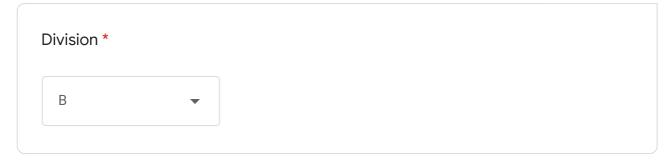
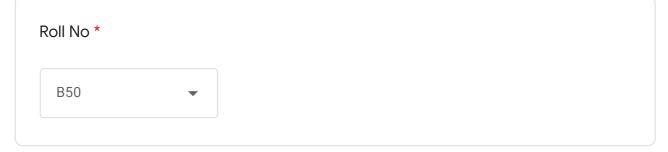
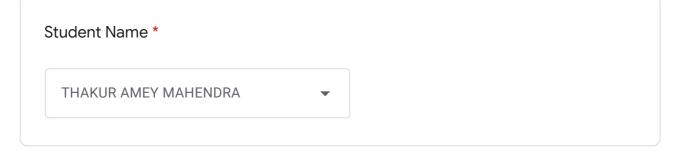
## TE\_B\_Online\_Test(All Subject) Total points 50/50 ? SH2020

Email address *	
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0 of 0 points







**DBMS** 10 of 10 points Attempt All Questions.

	What term is used to refer to a specific record in your music database; for instance; information stored about a specific album? *	1/1
0	Relation	
•	Instance	<b>✓</b>
0	Table	
0	Column	
<b>✓</b>	In E-R diagram generalization is represented by *	1/1
0	Ellipse	
0	Dashed ellipse	
0	Rectangle	
•	Triangle	<b>✓</b>
<b>✓</b>	A table joined with itself is called *	1/1
0	Join	
•	Self Join	<b>✓</b>
0	Outer Join	
0	Equi Join	

✓ In the relational model, the number of attributes and number of tuples in 1/1 a relation are termed asandrespectively *
Cardinality, domain
Degree, cardinality
O Domain degree
Cardinality, degree
✓ Let E1 and E2 be two entities in an E/R diagram with simple single-valued 2/2 attributes. R1 and R2 are two relationships between E1 and E2, where R1 is one-to-many and R2 is many-to-many. RI and R2 do not have any attributes of their own. What is the minimum number of tables required to represent this situation in the relational model? *
O 2
<u> </u>

Consider the following ER diagram. The minimum number of tables 2/2 needed to represent M, N, P, R1, R2 is \*

M1

M2

M3

P1

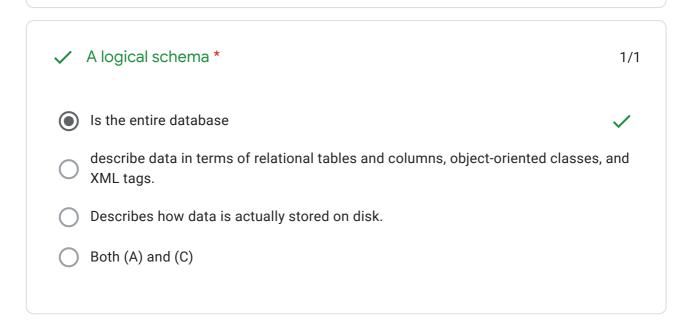
P2

N1

N2

A

5



<b>✓</b>	Employees(Id,F_name, L_name, Add, Phone_number) Merge both attribute F_name and L_name As Name which of the following query is correct? *	1/1
0	select MERGE(F_name, L_name) as name from Employees;	
•	select Concat(F_name, L_name) as name from Employees;	<b>✓</b>
0	select Add(F_name, L_name) as name from Employees;	
0	none	
CN	10 of 10 pc	oints
<b>~</b>	CN1: Detecting start of the frame: detect frames by looking out for special sequence of bits that marks the beginning of the frame i.e. SFD (Starting Frame Delimiter). *	1/1
	o Every Station	<b>~</b>
0	o First station	
0	o Only Last Node	
0	o All of the above	
<b>✓</b>	CN2: Ethernet frame has 7 bytes Preamble of	1/1
0	o Alternating byte of 0s and 1's	
$\bigcirc$	o Alternating 4 bits of 0s and 1's	
•	o Alternating bits of 0s and 1's	<b>✓</b>
0	o Random bits	

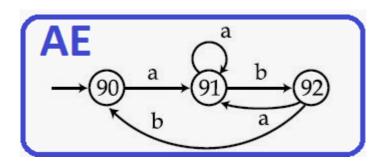
<b>✓</b>	CN3: Ethernet frame takes minimum bytes and maximum bytes as payload.	1/1
0	o 46, 2000	
0	o 1500, 46	
0	o 64, 1518	
•	o 46, 1500	<b>~</b>
<b>~</b>	CN4: DLL uses the flow control to prevent the sending node on one side of the link from the receiving node on another side of the link.	1/1
0	o Underflow of data	
•	o Overwhelming	<b>/</b>
0	o Jamming	
0	o Waiting for data	
<b>/</b>	CN5: Single-Bit Error does not appear more likely in	1/1
•	o Serial Data Transmission	<b>✓</b>
0	o Parallel Data Transmission	
0	o Twisted pair transmission	
0	o None of the above	

<b>~</b>	CN6: Burst Errors are most likely to occur in	1/1
•	o Serial Data Transmission	<b>~</b>
0	o Parallel Data Transmission	
0	o Twisted pair transmission	
0	o None of the above	
	CN7: We add r redundant bits to each block to make the length n = k + r. The resulting n-bit blocks are called	1/1
0	o data words	
0	o Complete word	
•	o code words	<b>✓</b>
0	o data block	
	CN8: Block coding is normally referred to ascoding; it replaces each data with k+r bits.	1/1
0	o kB/nB	
•	o mB/nB	<b>✓</b>
0	o nB/k+r B	
0	o None of these.	

✓ CN9:is a technique used to comb multiple data streams over a single medium.	ine and send the 1/1
o De-Multiplexing	
O Decoding	
o Encoding	
o Multiplexing	<b>✓</b>
CN10: De multiplexing is achieved by using a device (DEMUX) available at the receiving end. DEMUX secomponent signals called	•
o one input and one output.	
o one input and n outputs.	<b>✓</b>
o n input and none outputs.	
o m input and n outputs.	

TCS 10 of 10 points ✓ 1]The following Deterministic finite automata \*

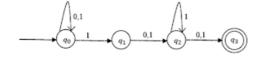
2/2



- Set of all strings containing "ab"
- Set of all strings containing "aab"
- Set of all strings ending with "abab"
- None of the above

**/** 

✓ 2]Consider the finite automaton in the following figure. What is the set of 1/1 reachable states for the input string 0011? \*



- (q0, q1, q2)
- (q0, q1)
- (q0, q1, q2,q3)
- (q3)

B

3]Two finite automata are said to be equivalent *	1/1
If they have same no of states	
O If they have same no of edges	
If they have same no of edges and states	
Recognizes same set of tokens	<b>✓</b>
Other:	
✓ 4]Consider the following two statements: I. If all states of an NFA are accepting states then the language accepted by the NFA is ∑*. II. There exists a regular language A such that for all languages \$B\$, A∩B is regular.Which one of the following is CORRECT? *	1/1
Only I is true	
Only II is true	<b>✓</b>
Both I and II are true	
O Both I and II are false	
5]How many minimum states are required in a DFA to find whether a given binary string has odd number of 0's or not, there can be any number of 1's. *	1/1
O 3	
O 1	
2	<b>✓</b>
O 4	

<b>✓</b>	6] FSM(finite state machine) can be considered to be a Turing machine of 1/1 finite tape length *
•	without rewinding capability and unidirectional tape movement
0	rewinding capability and unidirectional tape movement
0	without rewinding capability and bidirectional tape movement
0	rewinding capability and bidirectional tape movement

√ 7]The finite state machine given in figure below recognizes: \* 1/1 any string of odd number of a's any string of odd number of b's any string of even number of a's and odd number of b's any string of odd number of a's and odd number of b'

TE_B_Offiline_rest(All Subject)	
8]What are the final states of the DFA generated from the follow	ing NFA? 2/2
$\mathbf{S} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{Q}_0} \mathbf{q}_1 \xrightarrow{\mathbf{Q}_2} \mathbf{q}_2$	
q0, [q1, q2]	
(q0, q1], q2	
q0, q1, q2	<b>✓</b>
[q0, q1], [q0, q2], []	
○ c	
WDL lab test 4 (8 aug 2020) 1	0 of 10 points
WDL lab test 4 (8 aug 2020)  Test Syllabus: HTML form and Java script	0 of 10 points
Test Syllabus: HTML form and Java script	
Test Syllabus: HTML form and Java script  1. What is the default type of 'type' attribute of <input/> element?	
Test Syllabus: HTML form and Java script  1. What is the default type of 'type' attribute of <input/> element?  Password	

2. Which attribute is not used on new forms? *	1/1
size	<b>~</b>
○ text	
name	
o maxlength	
3. Which of the following is not used with password attribute? *	1/1
name	
maxlength	
o min	<b>✓</b>
size	
✓ 4. Which element is used to create multi-line text input? *	1/1
o text	
textarea	<b>✓</b>
submit	
o radio button	
submit	<b>\</b>

5. In HTML <input type="text"/> is used for? *	1/1
multiple text	
one line text	<b>~</b>
o block of text	
none	
✓ 6. Java script is? *	1/1
Client side scripting	<b>✓</b>
Server side scripting	
o both	
none	
7. Java script is case sensitive language *	1/1
True	<b>✓</b>
○ False	

<b>~</b>	8. <form> tag in HTML is included within which tag? *</form>	1/1
0	<head></head>	
•	<body></body>	<b>✓</b>
0	both	
0	none	
<b>~</b>	9. Which of the following are form input types *	1/1
0	text	
0	image	
0	button	
0	file	
•	all	<b>✓</b>
<b>~</b>	10. Attribute of form tag are *	1/1
•	name, action, method	<b>~</b>
0	name	
0	submit, action, name	
0	method	
MP		10 of 10 points
Test5		

1. Following is Co processor /s for host processor 8086 *	1/1
8288	
8088	
8087	<b>✓</b>
8286	
<ul> <li>2. Which is addressing mode for instruction MOV AX, [BX] exist *</li> </ul>	1/1
Register	
O Immediate	
Direct	
Indirect	<b>✓</b>
✓ 3. Following instructions code can update CS register to '0000' mark answer TRUE OR FALSE. MOV AX, @DATA; MOV CS, AX *	1/1
○ TRUE	
FALSE	<b>✓</b>

4. following is not advantage of segmentation in 8086 *	1/1
<ul><li>addressing capability of 1 MB</li><li>seperate memory for data, code, stack etc.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>accessing interrupts services faster</li> </ul>	<b>✓</b>
to partition their programs into modules	
5. Following is not logical instruction opcode in 8086 *	1/1
O NOT	
INC	<b>✓</b>
O AND	
OR	
✓ 6. Effective address in 8086 is not stored in following register *	1/1
O BX	
○ SI	
DS	<b>✓</b>
○ IP	

7. Following flag is used for single step debugging in 8086 *	1/1
○ IF	
O DF	
● TF	<b>✓</b>
○ CF	
8. which type of segment can be accessed through IP register *	1/1
O Data Segment	
Extra segment	
ocode segment	<b>✓</b>
stack segment	
<ul><li>9. which is following option in invalid for execution *</li></ul>	1/1
CMP SI,DI	
CMP BX,CX	
CMP [SI],BX	
	<b>✓</b>

✓ 10. CL=10000111 BL=10001010 what is result in CL after XOR CL,BL *	1/1
01001111	
00001101	<b>✓</b>
0 10001100	
00010101	

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Google Forms