## Practical No:4

Stack\_7.cpp

```
#include<iostream>
#define MAX 100
using namespace std;
class Stack
{
public:
       int n;
int size;
int top;
       int stack[MAX];
Stack()
top=-1;
       void push();
       void pop();
       void display();
};
void Stack::push()
if(top>=size)
cout<<"stack overflow"<<endl;</pre>
else
top=top+1;
cout<<"enter the element to be pushed"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>n;
stack[top]=n;
cout<<"the element"<<n<<"has been inserted at location"<<top<<endl;</pre>
}
}
void Stack::pop()
if(top==-1)
cout<<"stack underflow";</pre>
```

```
}
else
{
top--;
cout<<"element"<<stack[top]<<" has been poped out"<<endl;</pre>
}
void Stack::display()
if(top==-1)
cout<<"stack is empty"<<endl;</pre>
else
cout<<"the stack is :"<<endl;</pre>
for (int i=0;i \le top;i++)
cout<<stack[i]<<endl;</pre>
}
}
}
int main()
Stack s;
int ch;
cout<<" enter the size of stack array"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>s.size;
do{
cout<<"enter the choice"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"1:push"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"2:pop"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"3:display"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"4:exit"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>ch;
switch(ch)
case 1:
        s.push();
break;
case 2:
```

```
s.pop();
break;

case 3:
s.display();

break;
case 4:
break;
default:
cout<<" enter the choice from 1 to 4 onl;y"<<endl;
break;
}
}while(ch!=4);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## output: