

Description

Solution

Discuss (999+)

Submissions

## 2. Add Two Numbers

Medium

17487

3630

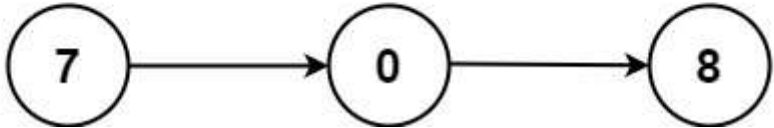
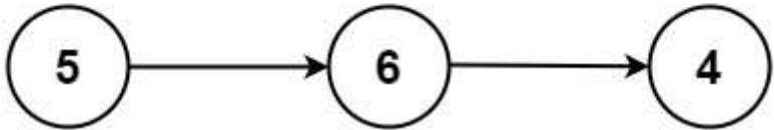
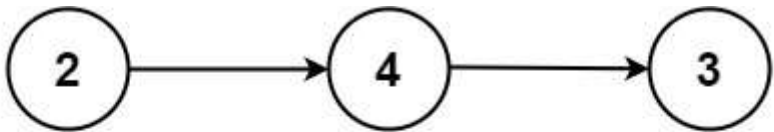
Add to List

Share

You are given two **non-empty** linked lists representing two non-negative integers. The digits are stored in **reverse order**, and each of their nodes contains a single digit. Add the two numbers and return the sum as a linked list.

You may assume the two numbers do not contain any leading zero, except the number 0 itself.

### Example 1:



Input: l1 = [2,4,3], l2 = [5,6,4]

Output: [7,0,8]

Explanation: 342 + 465 = 807.

### Example 2:

Input: l1 = [0], l2 = [0]

Output: [0]

### Example 3:

Java

Autocomplete

```
1  /**
2   * Definition for singly-linked list.
3   * public class ListNode {
4   *     int val;
5   *     ListNode next;
6   *     ListNode() {}
7   *     ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
8   *     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val;
9   *         this.next = next; }
10    */
11  class Solution {
12
13      public ListNode addTwoNumbers(ListNode l1, ListNode l2) {
14
15          int carry = 0;
16          ListNode listNode = new ListNode();
17          ListNode currentNode = listNode;
18
19          while(l1 != null || l2 != null){
20
21              int sum = 0 + carry;
22
23              if(l1 != null){
24                  sum += l1.val;
25                  l1 = l1.next;
26              }
27
28              if(l2 != null){
29                  sum += l2.val;
30                  l2 = l2.next;
31              }
32
33              currentNode.next = new ListNode(sum % 10);
34              carry = sum / 10;
35              currentNode = currentNode.next;
36          }
37
38          if(carry != 0)
39              currentNode.next = new ListNode(carry);
40
41
42          return listNode.next;
43      }
44  }
```