

Description

Solution

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Submissions

### 1527. Patients With a Condition

Easy

54

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SQL Schema >

Table: Patients

Column Name	Type
patient_id	int
patient_name	varchar
conditions	varchar

patient\_id is the primary key for this table.  
'conditions' contains 0 or more code separated by spaces.  
This table contains information of the patients in the hospital.

Write an SQL query to report the patient\_id, patient\_name all conditions of patients who have Type I Diabetes. Type I Diabetes always starts with DIAB1 prefix

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

#### Example 1:

**Input:**  
Patients table:

patient_id	patient_name	conditions
1	Daniel	YFEV COUGH
2	Alice	
3	Bob	DIAB100 MYOP
4	George	ACNE DIAB100

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```
1  /* Write your PL/SQL query statement below */
2  select *
3  from patients
4  where conditions like 'DIAB1%' or conditions like '% DIAB1%'
```

Your previous code was restored from your local storage. [Reset to default](#)

Testcase

Run Code Result

Accepted

Runtime: 316 ms

?

Your input

```
{"headers": {"Patients": ["patient_id", "patient_name", "conditions"]},
"rows": {"Patients": [[1, "Daniel", "YFEV COUGH"], [2, "Alice", ""], [3,
```

Output

```
{"headers": ["PATIENT_ID", "PATIENT_NAME", "CONDITIONS"],
"values": [[3, "Bob", "DIAB100 MYOP"], [4, "George", "ACNE
```

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Expected

```
{"headers": ["patient_id", "patient_name", "conditions"], "values": [[3,
"Bob", "DIAB100 MYOP"], [4, "George", "ACNE DIAB100"]]}
```