

# Work on project. Stage 5/5: Saving memory

Project: [Honest Calculator](#)

## Saving memory

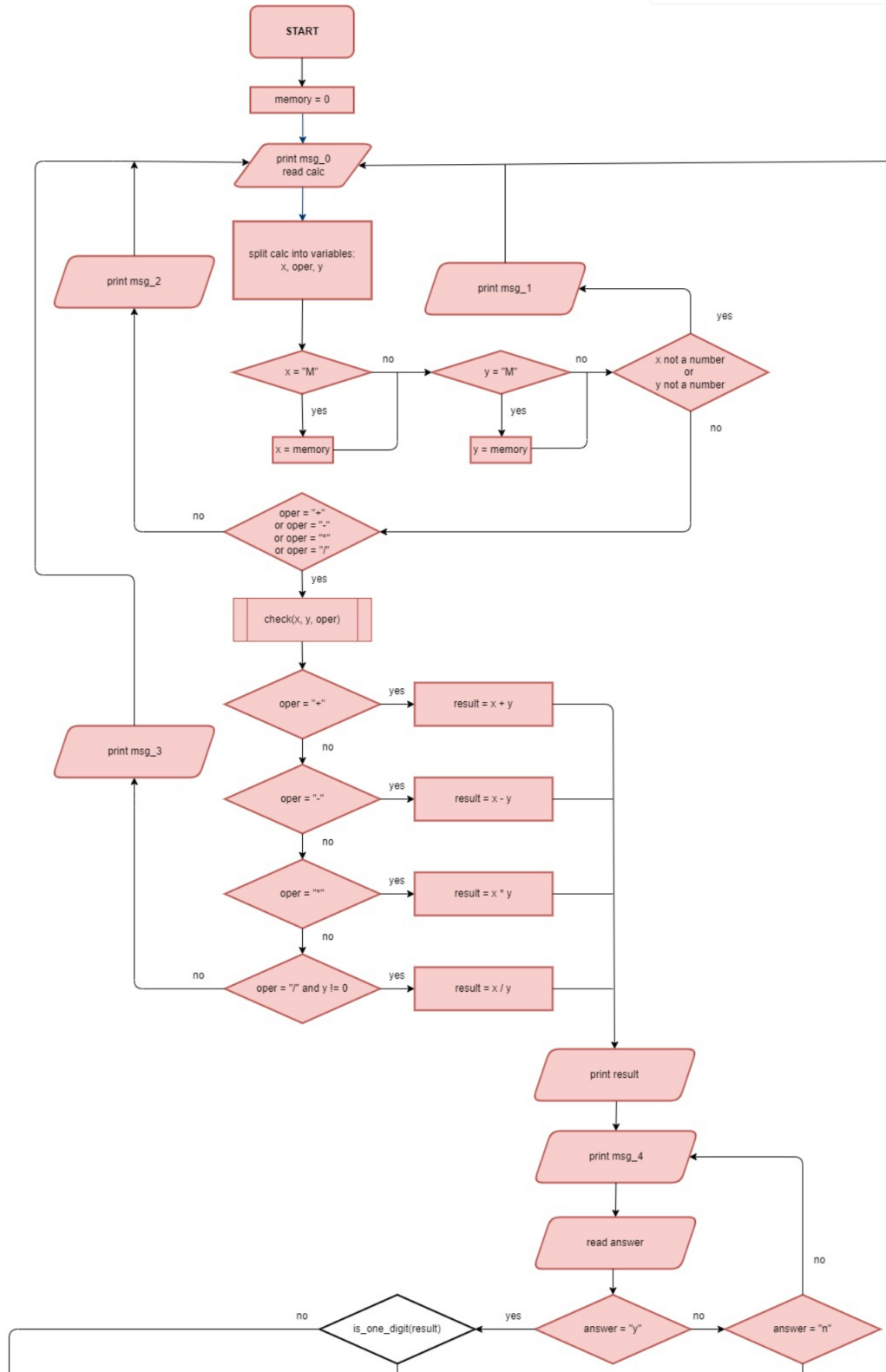
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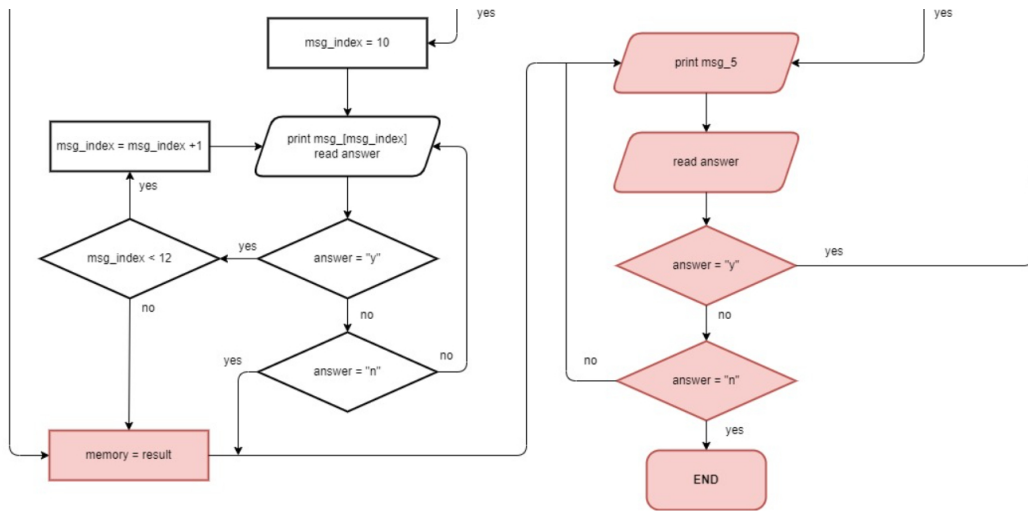
### §1. Description

To complete the project, you need to implement the flowchart below. The old blocks are red-colored. Be careful; some flows can work differently. The functions from the previous stage have not been changed.

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## §2. Objectives

Implement the flowchart. Please, follow the recommendations below:

- Don't use the built-in functions to calculate from a string;
- Copy the messages below. The tests will check if the correct message appears in the correct order. Don't add extra lines or characters.

```

1 msg_10 = "Are you sure? It is only one digit! (y / n)"
2
3 msg_11 = "Don't be silly! It's just one number! Add to the memory? (y / n)"
4
5 msg_12 = "Last chance! Do you really want to embarrass yourself? (y / n)"

```

## §3. Example

The greater-than symbol followed by a space ( > ) represents the user input. Note that it's not part of the input.

Example 1:

```

Enter an equation
2 + 3
You are ... lazy
5.0
Do you want to store the result? (y / n):
y
Are you sure? It is only one digit! (y / n)
y
Don't be silly, it's just one number! Add to the memory? (y / n)
n
Do you want to continue calculations? (y / n):
y
Enter an equation
5 + M
You are ... lazy ... very, very lazy
5.0
Do you want to store the result? (y / n):
y
Are you sure? It is only one digit! (y / n)
y
Don't be silly, it's just one number! Add to memory? (y / n)
y
Last chance! Do you really want to embarrass yourself? (y / n)
y
Do you want to continue calculations? (y / n):
y
Enter an equation
M / M
You are ... lazy
1.0
Do you want to store the result? (y / n):
n
Do you want to continue calculations? (y / n):
n

```

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HINT by Oleg Vorontsov

If you doing this stage through the function it can cause a problems with calculations(I don't know why, but I had this). Try just put if statement to cycle...

Also maybe you have difficulties with test #3 "M / M". JBA didn't check this calculation in previous stages, error appears because if x == 'M', then you should also check if y == 'M' and only then check with elif y == 'M'

Also flowcharts ridiculous: I spent like an half an hour to understand what they want from me!)

If you have the same issue: Just keep asking questions till you have answer "yes" and then store memory, but if you have answer "no" for any of the answers => don't store result to memory)

Glad if I could help, good luck, have fun!)

Glad I could help, good luck, have fun!!!)

⚡ See the next hint

↩ Write a program

Code Editor

IDE 💎 +100

```
1 msg_0 = "Enter an equation"
2
3 msg_1 = "Do you even know what numbers are? Stay focused!"
4
5 msg_2 = "Yes ... an interesting math operation. You've slept through all classes, haven't you?"
6 msg_3 = 'Yeah... division by zero. Smart move...'
7
8 msg_4 = "Do you want to store the result? (y / n):"
9
10 msg_5 = "Do you want to continue calculations? (y / n):"
11
12 msg_6 = " ... lazy"
13
14 msg_7 = " ... very lazy"
15
16 msg_8 = " ... very, very lazy"
17
18 msg_9 = "You are"
19
20 msg_10 = "Are you sure? It is only one digit! (y / n)"
21
22 msg_11 = "Don't be silly! It's just one number! Add to the memory? (y / n)"
23
24 msg_12 = "Last chance! Do you really want to embarrass yourself? (y / n)"
25
26
27 memory=0
28
29
30 message=["Are you sure? It is only one digit! (y / n)"
31
32 , "Don't be silly! It's just one number! Add to the memory? (y / n)"
33
34 , "Last chance! Do you really want to embarrass yourself? (y / n)"
35 ]
36
37
38 def demo(result):
39
40     if is_one_digit(result):
41         mgs_index=0 #0
42         print(message[mgs_index])
43         answer=input()
44         while mgs_index<2 and answer=='y':
45             mgs_index+=1
46             print(message[mgs_index])
47             answer=input()
48         else:
49             if answer=='n':
50                 return False
51         else:
52             return True #no
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66 memory=0
67 def is_one_digit(v):
68     if (v>-10) and (v<10) and v==int(v):
69         output=True
70     else:
71         output=False
72     return output
73
74
75 def check(v1,v2,v3):
76     msg=""
77     while True:
78         if is_one_digit(v1) and is_one_digit(v2):
79             msg+=msg_6
80         if (v1==1 or v2==1) and v3=="*":
81             msg+=msg_7 #"" ... very lazy""
82         if (v1==v2) and v3=="/":
```

```

83         msg+=" ... lazy" #"" ... lazy""
84
85     if (v1==0 or v2== 0) and (v3=="*" or v3=="+" or v3=="-"):
86         msg+=msg_8 # " ... very, very lazy"
87
88     if msg !="":
89         msg=msg_9+msg # "You are"
90         print(msg)
91     break
92 def mg5():
93     print(msg_5)
94     answer=input()
95     if answer=='y':
96         mainfunction(True)
97     elif answer=='n':
98         mainfunction(False)
99
100
101 def mg4(result):
102     global memory
103     print(msg_4)
104     answer=input()
105     if answer=='y':
106
107         #need to replace this
108         # result=memory_save(result)
109         if demo(result):
110             memory=result
111
112
113         mg5()
114     elif answer!='y':
115         if answer=='n':
116             mg5()
117         else:
118             mg4(result)
119 def mainfunction(flag):
120     global memory
121     while flag:
122         result=0
123         print(msg_0)
124         calc=input().split(" ")
125         # print(calc,type(calc))
126         x,oper,y=calc[0],calc[1],calc[2]
127
128         if x=="M":
129             x=memory
130         if y=="M":
131             y=memory
132
133         try:
134             x=float(x)
135             y=float(y)
136         except ValueError:
137             print(msg_1)
138
139         if oper not in ['+', '-', '*', '/']:
140             print(msg_2)
141         else:
142
143             if oper=='+':
144                 check(x,y,oper)
145                 result=x+y
146                 print(x+y)
147             elif oper=='-':
148                 check(x,y,oper)
149                 result=(x-y)
150                 print(x-y)
151             elif oper=='*':
152                 check(x,y,oper)
153                 result=(x*y)
154                 print(x*y)
155             else:
156                 try:
157                     # if str(x)=='M' and str(y)=='M':
158                     #     x=1
159                     #     y=1
160                     #     result=x/y
161                     #     print(x/y)
162                     if x==y:
163                         check(x,y,oper)
164                         result=x/y
165                         print(x/y)
166                 except ZeroDivisionError:
167                     print(msg_3)
168                     mainfunction(True)
169                     break
170
171             mg4(result)
172     else:

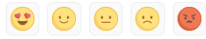
```

```
✓ 173         if flag==False:
174             exit()
175
176
177 mainfunction(True)
```

✓ **Correct.**

Practice makes perfect. Good for you for not giving up easily!

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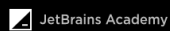
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