



# MOLE User's Manual

(MATLAB version) 8/8/2017



## Getting the library...

You can download MOLE from its main repository on GitHub:

https://github.com/jcorbino/mole

or from the MathWorks' File Exchange website:

https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/

You will find out two versions of MOLE under the same repository— MATLAB and C++



## Licensing

MOLE is distributed under a "dual-license" model. GPLv3 for academic and nonprofit purposes, and copyright for commercial intentions:

https://github.com/jcorbino/mole/LICENSE.txt

If you are planning to use or modify MOLE for commercial purposes, feel free to contact:

tmartindale@sdsu.edu or kwelch@foundation.sdsu.edu



### On the mathematics

The mimetic discrete operators implemented in MOLE are based on the work of [Corbino and Castillo 2017, to be published]. They are a substantial improvement over the operators introduced in [Castillo and Grone 2003]. These new operators have no free parameters, and in the worst case they deliver the same accuracy as the ones from 2003.





## Installing the library...

This document covers the installation and usage of MOLE for MATLAB. Once you download the library, you need to add the path to it on your MATLAB script:

```
addpath('path_to_mole')
```

After this, you will be able to call any of the 29 functions provided by MOLE to construct mimetic operators.



Functions syntax is consistent throughout the library. In addition, you can see a brief explanation of each function by typing the following command:

```
help 'function_name'
```

#### For instance,

```
>> help div
Returns a m+2 by m+1 one-dimensional mimetic divergence operator

Parameters:

k: Order of accuracy

m: Number of cells

dx: Step size
```



#### Another example,

```
>> help grad2D
Returns a two-dimensional mimetic gradient operator

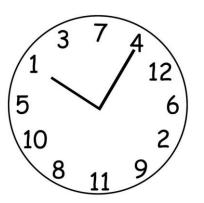
Parameters:

k: Order of accuracy
m: Number of cells along x-axis
dx: Step size along x-axis
n: Number of cells along y-axis
dy: Step size along y-axis
```

All functions in MOLE return a sparse matrix representation of the requested operator!



Try this: Obtain a 2<sup>nd</sup>-order 1D mimetic Laplacian and plot its sparsity pattern!





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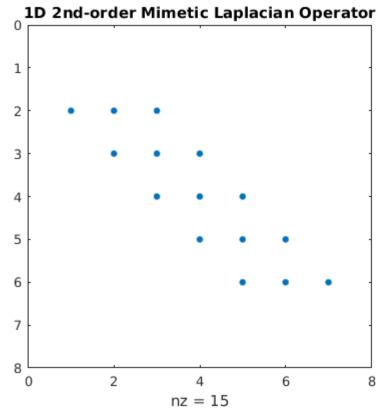
There are two ways,



spy(lap(2, 5, 1)) yields→

↑
Try this with other functions to get familiar
with the "form" of the operators

6
7

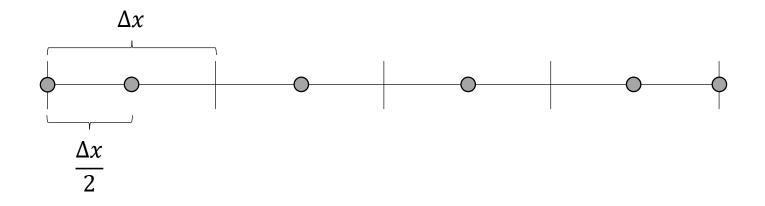


a 7x7 sparse matrix with 15 nonzero elements



## The grid (1D)

It is important to remember that Mimetic Operators act on Staggered Grids.

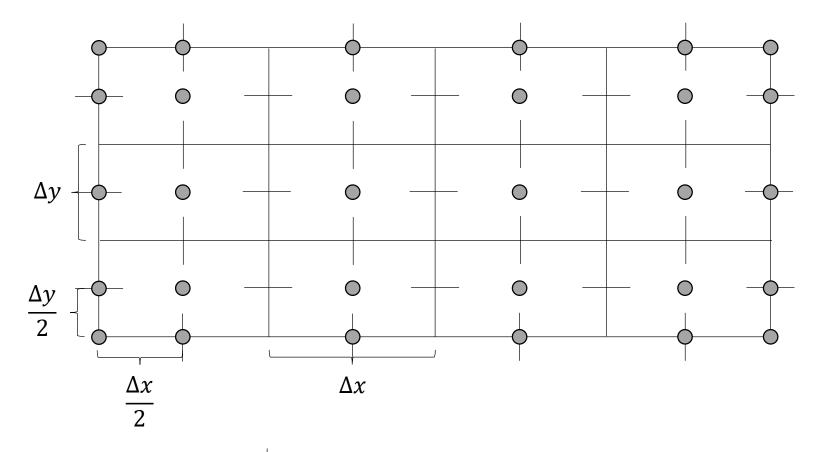


Scalar quantities

Vector quantities



## The grid (2D)

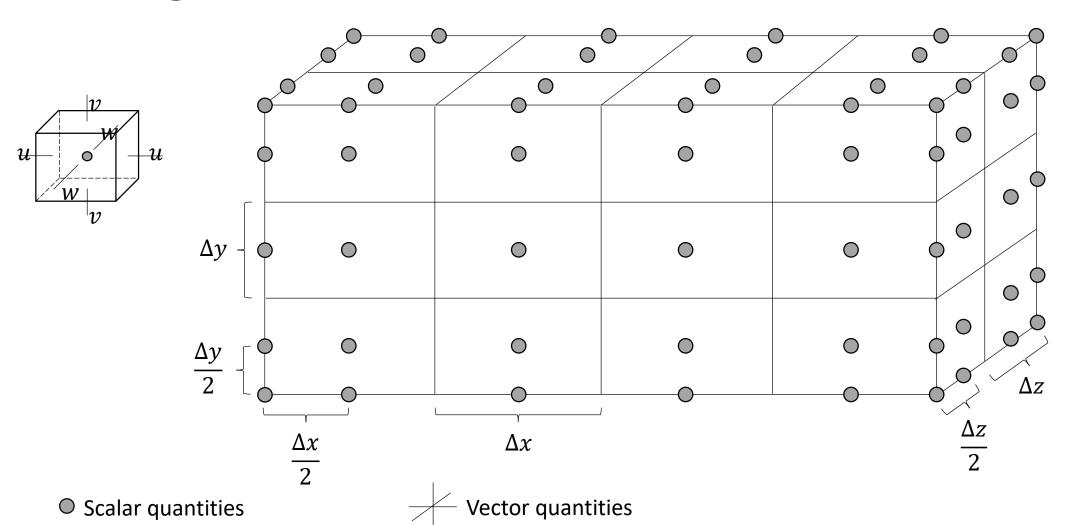


Scalar quantities

Vector quantities



# The grid (3D)





## Generating a 1D staggered grid

There are several ways to accomplish this. What is important is to remember that we need to store the coordinates for two different quantities.

#### Suppose:

```
west = 0; east = 1; m = 10; dx = (east-west)/m; xgridSca = [west west+dx/2 : dx : east-dx/2 east];
```

This grid holds the coordinates of all scalar quantities ● (cell centers + boundaries).

Vector quantities | coordinates are just:

```
xgridVec = west : dx : east;
```



## Generating a 1D staggered grid

The previous commands just create a couple of one-dimensional arrays with the coordinates of each field (scalar and vectorial). Now we need a couple of arrays to hold the actual values of these fields.

NOTE: Depending on the problem, you may need or not to explicitly create such arrays. It is often a good practice to preallocate the memory for better performance:

```
scalarField = zeros(numel(xgridSca), 1);
and,
vectorField = zeros(numel(xgridVec), 1);
```

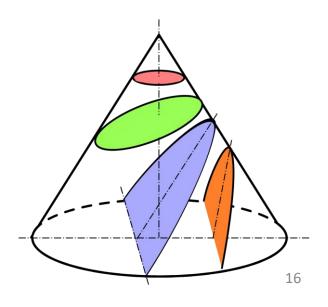


## Using the operators...

Inside the "examples" folder you will find several MATLAB scripts that use MOLE to solve well known partial differential equations.

Our selection includes steady-state and time-dependent problems.

- Burger's eq.
- Richards' eq. (highly nonlinear, mixed form)
- Wave eq. (with symplectic schemes)
- Heat eq. (explicitly and implicitly)
- Etc.





## Using the operators...

Each script in the "examples" folder is adequately commented. You may notice that all programs have the same taxonomy:

Definition of variables and initialization (initial and boundary conditions).
Grid generation and obtainment of Mimetic Operators.

Apply operators.

Solve system of equations (if applicable).

Time integration (if applicable).

Update fields.

Plot or process results.

Check for conservation of energy,
mass, etc. (optional).



Lets have a look at the script named "elliptic1D.m"

```
% Solves the 1D Poisson's equation with Robin boundary conditions
clc; close all
addpath('../mole matlab')
                                                 13 cells
west = 0; % Domain's limits
east = 1;
k = 6;  % Operator's order of accuracy
m = 2*k+1; % Minimum number of cells to attain the desired accuracy
dx = (east-west)/m; % Step size
```



```
% 1D Staggered grid
xgrid = [west west+dx/2 : dx : east-dx/2 east];
                                                                  \nabla^2 u = f
% RHS
                                                                Robin boundary conditior
                                        au(0) - bu'(0) = 0
RHS = exp(xgrid)';
RHS(1) = 0; \leftarrow
                            % West BC
RHS(end) = 2*exp(1);
                          % East BC
                                       au(1) + bu'(1) = 2e
```



```
% Get 1D 6th-order mimetic laplacian operator from MOLE L = lap(k, m, dx); \qquad \qquad \nabla^2 u = f % Impose Robin BC on laplacian operator a = 1; \quad \text{% The 'a' coefficient in Robin BC} b = 1; \quad \text{% The 'b' coefficient in Robin BC} L = L + robinBC(k, m, dx, a, b); \quad \text{% robinBC also provided by MOLE}
```



As you can see, the previous script followed the structure outlined on page 16. It is really easy to solve 1D, 2D and 3D problems using MOLE!!!

Remember: MOLE is also available in C++



### Need extra assistance?

If you need assistance or want to report a problem with any of the functions, scripts or classes that constitute MOLE, please contact us at:

- jcorbino@mail.sdsu.edu
- angelboada2@gmail.com
- billbyrd320@gmail.com

We will gladly assist you ©

