

MediSafe – Stay away and defeat diseases

2022 - 143







Supervisor Mr. Ravi Supunya



Co- Supervisor Mr. Samantha Rajapaksha



External Supervisor

Dr. Shashika Liyanage



IT18077698

Thennakoon T.M.B.C.K



IT19015422

Perera B.A.A.W.S



IT19015040

Rasuni Wageesha



IT19011608

Senanayaka S.A.M.A.B.M



Research problem

- There are some diseases that have arisen at present. (Heart attack, Pneumonia, Wheezing, Dengue, Covid'19)
- □ High cost for diagnosis.
- Informal lifestyle and busyness.
- Don't have enough idea about current situation of the country.

Background

Disease and ICD (10 th Revision) Code		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011 2		2010 ²	
pisease and ico (10 keysion	Code	Rank	%	Rank	%	Rank	%														
Ischaemic heart disease	120 - 125	1	15.1	1	15.0	1	14.2	1	14.1	1	14.2	1	14.8	1	14.7	1	14.4	1	13.4	1	1
Zoonotic and other bacterial diseases	A20 - A49	2	12.1	3	10.9	2	11.5	3	11.6	3	9.7	3	9.1	6	7.9	6	7.1	6	6.7	6	
Neoplasms ¹	C00 - D48	3	11.7	2	11.7	3	10.5	2	12.0	2	11.0	2	11.7	2	11.2	2	11.6	2	11.8	2	11
Diseases of the respiratory system excluding diseases of upper respiratory tract, pneumonia and influenza	120 - 122, 140 - 198	4	10.7	4	9.9	4	9.8	5	8.3	4	9.2	6	8.0	5	7.9	5	7.2	5	6.9	5	7
Pneumonia	J12 - J18	5	8.0	7	7.8	6	8.2	7	6.4	7	7.5	7	6.6	8	6.1	8	5.7	9	5.2	9	5
Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of the pulmonary circulation	126 - 151	6	7.6	6	7.9	5	8.5	4	8.7	5	8.3	4	8.6	4	8.4	3	9.0	4	8.7	3	8
Cerebrovascular disease	160 - 169	7	7.6	5	8.0	7	7.7	6	8.2	6	8.2	5	8.4	3	8.6	4	8.7	3	8.7	4	
Diseases of the urinary system	N00 - N39	8	5.8	8	5.8	8	5.9	8	6.3	8	6.2	8	6.3	7	6.2	7	6.3	7	5.7	8	9
Diseases of the gastro-intestinal tract	K20 - K92	9	5.0	9	5.1	9	5.1	9	5.5	9	5.3	9	5.7	9	5.7	9	5.4	8	5.4	7	
Traumatic injuries	S00 - T19, W54	10	3.6	10	3.9	10	3.8	10	3.9	10	3.8	10	3.5	11	3.3	11	3.7	11	3.6	11	3
Disease of the nervous system	G00 - G98	11	1.3	13	1.4	14	1.4	14	1.4	17	1.3	16	1.4	15	1.4	16	1.5	19	1.4	18	,
Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laborated	R00 - R99	12	1.3	11	1.5	12	1.5	12	1.6	11	2.3	11	3.2	10	4.8	10	4.5	10	4.1	10	9
Diabetes mellitus	E10 - E14	13	1.3	12	1.4	11	1.7	11	1.8	13	1.6	13	1.6	13	1.6	14	1.7	14	1.9	16	

¹ Includes deaths reported from the Cancer Hospital (not analysed by site and type of neoplasm)





Source: Medical Statistics Unit Ministry of Health http://www.health.gov.lk/moh_final/english/public/elfinder/files/publications/AHB/AHS%202019.pdf

² Excludes Mullaitivu District

Overall solutions - 100%

- Developed an Arduino-based device that detects certain types of symptoms to diagnose certain heart and lung related diseases.
- Use some machine learning based techniques to identify diseases and clarify it.
- Show diseases spread rate to the user.
- Developing a web application to facilitate patient usage.





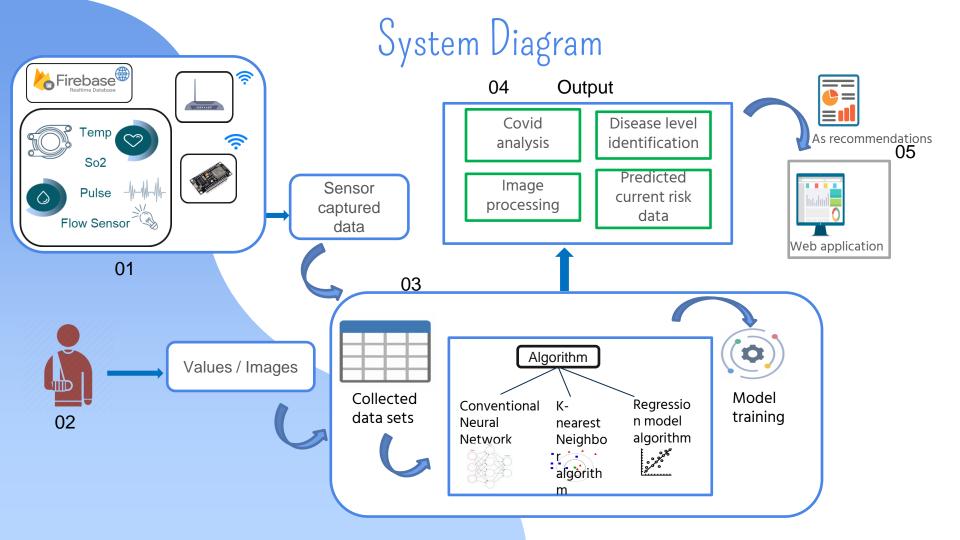
Research Objectives

Implement a device to get parameters of the patient and identify Covid'19. (Possibility as a percentage)

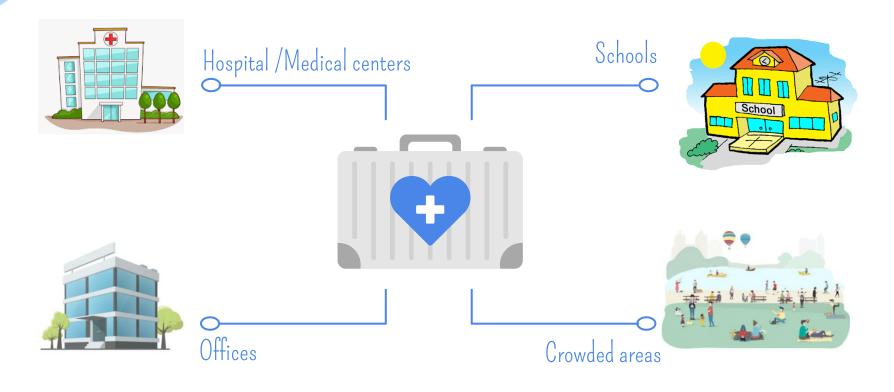
Disease level wise identification and provide suggestions/recommendations to reduce the risk level.

Identify the exact lung disease among other lung diseases.

Identify the three major diseases spread rate in Sri Lanka.



Focusing areas



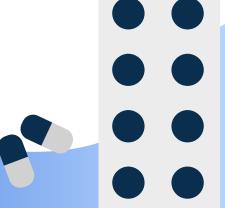




IT18077698

Thennakoon T.M.B.C.K

Specialization | Information Technology







| IT18077698 | Thennakoon T M B C K | 2022-143

Research question

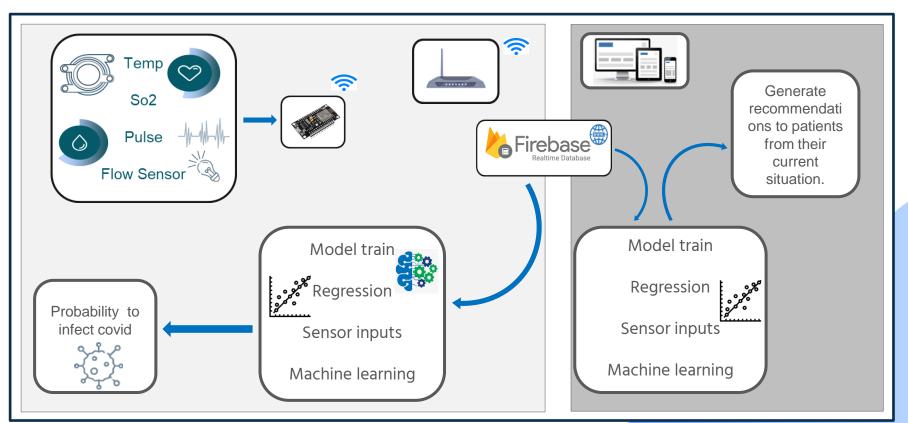
Identify
 all measurements using
 single device with few
 minutes.

 Simple and userfriendly
 web application and mobile application. ☐ Provide probability to infect Covid 19 & Give what are the necessary actions need to get by patient.

Get necessary inputs and Generate healthy recommendations to day-to-day life.

IT18077698 | Thennakoon T M B C K | 2022-143

System diagram



Progress

- Implement device (Medisafe).
- Upload data to firebase.
- Developing a model.
- Give probability of infect

Completed(50%)

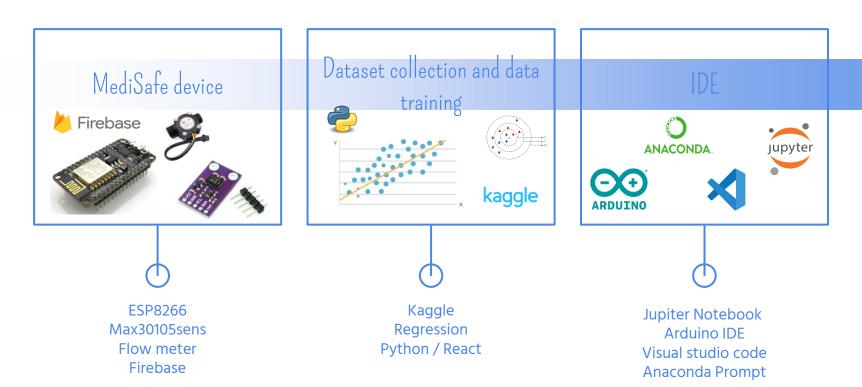
90% Progress presentation

- Completed MediSafe device.
- Integrate member components together
- Generate recommendations to patients from their current situation.
- Completion of web application.

- Completed web application.
- Test all functions with patients and compare data.

Final Presentation

Latest technologies in MediSafe



Requirements

Functional

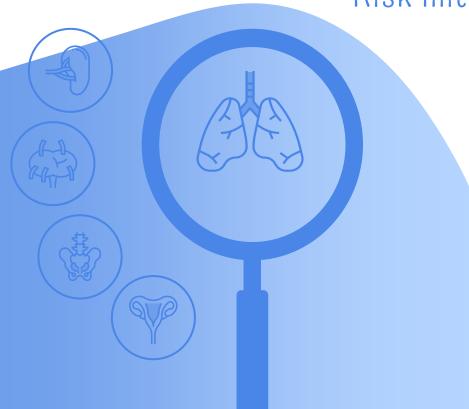
- Interoperability
- Accuracy
- Compliance

Non - functional

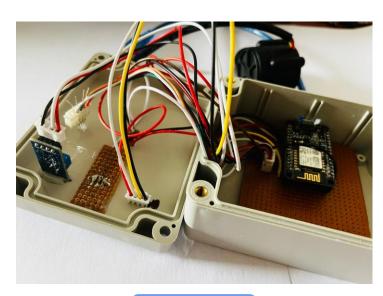
- Maintainability
- Manageability
- Usability
- Integrity





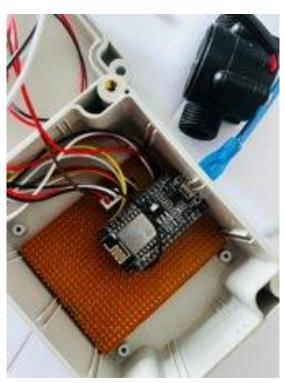


- This is related to medical industry research therefore the accuracy should be compulsory.
- Need to compare the actual output with a recommendation of a doctor
- Need to confirm that the output should provide the correct according to the currently available devices.



Medisafe device

File Edit Sketch Tools Help 16 int count = 0; 17 int temp bps; 18 //-----Firebase-----20 #include <ArduinoJson.h> 21 #include "FirebaseESP8266.h" 22 #include <ESP8266WiFi.h> 23 // Set these to run example. 24 #define FIREBASE HOST "medisafe-research-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com/unit 1" 25 #define FIREBASE_AUTH "qjnABtFp7TrCzENApcxBGQSeI21kghAo10PwrBB5" 26 #define WIFI SSID "supun" 27 #define WIFI PASSWORD "supunl11191" 28 FirebaseData firebaseData; 30 #define SENSOR D4 31 long currentMillis = 0; 32 long previousMillis = 0; 33 int interval = 1000; 34 //boolean ledState = LOW: 35 float calibrationFactor = 4.5: 36 volatile byte pulseCount; 37 byte pulselSec = 0; 38 float flowRate; 39 unsigned int flowMilliLitres; 40 unsigned long totalMilliLitres; 41 // ----led 43 #define REDLED D5 Arduino IDE MBBule), 80 MHz, Flash, Disabled (new aborts on oom), Disabled, All SSL ciphers (most compatible), 32KB cache + 32KB IRAM (balanced), Use pgm_read macros for IRA



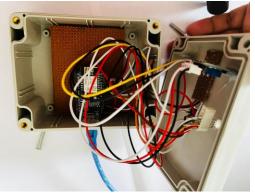
```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe —

(covid) C:\Users\user\cd C:\Users\user\Desktop\24-04-2022\covid

(covid) C:\Users\user\Desktop\24-04-2022\covid>C:

(covid) C:\Users\user\Desktop\24-04-2022\covid>python Runcovid.py
type oxygen level: 90
type your pulse: 96
type your Temperature: 90
confidence: 100.0 %
The probability of having a covid infection is 35.360000000000004%
Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "Runcovid.py", line 1, in <module>
        from covid import predictc
ImportError: cannot import name 'predictc' from 'covid' (C:\Users\user\Desktop\24-04-2022\covid\covid.py)

(covid) C:\Users\user\Desktop\24-04-2022\covid>
```



Output of prediction

Medisafe Health System	ெ Home	
Covid Enter Oxygen Level 88 Enter Pulse 81 Enter Temperature 104	Risk of Covid 1nfection 82.96000000000000000000000000000000000000	
mediSafe.research@gmail.com	Copy Rights @2022	f D

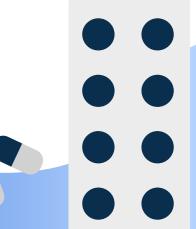




IT19015422

Perera B.A.A.W.S

Specialization | Information Technology







Research question

 How to identify the people who are suffering in such lung and heart diseases (level wise)

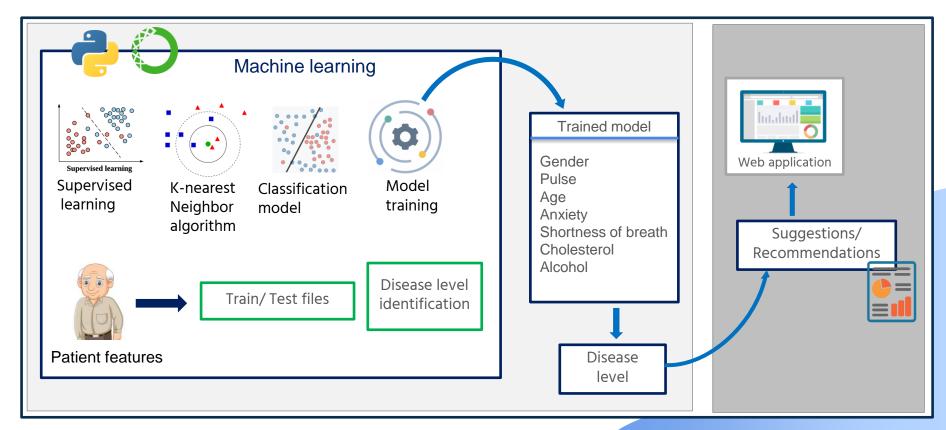
> How to check current situation in cost effectively

 How to provide easily recommendations via web application to the user

What are the solutions we can give due to shortage of medicines

IT19015422 | Perera B.A.A.W.S | 2022-143

System diagram



Progress

- Study the technology
- Data collecting
- Data analysis
- Find proper algorithm (Knearest neighbors)
- Train the model
- Get the output as level
 wise related to the disease

Completed(50%)

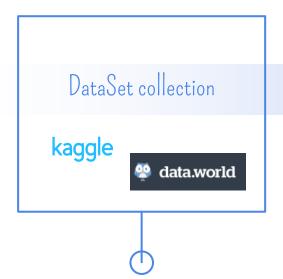
90% Progress presentation

- Provide suggestions and recommendations to the user
- Web application implementation
- Integrate member components together

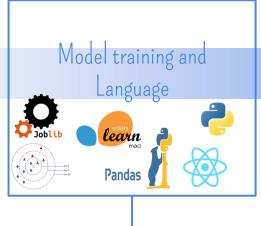
Completion of web application.

Final Presentation

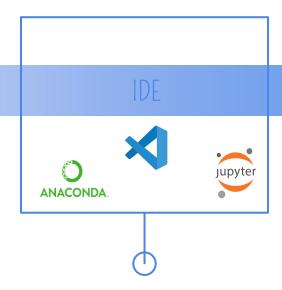
Latest technologies in MediSafe



- https://data.world/informatics -edu/heart-disease-prediction
- https://www.kaggle.com/data sets/johnsmith88/heartdisease-dataset



- K nearest neighbor algorithm
- Libraries pandas, sklearn, joblib, numpy
- Python / React



- Vs Code
- Jupyter notebook
- Anaconda prompt

IT19015422 | Perera B.A.A.W.S | 2022-143

Requirements

Functional

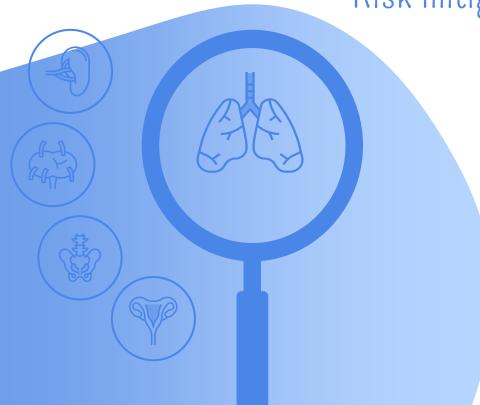
- Interoperability
- Authentication.
- Report generate
- User friendly

Non - functional

- Quality
- Durability
- Security
- Privacy







- Entering current situation features difficult to known by person. So that those features will get from the implemented device.
- ✓ Adults are not well fluent in new technologies.
- ✓ Validity of the disease level will depend on the user inputs.

Frontend

```
1
```

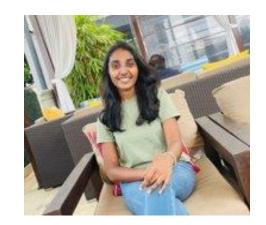
```
{loading && <$Spin />}
<$Row style={{ marginTop: "100px", marginLeft: "5%" }}>
  <h1>Pneumonia</h1>
</$Row>
<$Row style={{ marginRight: "5%" }}>
  <$Col x1={12} sm={12}>
    <$Row className="jus-con-cen row-items">
     <$Col x1={5} sm={12}>
       Enter Age
     <$Col x1={10}>
         name="age"
         handleChange={this.onHandleChange}
         value={form.age}
    </$Row>
    <$Row className="jus-con-cen row-items">
     <$Col x1={5} sm={12}>
       Enter Gender
     <$Col x1={10}>
       <Radio.Group
         value={form.Gender}
         onChange={(e) => {
           this.onHandleChange("Gender", e.target.value);
```

API controller implementation

@app.route('/risk', methods=['GET', 'POST']) def predictR(): data = {} post_data = request.json age = str(post_data['age']) Gender = str(post_data['Gender']) Cholesterol = str(post_data['Cholesterol']) Pulse = str(post data['Pulse']) Smoke = str(post data['Smoke']) Alcohol = str(post data['Alcohol']) Shortness_of_breath = str(post_data['Shortness_of_breath']) Anxiety = str(post_data['Anxiety']) y predictH, y predictP, y predictW = get risk level(age, Gender, Cholesterol, Pulse, Smoke, Alcohol, Shortness of breath, Anxiety) data['prediction_heart'] = y_predictH[0] data['prediction_wheeze'] = y_predictP[0] data['prediction pneumonia'] = y predictW[0] return jsonify(data)

Medisaf	e Health System	டி Home 🥒 Contact Us	மி Home 🤌 Contact Us						
Pneumonia									
Enter Age	34								
Enter Gender	○ Male ● Female	Risk of pneumonia Low							
Enter Pulse	90	View Suggestions							
Smoke	○ Yes ● No								
Anxiety	○ Yes ○ No	 Stay hydrated. Drink plenty of fluids, especially water, to help loosen mucus in your lungs. 							
Alcohol Usage	Yes No	Take your medicine as prescribed. Take the entire course of any medications your doctor prescribed for you. If you stop taking medication							
Shortness of Breath	Yes No	treascentiation prior decicies prescribed in 1960-1960 along valential medications to cost only availing many committee to harbor bacteria that can multiply and cause your pneumonia to recur.							
		 Check oxygen saturations and provide supplemental oxygen if saturations are 490% 							
		 Stop smoking – Smoking increases your risk for pneumonia and other health conditions. If you are a smoker, consider stopping. 							
		5. Get lots of rest-Rest will help your body fight the infection.							
		 Drink plenty of fluids. Fluids will keep you hydrated. They can help loosen the mucus in your lungs. Try water, warm tea, and clear soups. 							
		7. Use a cool-mist humidifier or take a warm bath. This will help clear your							
mediSafe.research@gmail	l.com	Copy Rights @2022	▶						

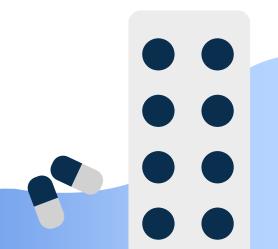




IT19015040

Rasuni Wageesha H.A

Specialization | Information Technology







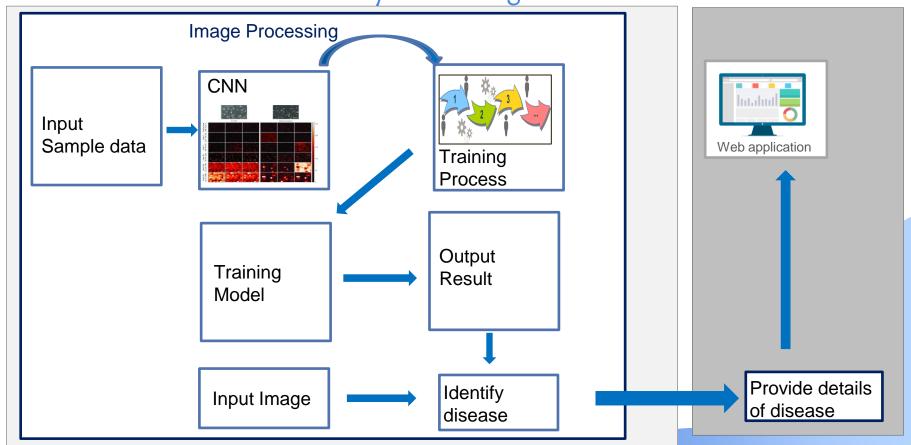
IT19015040 | Rasuni Wageesha H.A | 2022-143



Research question

There are many different types of lung diseases and diagnosing one might be difficult.

System diagram



- Collecting diseases images.
- Identify how to develop the system.
- Trained images and generated a model using CNN.
- Got the output using trained module for test data.

Completed(50%)

Progress

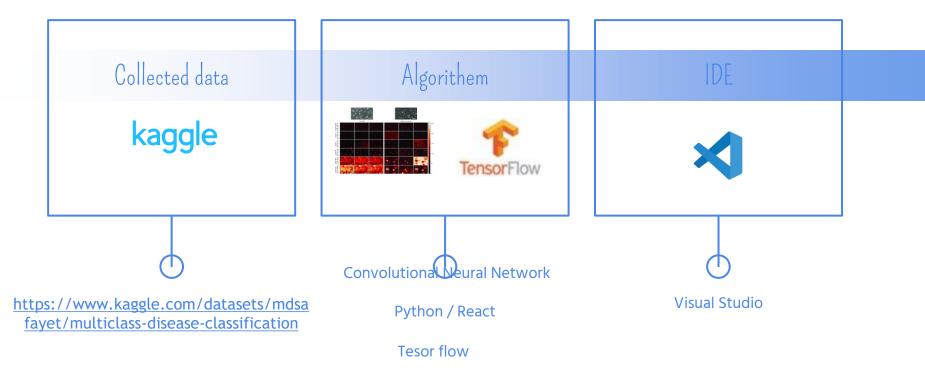
90% Progress presentation

- Provide details of the disease.
- Web application implementation.
- Integrate member components together.

- Completion of web application.
- Generate suggestion.

Final Presentation

Technologies in MediSafe



IT19015040 | Rasuni Wageesha H.A | 2022-143

Requirements

Functional

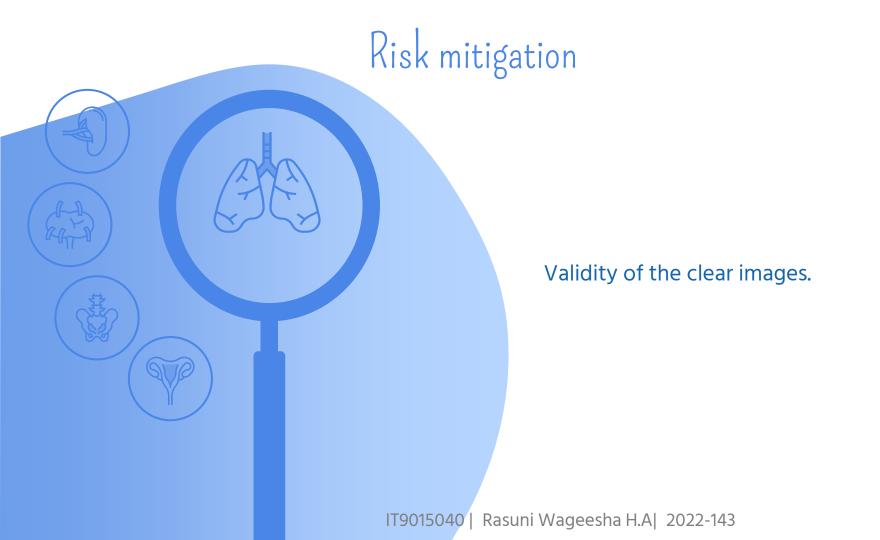
• Upload the lung image to the system.

Non – functional

- Performance
- Availability
- Reliability

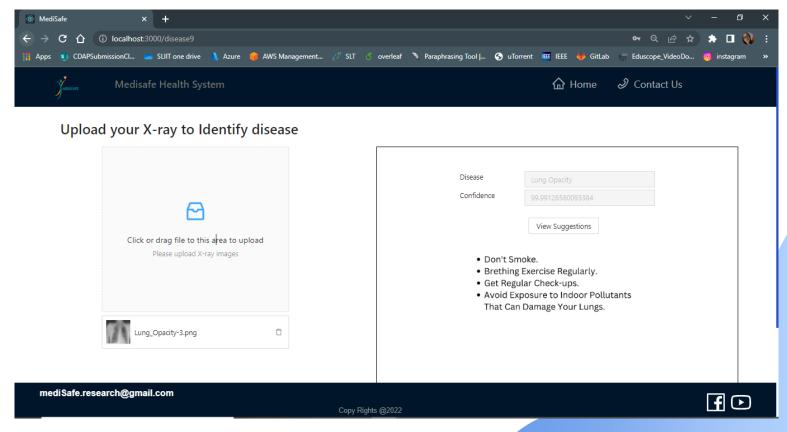


| IT9015040 | Rasuni Wageesha H.A | 2022-143



API

```
@app.route('/lung', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def predict():
    data = \{\}
    filestr = request.files['file'].read()
    img = imgread(filestr)
    prediction_inst = []
    prediction_conf = []
    list_Of_cf = []
    outputs = model_process_img(img)
    for item in outputs['predictions']:
        list_Of_cf.append(item['confidence'])
    for item in outputs['predictions']:
        if item['confidence'] == max(list Of cf):
            print(item['label'], max(list_Of_cf) * 100)
            conf = max(list_Of_cf) * 100
            prediction_inst.append(item['label'])
            prediction conf.append(conf)
    temp_val = prediction_inst[0]
    temp_conf = prediction_conf[0]
    print(temp_val)
    prediction_inst.clear()
    prediction_conf.clear()
    list Of cf.clear()
    data['detection'] = temp_val
    data['detectionScore'] = temp_conf
    return jsonify(data)
```



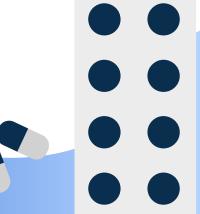




IT19011608

Senanayaka S.A.M.A.B.M

Specialization | Information Technology







| IT19011608 | Senanayaka S.A.M.A.B.M

2022-143

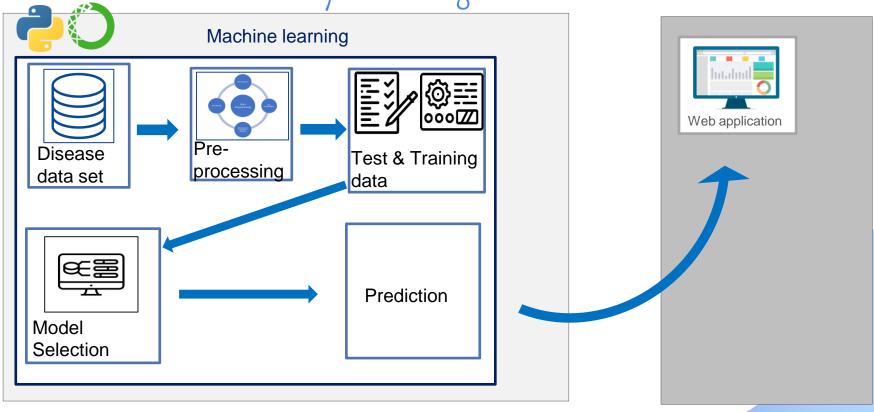


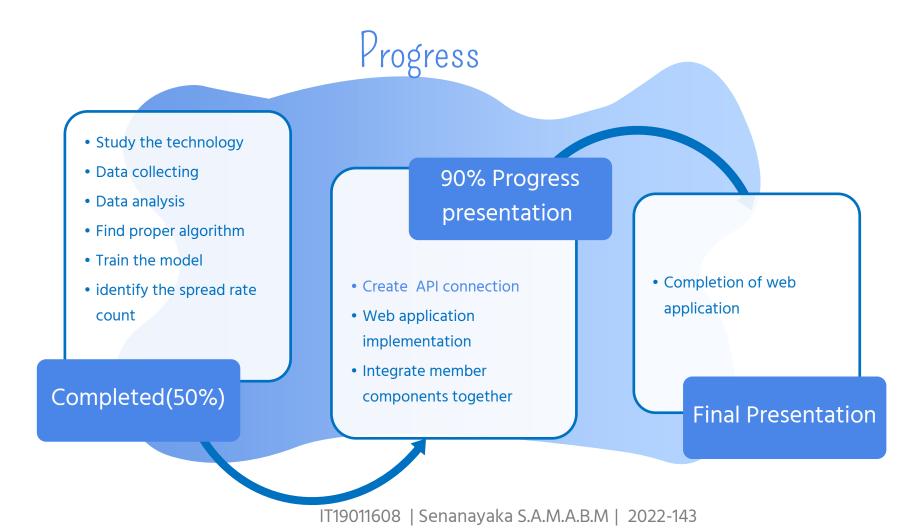
Research question

Identify the disease count on the Sri Lanka.

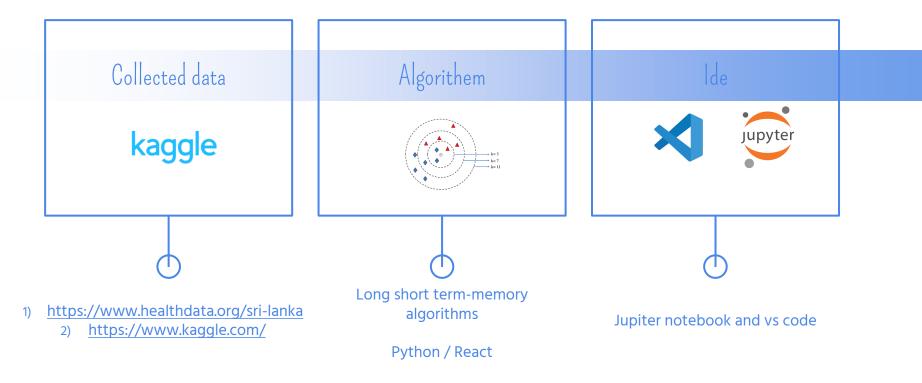
Target Domain

System diagram





Technologies in MediSafe



Requirements

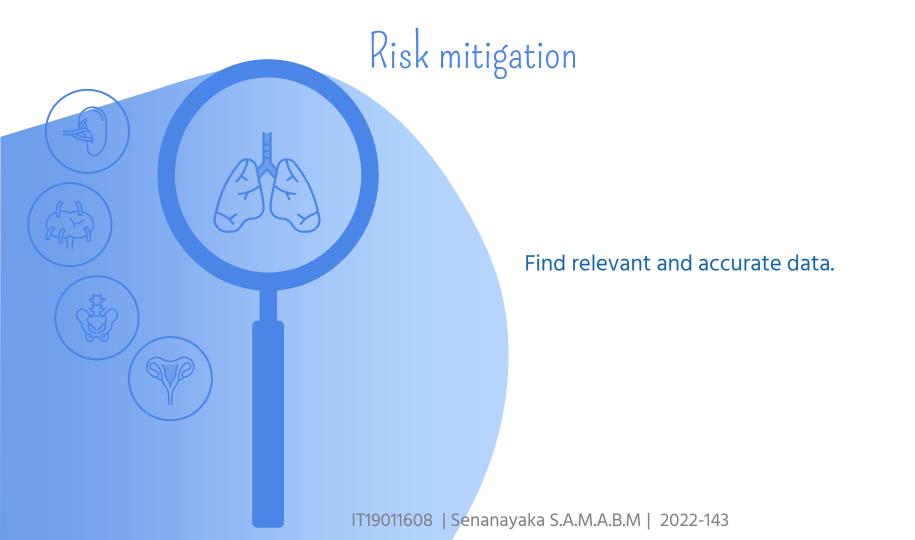
Functional

- Identify the spread rate count
- Display the data healthcare dashboard

Non – functional

- Accuracy
- Availability





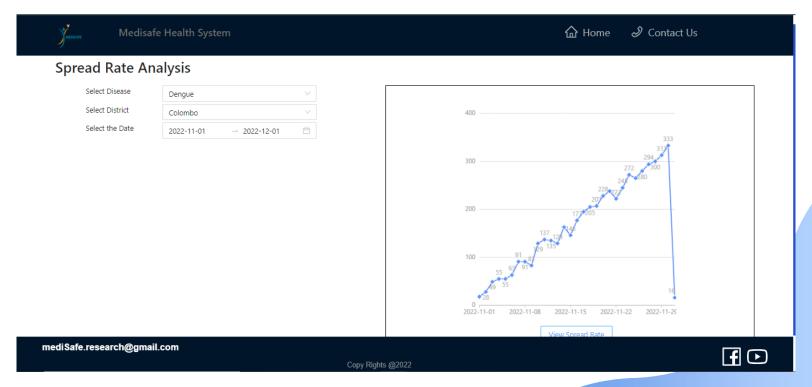
API

```
@app.route('/spread', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def predictS():
    data = \{\}
    post data = request.json
    sickness = str(post data['sickness'])
    city = str(post_data['city'])
    Date = post_data['Date']
    print(sickness, city, Date)
    responseArray = []
    for x in Date:
        response = get_prediction(sickness, city, str(x).split('T')[0])
        responseArray.append(response)
    data['details'] = responseArray
    return jsonify(data)
```

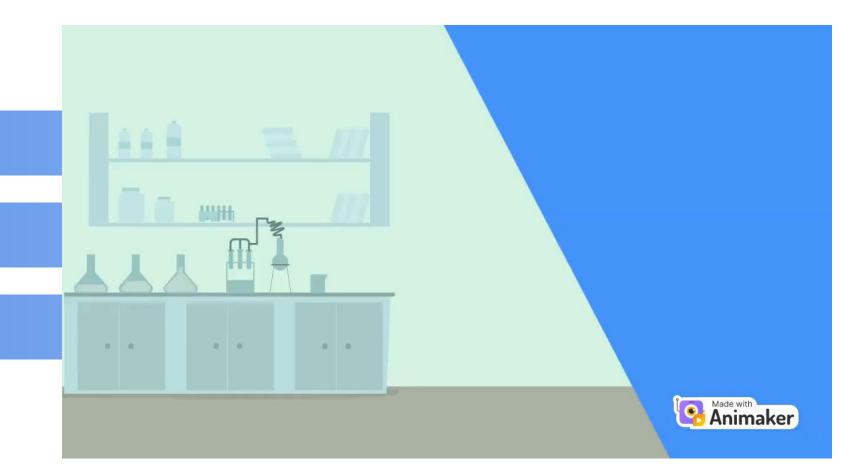
Frontend-submit detail

```
submit = async () => {
    const form = { ...this.state.form };
    const sickness = form.sickness;
    const city = form.city;
    let getDaysArray = this.getDaysArray(
     moment(form.Date[0]).format("YYYY-MM-DD"),
      moment(form.Date[1]).format("YYYY-MM-DD")
    console.log(getDaysArray, "getDaysArray");
    const data = {
     sickness: sickness,
     Date: getDaysArray,
    this.setState({ loading: true, getDaysArray: getDaysArray });
      await fetch("/spread", {
       body: JSON.stringify(data),
        .then((response) => response.json())
        .then((response) => {
         var spread = response["details"];
         this.setState({
           spread: spread.
      this.setState({ loading: false });
      let graph = this.getGraph(this.state.spread, this.state.getDaysArray);
      this.setState({
       graph: graph,
    } catch (error) {
     this.setState({ loading: false });
    this.setState({ loading: false });
```

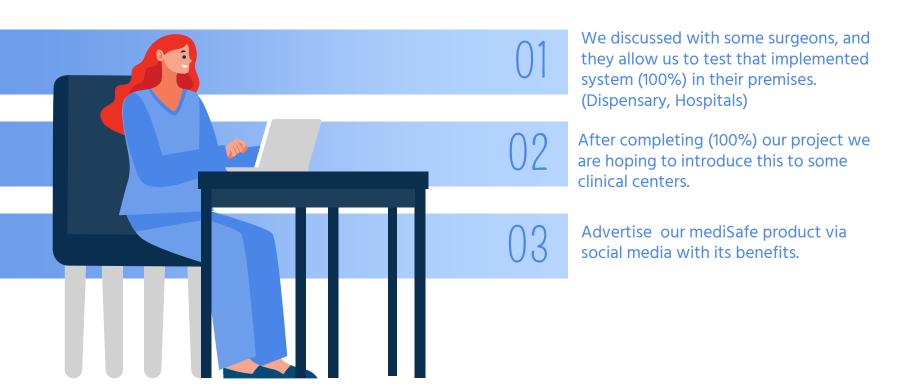
Frontend-graph



Commercialization

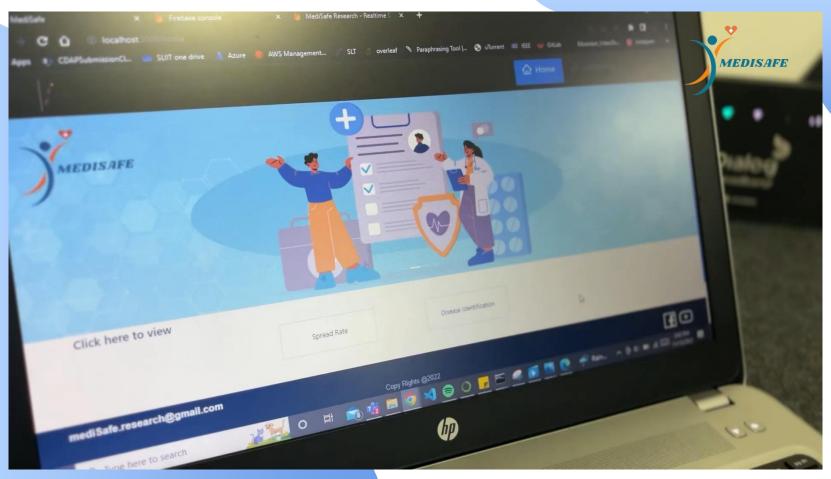


Commercialization

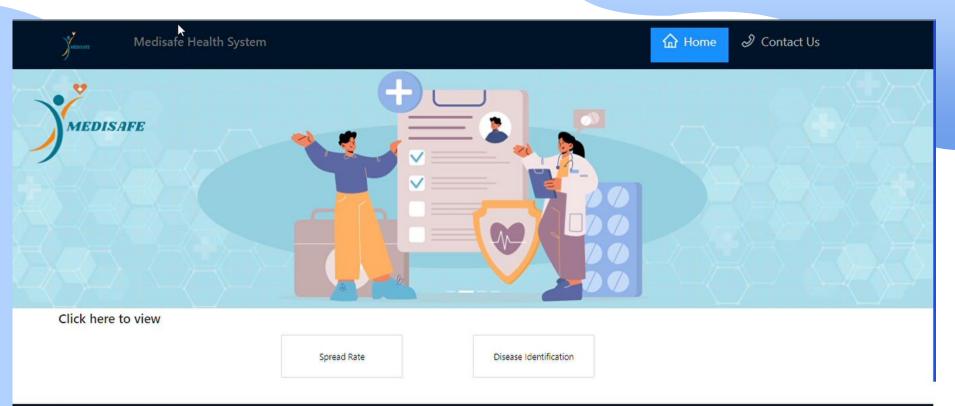


Demonstration

Device implementation

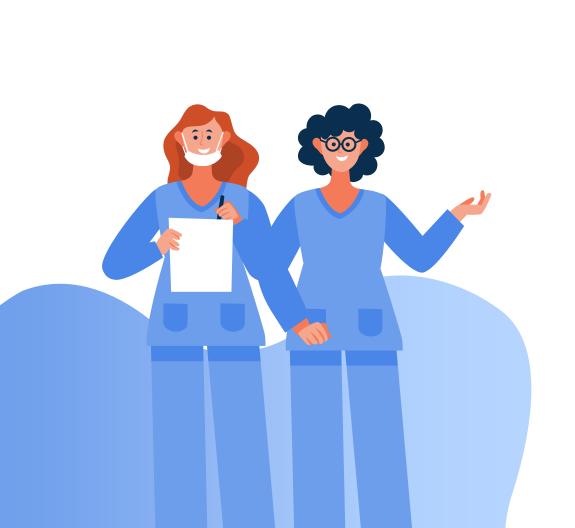


Web app implementation



mediSafe.research@gmail.com





Thank You

Do you have any questions?