

Description

Solution

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198. House Robber

Medium

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You are a professional robber planning to rob houses along a street. Each house has a certain amount of money stashed, the only constraint stopping you from robbing each of them is that adjacent houses have security systems connected and **it will automatically contact the police if two adjacent houses were broken into on the same night.**

Given an integer array `nums` representing the amount of money of each house, return *the maximum amount of money you can rob tonight **without alerting the police.***

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,1]`
Output: `4`
Explanation: Rob house 1 (money = 1) and then rob house 3 (money = 3).
Total amount you can rob = 1 + 3 = 4.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [2,7,9,3,1]`
Output: `12`
Explanation: Rob house 1 (money = 2), rob house 3 (money = 9) and rob house 5 (money = 1).
Total amount you can rob = 2 + 9 + 1 = 12.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 100`
- `0 <= nums[i] <= 400`

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{ }

```
1  class Solution {
2      int[] memo;
3      public int rob(int[] nums) {
4          memo = new int[nums.length + 1];
5          Arrays.fill(memo, -1);
6          return rob(nums, nums.length - 1);
7      }
8
9      private int rob(int[] nums, int i) {
10         if (i < 0) {
11             return 0;
12         }
13         if (memo[i] >= 0) {
14             return memo[i];
15         }
16         int result = Math.max(rob(nums, i - 2) + nums[i], rob(nums, i -
17                               1));
18         memo[i] = result;
19         return result;
20     }
```

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