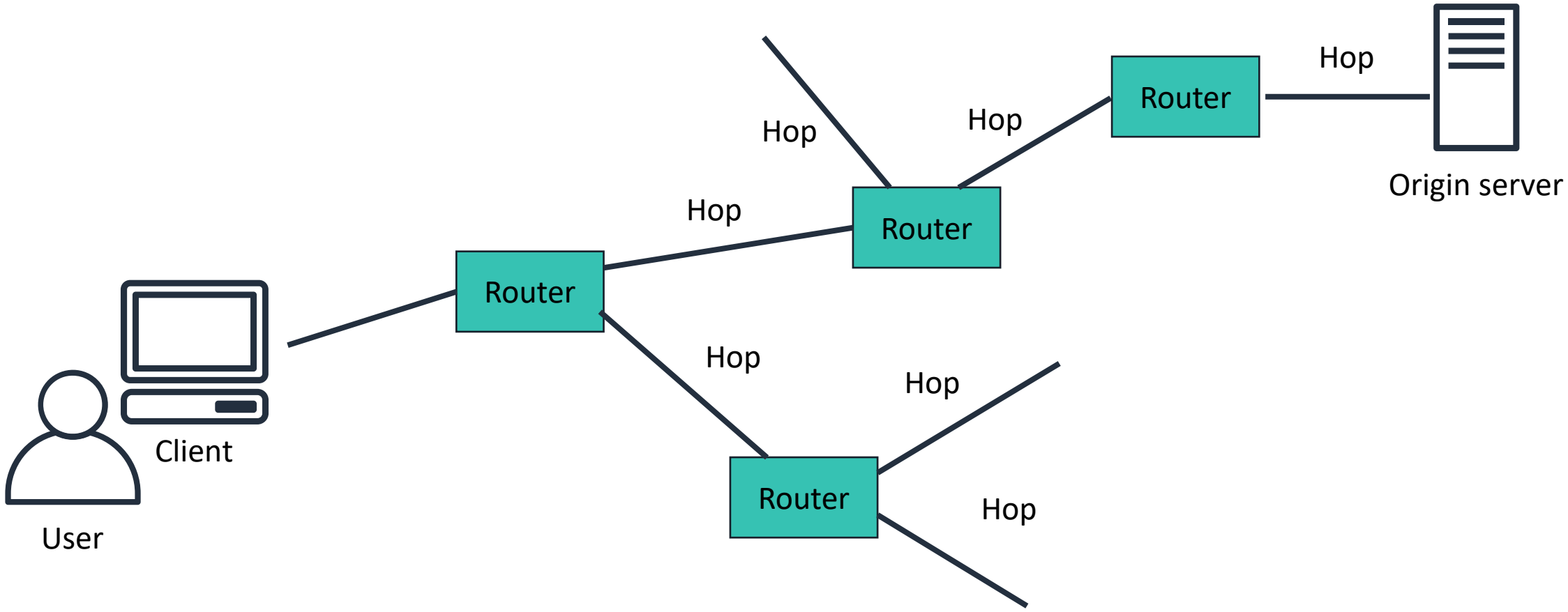
Section 5 key takeaways

- Amazon Route 53 is a highly available and scalable cloud DNS web service that translates domain names into numeric IP addresses.
- Amazon Route 53 supports several types of routing policies.
- Multi-Region deployment improves your application's performance for a global audience.
- You can use Amazon Route 53 failover to improve the availability of your applications.

Module 5: Networking and Content Delivery

Section 6: Amazon CloudFront

Content delivery and network latency



Content delivery network (CDN)

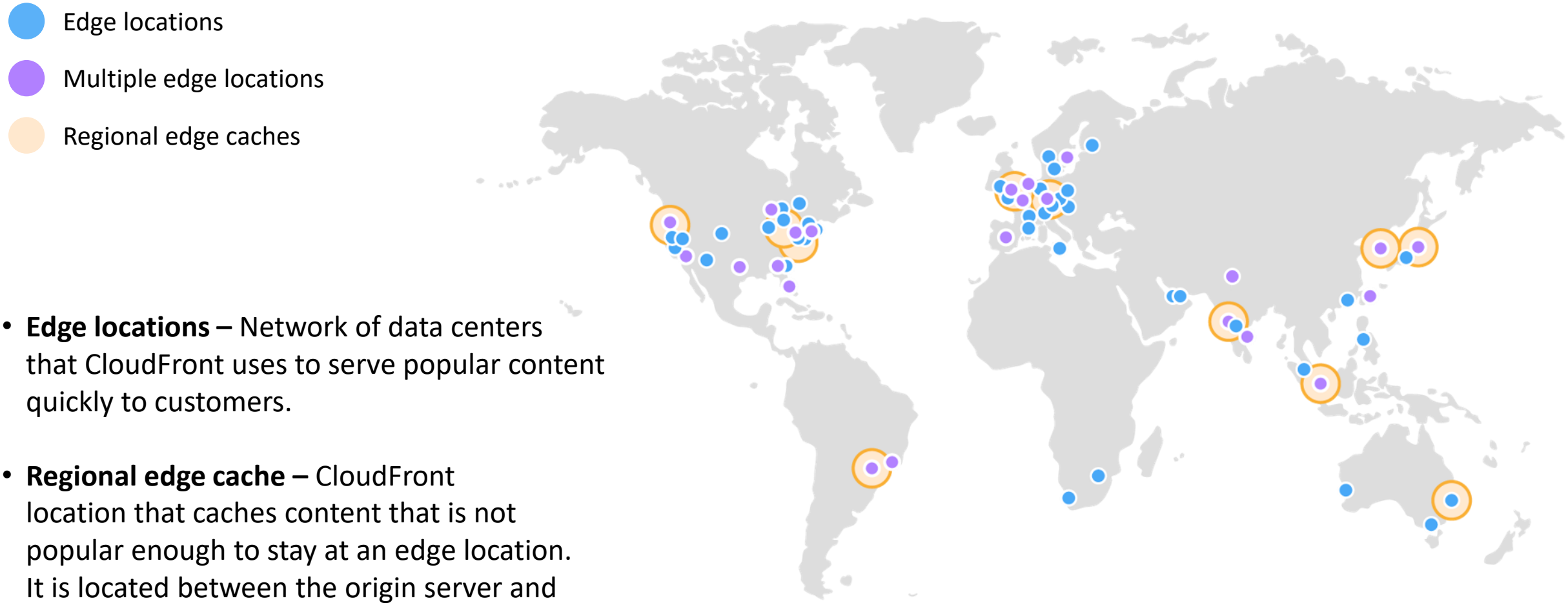
- Is a globally distributed system of caching servers
- Caches copies of commonly requested files (static content)
- Delivers a local copy of the requested content from a nearby cache edge or Point of Presence
- Accelerates delivery of dynamic content
- Improves application performance and scaling

Amazon CloudFront

Amazon CloudFront

- Fast, global, and secure CDN service
- Global network of edge locations and Regional edge caches
- Self-service model
- Pay-as-you-go pricing

Amazon CloudFront infrastructure



- **Edge locations –** Network of data centers that CloudFront uses to serve popular content quickly to customers.
- **Regional edge cache –** CloudFront location that caches content that is not popular enough to stay at an edge location. It is located between the origin server and the global edge location.

Amazon CloudFront benefits

- Fast and global
- Security at the edge
- Highly programmable
- Deeply integrated with AWS
- Cost-effective

Amazon CloudFront pricing

Data transfer out

- Charged for the volume of data transferred out from Amazon CloudFront edge location to the internet or to your origin.

HTTP(S) requests

- Charged for number of HTTP(S) requests.

Invalidation requests

- No additional charge for the first 1,000 paths that are requested for invalidation each month. Thereafter, $0.005 per path that is requested for invalidation.

Dedicated IP custom SSL

- $600 per month for each custom SSL certificate that is associated with one or more CloudFront distributions that use the Dedicated IP version of custom SSL certificate support.

Section 6 key takeaways

- A CDN is a globally distributed system of caching servers that accelerates delivery of content.
- Amazon CloudFront is a fast CDN service that securely delivers data, videos, applications, and APIs over a global infrastructure with low latency and high transfer speeds.
- Amazon CloudFront offers many benefits.

Module summary

In summary, in this module you learned how to:

- Recognize the basics of networking
- Describe virtual networking in the cloud with Amazon VPC
- Label a network diagram
- Design a basic VPC architecture
- Indicate the steps to build a VPC
- Identify security groups
- Create your own VPC and added additional components to it to produce a customized network
- Identify the fundamentals of Amazon Route 53
- Recognize the benefits of Amazon CloudFront

Complete the knowledge check

Sample exam question

Which AWS networking service enables a company to create a virtual network within AWS?

A. AWS Config
B. Amazon Route 53
C. AWS Direct Connect
D. Amazon VPC

Additional resources

- Amazon VPC overview page
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud Connectivity Options whitepaper
- One to Many: Evolving VPC Design AWS Architecture blog post
- Amazon VPC User Guide
- Amazon CloudFront overview page

Thank you

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