Course Code	Course Name	Credits
DLO8012	Natural Language Processing	4

## Course objectives:

- 1. To understand natural language processing and to learn how to apply basic algorithms in this field.
- To get acquainted with the basic concepts and algorithmic description of the main language levels: morphology, syntax, semantics, and pragmatics.
- To design and implement applications based on natural language processingTo implement various language Models.
- 5. To design systems that uses NLP techniques

## Course outcomes: On successful completion of course learner should:

- 1. Have a broad understanding of the field of natural language processing.
- 2. Have a sense of the capabilities and limitations of current natural language technologies,
- Be able to model linguistic phenomena with formal grammars.
- 4. Be able to Design, implement and test algorithms for NLP problems
- 5. Understand the mathematical and linguistic foundations underlying approaches to the various areas in NLP
- 6. Be able to apply NLP techniques to design real world NLP applications such as machine translation, text categorization, text summarization, information extraction...etc.

Prerequisite: Data structure & Algorithms, Theory of computer science, Probability Theory.

Module	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
No.			
1	Introduction	History of NLP, Generic NLP system, levels of NLP, Knowledge in language processing, Ambiguity in Natural language, stages in NLP, challenges of NLP, Applications of NLP	4
2	Word Level Analysis	Morphology analysis –survey of English Morphology, Inflectional morphology & Derivational morphology, Lemmatization, Regular expression, finite automata, finite state transducers (FST) ,Morphological parsing with FST , Lexicon free FST Porter stemmer. N –Grams- N-gram language model, N-gram for spelling correction.	10
3	Syntax analysis	Part-Of-Speech tagging (POS)- Tag set for English (Penn Treebank), Rule based POS tagging, Stochastic POS tagging, Issues -Multiple tags & words, Unknown words. Introduction to CFG, Sequence labeling: Hidden Markov Model (HMM), Maximum Entropy, and Conditional Random Field (CRF).	10
4	Semantic Analysis	Lexical Semantics, Attachment for fragment of English- sentences, noun phrases, Verb phrases, prepositional phrases, Relations among lexemes & their senses –Homonymy, Polysemy, Synonymy, Hyponymy, WordNet, Robust Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD) ,Dictionary based approach	10

5	Pragmatics	Discoursereference resolution, reference phenomenon , syntactic & semantic constraints on co reference	8
6	Applications ( preferably for Indian regional languages)	Machine translation, Information retrieval, Question answers system, categorization, summarization, sentiment analysis, Named Entity Recognition.	10