1. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, department number, and department name for each employee.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first_name last_name department_id department_name Steven King 90 Executive Neena Kochhar 90 Executive Lex De Haan 90 Executive Alexander Hunold 60 IT

select

e.first_name,e.last_name,d.department_id,d.department_nam e from departments as d inner join employees as e on e.department_id=d.department_id order by department_id,first_name;

2. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, department, city, and state province for each employee.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample table: locations

Sample Output:

first_name last_name department_name city state_province Steven King Executive Seattle Washington Neena Kochhar Executive Seattle Washington Lex De Haan Executive Seattle Washington Alexander Hunold IT Southlake Texas

3. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, salary, and job grade for all employees.

Sample table: employees

Sample table: job grades

Sample Output:

first_name last_name salary grade_level Shelli Baida 2900.00 A

Sigal Tobias 2800.00 A Guy Himuro 2600.00 A Karen Colmenares 2500.00 A

4. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find all those employees who work in department ID 80 or 40. Return first name, last name, department number and department name.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first_name last_name department_id department_name Ellen Abel 80 Sales Sundar Ande 80 Sales Amit Banda 80 Sales Elizabeth Bates 80 Sales

5. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find those employees whose first name contains a letter 'z'. Return first name, last name, department, city, and state province.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample table: locations

Sample Output:

first_name last_name department_name city state_province Mozhe Atkinson Shipping South San Francisco California Hazel Philtanker Shipping South San Francisco California Elizabeth Bates Sales OX9 9ZB Oxford

6. From the following table, write a SQL query to find all departments including those without any employee. Return first name, last name, department ID, department name.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first_name | last_name | department_id | department_name
----Steven | King | 90 | Executive
Neena | Kochhar | 90 | Executive

```
Lex | De Haan | 90 | Executive
Alexander | Hunold |
                       60 | IT
Bruce | Ernst |
.....
```

select

e.first_name,e.last_name,d.department_id,d.department_nam e from departments as d left join employees as e on d.d epartment id=e.department id;

7. From the following table, write a SQL query to find those employees who earn less than the employee of ID 182. Return first name, last name and salary.

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first name last name salary James Landry 2400.00 Steven Markle 2200.00 TJ Olson 2100.00 Ki Gee 2400.00 Hazel Philtanker 2200.00

```
Assignment2=# select first name,last name,salary from
employees where salary<(select salary from employees where
employee id=182);
first name | last name | salary
James
          l Landrv
Steven
         1 Markle
        Olson
Ki
                 1 2400.00
       l Gee
Hazel
        | Philtanker | 2200.00
5 rows
```

8. From the following table, write a SQL guery to find the employees and their managers. Return the first name of the employee and manager.

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

Employee Name Manager

Neena Steven Lex Steven Alexander Lex Bruce Alexander David Alexander

select e.first_name as employee_name,m.first_name as manager_name from employees e join employees m on e. manager_id=m. employee_id;

9. From the following tables, write a SQL query to display the department name, city, and state province for each department.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: locations

Sample Output:

department_name city state_province Administration Seattle Washington Marketing Toronto Ontario Purchasing Seattle Washington Human Resources London

.

select d.department_name,l.city,l.state_province from departments as d join locations as I on d.location id=l.location id;

10. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find those employees who have or not any department. Return first name, last name, department ID, department name.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first_name last_name department_id department_name Steven King 90 Executive Neena Kochhar 90 Executive Lex De Haan 90 Executive Alexander Hunold 60 IT

.

select

e.first name,e.last name,d.department id,d.department nam

e from employees e left join departments d on e.department id=d.department id;

11. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the employees and their managers. These managers do not work under any manager. Return the first name of the employee and manager.

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

Employee Name Manager Steven Neena Steven Lex Steven Alexander Lex **Bruce Alexander**

select e.first name as employee name, m.first name as manager name from employees e left join employees m on e.emplovee id=m.manager id;

12. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find those employees who work in a department where the employee of last name 'Taylor' works. Return first name, last name and department ID.

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

first name last name department id Matthew Weiss 50 Adam Fripp 50 Payam Kaufling 50 Shanta Vollman 50

13. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find those employees who joined between 1st January 1993 and 31 August 1997. Return job title, department name, employee name, and joining date of the job.

Sample table: job history

Sample table: employees

Sample table: jobs

Sample table: departments

Sample Output:

job_title department_name employee_name start_date
Administration Assistant Executive Jennifer Whalen 1995-09-17

14. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the difference between maximum salary of the job and salary of the employees. Return job title, employee name, and salary difference.

Sample table: employees

Sample table: jobs

Sample Output:

job_title employee_name salary_difference
President Steven King 16000.00
Administration Vice President Neena Kochhar 13000.00
Administration Vice President Lex De Haan 13000.00
Programmer Alexander Hunold 1000.00

15. From the following table, write a SQL query to compute the average salary, number of employees received commission in that department. Return department name, average salary and number of employees.

Sample table: employees

Sample table : departments

Sample Output:

.....

16. From the following tables, write a SQL query to compute the difference between maximum salary and salary of all the employees who works the department of ID 80. Return job title, employee name and salary difference.

Sample table: employees

Sample table: jobs

Sample Output:

job_title employee_name salary_difference Sales Manager John Russell 6000.00 Sales Manager Karen Partners 6500.00 Sales Manager Alberto Errazuriz 8000.00 Sales Manager Gerald Cambrault 9000.00

17. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the name of the country, city, and departments, which are running there.

Sample table: countries

Sample table: locations

Sample table: departments

Sample Output:

country_name city department_name
Canada Toronto Marketing
Germany Munich Public Relations
United Kingdom London Human Resources
United States of America Seattle Payroll
.....

18. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the department name and the full name (first and last name) of the manager.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

department_name name_of_manager Executive Steven King IT Alexander Hunold Finance Nancy Greenberg Purchasing Den Raphaely

.....

19. From the following table, write a SQL query to compute the average salary of employees for each job title.

Sample table: employees

Sample table: jobs

Sample Output:

job_title avg

....

20. From the following table, write a SQL query to find those employees who earn \$12000 and above. Return employee ID, starting date, end date, job ID and department ID.

Sample table: employees Sample table: job_history

Sample Output:

employee_id start_date end_date job_id department_id 101 1997-09-21 2001-10-27 AC_ACCOUNT 110 101 2001-10-28 2005-03-15 AC_MGR 110 102 2001-01-13 2006-07-24 IT_PROG 60 201 2004-02-17 2007-12-19 MK_REP 20

21. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find those departments where at least 2 employees work. Group the result set on country name and city. Return country name, city, and number of departments.

Sample table: countries

Sample table: locations

Sample table: employees

Sample table: departments

Sample Output:

country_name city count
United States of America South San Francisco 1
Canada Toronto 1
United States of America Seattle 4
United States of America Southlake 1

22. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the department name, full name (first and last name) of the manager and their city.

Sample table: employees

Sample table: departments

Sample table: locations

Sample Output:

department_name name_of_manager city Executive Steven King Seattle IT Alexander Hunold Southlake

Finance Nancy Greenberg Seattle Purchasing Den Raphaely Seattle

23. From the following tables, write a SQL query to compute the number of days worked by employees in a department of ID 80. Return employee ID, job title, number of days worked.

Sample table: jobs

Sample table: job_history

Sample Output:

employee_id job_title days 176 Sales Manager 364 176 Sales Representative 282

24. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find full name (first and last name), and salary of those employees who work in any department located in 'London' city.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: locations

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

employee_name salary Susan Mavris 6500.00

25. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find full name (first and last name), job title, starting and ending date of last jobs of employees who worked without a commission percentage.

Sample table: jobs

Sample table: job history

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

employee_name job_title starting_date ending_date employee_id
Neena Kochhar Administration Vice President 2001-10-28 2005-03-15 101
Lex De Haan Administration Vice President 2001-01-13 2006-07-24 102
Den Raphaely Purchasing Manager 2006-03-24 2007-12-31 114
Payam Kaufling Stock Manager 2007-01-01 2007-12-31 122
Jennifer Whalen Administration Assistant 2002-07-01 2006-12-31 200
Michael Hartstein Marketing Manager 2004-02-17 2007-12-19 201

26. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the department name, department ID, and number of employees in each department.

Sample table: departments

Sample table: employees

Sample Output:

department_name no_of_employees department_id Administration 1 10 Marketing 2 20 Purchasing 6 30 Human Resources 1 40

.

27. From the following tables, write a SQL query to find the full name (first and last name) of the employee with ID and name of the country presently where he/she is working.

Sample table: countries

Sample table: locations

Sample table: employees

Sample table: departments

Sample Output: