#### fMRI of Human Olfaction

A. Afsharrad, H. Hojjati, M. Kiani, B. Moniri

Ambient Intelligence Research Lab (AIR Lab)

Sharif University of Technology

August 18, 2018



### Overview

- Introduction
- 2 Literature Review
- 3 Applications
- Materials and Methods



# Objectives

Introduction

**The Main Objective:** a study of human olfaction and olfactory dysfunction detection (judical use)

#### **Side Objectives:**

- decoding surprise in an olfactory oddball task
- ② studying the effect of *stimulus length* on brain signals

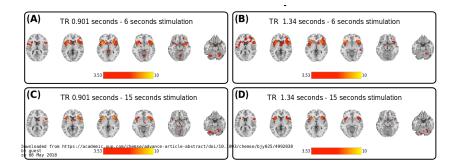
Above methods are used to classify normal and dysfunctional olfaction

#### Literature Review

• Poellinger et al. (2001), Activation and Habituation in Olfaction, NeuroImage.

### Literature Review

- Olfactory fMRI: Implications of Stimulation Length and Repetition Time Georgiopoulos et al. (2018), Chemical Senses.
  - 22 healthy participants.
  - Two stimulation lengths and two repititon times.
  - plotting the event related time course of brain activation in the four olfactory regions of interest.



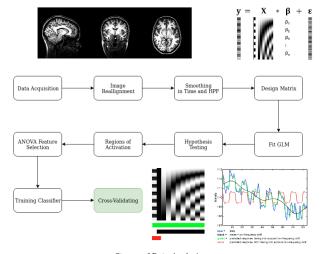


### Literature Review

Sed iaculis dapibus gravida. Morbi sed tortor erat, nec interdum arcu. Sed id lorem lectus. Quisque viverra augue id sem ornare non aliquam nibh tristique. Aenean in ligula nisl. Nulla sed tellus ipsum. Donec vestibulum ligula non lorem vulputate fermentum accumsan neque mollis.

Sed diam enim, sagittis nec condimentum sit amet, ullamcorper sit amet libero. Aliquam vel dui orci, a porta odio. Nullam id suscipit ipsum. Aenean lobortis commodo sem, ut commodo leo gravida vitae. Pellentesque vehicula ante iaculis arcu pretium rutrum eget sit amet purus. Integer ornare nulla quis neque ultrices lobortis. Vestibulum ultrices tincidunt libero, quis commodo erat ullamcorper id.

# fMRI Data Analysis with SPM



Stages of Data Analysis



# Multiple Columns

#### Heading

- Statement
- ② Explanation
- Example

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer lectus nisl, ultricies in feugiat rutrum, porttitor sit amet augue. Aliquam ut tortor mauris. Sed volutpat ante purus, quis accumsan dolor.

Theorem (Mass-energy equivalence)

$$E = mc^2$$

