



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

DEPARTMENT OF IT

DATABASE SYSTEMS -COURSE PROJECT:

CLINICAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

SUBMITTED TO:

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QUESTION#01:

Introduction to the working of the system

The Clinical Management System is a comprehensive solution designed to streamline and optimize various aspects of a clinical facility's operations. This system encompasses a relational database structure that efficiently manages data related to clinical staff, sanitation teams, security personnel, doctors, patients, appointments, treatments, pharmaceuticals, and billing.

Key Components:

1. Clinical Staff Management:

- The system maintains crucial information about clinical staff, including their identification details, contact information, designation, and address.
- Staff members are uniquely identified by their StaffID, which serves as the primary key in the Clinical Staff table.

2. Sanitation Team and Security Personnel:

- Sanitation teams and security personnel are organized in separate tables, each linked to the Clinical_Staff table through foreign key relationships.
- The Sanitation_Team table contains information about Care Certificate numbers, access levels, and salaries.
- The Security_Personnel table includes details such as security license numbers, first aid and CPR certification, and salaries.

3. Doctor Information:

- Doctors are managed in the Doctors table, linked to Clinical_Staff through foreign key relationships.
- Information includes medical license numbers, years of experience, and availability hours.

4. Patient Records:

- Patient data is stored in the Patient table, containing essential information like patient ID, name, date of birth, height, weight, and blood pressure.
- PatientID serves as the primary key in the Patient table.

5. Appointment Scheduling:

- Appointments between patients and doctors are facilitated through the Appointments table.
- Each appointment has a unique AppointmentID, capturing details such as patient ID, staff ID (doctor), appointment date, time, and status.

6. Treatment and Medication Management:

- The system manages treatments in the Treatment table, detailing treatment names, durations, and a unique TreatmentID.
- Inventory_Item and Pharmacy tables store information about pharmaceutical items, including item names, purchase dates, expiry dates, and quantities.

7. Billing and Payments:

• Billing information is stored in the Billing table, connecting patients, appointments, billing methods, payable amounts, and billing dates.

Objective: The primary objective of the Healthcare Management System is to enhance the efficiency of healthcare facility operations by providing a centralized platform for managing staff, appointments, patient records, treatments, medications, and billing. The system aims to streamline workflows, improve data accuracy, and ensure seamless communication between different components, ultimately contributing to the overall quality of patient care.

QUESTION#04:

Construction of the Relational Schema by using both bottom-up approach and top-down approach.

Bottom-UP Approach:

R1(<u>PatientID</u>,PName,DOB,Height,Weight,BP,StaffID,Name,Designation,ContactIn fo,Address,SPStaffID,CareCertificateNumber,AccessLevel,Salary,STStaffID,Securi tyLicenseNumber,FirstAidAndCPRCertification,SPSalary,DStaffID,MedicalLicenseN umber,YearsOfExperience,AvailabilityStartHour,AvailabilityEndHour,**IssueID**, **Current_Issue**,BillingID,BillingMethod,PayableAmount,BDate,AppointmentID,Ap pointmentDate, AppointmentTime,Status, TreatmentID, TName,Duration,Notes,Dosage,UsageNote, ItemID, ItemName, PurchasedDate, ExpiryDate, StorageLocation, Quantity)

1NF: No Multivalue

R1(<u>PatientID</u>, **IssueID**, **Current_Issue**)

R2(<u>PatientID</u>,PName,DOB,Height,Weight,BP,StaffID,Name,Designation,ContactIn fo,Address,SPStaffID,CareCertificateNumber,AccessLevel,Salary,STStaffID,Securi tyLicenseNumber,FirstAidAndCPRCertification,SPSalary,DStaffID,MedicalLicenseN umber,YearsOfExperience,AvailabilityStartHour,AvailabilityEndHour,BillingID,BillingMethod,PayableAmount,BDate,AppointmentID,AppointmentDate,AppointmentTime,Status,TreatmentID,TName,Duration,Notes,Dosage,UsageNote, ItemID, ItemName, PurchasedDate, ExpiryDate,StorageLocation, Quantity)

2NF: No PFD

R1(<u>PatientID</u>, **IssueID**, **Current_Issue**)

R2(<u>PatientID</u>,PName,DOB,Height,Weight,BP,StaffID,Name,Designation,ContactIn fo,Address,STStaffID,CareCertificateNumber,AccessLevel,Salary,SPStaffID,Securi tyLicenseNumber,FirstAidAndCPRCertification,SPSalary,DStaffID,MedicalLicenseN umber,YearsOfExperience,AvailabilityStartHour,AvailabilityEndHour,BillingID,BillingMethod,PayableAmount,BDate,AppointmentID,AppointmentDate,AppointmentTime,Status,TreatmentID,TName,Duration,Notes,Dosage,UsageNote, ItemID, ItemName, PurchasedDate, ExpiryDate,StorageLocation, Quantity)

3NF: No NK->NK

R1(PatientID, IssueID, Current_Issue)

R2(<u>PatientID</u>,PName,DOB,Height,Weight,BP)

R3(<u>StaffID</u>,Name,Designation,ContactInfo,Address)

R4(STStaffID, CareCertificateNumber, AccessLevel, Salary)

R5(<u>SPStaffID</u>,SecurityLicenseNumber,FirstAidAndCPRCertification,SPSalary)

R6(<u>DStaffID</u>,MedicalLicenseNumber,YearsOfExperience,AvailabilityStartHour,AvailabilityEndHour)

R7(PatientID, AppointmentID, BillingID, BillingMethod, Payable Amount, BDate)

 $R8 (\underline{AppointmentID}, \underline{DStaffID}, \underline{PatientID}, \underline{AppointmentDate}, \underline{AppointmentTime}, \underline{AppointmentTime}, \underline{AppointmentDate}, \underline{AppointmentDa$

Status)

R9(<u>TreatmentID</u>, TName, Duration)

 $R10(\underline{ItemID}, ItemName, PurchasedDate, ExpiryDate, StorageLocation, Quantity)$

R11(<u>TreatmentID</u>, <u>ItemID</u>, UsageNote)

R12(<u>AppointmentID</u>, <u>TreatmentID</u>, Notes, Dosage)

Top-Down Approach:

These relationship are already in 1NF, 2NF and 3Nf.

R1(PatientID, IssueID, Current_Issue)

R2(PatientID, PName, DOB, Height, Weight, BP)

R3(StaffID, Name, Designation, ContactInfo, Address)

R4(STStaffID, CareCertificateNumber, AccessLevel, Salary)

R5(<u>SPStaffID</u>,SecurityLicenseNumber,FirstAidAndCPRCertification,SPSalary)

 $R6 (\underline{DStaffID}, Medical License Number, Years Of Experience, Availability Start Hour, Availability End Hour)\\$

R7(<u>PatientID</u>, <u>AppointmentID</u>, <u>BillingID</u>, <u>BillingMethod</u>, <u>PayableAmount</u>, <u>BDate</u>)

 $R8 (\underline{AppointmentID}, \underline{DStaffID}, \underline{PatientID}, \underline{AppointmentDate}, \underline{AppointmentTime}, \underline{AppointmentTime}, \underline{AppointmentDate}, \underline{AppointmentDa$

Status)

R9(<u>TreatmentID</u>, TName,Duration)

R10(<u>ItemID</u>, ItemName, PurchasedDate, ExpiryDate, StorageLocation, Quantity)

R11(<u>TreatmentID</u>, <u>ItemID</u>, UsageNote)

R12(<u>AppointmentID</u>, TreatmentID, Notes, Dosage)

QUESTION#05:

Description of the relations.

Table Name: Clinical_Staff

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
StaffID	NUMBER	4	PRIMARY KEY
Name	VARCHAR2	15	NOT NULL
Designation	VARCHAR2	25	NOT NULL
ContactInfo	NUMBER	15	NOT NULL
Address	VARCHAR2	35	NOT NULL

Table Name: Sanitation_Team

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
StaffID	NUMBER	4	PRIMARY KEY FOREIGN KEY references to Clinical_Staff
	VARCHAR2	7	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
CareCertificateNumber			
AccessLevel	VARCHAR2	25	
Salary	NUMBER	(8,2)	NOT NULL

Table Name: **Security_Personnel**

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints	

StaffID	NUMBER	4	PRIMARY KEY
			FOREIGN KEY
			references to
			Clinical_Staff
SecurityLicenseNumber	VARCHAR2	15	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
FirstAidAndCPRCertification	VARCHAR2	5	
Salary	NUMBER	(8,2)	NOT NULL

Table Name: **Doctors**

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
StaffID	NUMBER	4	PRIMARY KEY
			FOREIGN KEY references to Clinical_Staff
MedicalLicenseNumber			
	VARCHAR2	15	NOT NULL, UNIQUE
YearsOfExperience	NUMBER		DEFAULT 0, NOT NULL
AvailabilityStartHour	VARCHAR2	5	
AvailabilityEndHour	VARCHAR2	5	

Table Name: Patient

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
PatientID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY
Name	VARCHAR2	25	NOT NULL
DOB	DATE		DEFAULT SYSDATE , NOT NULL
Height	NUMBER		
Weight	NUMBER		
ВР	VARCHAR2	7	

Table Name: Patient_Issue

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
PatientID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY references to Patient

IssueID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY
Current_Issue	VARCHAR2	255	NOT NULL

Table Name: Appointments

Table Hamel / tppomente			
Attach a	Data Tura	G:	Constants
Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
AppointmentID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY
PatientID	NUMBER		FOREIGN KEY references to Patient
StaffID	NUMBER		UNIQUE, FOREIGN KEY references to Doctors
AppointmentDate	DATE		DEFAULT SYSDATE, NOT NULL, UNIQUE
AppointmentTime	VARCHAR2	8	NOT NULL, CHECK (AppointmentTime BETWEEN '00.00.00' AND '23.59.59'), UNIQUE
Status	VARCHAR2	10	DEFAULT 'PENDING', NOT NULL
			NOT NOLL

Table Name: Treatment

Attributes	Data Type	Size	Constraints
TreatmentID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY

Name	VARCHAR2	25	UNIQUE, NOT NULL
Duration	VARCHAR2	15	DEFAULT NULL

Table Name: Appointment_Treatment

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
TreatmentID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY references to Treatment
AppointmentID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY references to Appointments
Notes	VARCHAR2	255	DEFAULT 'NOT WORKING', NOT NULL
Dosage	VARCHAR2	25	NOT NULL

Table Name: Pharmacy

		۵.	
Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
ItemID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, NOT NULL
T. N.	\	25	
ItemName	VARCHAR2	25	
	.		
PurchasedDate	Date		DEFAULT SYSDATE,
			NOT NULL
ExpiryDate	DATE		DEFAULT SYSDATE + 7 months
StorageLocation	VARCHAR2	25	NOT NULL

Quantity	NUMBER	DEFAULT '0'
		NOT NULL
		CHECK (Quantity >= 0)

Table Name: Inventory_Item

Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
TreatmentID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY references to Treatment
ItemID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY, FOREIGN KEY references to Pharmacy
UsageNotes	VARCHAR2	255	DEFAULT 'used only after consulting with your healthcare provide' NOT NULL

Table Name: Billing

		ı	
Attribute	Data Type	Size	Constraints
BillingID	NUMBER		PRIMARY KEY
AppointmnetID	NUMBER		FOREIGN KEY references to Appointments
PatientID	NUMBER		FOREIGN KEY references to Patient, NOT
			NULL

BillingMethod	VARCHAR2	255	CHECK ('cash', 'debitcard', 'MobilePayment') , NOT NULL
PayableAmount	Decimal	10,2	CHECK greater than 0, NOT NULL
BDate	DATE		DEFAULT SYSDAYE, NOT NULL

QUESTION#06:

CREATE TABLE statements for all the relations of your system.

Clinical Staff:

CREATE TABLE Clinical_Staff (

StaffID NUMBER(4),

Name VARCHAR2(15) NOT NULL,

Designation VARCHAR2(25) NOT NULL,

ContactInfo NUMBER(15) NOT NULL,

Address VARCHAR2(35) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT ClinicalStaff_PK PRIMARY KEY (StaffID)

);

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
	STAFFID	NUMBER	-	4	0	1	14	-	
	NAME	VARCHAR2	15	12	2	12	12	200	12
	DESIGNATION	VARCHAR2	25	:-:	-		: *:	-	:æ:
CONT	CONTACTINFO	NUMBER	-	15	0	(#)		-	-
	ADDRESS	VARCHAR2	35	2	-		12	20	12
								1	- 5

Sanitation Team:

CREATE TABLE Sanitation_Team (

StaffID NUMBER(4),

CareCertificateNumber VARCHAR2(7) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

AccessLevel VARCHAR2(25),

Salary NUMBER(5,2) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT SanitationTeam PK PRIMARY KEY (StaffID),

CONSTRAINT SanitationTeam_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (StaffID) REFERENCES Clinical_Staff(StaffID)

);

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision		Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
SANITATION_TEAM	STAFFID	NUMBER	-	4	0	1	-	-	
	CARECERTIFICATENUMBER	VARCHAR2	7	-	2	-	92	148	-
	ACCESSLEVEL	VARCHAR2	25	-	-		/	-	-
	SALARY	NUMBER		8	2	-	-	(5)	-
								1	- 4

Security Personnel:

CREATE TABLE Security_Personnel (

StaffID NUMBER(4),

SecurityLicenseNumber VARCHAR2(15) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

FirstAidAndCPRCertification VARCHAR2(5) Default 'No',

Salary NUMBER(5,2) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT SecurityPersonnel_PK PRIMARY KEY (StaffID),

CONSTRAINT SecurityPersonnel_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (StaffID) REFERENCES Clinical_Staff(StaffID)

);

		Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
ECURITY_PERSONNEL	STAFFID	NUMBER	12:	4	0	1	2	-	12
	SECURITYLICENSENUMBER	VARCHAR2	15	1,51	-	=	5	17.	1,53
	FIRSTAIDANDCPRCERTIFICATION	VARCHAR2	5	T.S.	-	-	/	'No'	12
	SALARY	NUMBER	.+:	8	2	#	-	-	

Doctors:

CREATE TABLE Doctors (

StaffID NUMBER(4),

MedicalLicenseNumber VARCHAR2(15) UNIQUE NOT NULL,

YearsOfExperience NUMBER DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,

AvailabilityStartHour VARCHAR2(5), -- Format: HH:MM

AvailabilityEndHour VARCHAR2(5), -- Format: HH:MM

CONSTRAINT Doctors_PK PRIMARY KEY (StaffID),

CONSTRAINT Doctors_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (StaffID) REFERENCES Clinical_Staff(StaffID)

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision		Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
DOCTORS	STAFFID	NUMBER	7/27	4	0	1	27	2	12
	MEDICALLICENSENUMBER	VARCHAR2	15	158	-	\$1	7.1	-	158
	YEARSOFEXPERIENCE	NUMBER	22	-	-	-	-	0	-
	AVAILABILITYSTARTHOUR	VARCHAR2	5	-	-	7.	/	-	-
	AVAILABILITYENDHOUR	VARCHAR2	5	.		5	/	-	.
								1	- 5

Patient:

CREATE TABLE Patient (

PatientID NUMBER NOT NULL,

Name VARCHAR2(25) NOT NULL,

DOB DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL,

Height NUMBER,

WEIGHT NUMBER,

BP VARCHAR2(7),

CONSTRAINT Patient_PK PRIMARY KEY (PatientID)

);

II (DEE Object								
Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Commen
PATIENTID	NUMBER	22	a.	.70	1		ē	(7)
NAME	VARCHAR2	25	-	-	i -	-	÷.	=
<u>DOB</u>	DATE	7	2	121	벌	5	SYSDATE	(2)
HEIGHT	NUMBER	22	÷	-	i -	/	÷.	-
WEIGHT	NUMBER	22	₩.		-	~	+	160
BP	VARCHAR2	7	.a	-	ā	/	-	.70
							1	- 6
	PATIENTID NAME DOB HEIGHT WEIGHT	PATIENTID NUMBER NAME VARCHAR2 DOB DATE HEIGHT NUMBER WEIGHT NUMBER	ColumnData TypeLengthPATIENTIDNUMBER22NAMEVARCHAR225DOBDATE7HEIGHTNUMBER22WEIGHTNUMBER22	Column Data Type Length Precision PATIENTID NUMBER 22 - NAME VARCHAR2 25 - DOB DATE 7 - HEIGHT NUMBER 22 - WEIGHT NUMBER 22 -	Column Data Type Length Precision Scale PATIENTID NUMBER 22 - - NAME VARCHAR2 25 - - DOB DATE 7 - - HEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - WEIGHT NUMBER 22 - -	Column Data Type Length Precision Scale Primary Key PATIENTID NUMBER 22 - - 1 NAME VARCHAR2 25 - - - DOB DATE 7 - - - HEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - - WEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - -	Column Data Type Length Precision Scale Primary Key Nullable PATIENTID NUMBER 22 - - 1 - NAME VARCHAR2 25 - - - - DOB DATE 7 - - - - HEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - - - WEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - - -	Column Data Type Length Precision Scale Primary Key Nullable Default PATIENTID NUMBER 22 - - 1 - - NAME VARCHAR2 25 - - - - - - DOB DATE 7 - - - - SYSDATE HEIGHT NUMBER 22 - - - ✓ - BP VARCHAR2 7 - - - ✓ -

Patient Issue:

CREATE TABLE Patient_Issue (

PatientID NUMBER,

IssueID NUMBER,

Current_Issue VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT PK_Patient_Issue PRIMARY KEY (PatientID, IssueID),

CONSTRAINT FK_Patient_Issue_Patient FOREIGN KEY (PatientID) REFERENCES Patient(PatientID)

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision		Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PATIENT_ISSUE	PATIENTID	NUMBER	22	-	-	1	-	8	-
	ISSUEID	NUMBER	22	-	1.4	2	-	-	-
	CURRENT_ISSUE	VARCHAR2	255	2	-1	2	£	2	9
								1	- 3

Appointments:

CREATE TABLE Appointments (

AppointmentID NUMBER,

PatientID NUMBER NOT NULL,

StaffID NUMBER NOT NULL,

AppointmentDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL,

AppointmentTime VARCHAR2(8) NOT NULL, -- Assuming format 'HH:MI:SS'

Status VARCHAR2(10) DEFAULT 'Pending' NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT Appointments_PK PRIMARY KEY (AppointmentID),

CONSTRAINT Appointments_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (PatientID) REFERENCES Patient(PatientID),

CONSTRAINT Appointments_FK2 FOREIGN KEY (StaffID) REFERENCES Doctors(StaffID),

CONSTRAINT Appt_Time_Check CHECK (AppointmentTime BETWEEN '00:00:00' AND '23:59:59'),

CONSTRAINT Appt_DateTime_StaffID_UQ UNIQUE (AppointmentDate, AppointmentTime, StaffID)

);

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
PPOINTMENTS	APPOINTMENTID	NUMBER	22	2	4.0	1	- 2	2	4
	PATIENTID	NUMBER	22	5	:*:	-			**
	STAFFID	NUMBER	22	-	14.1	-		4	-
	APPOINTMENTDATE	DATE	7	-	-	=	2	SYSDATE	-
	APPOINTMENTTIME	VARCHAR2	8		-	-		5	-
	STATUS	VARCHAR2	10	-			+	'Pending'	+
								1	- 6

Treatment:

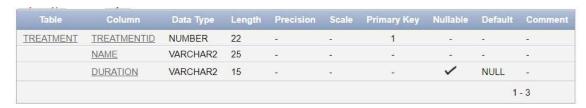
```
CREATE TABLE Treatment (
```

TreatmentID NUMBER,

Name VARCHAR2(25) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

Duration VARCHAR2(15) DEFAULT NULL, --3 DAYS OR 2 MONTHS

CONSTRAINT PK_Treatment PRIMARY KEY(TreatmentID)



<u>Appointment_Treatment:</u>

CREATE TABLE Appointment_Treatment (

TreatmentID NUMBER,

AppointmentID NUMBER,

Notes VARCHAR2(255) DEFAULT 'WORKING' NOT NULL,

Dosage VARCHAR2(25) NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT Appointment_Treatment_PK PRIMARY KEY (AppointmentID,TreatmentID),

CONSTRAINT Appointment_Treatment_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (AppointmentID) REFERENCES Appointments(AppointmentID),

CONSTRAINT Appointment_Treatment_FK2 FOREIGN KEY (TreatmentID) REFERENCES Treatment(TreatmentID)

);

Table		Data Type	Length	Precision		Primary Key	Nullable	Default	
APPOINTMENT_TREATMENT	TREATMENTID	NUMBER	22	177	-	2	-	-	-
	APPOINTMENTID	NUMBER	22	-	112	1		.4	2
	NOTES	VARCHAR2	255	(3)	X.5.1	-	(2)	'WORKING'	5
	DOSAGE	VARCHAR2	25	-	-	-	100	-	
								1	- 4

Pharmacy:

```
CREATE TABLE Pharmacy (

ItemID NUMBER NOT NULL,

ItemName VARCHAR2(25),

PurchasedDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL,

ExpiryDate DATE DEFAULT ADD_MONTHS(SYSDATE, 7),

StorageLocation VARCHAR2(25) NOT NULL,

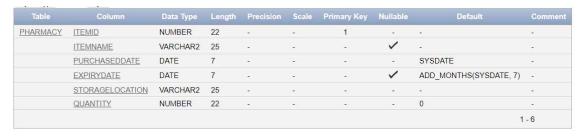
Quantity NUMBER DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT PK_Pharmacy PRIMARY KEY (ItemID),

-- Check constraint to ensure Quantity is either 0 or greater than 0

CONSTRAINT Quantity_Check CHECK (Quantity >= 0)

);
```



Inventory Item:

CREATE TABLE Inventory_Item (

TreatmentID NUMBER,

ItemID NUMBER,

UsageNotes VARCHAR2(255) DEFAULT 'Used only after consulting with your healthcare provide' NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT Inventory_Item_PK PRIMARY KEY (ItemID ,TreatmentID),

CONSTRAINT Inventory_Item_FK1 FOREIGN KEY (ItemID) REFERENCES Pharmacy(ItemID), CONSTRAINT Inventory_Item_FK2 FOREIGN KEY (TreatmentID) REFERENCES Treatment(TreatmentID)

);

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
INVENTORY_ITEM	TREATMENTID	NUMBER	22	-	-	2	-	=	-
	ITEMID	NUMBER	22	-	-	1	14	120	
	USAGENOTES	VARCHAR2	255	3. 5 5	5	1.17	1.7	'Used only after consulting with your healthcare provide'	
								1	- 3

Billing:

CREATE TABLE Billing (

BillingID NUMBER,

AppointmentID NUMBER,

PatientID NUMBER NOT NULL,

BillingMethod VARCHAR2(255) CHECK (BillingMethod IN ('cash', 'debitcard', 'MobilePayment')) NOT NULL,

PayableAmount DECIMAL(10,2) DEFAULT 0 CHECK (PayableAmount >= 0) NOT NULL,

BDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE NOT NULL,

CONSTRAINT Billing_PK PRIMARY KEY (BillingID),

CONSTRAINT Billing FK1 FOREIGN KEY (PatientID) REFERENCES Patient(PatientID),

CONSTRAINT Billing_FK2 FOREIGN KEY (AppointmentID) REFERENCES Appointments(AppointmentID)

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
BILLING	BILLINGID	NUMBER	22	£.	<u></u>	1	=	<u>-</u>	-
	<u>APPOINTMENTID</u>	NUMBER	22	-	-	* i	/	-	-
	PATIENTID	NUMBER	22	12	-	(4))	12	2	121
	BILLINGMETHOD	VARCHAR2	255	=		-	1.5	-	~
	<u>PAYABLEAMOUNT</u>	NUMBER	-	10	2	-	-	0	-
	BDATE	DATE	7	2	2	441	2	SYSDATE	2
								1	- 6

--I create this sequence just to make my insertion efficient and consistent CREATE

SEQUENCE SEQ_BillingID START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1;

QUESTION#07:

Desing of at least two VIEWS, that you feel are the most important.

Let's insert some data first:

Insertion Queries:

-- Insertion queries for Clinical_Staff

INSERT INTO Clinical_Staff VALUES (1, 'Dr. John Smith', 'Doctor', 1234567890, '123 Main St');

INSERT INTO Clinical_Staff VALUES (2, 'Dr. Sarah Elif', 'Doctor', 9876543210, '456 Oak St');

INSERT INTO Clinical_Staff VALUES (3, 'Mark Davis', 'Sanitation Staff', 5551112222, '789 Pine St');

INSERT INTO Clinical_Staff VALUES (4, 'Emily White', 'Sanitation Staff', 3334445555, '101 Maple St');

INSERT INTO Clinical_Staff VALUES (5, 'Jack Thompson', 'Security Guard', 7778889999, '202 Elm St');

-- Insertion queries for Security_Personnel

INSERT INTO Security_Personnel VALUES (5, 'SLN11111', 'Yes', 32000.00);

-- Insertion queries for Sanitation_Team

INSERT INTO Sanitation_Team VALUES (3, 'CC67890', 'Medium', 20000.00);

INSERT INTO Sanitation_Team VALUES (4, 'CC11111', 'Low', 18000.00);

-- Insertion queries for Doctors

```
INSERT INTO Doctors VALUES (1, 'MLN12345', 5, '08:00', '17:00');
INSERT INTO Doctors VALUES (2, 'MLN67890', 10, '09:00', '18:00');
-- Insertion gueries for Patient
INSERT INTO Patient VALUES (1, 'John Smith', TO_DATE('1990-05-15', 'YYYY-
MM-DD'), 170, 70, '120/80');
INSERT INTO Patient VALUES (2, 'Alice Johnson', TO DATE('1985-08-22', 'YYYY-
MM-DD'), 160, 55, '110/70');
-- Insertion gueries for Patient Issue
INSERT INTO Patient Issue VALUES (1, 1, 'Headache');
INSERT INTO Patient Issue VALUES (1, 2, 'Fever');
INSERT INTO Patient Issue VALUES (2, 3, 'Back Pain');
-- Insertion queries for Appointments
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES (1, 1, 1, SYSDATE, '09:00:00', 'Pending');
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES (2, 2, 2, SYSDATE, '10:30:00', 'Pending');
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES (3, 1, 1, SYSDATE, '12:00:00', 'Pending');
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES (4, 1, 2, SYSDATE, '11:00:00', 'Pending');
INSERT INTO Appointments VALUES (5, 1, 1, SYSDATE, '10:00:00', 'Pending');
-- Insertion gueries for Treatment
INSERT INTO Treatment VALUES (1, 'Pain Relief', '3 DAYS');
INSERT INTO Treatment VALUES (2, 'Physical Therapy', '2 MONTHS');
-- Insertion queries for Appointment_Treatment
INSERT INTO Appointment_Treatment VALUES (1, 1, 'Prescribed for headache',
'As needed'):
INSERT INTO Appointment_Treatment VALUES (2, 2, 'Physical therapy plan',
'Daily');
-- Insertion queries for Pharmacy
INSERT INTO Pharmacy VALUES (1, 'Painkiller', SYSDATE,
ADD MONTHS(SYSDATE, 12), 'Shelf A', 100);
INSERT INTO Pharmacy VALUES (2, 'Antibiotic', SYSDATE,
ADD_MONTHS(SYSDATE, 9), 'Shelf B', 50);
```

```
ADD_MONTHS(SYSDATE, 6), 'Shelf C', 75);
-- Insertion queries for Inventory_Item
INSERT INTO Inventory_Item VALUES (1, 1, 'Usage note for Painkiller');
INSERT INTO Inventory_Item VALUES (1, 2, 'Usage note for Antibiotic');
INSERT INTO Inventory_Item VALUES (2, 3, 'Usage note for Cough Syrup');
-- Insertion queries for Billing
As billing only possible if appointment status is clear let's update patient 1's
status
-- Update the status of Patient 1's appointment to 'Clear'
UPDATE Appointments
SET Status = 'Clear'
WHERE PatientID = 1;
INSERT INTO Billing VALUES (1, 1, 1, 'cash', 500.00, SYSDATE);
View-01:
CREATE VIEW PatientAppointments AS
SELECT
  A.AppointmentID,
  P.PatientID,
  P.Name AS PatientName,
  D.Name AS DoctorName,
  A.AppointmentDate,
  A.AppointmentTime,
  A.Status
FROM
  Appointments A
  JOIN Doctors D ON A.StaffID = D.StaffID
  JOIN Patient P ON A.PatientID = P.PatientID;
```

INSERT INTO Pharmacy VALUES (3, 'Cough Syrup', SYSDATE,

APPOINTMENTID	PATIENTID	PATIENTNAME	DOCTORNAME	APPOINTMENTDATE	APPOINTMENTTIME	STATUS
5	1	John Smith	Dr. John Smith	12/21/2023	10:00:00	Pending
3	1	John Smith	Dr. John Smith	12/17/2023	12:00:00	Pending
1	1	John Smith	Dr. John Smith	12/16/2023	09:00:00	Clear
2	2	Alice Johnson	Dr. Sarah Elif	12/16/2023	10:30:00	Clear
4	1	John Smith	Dr. Sarah Elif	12/17/2023	11:00:00	Pending

View-02:

CREATE VIEW BillingDetails AS

SELECT

B.BillingID,

P.Name AS PatientName,

B.BillingMethod,

B.PayableAmount,

B.BDate

FROM

Billing B

JOIN Patient P ON B.PatientID = P.PatientID;

РАПЕНТНАМЕ	BILLINGMETHOD	PAYABLEAMOUNT	BDATE
John Smith	cash	500	12/16/2023
Alice Johnson	cash	50	12/16/2023
	John Smith	John Smith cash	

QUESTION#09:

SELECT statement for at least five common reports to be generated by the system.

1. List of Patients and Their Appointments:

SELECT

P.PatientID,

P.Name AS PatientName,

A.AppointmentID,

A.AppointmentDate,

A.AppointmentTime,

A.Status

FROM

Patient P

JOIN

Appointments A ON P.PatientID = A.PatientID

Order By AppointmentID;

PATIENTID	PATIENTNAME	APPOINTMENTID	APPOINTMENTDATE	APPOINTMENTTIME	STATUS
1	John Smith	1	12/16/2023	09:00:00	Clear
2	Alice Johnson	2	12/16/2023	10:30:00	Clear
1	John Smith	3	12/17/2023	12:00:00	Pending
1	John Smith	4	12/17/2023	11:00:00	Pending
1	John Smith	5	12/21/2023	10:00:00	Pending

2. Count of Appointments by Doctor:

SELECT

CS.Name AS DoctorName,

COUNT(A.AppointmentID) AS AppointmentCount

FROM

Clinical_Staff CS

JOIN

Doctors D ON CS.StaffID = D.StaffID

JOIN

Appointments A ON D.StaffID = A.StaffID

GROUP BY

CS.Name;

DOCTORNAME	APPOINTMENTCOUNT
Dr. Sarah Elif	2
Dr. John Smith	3

3. List of Treatments and their Usage:

SELECT

T.Name AS TreatmentName,

IT.UsageNotes

FROM

Treatment T

JOIN

Inventory_Item IT ON T.TreatmentID = IT.TreatmentID;

TREATMENTNAME	USAGENOTES
Pain Relief	Usage note for Painkiller
Pain Relief	Usage note for Antibiotic
Physical Therapy	Usage note for Cough Syrup

4. Billing Information for a Patient:

SELECT

B.BillingID,

B.AppointmentID,

P.Name AS PatientName,

B.BillingMethod,

B.PayableAmount,

B.BDate

FROM

Billing B

JOIN

Patient P ON B.PatientID = P.PatientID;

BILLINGID	APPOINTMENTID	PATIENTNAME	BILLINGMETHOD	PAYABLEAMOUNT	BDATE
1	1	John Smith	cash	500	12/16/2023
2	2	Alice Johnson	cash	50	12/16/2023

2 rous returned in 0.02 accorde

5. Whole Staff Data:

SELECT

CS.Name AS StaffName,

CS.Address,

CS.ContactInfo,

S.StaffID,

S.SecurityLicenseNumber,

NULL AS CareCertificateNumber,

S.Salary,

NULL AS AccessLevel -- Placeholder for Security Personnel (No Access Level)

FROM

Clinical_Staff CS

JOIN

Security_Personnel S ON CS.StaffID = S.StaffID

UNION ALL

SELECT

CS.Name AS StaffName,

CS.Address,

CS.ContactInfo,

ST.StaffID,

NULL AS SecurityLicenseNumber,

CareCertificateNumber,

ST.Salary,

ST.AccessLevel

FROM

Clinical_Staff CS

JOIN

Sanitation_Team ST ON CS.StaffID = ST.StaffID;

STAFFNAME	ADDRESS	CONTACTINFO	STAFFID	SECURITYLICENSENUMBER	CARECERTIFICATENUMBER	SALARY	ACCESSLEVEL
Jack Thompson	202 Elm St	7778889999	5	SLN11111	12	32000	ě.
Mark Davis	789 Pine St	5551112222	3	ŝ	CC67890	20000	Medium
Emily White	101 Maple St	3334445555	4	=	CC11111	18000	Low

QUESTION#10:

Demonstration of at least two functions, two stored procedures, and two database triggers.

Triggers:

Trigger-01

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER Check_Appointment_Availability

BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON Appointments

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

StartHour VARCHAR2(5);

EndHour VARCHAR2(5);

BEGIN

-- Fetch the availability hours for the specified doctor

SELECT AvailabilityStartHour, AvailabilityEndHour

INTO StartHour, EndHour

FROM Doctors

WHERE StaffID = :NEW.StaffID;

-- Check if the appointment time is within the doctor's availability

IF: NEW. AppointmentTime NOT BETWEEN StartHour AND EndHour THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Appointment time is outside of doctor''s availability.');

END IF;

END;

Trigger-02

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER CheckApptStatus

```
BEFORE INSERT ON Billing
FOR EACH ROW DECLARE
vAppointmentStatus VARCHAR2(10);
BEGIN
 -- Retrieve the appointment status for the specified AppointmentID
 SELECT Status INTO vAppointmentStatus
 FROM Appointments
 WHERE AppointmentID = :NEW.AppointmentID;
 -- Check if the appointment status is 'Clear'
 IF vAppointmentStatus != 'Clear' THEN
   RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Billing can only be created for appointments with status
"Clear".');
 END IF;
END;
Procedures:
Procedure-01
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE UpdatePatientWeight(
pPatientID NUMBER, pNewWeight NUMBER
) AS
BEGIN
  UPDATE Patient SET Weight = pNewWeight WHERE PatientID = pPatientID;
```

END;

Patient weight updated successfully.

Statement processed.

PATIENTID	NAME	DOB	HEIGHT	WEIGHT	ВР
1	John Smith	05/15/1990	170	75	120/80
2	Alice Johnson	08/22/1985	160	55	110/70

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Procedure-02

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GenerateBilling(

pAppointmentID NUMBER, pBillingMethod

VARCHAR2, pPayableAmount NUMBER

) AS vPatientID

NUMBER; vBillingID

NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT PatientID INTO vPatientID FROM Appointments WHERE

AppointmentID = pAppointmentID; vBillingID :=

SEQ_BillingID.NEXTVAL;

INSERT INTO Billing (BillingID, AppointmentID, PatientID, BillingMethod, PayableAmount, BDate)

VALUES (vBillingID, pAppointmentID, vPatientID, pBillingMethod, pPayableAmount, SYSDATE);

END;

--Let's update the status of patient with id 2 to check procedure:

UPDATE Appointments SET

Status = 'Clear'

WHERE PatientID = 2;

Billing entry generated successfully.

Statement processed.

BILLINGID	APPOINTMENTID	PATIENTID	BILLINGMETHOD	PAYABLEAMOUNT	BDATE
1	1	1	cash	500	12/16/2023
2	2	2	cash	50	12/16/2023

Functions:

Function-01

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION CalculateAge(pPatientID NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS vDOB DATE; vAge NUMBER;

BEGIN

- -- Retrieve the date of birth from the Patient table using the provided PatientID SELECT DOB INTO vDOB FROM Patient WHERE PatientID = pPatientID;
- -- Calculate the age using the retrieved date of birth vAge
- := TRUNC(MONTHS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, vDOB) / 12);

RETURN vAge;

EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

-- Raise a custom exception to signal that no data was found RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Patient not found');

END;

--Function Call

DECLARE

vAge NUMBER; BEGIN vAge :=

CalculateAge(1); -- Assuming PatientID 1

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Age: ' || vAge);

END;

```
Age: 33
 Statement processed.
Function-02
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GetEarlierUpcomingAppointment(pPatientID
NUMBER)
RETURN VARCHAR2 IS
vNextAppointment VARCHAR2(50);
BEGIN
vNextAppointment:='Nothing';
  -- Select the earliest upcoming pending appointment for the specified patient
SELECT MIN(AppointmentDate) || ' ' || MIN(AppointmentTime)
  INTO vNextAppointment
  FROM Appointments
  WHERE PatientID = pPatientID AND
      AppointmentDate >= SYSDATE AND
      Status = 'Pending';
  -- If no data is found, handle the case where no pending appointment is found
  IF vNextAppointment like 'Nothing' THEN
     RETURN 'NoAppointment'; -- Use a sentinel value instead of NULL
  ELSE
     RETURN vNextAppointment;
END IF;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
     -- Raise a custom exception to signal that no data was found
     RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Patient not found or no appointment
scheduled yet');
END;
```

```
--Function Call
-- Updating a record to check function working
UPDATE Appointments
SET AppointmentDate = TO_DATE('21/12/2023', 'DD/MM/YYYY')
WHERE PatientID = 1 AND AppointmentID = 5;
DECLARE
           vAppointmentInfo VARCHAR2(100); BEGIN
vAppointmentInfo := GetEarlierUpcomingAppointment(1);
  -- Check if the result is the sentinel value
  IF vAppointmentInfo = 'NoAppointment' THEN
     DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('No pending upcoming appointments found.');
ELSE
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Next Appointment: ' | | VAppointmentInfo);
END IF;
END;
 Next Appointment: 12/21/2023 10:00:00
 Statement processed.
Function-03
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION GetTotalPaidAmount(pPatientID NUMBER)
RETURN DECIMAL IS
                      vTotalPayable NUMBER(10,2) := 0;
BEGIN
  -- Calculate the total payable amount for the given patient
  SELECT SUM(PayableAmount)
  INTO vTotalPayable
  FROM Billing
  WHERE PatientID = pPatientID;
  -- If no data is found, return 0
  RETURN NVL(vTotalPayable, 0);
END;
```

```
--Function Call
DECLARE vTotalPaid
NUMBER(10,2); BEGIN
  vTotalPaid := GetTotalPayableAmount(1); -- Replace 3 with the desired
PatientID
  IF vTotalPaid != 0 THEN
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Payable Amount: ' || vTotalPaid);
  ELSE
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Either the patient does not exist or has not paid
yet');
  END IF;
END;
 Total Payable Amount: 500
 Statement processed.
Function-04
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION HasUpcomingAppointment(
pPatientID NUMBER ) RETURN NUMBER IS
appointmentCount NUMBER(1);
BEGIN
  -- Count pending appointments for the specified patient
  SELECT COUNT(*)
  INTO appointmentCount
  FROM Appointments
  WHERE PatientID = pPatientID AND
      AppointmentDate >= TRUNC(SYSDATE) AND -- Compare only date portion
      Status = 'Pending';
  -- Return 1 if at least one appointment exists, 0 otherwise
  RETURN CASE WHEN appointmentCount > 0 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
```

```
RETURN 0;

END;

--Function Call

DECLARE vHasAppointment NUMBER(1); BEGIN

vHasAppointment := HasUpcomingAppointment(1);

IF vHasAppointment = 1 THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Patient has an upcoming appointment.');

ELSE

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Patient has no upcoming appointments.');

END IF;

END;

Patient has an upcoming appointment.

Statement processed.
```

,