

# Cars.com (part 1)

*XX ADD NAMES HERE*

Here is sample code that reads in your data, displays some summary statistics and creates some multivariate graphics. You will be editing this file to tell an interesting story with your data (then publish the results to Rpubs).

## PART 1: A SUMMARY OF WHAT WE FOUND:

SOLUTION:

```
# be sure to upload cars.csv to RStudio in the same folder as this file
ds <- read.csv("cars-example.csv")
ds <- ds %>%
  mutate(price = readr::parse_number(price))
names(ds)
```

```
## [1] "car"      "model"    "price"    "year"     "mileage"  "location"
```

```
glimpse(ds)
```

```
## Observations: 40
## Variables: 6
## $ car      <fctr> Toyota Prius, Toyota Prius, Toyota Prius, Toyota Pri...
## $ model    <fctr> Two, Two, Four, Four, Five, Two, Two, Five, Two, Two...
## $ price    <dbl> 21950, 20887, 19998, 18800, 18499, 17999, 17979, 1699...
## $ year     <int> 2016, 2016, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2016, 2013, 2015,...
## $ mileage  <int> 6255, 9997, 30322, 46219, 31579, 21740, 18295, 38045,...
## $ location <fctr> Atlanta, Atlanta, Atlanta, Atlanta, Atlanta, Atlanta...
```

```
# summary statistics (please delete or comment out lines that you are not using)
tally(~ car, data=ds)
```

```
## car
## Toyota Prius
##      40
```

```
tally(~ model, data=ds)
```

```
## model
##           Five      Four   Three Three SE      Two
##           3         6       5      10      1      15
```

```
tally(~ year, data=ds)
```

```
## year
## 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016
##    1    4   14    8    9    4
```

```
tally(~ location, data=ds)
```

```
## location  
## Atlanta  
##      40
```

```
favstats(~ price, data=ds)
```

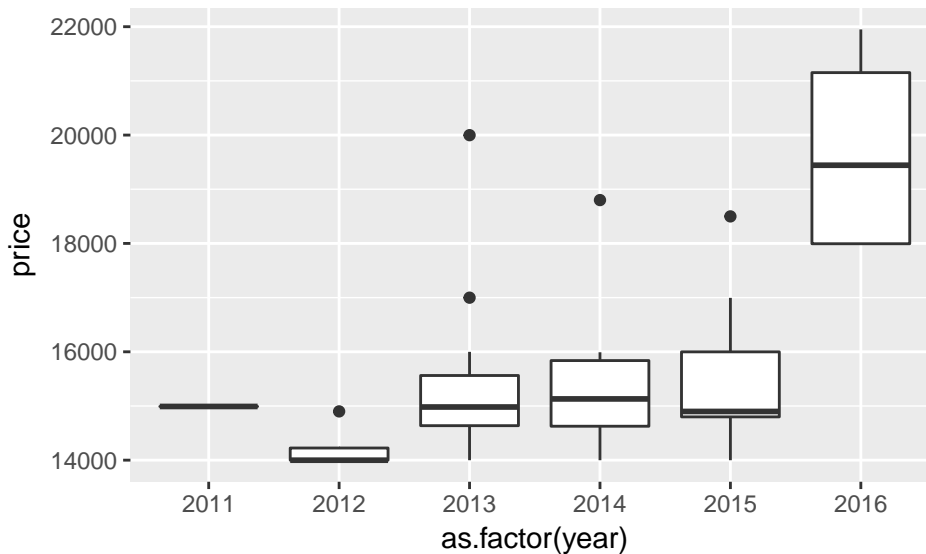
```
##   min    Q1 median    Q3   max    mean      sd  n missing  
## 13999 14596 14981 15999 21950 15743.92 1965.711 40      0
```

```
favstats(~ mileage, data=ds)
```

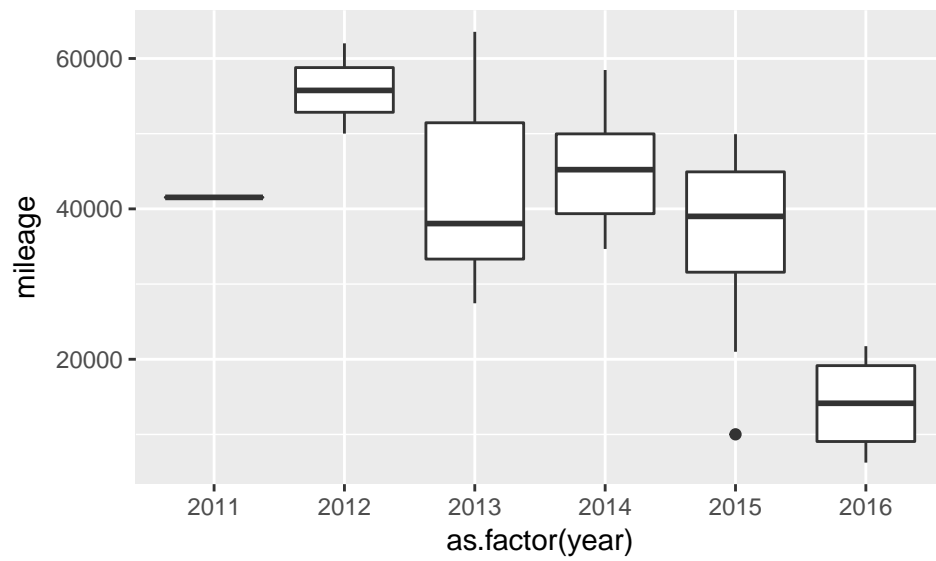
```
##   min      Q1 median    Q3   max    mean      sd  n missing  
##  6255 32688.25 40002 49950 63546 40057.38 14701.67 40      0
```

## PART 2: AN INTERESTING PLOT (WITH INTERPRETATION)

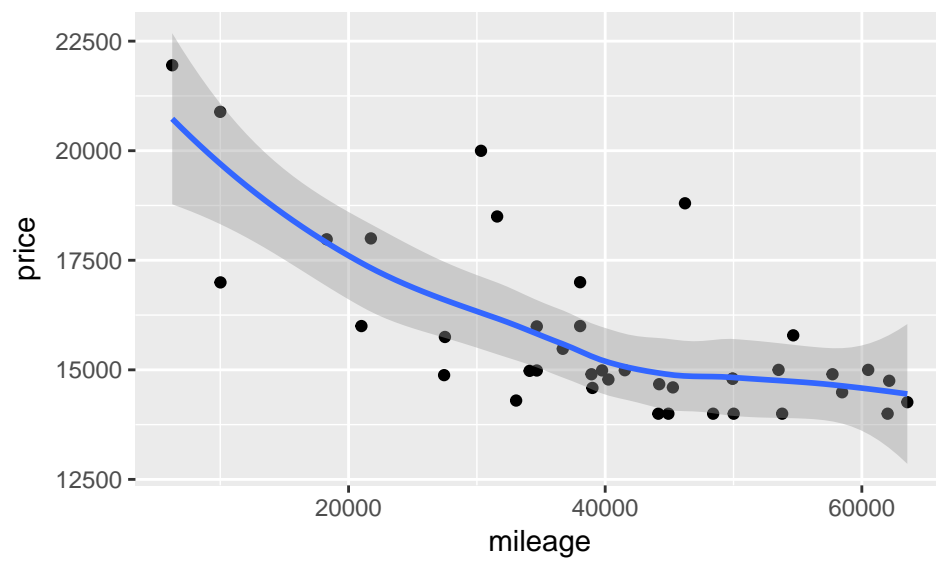
```
# here are some of my ideas: please explore and elaborate using some different plots  
# please delete or comment out lines that you are not using  
# hint: use the | or group= operator  
gf_boxplot(price ~ as.factor(year), data=ds)
```



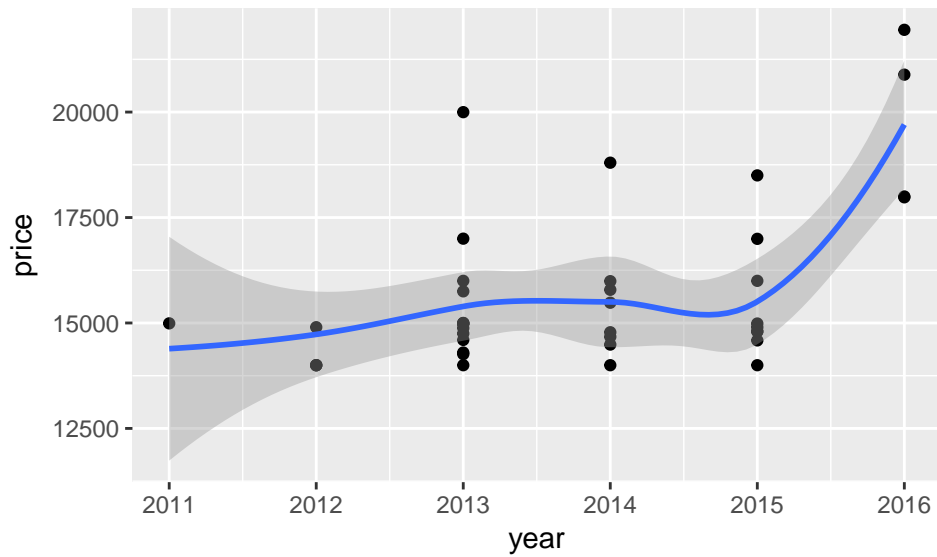
```
gf_boxplot(mileage ~ as.factor(year), data=ds)
```



```
gf_point(price ~ mileage, data=ds) %>%
  gf_smooth()
```



```
gf_point(price ~ year, data=ds) %>%
  gf_smooth()
```



SOLUTION:

```
# your new plot goes here
```

### PART 3: RESULTS FROM YOUR MULTIPLE REGRESSION MODEL

along with interpretation of the coefficients

```
# here's my example (with just one predictor)
lm1 <- lm(price ~ year, data=ds)
coef(lm1)
```

```
##      (Intercept)          year
## -1561842.4679      783.3878
```

```
# your model should have at least two predictors
```

SOLUTION: