

## MODULE 5 CONSISTENCY,

### REPLICATION & FAULT TOLERANCE

#### Client Centric Consistency Model

- 1) Eventual Consistency  
→ weak consistency model

- 2) Monotonic Reads
- 3) Monotonic Writes
- 4) Reads your writes
- 5) Writer follows reader

#### Data Centric Consistency Model

- 1) Strict Consistency Model
- 2) Sequential Consistency
- 3) Linearizability
- 4) Causal consistency  
→ weaker than sequential model
- 5) FIFO Consistency  
→ weaker than causal consistency
- 6) Weak consistency
- 7) Release Consistency
- 8) Entry consistency

#### Data Centric Consistency

- Used for all clients in system
- Does not have lack of simultaneous update
- Data Specific

- Globally accessible
- Aims to provide system wide consistency on database

#### Fault Tolerance

- The ability of the system to continue functioning in the event of partial failure

- 1) Availability
- 2) Robustness
- 3) Recoverability

## Message Ordering

- 1) Unordered multicast
- 2) FIFO ordered multicast
- 3) Causally ordered multicast
- 4) Totally ordered multicast

#### Message logging

- It enables recovery by reducing no. of checkpoints
- Checkpointing is costly in terms of writing state on stable storage
- In message logging, transmission of message is replayed to achieve globally consistent state
- There is no need to write state on stable storage

#### Client Centric Consistency

- Used for individual client
- Has lack of simultaneous update
- Client Specific

- Not globally accessible
- Aims to provide client specific consist view on database

#### Replication model

- 1) Master slave model
- 2) Client server model
- 3) Peer to peer model