

Sample Questions

Computer Engineering

Subject Name: Natural Language Processing

Semester: VIII

Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the c	correct option for following questions. All the Questions carry equal marks					
1.	"He went to the bank". identify the challenge of NLP					
Option A:	Discourse resolution					
Option B:	Noun resolution					
Option C:	Verb resolution					
Option D:	Pronoun resolution					
2.	"Bat is flying in the sky" Identify the dependency checking to perform sense disambiguation of 'Bat'					
Option A:	Bat -> sky, fly					
Option B:	Bat-> sky					
Option C:	Sky-> fly					
Option D:	Bat-> fly					
3.	N-grams are defined as the combination of N keywords together. How many bigram can generated from given sentence: "Data segmentation is a great source to learn to summarization"					
Option A:	7					
Option B:	8					
Option C:	9					
Option D:	10					
4.	"Given a input sentence "" The crane is loaded""					
	How will you determine the correct sense of the word 'crane'"					
Option A:	Word will be searched in lexicon and first sense of crane will be identified					
Option B:	Identify the POS of crane and load, apply rule and determine correct meaning					
Option C:	Determine the clue word load and find the dependency between crane and load. Match with					
O 1: D	all the definitions of crane in the lexicon. Best match is the answer.					
Option D:	As clue words such as fly, sky are not part of input, so correct sense of crane is machinery sense					
5.	HMM model formula $P(q2 x2,q1)=p(x2 q2)*P(q2 q1)$ This formula does not contain					
Option A:	State transition Probability					
Option B:	Emission probability					
Option C:	CDF					
Option D:	Initial state					
6.	In Porter stemmer algorithm,*v* indicates					
Option A:	Stem contains a vowel					
Option B:	Stem contains any character					
Option C:						
Option D:	Stem contains CV combinations					
7.	Who invented Wordnet					



Option A:	Tomas Mikolov				
Option B:	Atlas University				
Option C:	PENN treebank				
Option D:	Princeton University				
8.	"The Tajmahal is one of the seventh wonder of the world". Identify the application of NLP in				
	the word 'TajMahal'				
Option A:	Named entity recognition				
Option B:	QA system				
Option C:	Text categorization				
Option D:	Sentiment analysis				
9.	The contraction of the morpheme "is", as in, "That's the way to do it." is an example of:				
Option A:	Clitic				
Option B:	Inflection				
Option C:	Derivation				
Option D:	Suffix				
10.	Lesk algorithm				
Option A:	converts words to vectors				
Option B:	finds comparison between two words				
Option C:	measures overlap between sense definitions for all words in context				
Option D:	check for similarity between words in context				
11.	What is morphology?				
Option A:	The study of linguistic sounds				
Option B:	It is a study of the way words are built up from smaller meaning-bearing units called morphemes.				
Option C:	The study of the structural relationships between words.				
Option D:	The study of linguistic units larger than a single utterance.				
12.	Select correct example of inflectional morpheme?				
Option A:	Read> Reader				
Option B:	Teach> Teacher				
Option C:	Tall> Taller				
Option D:	Play> Player				
o passas a s					
13.	Parts of speech can be divided into two broad super categories				
Option A:	Parent class and derived class				
Option B:	Closed class and open class				
Option C:	Sentence class and character class				
Option D:	Sub class and child class				
14.	Bigram model also called as				
Option A:	First-order Morkov model				
Option B:	Second-order Morkov model				
Option C:	Third-order Morkov model				
Option D:	(N-1)th-order Morkov model				
15.	"Custemer Review system" is example of one of the following?				



Option A:	Machine Translation					
Option B:	Sentiment Analysis					
Option C:	Question-Answering system					
Option D:	Text-Summerization					
•						
16.	"I saw someone on the hill with a telescope." is the example of which type of ambiguity?					
Option A:	Lexical Ambiguity					
Option B:	Semantic Ambiguity					
Option C:	Syntactic Ambiguity Syntactic Ambiguity					
Option D:	Pragmatic Ambiguity					
17.	Sentiment analysis is also called as					
Option A:	Summarization					
Option B:	Question-Answering					
Option C:	Opinion Mining					
Option D:	Named-Entity Recognition.					
18.	What is the task of Robust Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD) for word in given sentence?					
Option A:	Define a concept or word meaning					
Option B:	Measure overlap between sense definitions for all words in context					
Option C:	Define word without senses					
Option D:	selecting the correct sense for a word in a given sentence					
19.	"Please maintain silence" is the example of					
Option A:	Wh-subject Question					
Option B:	Yes-No Question					
Option C:	Imperative sentence					
Option D:	Declarative sentence					
20.	Select correct constraint on coreference for given example "John and Mary have Hyundai cars.					
	They love them".					
Option A:	Number agreement					
Option B:	Gender agreement					
Option C:	Person and Case agreement					
Option D:	Syntactic constraint.					
21	NY . 11					
21.	Natural language processing is a sub-domain of,					
Option A:	Networking					
Option B:	Artificial Intelligence					
Option C:	Algorithms					
Option D:	Databases					
22.	Which of this is not an application of NLP?					
Option A:						
Option B:	Speech Understanding Chatbot					
Option C:						
Option C. Option D:	Scanned Image Classification News Clustering					
Ե րոսու D .	Thems Clustering					
23.	This kind of ambiguity occurs when a sentence is parsed in different ways.					
Option A:	Lexical Ambiguity					
Option A.	Lexion Innoignity					



Option B:	Syntactic Ambiguity					
Option C:	Semantic Ambiguity					
Option D:	Pragmatic Ambiguity					
opuon 2.	Truginum Timorganij					
24.	"Appoint Appointee" is an example of morphology.					
Option A:						
Option B:	Inflectional					
Option C:	Compounding					
Option D:	Cliticization					
25.	The stemming algorithm is used to,					
Option A:	Form complex words from base form					
Option B:	Generats the parse tree of a sentence					
Option C:	Check meaning of a word in dictionary					
Option D:	Reduce inflected form of a word to a single base form					
26.	P(dog the big) is an example of model					
Option A:	Unigram					
Option B:	Bigram					
Option C:	Trigram					
Option D:	Quadrigram					
27.	Which of this is not true shout Marahalaar?					
Option A:	Which of this is not true about Morphology? Provides systematic rules for forming new words in a language					
Option B:	Provide rules for forming sentences in a language					
Option C:						
Option C:	Can be used to verify if a word is legitimate in a language Group words into classes					
Option D.	Group words into classes					
28.	CFG captures					
Option A:	Constituency and ordering					
Option B:	word meaning					
Option C:	relation between words					
Option D:	sentence meaning					
1						
29.	Which of the following is a Rule based POS tagger?					
Option A:	HMM Tagger					
Option B:	Ngram Tagger					
Option C:	ENGTWOL Tagger					
Option D:	Brill Tagger					
30.	Syntax analysis concerns with:					
Option A:	the way words are built up from smaller meaning bearing units					
Option B:	what words mean and how these meanings combine in sentences to form sentence meanings					
Option C:	how the immediately preceding sentences affect the interpretation of the next sentence					
Option D:	how words are put together to form correct sentences and what structural role each word has					
31.	Which of the following is not a sequence labeling technique?					
Option A:	Maximum Entropy					
Option B:	Context Free Grammar					
Option C:	Conditional Random Fields					
Option C:	Conditional Kalidolli Picius					



Option D:	Hidden Markov Model				
32.	Which of the following is an example of "hyponym-hypernym" semantic relationship?				
Option A:	Car-Vehicle				
Option B:	Car-Wheel				
Option C:	Wheel-Car				
Option D:	Car-Ford				
Option D.					
33.	The root form of a word in Wordnet dictionary is called				
Option A:	Stem				
Option B:	Sense				
Option C:	Gloss				
Option D:	Lemma				
34.	Roughly, Semantic analysis is				
Option A:	Language Understanding				
Option B:	Language Generation				
Option C:	Language Preprocessing				
Option D:	Language Translation				
35.	"All boys love cricket". How is this sentence represented in First Order Logic form?				
Option A:	$\exists x \text{ boys}(x) \rightarrow \text{love}(x,\text{cricket})$				
Option B:	$\forall x \text{ boys}(x) \rightarrow \text{love}(x,\text{cricket})$				
Option C:	$\exists x,y \text{ love}(x) \land \text{cricket}(y)$				
Option D:	$\forall x \text{ boys}(x) \land \text{love}(x,\text{cricket})$				
36.	Pragmatic refers to				
Option A:	Literal meaning				
Option B:	Intended meaning				
Option C:	Structural meaning				
Option D:	Wordnet dictionary meaning				
37.	"John bought an Acura Integra today, but the engine seemed noisy."				
	Which of the following is an Inferrable referent?				
Option A:	John				
Option B:	Acura				
Option C:	Engine				
Option D:	Noisy				
38.	Shivaji→ शिवाजी				
	Is an example of:				
Option A:	Translation				
Option B:	Transfer				
Option C:	Transliteration				
Option D:					
39.	In which of the summarization technique, summary contains the sentences from the given				
	document only?				
Option A:	Extractive Summarization				



Option B:	Abstractive summarization				
Option C:	Mixed Summarization				
Option D:	Copied summarization				
40.	Which of this is not a reference resolution algorithm?				
Option A:	Hobb's Algorithm				
Option B:	Lappin and Leass's Algorithm				
Option C:	Centering Algorithm				
Option D:	Lesk's Algorithm				

Descriptive Questions

Exp	lain how word	l sense disami	biguation	will be us	seful for re	solving an	abiguity

Explain the text preprocessing steps of Natural language processing with an example

Explain machine translation and its types

What is language model? Explain N gram model

What is parsing? Explain Top-down and Bottom-up approach of parsing with suitable example.

Discuss various approaches to perform Part-Of-Speech (POS) tagging

Explain derivational and inflectional morphology in detail with suitable example

Explain following Relations among lexemes & their senses, Homonymy, Synonymy, Hyponymy with example

What are the five types of referring expression? Explain with example

What are the stages of NLP? Explain with example.

What are basic regular expression patterns? Give brief answer for each with example.

What are the attachments for fragment of English? Explain with example.

Differentiate between Derivational and Inflectional morphemes.

Define POS tagging. Explain rule-based POS tagging with example.

What are the reference phenomenons? Explain types of referring expression.

Differentiate between closed classes and open classes with example.

Show derivation of "The boy likes a girl" in parse tree, consider following grammar rule:

 $S \rightarrow NP VP$

VP → Verb NP

NP→ Det NOM

NOM → Noun

Noun → boy | girl

Verb → sees | likes

Adj → big | small

 $Adv \rightarrow very$

Det \rightarrow a | the



What is information retrieval and machine translation in applications? Give brief answer on both.

Discuss various challenges in processing natural language.

What is the role of FSA in Morphological analysis?

What is WordNet? How is "sense" defined in WordNet? Explain with example.

What do you mean by stemming? Explain Porter's stemming algorithm in detail.

How HMM is used for POS tagging? Explain in detail.

Explain use of CFG in Natural Language Processing with suitable example.

Consider a suitable training data and show the Bigram probability calculation for the same.

Compare Information Retrieval with Information Extraction system.

What is Word Sense Disambiguation? Illustrate with example how Dictionary-based approach identifies correct sense of an ambiguous word.

Discuss in detail any application considering any Indian regional language of your choice.