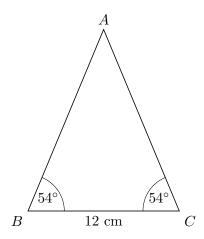
Chapter 1

GCSE Questions - Right-Angled Triangles

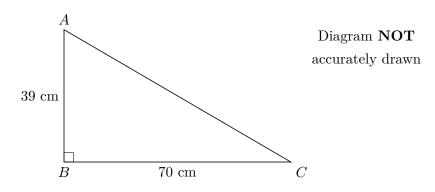
1. ABC is an isosceles triangle.



 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Diagram} \ {\bf NOT} \\ {\rm accurately} \ {\rm drawn} \end{array}$

Work out the area of the triangle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (4)

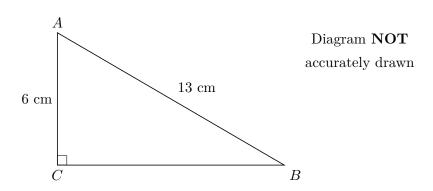
2. Here is a right-angled triangle.



Work out the length of AC. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place. (3)

----.cm

3.



ABC is a right-angled triangle.

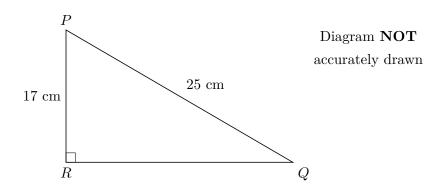
$$AC = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = 13 \text{ cm}$$

(a) Work out the length of BC. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (3)

____.cm

(b)



PQR is a right-angled triangle.

$$R=17~\mathrm{cm}$$

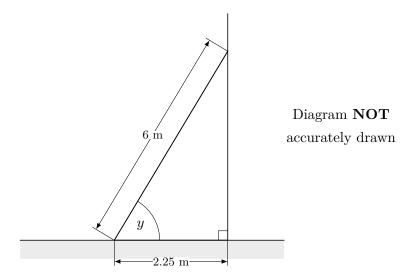
$$PQ = 25 \text{ cm}$$

Work out the size of angle RPQ. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place. (3)



(4)

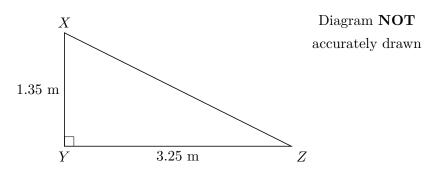
4. The diagram shows a ladder leaning against a vertical wall.



The ladder stands on horizontal ground. The length of the ladder is 6 m. The bottom of the ladder is 2.25 m from the bottom of the wall. A ladder is safe to use when the angle marked y is about 75° .

Is the ladder safe to use? You must show all your working.

5. XYZ is a right-angled triangle.



Calculate the length of XZ. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (3)

____.m

6.

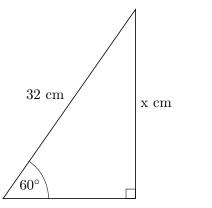


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

Calculate the value of x. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (3)

7. ABCD is a trapezium

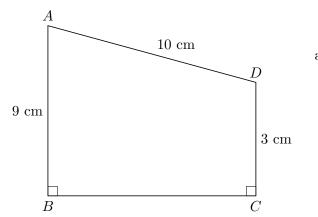


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

AD = 10 cm

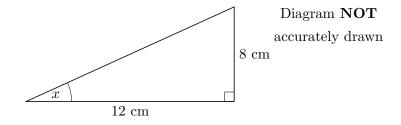
AB = 9 cm

DC = 3 cm

Angle ABC = angle BCD = 90° Calculate the length of AC. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. (5)

.____.cm

8. PQR is a right-angled triangle.



PR = 8 cm.

QR = 12 cm

(a)	Find the size of the angle marked x .	Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place. (3)