

Mathematical Statistics I

Assignment 5 - Questions

Due by May 22, 2024

1. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from a Poisson distribution with mean θ . Find the conditional expectation $E(X_1 + 2X_2 + 3X_3 \mid \sum_i X_i)$.
2. Suppose that n observations are taken from $N(\mu, 1)$ with an unknown μ . Instead of recording all the observations, one records only whether the observation is less than 0. Find an MLE of μ .
3. If X_1, X_2 is a random sample of size 2 from a distribution having pdf $f(x; \theta) = (1/\theta)e^{-x/\theta}I_{(0, \infty)}(x)$. Find the joint pdf of the sufficient statistic $Y_1 = X_1 + X_2$ for θ and $Y_2 = X_2$. Show that Y_2 is an unbiased estimator of θ with variance θ^2 . Find $E(Y_2 \mid Y_1 = y_1) = \varphi(y_1)$ and the variance of $\varphi(Y_1)$.
4. Let $f(x, y) = (2/\theta^2)e^{-(x+y)/\theta}, 0 < x < y < \infty$, zero elsewhere, be the joint pdf of the random variables X and Y .
 - (a) Show that the mean and the variance of Y are, respectively, $3\theta/2$ and $5\theta^2/4$.
 - (b) Show that $E(Y \mid X = x) = x + \theta$. In accordance with the theory, the expected value of $X + \theta$ is that of Y , namely, $3\theta/2$, and the variance of $X + \theta$ is less than that of Y . Show that the variance of $X + \theta$ is in fact $\theta^2/4$.
5. Let (X_1, \dots, X_n) be a random sample from a population with discrete probability density $[x!(1 - e^{-\theta})]^{-1} \theta^x e^{-\theta} I_{\{1, 2, \dots\}}(x)$, where $\theta > 0$ is unknown. Show that the likelihood equation has a unique root when the sample mean $\bar{X} > 1$. Show whether this root is an MLE of θ .