## Problem 3. Find the sum of all the numbers of the input vector

Find the sum of all the numbers of the input vector x.

Examples:

```
% Input x = [1 2 3 5]
% Output y is 11
% Input x = [42 -1]
% Output y is 41
```

## **Scratch Pad**

```
x = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5]
x = 1 \times 4
1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5
disp(vecsum(x))
11
x = [42 \ -1]
x = 1 \times 2
42 \ -1
disp(vecsum(x))
```

## **Test Suite**

```
% Test 1
    x = 1;
    y_correct = 1;
    assert(isequal(vecsum(x),y_correct));
% Test 2
    x = [1 2 3 5];
    y_correct = 11;
    assert(isequal(vecsum(x),y_correct));
% Test 3
    x = [1 2 3 5];
    y_correct = 11;
    assert(isequal(vecsum(x),y_correct));
% Test 4
```

```
x = 1:100;
y_correct = 5050;
assert(isequal(vecsum(x),y_correct));
catch ME
fprintf('%s\n', ME.message);
end
```

## Solution

```
function y = vecsum(x)
  y = sum(x);
end
```