Mathematical Statistics I Assignment 6 - Questions

Due by June 5, 2024

1. Let X_1, \ldots, X_{n+1} be iid Bernoulli(p), and define the function h(p) by

$$h(p) = P\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i > X_{n+1}\right)$$

the probability that the first n observations exceed the (n+1)st.

(a) Show that

$$T(X_1, \dots, X_{n+1}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \sum_{i=1}^n X_i > X_{n+1} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

is an unbiased estimator of h(p).

(b) Find the best unbiased estimator of h(p).

- 2. Let a random sample of size n be taken from a distribution of the discrete type with pmf $f(x; \theta) = 1/\theta, x = 1, 2, ..., \theta$, zero elsewhere, where θ is an unknown positive integer.
 - (a) Show that the largest observation, say Y, of the sample is a complete sufficient statistic for θ .
 - (b) Prove that

$$[Y^{n+1} - (Y-1)^{n+1}] / [Y^n - (Y-1)^n]$$

is the unique MVUE of θ .

- 3. Let X_1, \ldots, X_n be a random sample from exponential distribution with parameter θ . Prove $\sum_i X_i$ is complete and considering that, find $E(nX_{(1)}|\sum_i X_i)$.
- 4. Let (X_1, \ldots, X_n) , n > 2, be a random sample from the uniform distribution on the interval $(\theta_1 \theta_2, \theta_1 + \theta_2)$, where $\theta_1 \in \mathcal{R}$ and $\theta_2 > 0$. Find the UMVUE's of $\theta_j, j = 1, 2$.
- 5. For each of the following pdfs, let X_1, \ldots, X_n be a sample from that distribution. In each case, find the best unbiased estimator of θ^r .
 - (a) $f(x;\theta) = e^{-(x-\theta)}, \quad x > \theta$
 - (b) $f(x; \theta) = \frac{e^{-x}}{e^{-\theta} e^{-b}}, \quad \theta < x < b, \quad b \text{ known}$