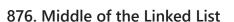
□ Discuss (999+)







△ 4436 **√** 111 ♥ Add to List

Given the head of a singly linked list, return the middle node of the linked list.

If there are two middle nodes, return **the second middle** node.

△ Solution

Example 1:

Description

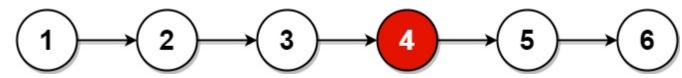


Input: head = [1,2,3,4,5]

Output: [3,4,5]

Explanation: The middle node of the list is node 3.

Example 2:



Input: head = [1,2,3,4,5,6]

Output: [4,5,6]

Explanation: Since the list has two middle nodes with values 3 and 4, we return the second one.

No

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the list is in the range [1, 100].
- 1 <= Node.val <= 100

Accepted 535,716 Submissions 744,582

Seen this question in a real interview before?





≔ Problems

➢ Pick One

Submissions

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Next >

Console -Contribute i

```
i Java
                                                                   i {} 5 ⊕ □
               Autocomplete
 1 ▼
 2
       * Definition for singly-linked list.
 3
       * public class ListNode {
 4
             int val;
 5
             ListNode next;
 6
             ListNode() {}
 7
             ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
             ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
 8
      * }
 9
      */
10
11 ▼
      class Solution {
          public ListNode middleNode(ListNode head) {
12 ▼
13
14
              ListNode slowPointer = head;
15
              ListNode fastPointer = head;
16
17 ▼
              while(fastPointer != null && fastPointer.next != null){
                  slowPointer = slowPointer.next;
18
19
                  fastPointer = fastPointer.next.next;
20
21
22
              return slowPointer;
23
24
```

Your previous code was restored from your local storage. Reset to default

▶ Run Code ^

Submit