

AST & SCA Report

Repository: pnkjshahare/AICodeReview

Pull Request: #42

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SCA - Dependency Vulnerabilities

No dependency files found. SCA scan skipped.

AST - Code Vulnerabilities



December 9th 2025, 11:13:23 am (UTC+00:00)
Source: C:\Users\panka\AppData\Local\Temp\sast_a5eaf372-5eaf-4883-8abd-3dec2311bc1e

Snyk Code Report

0 high issues 0 medium issues 7 low issues

SCAN COVERAGE

.cpp files: 1 .java files: 2

L Use of Hardcoded Credentials

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-798 | NoHardcodedCredentials/test

Do not hardcode credentials in code.

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 11)

Data Flow

11:47

```
private static final String DB_USERNAME = "admin";
```

SOURCE SINK 0

L Use of Hardcoded Credentials

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-798 | NoHardcodedCredentials/test

Do not hardcode credentials in code.

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 17)

Data Flow

17:17

```
"jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test", DB_USERNAME, DB_PASSWORD);
```

SOURCE SINK 0



Use of Hardcoded Passwords

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-798,CWE-259 | HardcodedPassword/test

Do not hardcode passwords in code. Found hardcoded password used in here.

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 12)

Data Flow

SecurityTest.java

12:47

```
private static final String DB_PASSWORD = "123456"; // insecure hardcoded password
```

SOURCE SINK 0



Hardcoded Secret

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-547 | HardcodedSecret/test

Hardcoded value string is used as a cipher key. Generate the value with a cryptographically strong random number generator such as java.security.SecureRandom instead.

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 45)

Data Flow

44:22

```
String key = "1234567812345678"; // hardcoded key
```

SOURCE 0



45:38

```
SecretKeySpec skeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(key.getBytes(), "AES");
```



SINK 1



Use of Cipher Without Integrity Protection

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-327 | InsecureCipherNoIntegrity/test

The ECB mode used in javax.crypto.Cipher.getInstance does not provide integrity. Consider using Galois/Counter Mode.

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 47)



Data Flow

```
47:44  
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");  
[SOURCE] 0  
  
47:25  
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");  
[SINK] 1
```



Use of Insecure Default AES Cipher

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-327 | InsecureDefaultAesCipher/test

Default AES/ECB algorithm (AES) used in javax.crypto.Cipher.getInstance may be insecure, because equal messages get encrypted to equal data. Consider using Galois/Counter Mode (algorithm AES/GCM/NoPadding).

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 47)



Data Flow

```
47:44  
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");  
[SOURCE] 0  
  
47:25  
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");  
[SINK] 1
```



Use of Password Hash With Insufficient Computational Effort

Fix Analysis

SNYK-CODE | CWE-916 | InsecureHash/test

The MD5 hash (used in `java.security.MessageDigest.getInstance`) is insecure. Consider changing it to a secure hash algorithm

Found in: **SecurityTest.java** (line : 38)



Data Flow

38:54

```
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5"); // weak hash
```

SOURCE 0



38:28

```
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5"); // weak hash
```

SINK 1

