

Cody Problem 45. Make a Palindrome Number

Some numbers like 323 are palindromes. Other numbers like 124 are not. But look what happens when we add that number to a reversed copy of itself.

```
% 124
% + 421
% ----
% 545
```

Let's try another.

```
% 150
% + 051
% ----
% 201
```

No, that didn't work, but what if we keep going?

```
% 201
% + 102
% ----
% 303
```

There, it became a palindrome again. Given a , return $b = \text{find_palindrome}(a)$ such that b is the palindrome number that eventually results from repeated reversals and additions of a .

Example:

```
% Input  a = 150
% Output b is 303
```

Scratch Pad

```
a = 124;

b = find_palindrome(a)

b = 545
```

```
a = 150;

b = find_palindrome(a)

b = 303
```

Solution

```
function b = find_palindrome(a)
```

```
b = a;  
while ~isequal(num2str(b), fliplr(num2str(b)))  
    b = b + str2double(fliplr(num2str(b)));  
end  
end
```